

WEST VIRGINIA DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION

DIVISION OF HIGHWAYS

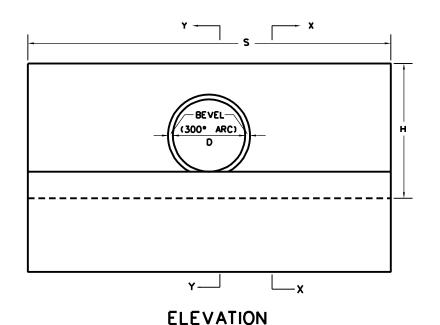
STANDARD DETAILS BOOK
VOLUME 1
DRAINAGE, GUARDRAIL, PAVEMENT
FENCE, AND MARKERS

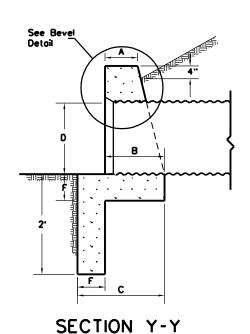


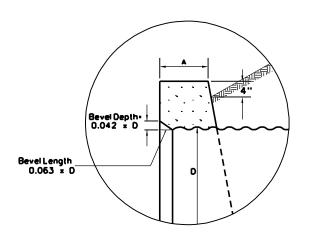
ISSUE DATE: JANUARY 1, 2000

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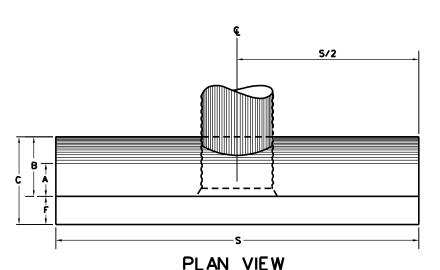




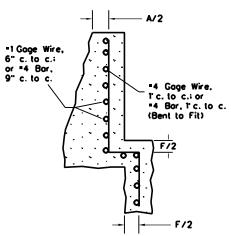


BEVEL DETAIL (Section Thru Center Of Pipe)

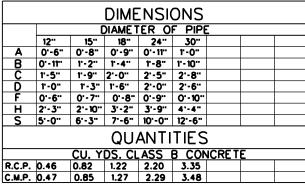
		BE∖	/EL	DIME	NSI	ONS	
		(DIAME 1	TER O	F PIP	<u> </u>	
	12"	15"	18"	24"	30"		
Depth	1/2"	3/4"	3/4"	1"	1 1/4"		
Length	3/4"	1"	1 1/4"	1 1/2"	2"		

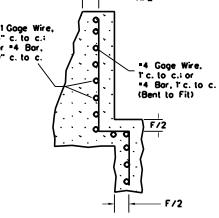






			DIME	ENSI	SNC			
		(DIAME 1	ER O	F PIPE			
	12"	15"	18"	24"	30"			
Α	06	08	03	011	10			
В	011	1'-2"	1'-4"	1-8"	1'-10"			
B C	1'-5"	1-9"	20	2'-5"	28			
D F	1.0.	1-3"	16	20	26			
F	06	02	08	09	010			
Н	23	2'-10"	3'-2"	39	4'-4"			
S	50	63	7'-6"	100	12'-6"			
			QU	ANTI	TIES	•		
		CU. Y	DS. CL	ASS	B CON	ICRET	Ε	
R.C.P.	0.46	0.82	1.22	2.20	3.35			
~ W D	0.47	A 95	1.07	2 20	7 40			





SECTION X-X (Showing Reinforcing Details)

All concrete shall be Class "B" Concrete.

All concrete edges shall have a 3/4" x 45° chamfer. Chamfer on vertical edges shall be continued a minimum of one foot below finished ground line.

When headwalls are placed on the inlet end of corrugated metal pipe or skewed concrete pipe, a bevel shall be used at the inlet opening. The end of the pipe shall be set in from the face of the wall, as shown on the "Bevel Detail", and the bevel constructed from the end of the pipe to the face of the wall.

When headwalls are placed on the inlet end of concrete pipe, the "bell" or "groove" of the pipe shall be placed in the wall in lieu of the bevel, except when the pipe is to be cut for placing in skewed headwalls. The inside of the "bell" or "groove" shall be filled with concrete up to the flow line.

Bevels are not required on outlet headwalls.

Reinforcing fabric shall conform to the requirements of 709.3 and 709.4 of the Specifications.

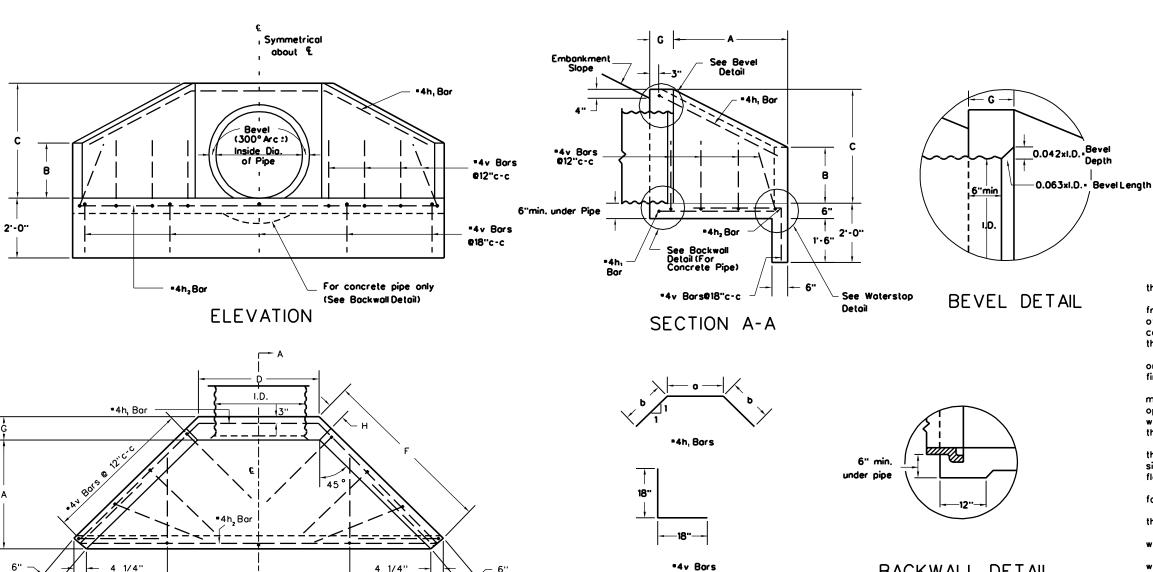
Reinforcing fabric, as detailed herein, shall be used in all walls of all headwall structures. The covering for the fabric shall be two inches, measured from the surface of the concrete to the face of the wire, unless otherwise specified. The fabric shall be cut as necessary to accommodate the pipe opening in the wall and may be otherwise cut or field bent to fit the structure.

In lieu of the reinforcing fabric described above, as shown reinforcing steel bars, meeting the requirements of 709.1 of the Specification, may be used in these structures. Covering for the reinforcing shall be two inches, measured from the surface of the concrete to the face of the bars, unless otherwise specified. Bors shall be furnished in such lengths, or field bent or cut as necessary, to fit the structures and to accommodate the pipe opening in the walls.

The pay quantity for Straight Headwalls, constructed in accordance with the details herein, will be the cubic yards of Class B Concrete specified herein.

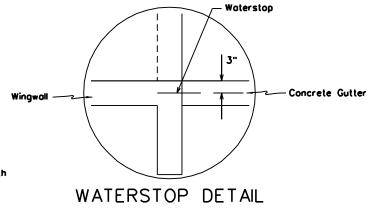
Cost of all reinforcing fabric and reinforcing bars shall be included in the unit price bid for "Class B Concrete".

WEST VIRGINIA	A DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION DIVISION OF HIGHWAYS STANDARD DETAIL
PREPARED 7-1-99 REVISION DATE	PIPE CULVERT HEADWALLS
	STANDARD SHEET DR1



DETAIL OF BENT BARS

BACKWALL DETAIL
(For Concrete Pipe)



NOTES

All concrete shall be Class B Concrete.

Reinforcing steel shall be new billet steel and shall conform to the requirements of 709.1 of the Specifications.

The covering for Reinforcing Steel shall be 2" measured from the surface of the concrete to the face of the bar unless otherwise noted on the Plans. Reinforcement in members where concrete is deposited on the ground shall have 3" of concrete from the face of the bar to the ground contact surface.

All exposed edges shall have a 3/4" x 45° chamfer. Chamfer on vertical edges shall be continued a minimum of one foot below finished ground line.

When wingwalls are placed on the inlet end of corrugated metal or structural plate pipe, a bevel shall be used at the inlet opening. The end of the pipe shall be set in from the face of the wall as shown on the "Bevel Detail", and the bevel constructed from the end of the pipe to the face of the wall.

When wingwalls are placed on the inlet end of concrete pipe, the "bell" or "groove" of the pipe shall be placed in the wall, and the inside of the "bell" or "groove" shall be filled with concrete up to the flow line.

Bevels are not required on outlet wingwalls or on inlet wingwalls for concrete pipe.

Keyed or doweled type construction joints, acceptable to the Engineer, may be used during construction. $\label{eq:construction}$

If embankment slope above wingwalls is flatter than 2:1, provide wings for 2:1 slope and warp embankment to 2:1 slope at wingwall.

The pay quantity for wingwalls, constructed in accordance with the details herein, will be the cubic yards of Class B Concrete specified on this sheet. Cost of all reinforcing steel shall be included in the unit price bid for Class B Concrete.

Waterstop meeting the requirements of 708.10 shall be placed as shown when concrete gutter is to abut the wingwall.

Toe of Fill

•4v Bars @18"c-c

PLAN VIEW

CONSTRUCTION DETAIL - SKEWED PIPE

Inside Dia.	Slope			D	IMEN	SION	S				RE	INF	ORC	EME	ENT		QUA	NTII	IES
of Pipe	of Fill	Α	В	С	D	Ε	F	G	Н	Mark	Size	No.of Bars		ENGT b	H Total	Туре	CONC (R.C.P.)	(C'W'b') (CONC	STEEL LBS.
15"	2:1	2'-0"	0'-10"	1' - 11''	2'-0"	6'-71/2 ''	3'-31/4"	* 0'-8"	* 0'-5 ^{3/8} ''	h,	•4	2	0 1'-10''	3'-21/2"		BENT	0.61	0.62	41.2
		t _{2'-2"}						+	t 0'-21/2''	h ₂	•4	1			6'-1"	ST.			
			BEVEL:	DEPTH	1-3/4"	LENG	ГН-1''			٧	•4	13			3'-0"	BENT			
18''	2:1	*2'-0"	1' - 1''	2'-2"	2'-3"	6'-101/2 "	3'-31/4"	*0'-8"	0'-5 ^{3/8} ''	h,	•4	2	2'-1"	3'-21/2	8'-6"	BENT	0.67	0.68	41.8
		t2'-2"						t _{0'-6"}	t _{0'-21/2''}	h ₂	•4	1			6'-4"	ST.			
			BEVEL:	DEPTH	1-3/4"	LENG1	ΓH=1 1/	4"		v	•4	13			3'-0"	BENT			
24"	2:1	*2'-8''	1'-4''	2'-9"	2'-11"	8'-10 1/2"	4'-2 1/2"	0'-8"	0'-53/8"	h,	•4	2	2'-9"	4'-11/2'	11'-0''	BENT	1.01	1.02	52.4
		^t 2'-10"						l +	0'-2 1/2"		•4	1			8'-4"	ST.			
			BEVEL:	DEPTH	- 1''	LENG1	「H•1 1∕	2"		٧	•4	16			3'-0"	BENT			
30"	2:1	*3'-1"	1' - 7''	3'-3"	3'-5"	10'-4 1/2"	4'-11''	*0'-9"	" 0'-6 ^{3/4} "	h,	*4	2	3'-3"	4'-101/2"	13'-0''	BENT	1.32	1.37	58.1
		t 3'-4"						t _{0'-6"}	t 0'-2 1/2''	h ₂	*4	1			9'-10''	ST.			
			BEVEL:	DEPTH	1-11/4	" LENG	TH-2"			>	• 4	17			3'-0"	BENT			
36"	2:1	*3'-9''	1'-10"	3'-10"	4'-1"	12'-4 1/2"	5' - 10 1/2''	*0'-9"	0'-63/4"	h,	•4	2	3'-11"	5'-91/2"	15'-6"	BENT	1.79	1.86	70.8
		t _{4'-0''}						t _{0'-6"}	0'-21/2"	h,	•4	1			11'-10"	ST.			
			BEVEL:	DEPTH	1-1 1/2	" LENG	TH-2	1/4"		v	•4	21			3'-0''	BENT			

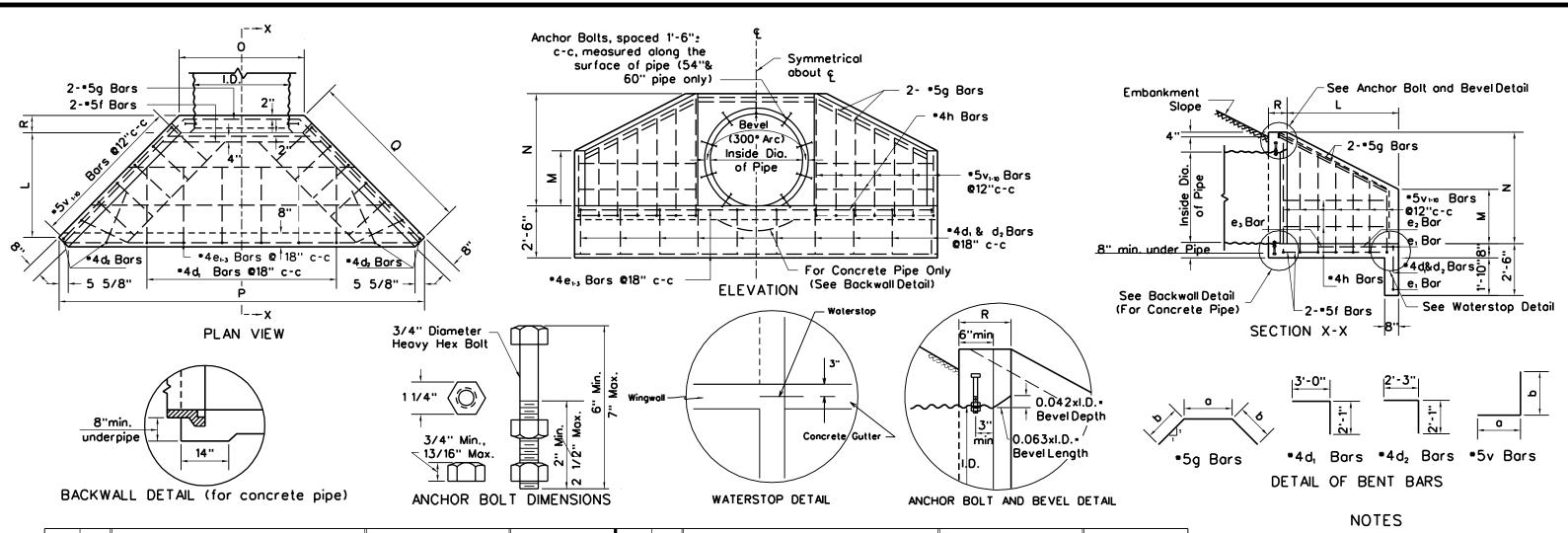
* DIMENSIONS FOR INLET WINGWALLS ON CORRUGATED METAL PIPE (TO ACCOMMODATE THE BEVEL).

t DIMENSIONS FOR INLET WINGWALLS ON CONCRETE PIPE AND ALL OUTLET WINGWALLS.

WEST	VIRGINIA DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION
	DIVISION OF HIGHWAYS
	STANDARD DETAIL

PREPARED 7-1-99
REVISION DATE

PIPE CULVERT
WINGWALLS
(SHEET 1 OF 4)



side	Slope			DI	MEN:	SIONS	S							ENT	II .	ANTII		Inside	Slope			D	IMEN	SION	S						MENT		ANTIT	
Dia. of Pipe	of Fill		Л	Ν	0	Р	Q	R	S	M o Si	e No. of Bar	LE a	NG b	TH J y P e	Conc. (RCP) C.Y.	Conc. (C.M.P or S.P.P.: C.Y.	Steel Lbs.	Dia. of Pipe	of Fill	L	М	Ζ	0	Р	Q	R		M S i r z k e	No. L of Bars	EN(TO P	Conc. (RCP) C.Y.	Conc. (C.M.P. or S.P.P.) C.Y.	Stee
42"	2:1	x 4'-3" 2	-2" 4	4'-4}"	4'-10"	14' '	6'-6	×0'-10"	× 0'-68	' d ₁ •4	6			5'-1" Bent	3.17	3.23	225.0	54"	2:1	×5'-5"	2'-8"	5'-52"	6'-0"	17'-62"	8'-2"	× 0'-10" ×	0'-6 1 "	dı •4	8		5'-1" Ben		4.74	300
		+4'-5"						+ 08	+034.		4			4'-4" Bent						+5'-7"						+ 0'-8" +	0'-3}''	d2 •4			4'-4" Ben			
										e ₁ =4				13'- 6" St.														eı •4	2		17±0" St			
		Bevel: De	th - 1	ş						e ₂ •4				11'-0" St.						Bevel:	Depth -	2참"						e ₂ •4	1		14'-6" St			
		Lei	gth• 2	ž						e ₃ •4				8'-0" St.							Length	• 3½"						e3 •4	1		11'-6" St			
										f =5				5'- 10" St.														f •5	2		7'-0" St			
												44.		17: 10" Bent															2 5'-6	8'-7	'"22-8 Ben			
										h -4				6'-0" St.														h •4	8		7'-8" St			
										v ₁ •5				4'-6" Bent																_)"5'-0" Ben			
										v ₂ •5				4'- 10' Bent														v ₂ •5			" 5'-4' Ben			
										v ₃ =5				'5'-2" Bent																	" 5'-8" Ben			
										v ₄ •5				5'-7" Bent														v ₄ •5	2 2'-0		" 6'-0" Ben			
										v ₅ •5				'5'-11" Bent														v ₅ •5			" 6'-4" Ben			
														'6'-2" Bent																	" 6'-8" Ben			
												2'-0"		'6'-6" Bent																	" 7'-0" Ben			
48"	2:1	*4"-10" 2	-5" 4	4 ' - 11"	5'-5"	15'-9∤'	7 -41	×0'-10''	*09§					5'-1" Bent	3.89	3.97	262.0														" 7'-4" Ben			
		•5'-0"						+0'-8"	+0'-31		4			4'-4"Bent														v9 • 5		o"5'-8	" 7'-8" Ben			
										e ₁ •4				15'-3" St.				60"	2:1	×6'-0"	2'-11"	6'-0"	6'-7"	19'-32''	90	* 0'-10" ×	06율	d ₁ •4	9		5'-1" Ben		5.66	341
		Bevel: De	th- 2'	.						e ₂ •4				12'-9' St.						+6'-2"						+ 0'-8"+	03취.	d2 •4	4		4'-4" Ben			
			ength-	3"						e ₃ -4				9'-9" St.														e1 •4	2		181 9" St			
										f •5				6'-5" St.						Bevel:	Depth •	•						e ₂ •4	1		16 - 3" St			
										g •5		4'-11"		20' - 3 Bent							Length-	33						e ₃ •4	1		13º 3" St			
										h *4				6'-9" St.														f •5			7'-7" St			
										v ₁ •5	1 -	2'-0"	2'-9"	4'-9" Bent																ı. 9·-2	" 24'-11" Ben			
																-	+														8'-6" St			
										v ₂ •5	2	2'-0"	3'-1"	5'-1" Bent														h •4						
										v ₂ •5	2	2'-0"	3'-1" 3'-5"	5'-1" Bent 5'-5" Bent														v ₁ •5	2 2'-0		" 5'-3" Ben	t		
										v ₂ •5 v ₃ •5 v ₄ •5	2 2 2	2'-0" 2'-0"	3'-1" 3'-5" 3'-9"	5'-1" Bent 5'-5" Bent 5'-9" Bent														v ₁ •5	2 2'-0	J'' 3'- 7	" 5'-3" Ben	t t		
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										v ₂ •5 v ₃ •5 v ₄ •5 v ₅ •5 v ₆ •5 v ₇ •5	2 2 2 2 2 2 2	2'-0" 2'-0" 2'-0" 2'-0"	3'-1" 3'-5" 3'-9" 4'-2" 4'-6" 4'-10	5'-1" Bent 5'-5" Bent 5'-9" Bent 6'-2" Bent 6'-6" Bent '6'-10Bent														v ₁ "5 v ₂ "5 v ₃ "5 v ₄ "5 v ₅ "5 v ₆ "5 v ₇ "5	2 2'-(2 2'-(2 2'-(2 2'-(2 2'-(2 2'-(2 2'-(3'-7 0'' 3'-1' 0'' 4'-3 0'' 4'-8 0'' 5'-0	" 5'-3" Ben " 5'-7" Ben " 5'-11" Ben " 6'-3" Ben " 6'-8" Ben " 7'-0" Ben " 7'-4" Ben	t t t t t t t t t t t t t t t t t t t		
										v ₂ •5 v ₃ •5 v ₄ •5 v ₅ •5 v ₆ •5 v ₇ •5	2 2 2 2 2 2 2	2'-0" 2'-0" 2'-0" 2'-0"	3'-1" 3'-5" 3'-9" 4'-2" 4'-6" 4'-10	5'-1" Bent 5'-5" Bent 5'-9" Bent 6'-2" Bent 6'-6" Bent '6'-10Bent														v ₁ =5 v ₂ =5 v ₃ =5 v ₄ =5 v ₅ =5 v ₆ =5 v ₇ =5 v ₈ =5	2 2'-(2 2 2'-(2 2 2'-(2 2 2'-(2 2 2'-(2 2 2'-(2 2 2'-(2 2 2'-(2 2 2'-(2)))	3'-7 3'-1' 3'-1' 0'' 4'-8 0'' 5'-0 0'' 5'-4	" 5'-3" Ben " 5'-7" Ben " 5'-11" Ben " 6'-3" Ben " 6'-8" Ben " 7'-0" Ben " 7'-4" Ben " 7'-8" Ben	t t t t t t t t t t t t t t t t t t t		
										v ₂ •5 v ₃ •5 v ₄ •5 v ₅ •5 v ₆ •5 v ₇ •5	2 2 2 2 2 2 2	2'-0" 2'-0" 2'-0" 2'-0"	3'-1" 3'-5" 3'-9" 4'-2" 4'-6" 4'-10	5'-1" Bent 5'-5" Bent 5'-9" Bent 6'-2" Bent 6'-6" Bent '6'-10Bent														v ₁ *5 v ₂ *5 v ₃ *5 v ₄ *5 v ₅ *5 v ₆ *5 v ₇ *5 v ₈ *5 v ₉ *5	2 2'-(2 2'-(2 2'-(2 2'-(2 2'-(2 2'-(2 2'-(2 2'-(2 2'-(2 2'-(2 2'-(2 2'-(2 2'-(2 2'-(2 2'-(2 2'-(2 2'-(2 2'-(2 2'-(2 2'-(2 2'-(2 2'-(2 2'-(2 2'-(2 2'-(2 2'-(2 2'-(2 2'-(2 2'-(2 2'-(2 2'-(2 2'-(2 2'-(2 2'-(2 2'-(2 2'-(2 2'-(2 2'-(2 2'-(2 2'-(2 2'-(2 2'-(2 2'-(2 2'-(2 2'-(2 2'-(2 2'-(2 2'-(2 2'-(2 2'-(2 2'-(2 2'-(2 2'-(2 2'-(2 2'-(2 2'-(2 2'-(2 2'-(2 2'-(2 2'-(2 2'-(2 2'-(2 2'-(2 2'-(2 2'-(2 2'-(2 2'-(2 2'-(2 2'-(2 2'-(2 2'-(2 2'-(2 2'-(2 2'-(2 2'-(2 2'-(2 2'-(2 2'-(2 2'-(2 2'-(2 2'-(2 2'-(2 2'-(2 2'-(2 2'-(2 2'-(2 2'-(2 2'-(2 2'-(2 2'-(2 2'-(2 2'-(2 2'-(2 2'-(2 2'-(2 2'-(2 2'-(2 2'-(2 2'-(2 2'-(2 2'-(2 2'-(2 2'-(2 2'-(2 2'-(2 2'-(2 2'-(2 2'-(2 2'-(2 2'-(2 2'-(2 2'-(2 2'-(2 2'-(2 2'-(2 2'-(2 2'-(2 2'-(2 2'-(2 2'-(2 2'-(2 2'-(2 2'-(2 2'-(2 2'-(2 2'-(2 2'-(2 2'-(2 2'-(2 2'-(2 2'-(2 2'-(2 2'-(2 2'-(2 2'-(2 2'-(2 2'-(2 2'-(2 2'-(2 2'-(2 2'-(2 2'-(2 2'-(2 2'-(2 2'-(2 2'-(2 2'-(2 2'-(2 2'-(2 2'-(2 2'-(2 2'-(2 2'-(2 2'-(2 2'-(2 2'-(2 2'-(2 2'-(2 2'-(2 2'-(2 2'-(2 2'-(2 2'-(2 2'-(2 2'-(2 2'-(2 2'-(2 2'-(2 2'-(2 2'-(2'-(2 2'-(2 2'-(2 2'-(2 2'-(2 2'-(2'-(2 2'-(2'-(2'-(2'-(2'-(2'-(2'-(2'-(2'-(2'-(0" 3'- 7 0" 3'- 1' 0" 4'- 3 0" 5'- 0 0" 5'- 4	" 5'-3" Ben " 5'-7" Ben " 5'-11" Ben " 6'-3" Ben " 6'-8" Ben " 7'-0" Ben " 7'-4" Ben	t t t t t t t t t t t t t t t t t t t		

* Dimensions for inlet wingwalls on corrugated metalor structural plate pipe (to accommodate bevel).

+ Dimensions for inlet wingwalls on concrete pipe and all outlet wingwalls.

The "Notes" and the "Construction Detail-Skewed Pipe" on Standard Sheet DR2 (Sheet 1 of 2) shall apply to this sheet.

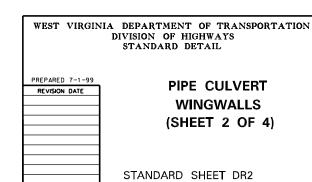
Anchor bolts shall be used on wingwalls for corrugated metal and structural plate pipe greater than 48" in diameter. Anchor bolts are not required for concrete pipe.

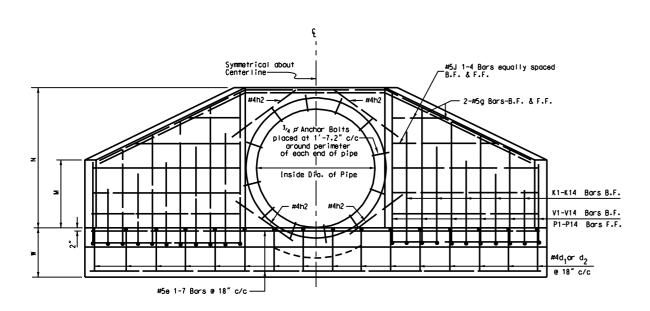
Anchor bolts and nuts shall conform to the requirements for "Headwall Anchorage" hardware as stipulated in AASHTO Specification M-167. Anchor bolts and nuts shall be cleaned after galvanizing to provide a free running fit.

Cost of the anchor bolts and nuts shall be included in the unit price bid for the pipe.

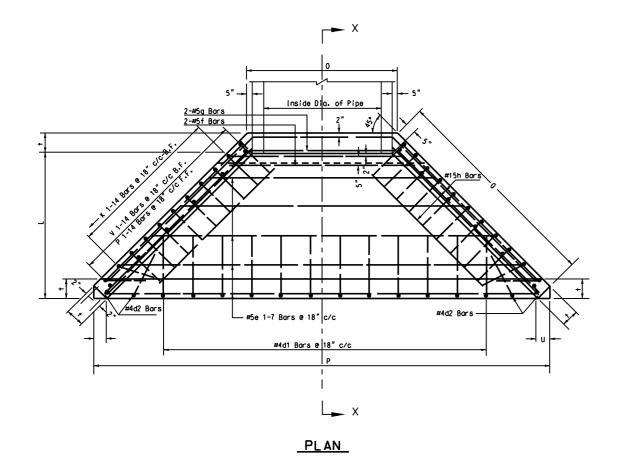
Right-of-way fence hardware inserts shall be installed in the sidewalls during the construction of wingwalls for pipes over 48" in diameter.
Dimensions and location of inserts shall conform to the "Drainage Structure Terminal Installation" detail of the applicable right-of-way fence standard.

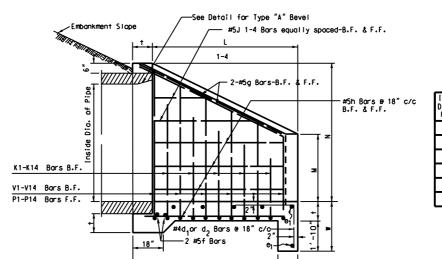
Waterstop meeting the requirements of 708.10 shall be placed as shown when concrete gutter is to abut the wingwall.





END VIEW





NOTES

REINFORCING BAR DETAILS AND QUANTITIES ARE SHOWN ON SHEET 4 OF 4

B.F. DENOTES BACK FACE

F.F. DENOTES FRONT FACE

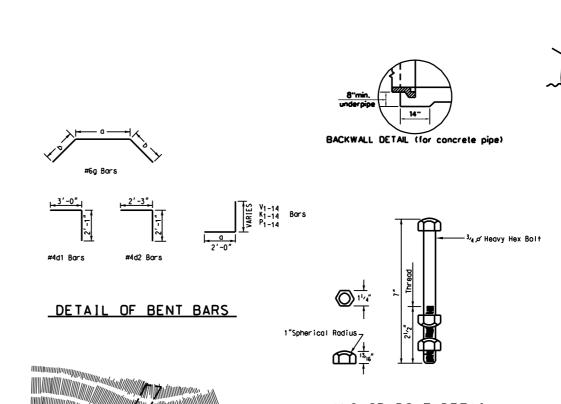
INSIDE DIA OF	SL OPE OF				DIME	NS I ONS				
PIPE	FILL	L	M	N	0	Р	Q	t	J	w
72"	2:1	7' - 4"	3' - 6"	7' - 1"	8 0	23' - 3"	10' - 9"	12"	81/2"	2' - 10"
84"	2:1	8' - 6"	4' - 0"	8' - 2"	9' - 2"	26' - 9"	12' - 5"	12"	81/2"	2' - 10"
96"	2:1	9' - 8"	4' - 6"	9' - 3"	10' - 4"	30' - 3"	14" - 1"	12"	81/2"	2' - 10"
108"	2:1	10'-10"	5' - 0"	10' - 4"	11' - 6"	33' - 9"	15' - 9"	12"	81/2"	2' - 10"
120"	2:1	12' - 0"	5' - 6"	11' - 5"	12' - 8"	37' - 4"	17' - 5"	14"	9%"	3' - 0"
144"	2:1	14" - 4"	6' - 6"	13' - 6"	14' - 10"	44' - 3"	20' - 9"	16"	11¾"	3' - 2"

0.042xi.D.= Bevel Depth 0.063xi.D.= Bevel Length

ANCHOR BOLT AND BEVEL DETAIL

SECTION X-X

SKEWED PIPE
CONSTRUCTION DETAIL



ANCHOR BOLT DETAIL

WEST VIRGINIA DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION
DIVISION OF HIGHWAYS
STANDARD DETAIL

<u>NOTES</u>

NOTES ON THE STANDARD DETAIL DR2 (SHEETS 1 DF 2 AND 2 OF 2) SHALL APPLY TO THIS SHEET.

PREPARED 7/1/99
REVISION DATE

PIPE CULVERT
WINGWALLS
(SHEET 3 OF 4)

	ie _				ENS		S		I	REIN	FOR	СЕМЕ	NT	Ql	JANT TYPE C	TY	1.[). 	OPE		DII	MEN	ISIO	NS			RE	EINFORCE	/ENT		QUAN	TITY		I.D.	- BE				ISIONS					EMENT	1 .	JANTI	
	- 년 2:1				8'-0"		-3"	Q 10'-9" 1	D E E	2 4 4 1 5 2 2 5 1 3 5 1		b	4'-4" 22'-9" 20'-8"	18" cc 18" cc 18" cc	BENT STR. STR. STR.	ic.r.; ii.	96"	- 1	<u>α</u> Γ	M	1 1	N	0	P	Q		K8 7 K9 8 PI 5		7" 8'-7" 1" 9'-1" 2" 7'-2" EMENTS	18" co	BENT BENT BENT	(Mr)	(kg)	120"	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	М	N	0 F	, ,	<u>Q 11</u>	K7 8 K8 8 K9 9 KIO 9	2 2'-0" 2 2'-0" 2 2'-0"	6'-3" 8'-4 6'-9" 8'-4 7'-3" 9'-4 7'-9" 9'-4 8'-3" 10'-	18" cc 18"	BENT BENT BENT BENT	MC. SIEEL
									F 0	4 5 1 5 2 5 4 1 5 18	2'-0	4'-2"	10°-1"	5" cc	STR. BENT STR.		108*	. 2	1 10'-10	r. 5:-0	D" 10°	7-4" 1	1'-6"	33'-9"	15'-9"	12"	JI 5 J2 5 DI 4 D2 4 EI 5	5 2	1'-7'' 3'-2' 5'-1'' 4'-4' 33'-3	18" cc 18" cc 18" cc 18" cc 3" 18" cc	STR. STR. BENT BENT STR.	22.48	1927									H2 4 PI 5 THRU PI2 5	8 2 2'-0" 6" IN 2 2'-0"	8'-9" 10'- 6'-4" 8'- CREMENTS 11'-10" 13'-)" 18" cc	STR. BENT BENT	
									V V	THRU 6 5 2 7 6 2 12 4 8 11 5 2 THRU	2:-0	7'-2" 2'-7"	8'-8" 9'-2" 5'-0" 4'-7"	18" cc 18" cc	STR. BENT												G 5	5 1 5 1 5 1 5 1 5 2 5 4 11'-1" 17'-	28'-1 25'-2 22'-1 13'-5 4" 45'-9	2" 18" cc 2" 18" cc 2" 18" cc 5" 5" cc	BENT			144"	2:1 1	1'-4" 6	··6" 13	·-6·· 1·	4'-10" 44'-	3" 20.	-9" 16	JI 5 J2 5 J3 5 3 5 0 4 5 D2 4 EI 5 2	4 4 26 4 2	3'- 4'- 5'- 4- 43'	5" 18" cc 0" 18" cc 6" 18" cc 1" 18" cc 1" 18" cc 9" 18" cc	STR. STR. BENT 49 BENT STR.	.71 3958
									f P	6 5 2 7 6 2 Pl 5 2 THRU	2'-0	5'-7" 4'-2"	7'-7" 6'-2" TS 9'-2"	18" cc 18" cc	BENT BENT												VI 5 THRU V4 5 V5 6	2 2'-0" 7'-2 3 2 2'-0" 7'-8	MENTS 2" 9'-2' 8" 9'-8'	" 18" co	BENT BENT											E2 5 1 E3 5 1 E4 5 1 E5 5 1 E6 5 1	1	38. 39. 38.	11" 18" cc 11" 18" cc 11" 18" cc 11" 18" cc 1" 18" cc	STR. STR. STR.	
84" 2	2:1 (3'-6"	4'-0"	8:-2"	9'-2'	- 26	··9"	12:-5:	J: D D E	1 5 4 2 5 4 1 4 14 2 4 4 1 5 2 2 5 1	1		1'-3" 2'-6" 5'-1" 4'-4" 26'-3" 24'-2"	18" cc 18" cc 18" cc	BENT 1 BENT STR.	1.25 10	95										v7 7 v8 8 v9 8 v10 9 v1 9	2 2'-0" 8'-2 2 2'-0" 8'-5 2 2'-0" 9'-2 2 2'-0" 10'- 3 2 2'-0" 10'- 8	9" 10'-9' 3" 11'-3' 9" 11'-9' 4" 12'-4	" 18" cc " 18" cc " 18" cc " 18" cc	BENT BENT BENT BENT											F 5 2	14'-5"	16'- 22'-11" 60'- 20'		STR. BENT STR.	
									E f	3 5 1 4 5 1 5 2 5 5 4 1 5 18	89	13'-8"	21'-2" 18'-2" 11'-1" 36'-1"	18" cc 18" cc 5" cc	STR. STR. STR. BENT STR.												KI 5 THRU K3 5 K4 6 K5 6	2 2'-0" 3'-4	4" 5'-4' MENTS 4" 6'-4' 10" 6'-10 4" 7'-4'	" 18" co	BENT BENT BENT											H2 4 8 VI 6 2 V2 6 2 V3 6 2 V4 7 2	2 2'-0" 2 2'-0" 2 2'-0" 2 2'-0"	13°- 7°-6" 9°- 8°-0" 10° 8°-6" 10° 9°-0" 11°- 9°-6" 11°-	6" 18" cc 0" 18" cc 6" 18" cc	STR. BENT BENT BENT BENT	
									v v v	THRU 5 5 2 6 6 2 7 6 2 8 7 2 1 5 2	2'-0' 2'-0' 2'-0' 2'-0	7'-2" 7'-8" 8'-3" 2'-10"	8'-8" 9'-2" 9'-8" 10'-3" 4'-10"	18" cc 18" cc 18" cc	BENT BENT BENT												K8 8 K9 8 K10 9	7 2 2·0" 6·- 8 2 2·0" 6·- 8 2 2·0" 7·- 9 2 2·0" 7·- 5 2 2·0" 5·-	10" 8'-10 4" 9'-4" 10" 9'-10' 8" 7'-8	18" ce	c BENT c BENT c BENT											V8 9 2 V9 9 2 VIO 10 2 VII 10 2	2 2'-0" 2 2'-0" 2 2'-0" 2 2'-0"	10'-0" 12'- 10'-6" 12'- 11'-0" 13' 11'-6" 13'- 12'-0" 14'- 12'-6" 14'-	6" 18" cc 0" 18" cc 0" 18" cc 6" 18" cc	BENT BENT BENT BENT BENT	
									K K K	THRU 5 5 2 6 6 2 7 6 2 8 7 2 1 5 2	2·-0 2·-0 2·-0	5'-4" 5'-10" 6'-4"	6'-10" 7'-4" 7'-10" 8'-4" 6'-8"	18" cc 18" cc 18" cc	BENT BENT		120					Su 4	2.01	77: 41	17*-5**	<u> </u>	JI 5 J2 5 J3 5	2 2'-0" 10'-	8" 12'-8 1'-4" 2'-9' 4'-1"	18" c	c STR.	24.20	2400									VI3 11 2 VI4 11 2 KI 6 2 K2 6 2	2 2'-0" 2 2'-0" 2 2'-0"	13'-0" 15'- 13'-6" 15'- 14'-0" 16'- 4'-5" 6'- 4'-11" 6'-	6" 18" cc 0" 18" cc 5" 18" cc	BENT BENT BENT BENT	
96	2:1 9	r-8"	4"-6"	9:-3"	101-4	ı 30 [,]	r-3"	14"-1"	Р Ј Н 12" О	THRU 8 5 2 1 5 4 2 5 4 2 4 8 1 4 16 2 4 4	2*-0		10·-2" 1·-5" 2·-10" 6·-6"	18" cc 18" cc 18" cc	STR. STR. STR. BENT 1	8.30 14		2	12*-	<u>1. 2e</u>	5" -	-5 1	2-8"	37-4	17-5		D2 4 E1 5 E2 5 E3 5 E4 5	2 2	4'-4' 36'-10 35'-0' 29'-0'	" 18" co " 18" co " 18" co " 18" co	C BENT C BENT C STR. C STR. C STR. C STR. C STR. C STR.	31.78	2492									K4 7 2 K5 7 2 K6 8 2 K7 8 2 K8 9 2	2 2'-0" 2 2'-0" 2 2'-0" 2 2'-0"	5'-5" 7'- 5'-11" 7'- 6'-5" 8'- 6'-11" 8'- 7'-5" 9'- 7'-11" 9-	1" 18" cc 5" 18" cc 1" 18" cc 5" 18" cc	BENT BENT BENT BENT BENT	
									E E E	1 5 2 2 5 1 3 5 1 4 5 1 5 5 1			29'-9" 27'-8" 24'-8" 21'-8" 18'-8"	18" cc 18" cc 18" cc 18" cc	STR. STR. STR. STR. STR.												E6 5 F 5 G 5 H 5	5 2 19'-; 5 2 2 2'-0" 6'-4 5 2 2'-0" 6'-1	23'-0' 14'-7" 2" 50'-7 16'-9' 8'-4'	18" cc	STR. STR. BENT STR. BENT											KID 10 2 KII 10 2 KI2 11 2 KI3 11 3	2 2'-0" 2 2'-0" 2 2'-0" 2 2'-0"	8'-11" 10'- 9'-5" 11'- 9'-11" 11'- 10'-5" 12'- 10'-11" 9'-(11" 18" cc 5" 18" cc 11" 18" cc 5" 18" cc	BENT BENT BENT BENT	
										5 4 4 5 18 1 5 2 HRU 4 5 2 5 6 2	20.	5'-2" 6" INCRE	13'-5" 7'-2" MENTS 8'-8" 9'-3"	18" cc	BENT BENT												V4 6 V5 7 V6 7 V7 8 V8 8	2 2'-0" 7'-4 5 2 2'-0" 7'-1 7 2 2'-0" 8'-5 7 2 2'-0" 8'-1 8 2 2'-0" 9'-5 8 2 2'-0" 9'-1	0" 9'-10 5" 10'-5 1" 10'-11 5" 11'-5'	18" cr " 18" cr " 18" cr " 18" cr	BENT BENT BENT BENT BENT BENT											JI 5 J2 5 J3 5	2 2'-0"	2'-	" 18" cc 0" 18" cc 3" 18" cc	STR. STR.	
									v v v	6 6 2 7 7 2 8 7 2 9 8 2 0 8 2	2'-0"	8'-3" 8'-10" 9'-4" 9'-10"	10'-3" 10'-10" 11'-4" 11'-10"	18" cc 18" cc 18" cc 18" cc	BENT BENT BENT BENT												VIO 9 VII 10 V12 10	9 2 2'-0" 10'-0 9 2 2'-0" 11'-0 9 2 2'-0" 11'-0 9 2 2'-0" 12'-1)" 13'-0 5" 13'-6' 0" 14'-0	" 18" c	c BENT c BENT c BENT											J4 5	<u>- </u>	•	9" 18" cc	•	
									K K	THRU 4 5 2 5 6 2 6 5 2 2 4 8	50. 50.	6" INCR 4'-7" 5'-1" 5'-7"	MENTS 6'-7" 7'-1"	18" cc 18" cc 18" cc	BENT BENT												K2 5 K3 6 K4 6	5 2 2'-0" 4'-3 5 2 2'-0" 4'-9 5 2 2'-0" 5'-3 7 2 2'-0" 5'-9	5" 6'-3' 9" 6'-9" 5" 7'-3"	" 18" c	BENT BENT BENT													WEST \		DIVISIO	ARTMEN' ON OF H NDARD I

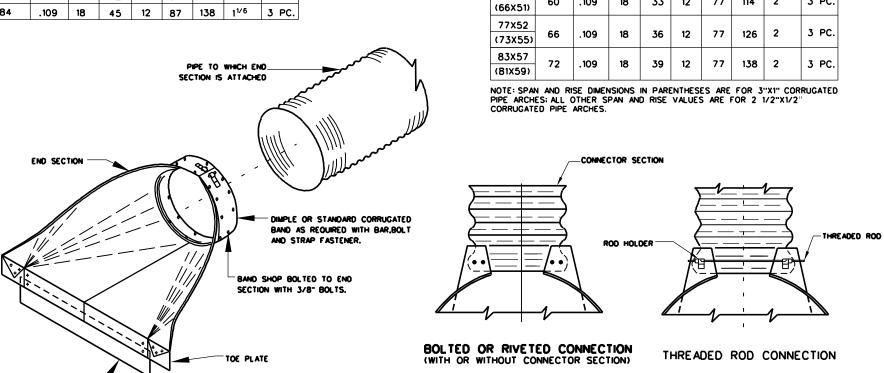
ENT OF TRANSPORTATION F HIGHWAYS D DETAIL

PREPARED 7/1/99 REVISION DATE PIPE CULVERT WINGWALLS (SHEET 4 OF 4)

DIMEN	DIMENSIONS OF GALVANIZED STEEL END SECTION FOR ROUND PIPE PIPE METAL DIMENSIONS (INCHES) APPROX.														
PIPE	METAL	I	DIMENSI	ONS (II	ICHES)		APPROX.								
DIAM. (INCHES)	THK. (INCHES)	A ± 1"	B MAX	H ± 1"	L ±11/2"	w ± 2"	SLOPE	BODY							
12	.064	6	6	6	21	24	21/2	1 PC.							
15	.064	7	8	6	26	30	21/2	1 PC.							
18	.064	8	10	6	31	36	21/2	1 PC.							
21	.064	9	12	6	36	42	21/2	1 PC.							
24	.064	10	13	6	41	48	21/2	1 PC.							
30	.079	12	16	8	51	60	21/2	1 PC.							
36	.079	14	19	9	60	72	21/2	2 PC.							
42	.109	16	22	11	69	84	21/2	2 PC.							
48	.109	18	27	12	78	90	21/4	2 PC.							
54	.109	18	30	12	84	102	2	2 PC.							
60	.109	18	33	12	87	114	13/4	3 PC.							
66	.109	18	36	12	87	120	11/2	3 PC.							
72	.109	18	39	12	87	126	11/3	3 PC.							
78	.109	18	42	12	87	132	11/4	3 PC.							
84	.109	18	45	12	87	138	11/6	3 PC.							

BAND CONNECTION

TOE PLATE EXTENSION



DIMENSIONS OF GALVANIZED STEEL END SECTION FOR PIPE ARCH

10

12 6

16 6

18

21

26

30

33

6

6

8

9

12

12

12

19

23

28

32

39

46

53

63

70

77

30

36

42

48

60

75

85

90

102

114

BODY

1 PC.

1 PC.

2 PC

2 PC.

2 PC.

3 PC

SLOPE

21/2

2 1/2

21/2

2^{1/2}

21/4

2 1/2 | 1 PC.

2 1/2 | 1 PC.

2 1/2 | 1 PC.

2^{1/2} 1 PC.

PPE ARCH EQUIV. METAL DIMENSIONS (INCHES)
SPAN X DIAM. THK. A B H L

.064

.064

.064

.079

.079

.109

.109

.109

109

18

21

30

36

42

48

21X15

24X18

28X20

35X24

42X29

(40X31)

49X33

(46X36)

57X38

(53X41) 64X43

(60X46) 71X47

(INCHES) (INCHES) (INCHES) 11" MAX 11" 111/2" 12"

10

12

13

NOTES

TYPICAL END SECTIONS FOR PIPES AND PIPE ARCHES ARE DETAILED HEREIN. OTHER SIMILAR DESIGNS MAY BE USED IF ACCEPTABLE TO THE ENGINEER.

GALVANIZED STEEL END SECTIONS SHALL BE USED ON THE ENDS OF CORRUGATED STEEL PIPES AND/OR PIPE ARCHES AT THOSE LOCATIONS SPECIFIED ON THE PLANS. END SECTIONS SHALL BE MEASURED AS THE NUMBER OF UNITS INSTALLED OF EACH SIZE AND TYPE AND SHALL BE PAID FOR IN ACCORDANCE WITH 604 OF THE SPECIFICATIONS.

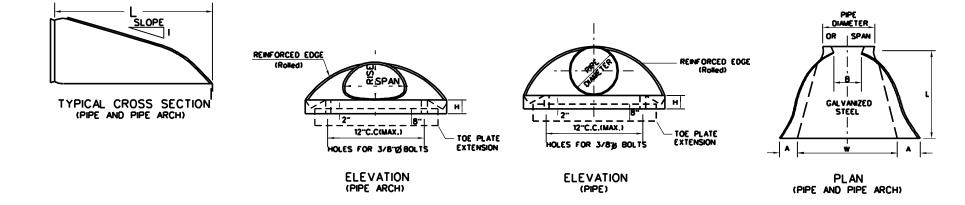
TWO-PIECE AND THREE-PIECE END SECTIONS SHALL BE OF LAP SEAM CONSTRUCTION. TIGHTLY JOINED WITH 3/8" DIAMETER GALVANIZED RIVETS OR BOLTS.

FOR 60" THRU 84" PIPES. THE REINFORCED EDGES OF THE END SECTIONS SHALL BE SUPPLEMENTED WITH GALVANIZED STIFFENER ANGLES FASTENED BY 3 /8 DIAMETER GALVANIZED BOLTS AND NUTS. THIS REQUIREMENT SHALL ALSO BE APPLICABLE TO THE END SECTIONS FOR 77"X52", 73"X 55", 83"X 57", AND 81"X 59" PIPE ARCH SIZES. IN ADDITION. FOR THOSE PIPE ARCH SIZES. ANGLE REINFORCEMENT SHALL BE USED UNDER THE CENTER PANEL SEAMS.

THE END SECTION CONNECTION DETAILS SHALL BE AS SHOWN ON THIS PLAN SHEET OR OF A SIMILAR DESIGN AS RECOMMENED BY THE MANUFACTURER. ALL SIMILAR DESIGNS SHALL PROVIDE A SECURE ATTACHMENT OF THE END SECTION TO THE PIPE OR PIPE ARCH.

ALTHOUGH A PIPE OR PIPE ARCH MAY HAVE A BITUMINOUS COATING AND/OR PAVED INVERT. IT WILL NOT BE NECESSARY TO BITUMINOUS COAT OR PAVE THE END SECTION. CONNECTORS. OR CONNECTOR SECTION.

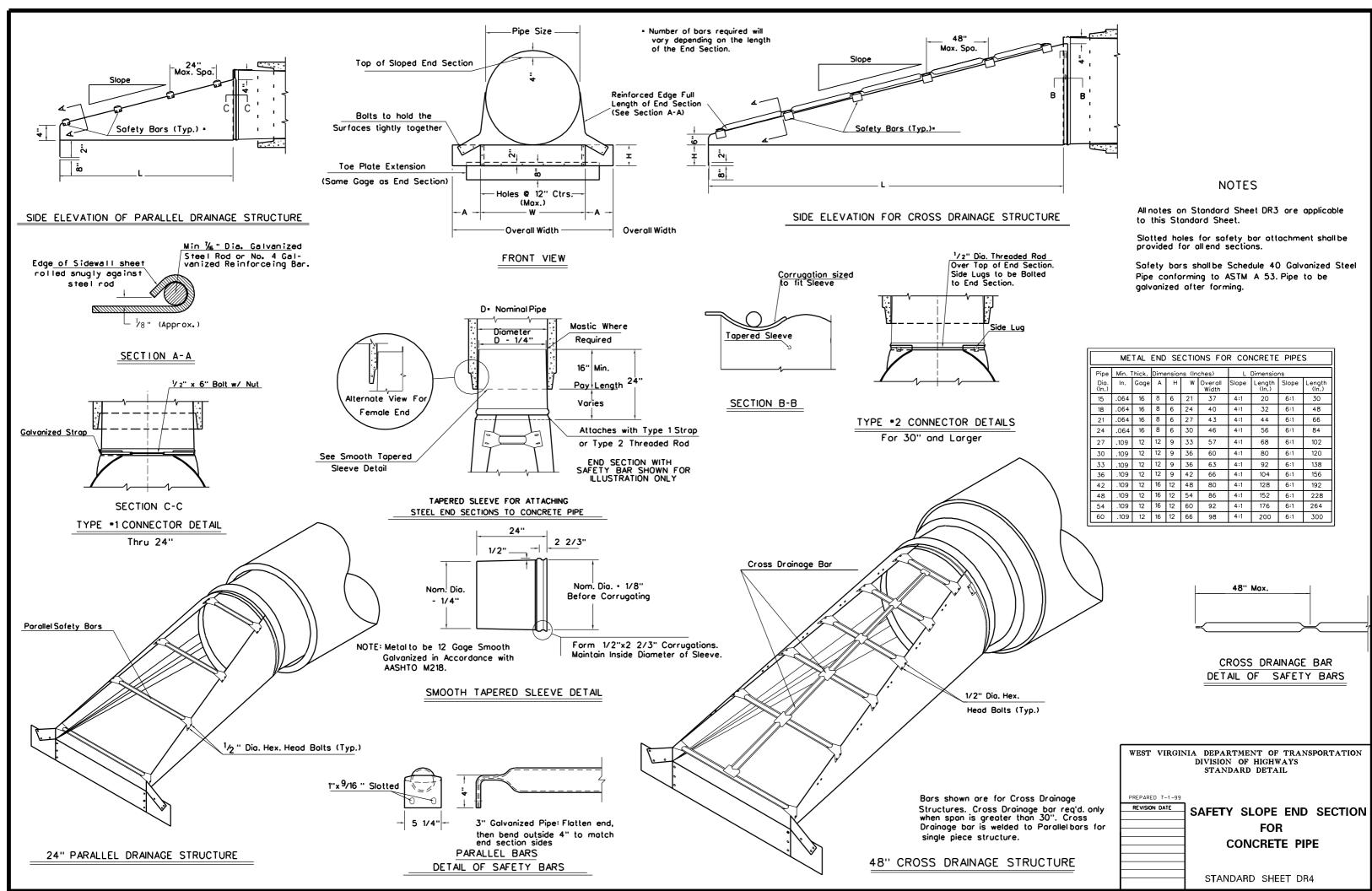
TOE PLATE EXTENSIONS SHALL BE THE SAME THICKNESS AS THE END SECTIONS AND SHALL BE FASTENED TO TOE PLATES WITH 3/8" DIAMETER GALVANIZED BOLTS. LENGTH OF TOE PLATE EXTENSION SHALL BE W+10"(approx.) FOR 12" THRU 30" DIAMETER PIPES AND FOR PIPE ARCHES WITH RISE VALUES UP TO AND INCLUDING 29". THE LENGTH SHALL BE W+22"(approx.) FOR LARGER PIPE SIZES AND W+18" (approx.) FOR LARGER PIPE ARCHES.

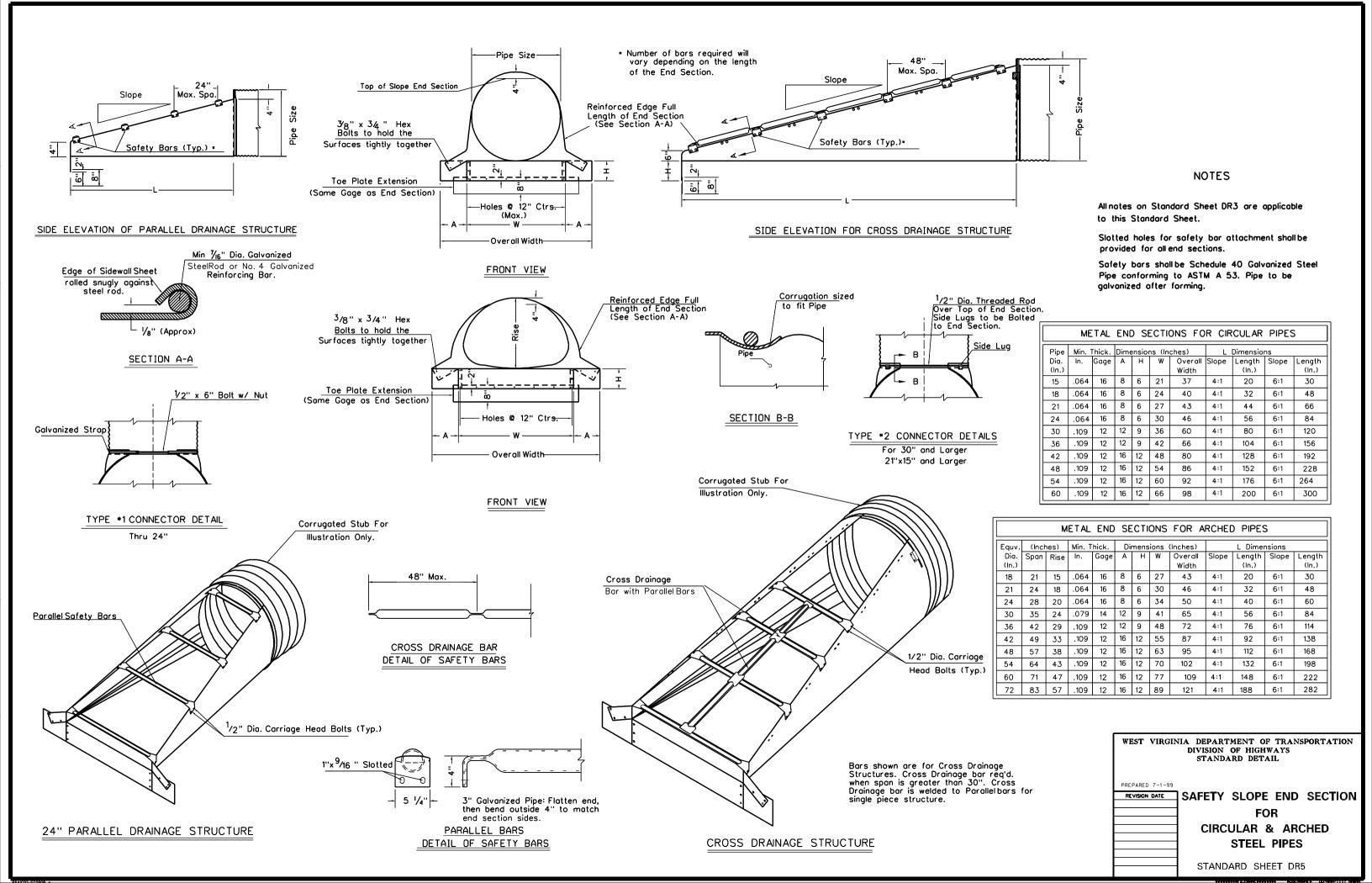


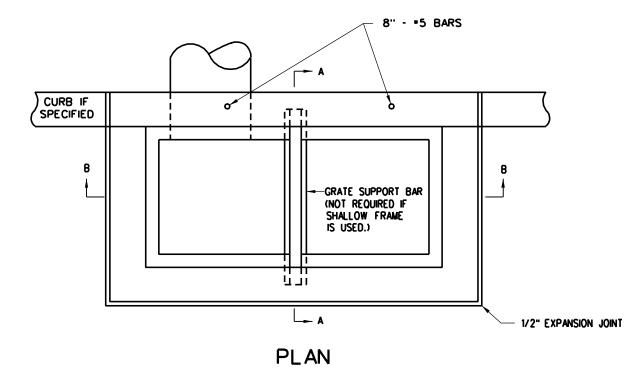
WEST VIRGINIA DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION DIVISION OF HIGHWAYS STANDARD DETAIL

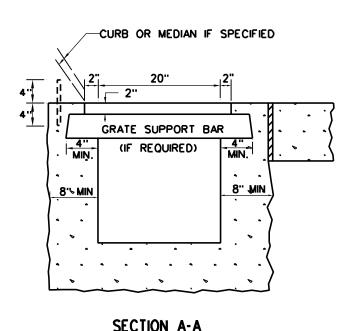
REVISION DATE

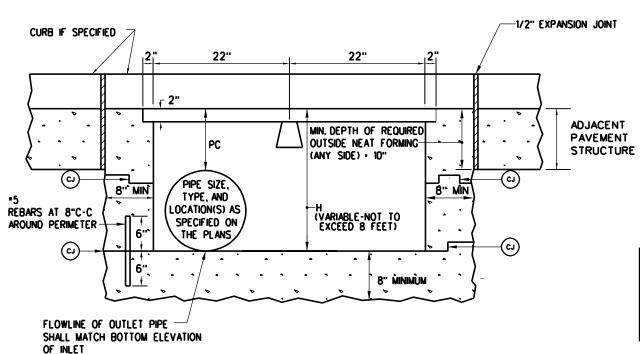
END SECTIONS FOR CORRUGATED STEEL PIPES AND PIPE **ARCHES**



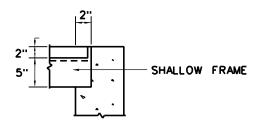




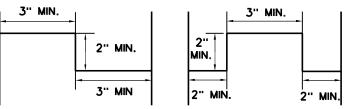




SECTION B-B



PARTIAL SECTION A-A
(WITH OPTIONAL SHALLOW FRAME)



CONSTRUCTION JOINT DETAILS

NOTES

THIS INLET SHOULD ONLY BE SPECIFIED WHEN ABUTTING CONCRETE PAVEMENT

THE FINAL INSTALLED TOP SURFACE OF INLET AND GRATE SHALL BE FLUSH WITH ADJACENT FINISHED SURFACES SUCH AS PAVEMENT, GUTTERS, CURBS, AND SIDEWALKS. TOP OF GRATE ELEVATION, IF SHOWN ON THE PLANS, IS FOR INFORMATION ONLY.

CONSTRUCTION MAY BE CAST-IN-PLACE, PRECAST IN ONE OR MULTIPLE SECTIONS, OR ANY COMBINATION OF CAST-IN-PLACE AND PRECAST.

REBARS ARE TO BE INSTALLED AT THE THIRD POINTS TO CONNECT CURB TO INLET. REBARS ARE NOT REQUIRED IF CURB IS POURED MONOLITHICALLY WITH INLET OR IF TYPE V OR VI MEDIAN IS SPECIFIED ON THE PLANS.

FOR DETAILS OF GRATE SUPPORT BAR, SHALLOW FRAME, AND GRATES (TWO REQUIRED), SEE INLET CASTINGS STANDARD SHEET DR6-X. USE OF THE SHALLOW FRAME WILL BE LIMITED TO ROADWAYS CONSTRUCTED OF CONCRETE PAVEMENT. IF ADJACENT ROADWAY IS BUILT OF HOT MIX ASPHALT PAVEMENT, THE FRAME AS REQUIRED FOR A TYPE F INLET (STANDARD SHEET DR6F) WILL BE REQUIRED.

THE CONTRACTOR MAY, AT HIS OPTION, OMIT USE OF THE FRAME BY FORMING A LEDGE IN THE CONCRETE.

SPECIAL CARE SHALL BE EXERCISED IN FORMING THE 2" WIDE CONCRETE LEDGE TO PROVIDE A SMOOTH, EVEN SURFACE FOR SUPPORTING THE GRATES IF THE SHALLOW FRAME IS NOT USED. NO PROJECTIONS SHALL EXIST ON THE BEARING SURFACES OF THE LEDGE OR THE GRATES, AND THE GRATES SHALL SEAT ON THE LEDGE WITHOUT ROCKING.

OPTIONAL CONSTRUCTION JOINTS LABELED "CJ" MAY BE ROUGHENED CONCRETE, KEYED OR DOWELED AS PER THE TYPICAL DETAILS SHOWN HEREIN OR AS APPROVED BY THE ENGINEER. NON SHRINK GROUT MEETING THE REQUIREMENTS OF SUBSECTION 715.5 OF THE SPECIFICATIONS MAY BE USED TO A DEPTH OF 1/2" FOR LEVELING BETWEEN PRECAST SECTIONS. THICKER DEPTHS WILL BE ALLOWED IF AS PER THE MANUFACTURER'S RECOMMENDATIONS.

PC (MINIMUM PIPE COVER) SHALL BE 12" BELOW INLET TOP FOR PIPES PLACED UNDER SIDEWALK OR GRASSED AREA OR 24" BELOW INLET TOP FOR PIPES PLACED UNDER PAVEMENT OR SHOULDER.

CURB, IF SPECIFIED, MAY BE EITHER CONCRETE PLACED ON THE INLET BACKWALL AS DETAILED HEREIN OR AN APPROVED CURB BOX AS MANUFACTURED WITH THE GRATE AND FRAME. DIMENSIONS OF THE CURB BOX SHOULD REASONABLY CONFORM TO THE STANDARD CURB AS SPECIFIED ON THE PLANS. THE CURB WILL BE PAID FOR PER SECTION 610, IN EITHER CASE

THIS INLET SHALL NOT BE PLACED IN A PEDESTRIAN CROSS WALK.

THE MINIMUM DISTANCE FROM THE TOP OF ANY PIPE OPENING TO ANY CONSTRUCTION JOINT ABOVE THE OPENING SHALL BE FOUR (4) INCHES.

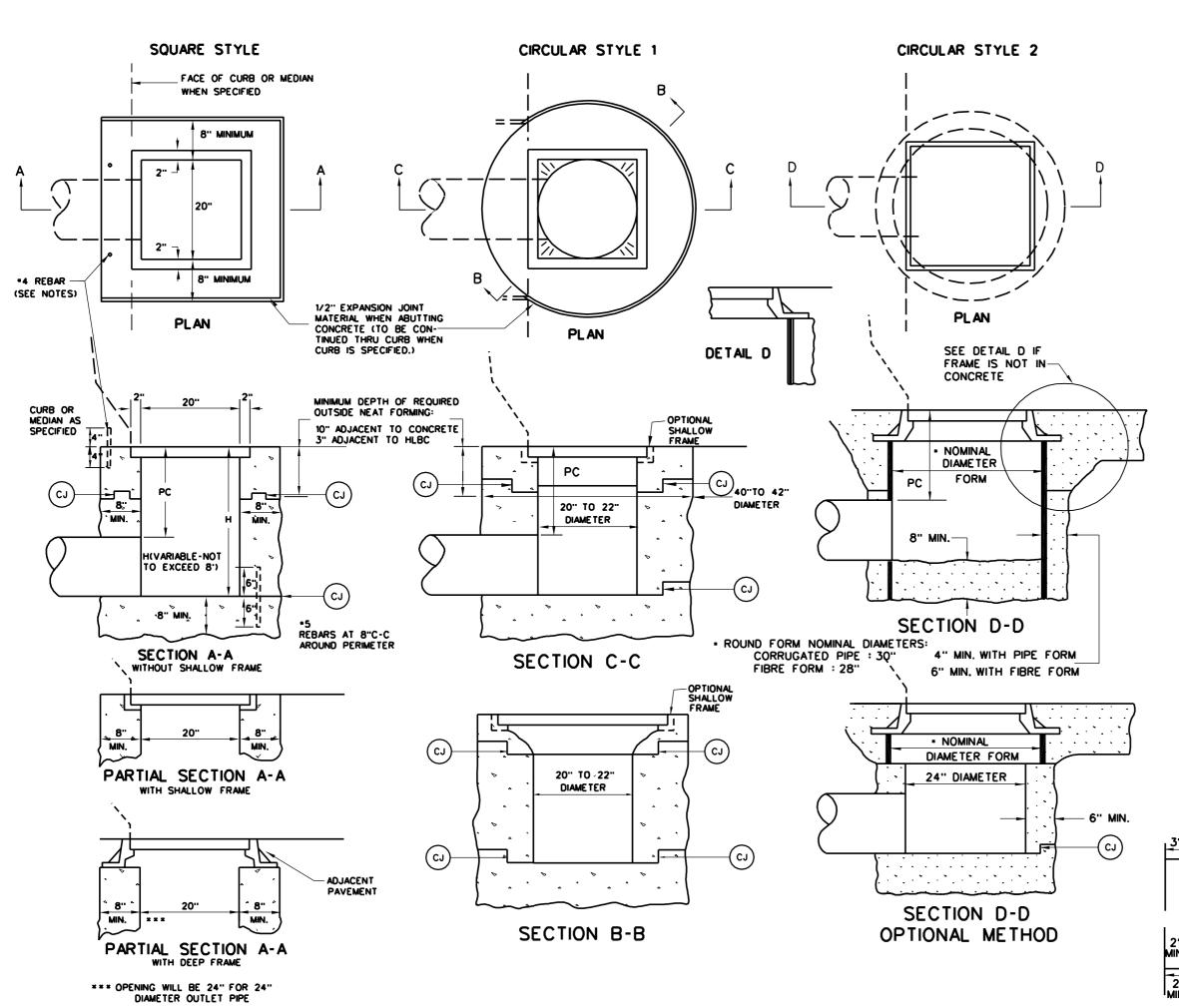
THE NUMBER AND LOCATION OF PIPE OPENINGS SHALL BE AS SHOWN IN THE PLANS. THE CONTRACTOR AT NO ADDITIONAL COST, SHALL BE RESPONSIBLE FOR ANY TEMPORARY BRACING REQUIRED TO TRANSPORT PRECAST INLET SECTIONS DUE TO MUTIPLE OPENINGS.

WEST VIRGINIA DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION
DIVISION OF HIGHWAYS
STANDARD DETAIL

PREPARED 7-1-99
REVISION DATE

TYPE A INLET

STANDARD SHEET DR6-A



UNLESS OTHERWISE SPECIFIED ON THE PLANS, TYPE B INLETS MAY BE CONSTRUCTED IN ANY OF THE SHAPES SHOWN WHEN THE OUTLET PIPE DIAMETERS IS 21" OR LESS AND THE ADJACENT PAVEMENT IS CONCRETE.

IF THE OUTLET PIPE DIAMETER IS 24" OR THE ADJACENT PAVEMENT IS HOT MIX ASPHALT, ONLY THE SQUARE STYLE WITH THE DEEP FRAME WILL BE USED. THE INSIDE OPENING OF THE INLET WILL BE ADJUSTED TO ACCOMODATE THE 24" PIPE.

CONSTRUCTION MAY BE CAST-IN-PLACE, PRECAST IN ONE OR MULTIPLE SECTIONS, OR ANY COMBINATION OF CAST-IN-PLACE AND PRECAST.

OPTIONAL CONSTRUCTION JOINTS LABELED "CJ" MAY BE ROUGHENED CONCRETE, KEYED OR DOWELED AS PER THE TYPICAL DETAILS SHOWN HEREIN, OR AS APPROVED BY THE ENGINEER. NON SHRINK GROUT MEETING THE REQUIREMENTS OF SUBSECTION 715.5 OF THE SPECIFICATIONS MAY BE USED TO A DEPTH OF 1/2" FOR LEVELING BETWEEN PRECAST SECTIONS. THICKER DEPTHS WILL BE ALLOWED AS PER THE MANUFACTURER'S RECOMMENDATIONS.

THE FINAL INSTALLED TOP SURFACE OF INLET AND
GRATE SHALL BE FLUSH WITH ADJACENT FINISHED SURFACES SUCH
AS PAVEMENT, GUTTERS, CURBS, AND SIDEWALKS. TOP OF GRATE
ELEVATION, IF SHOWN ON THE PLANS, IS FOR INFORMATION ONLY.

REBARS ARE TO BE INSTALLED AT THE QUARTER POINTS TO CONNECT CURB TO INLET. REBARS ARE NOT REQUIRED IF CURB IS POURED MONOLITHICALLY WITH THE INLET OR IF TYPE V OR VIMEDIAN IS SPECIFIED ON THE PLANS.

FOR DETAILS OF GRATES AND FRAMES, SEE INLET CASTING STANDARD SHEET DR6-X.

THE CONTRACTOR MAY, AT HIS OPTION, OMIT USE OF THE SHALLOW FRAME BY FORMING A LEDGE IN THE CONCRETE.

SPECIAL CARE SHALL BE EXERCISED IN FORMING THE 2"
WIDE CONCRETE LEDGE TO PROVIDE A SMOOTH, EVEN SURFACE
FOR SUPPORTING THE GRATE IF A FRAME IS NOT USED. NO
PROJECTIONS SHALL EXIST ON THE GRATE AND THE GRATE SHALL
SEAT ON THE LEDGE WITHOUT ROCKING.

FIBRE FORM SHALL BE REMOVED PRIOR TO COMPLETION OF THE PROJECT.

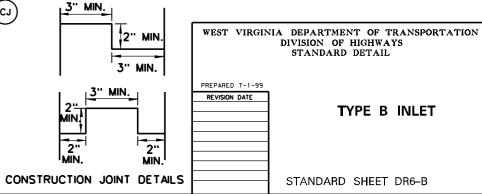
PC(MINIMUM PIPE COVER) SHALL BE 12" BELOW INLET TOP FOR PIPES PLACED UNDER SIDEWALK OR GRASSED AREA OR 24" BELOW INLET TOP FOR PIPES PLACED UNDER PAVEMENT OR SHOULDER.

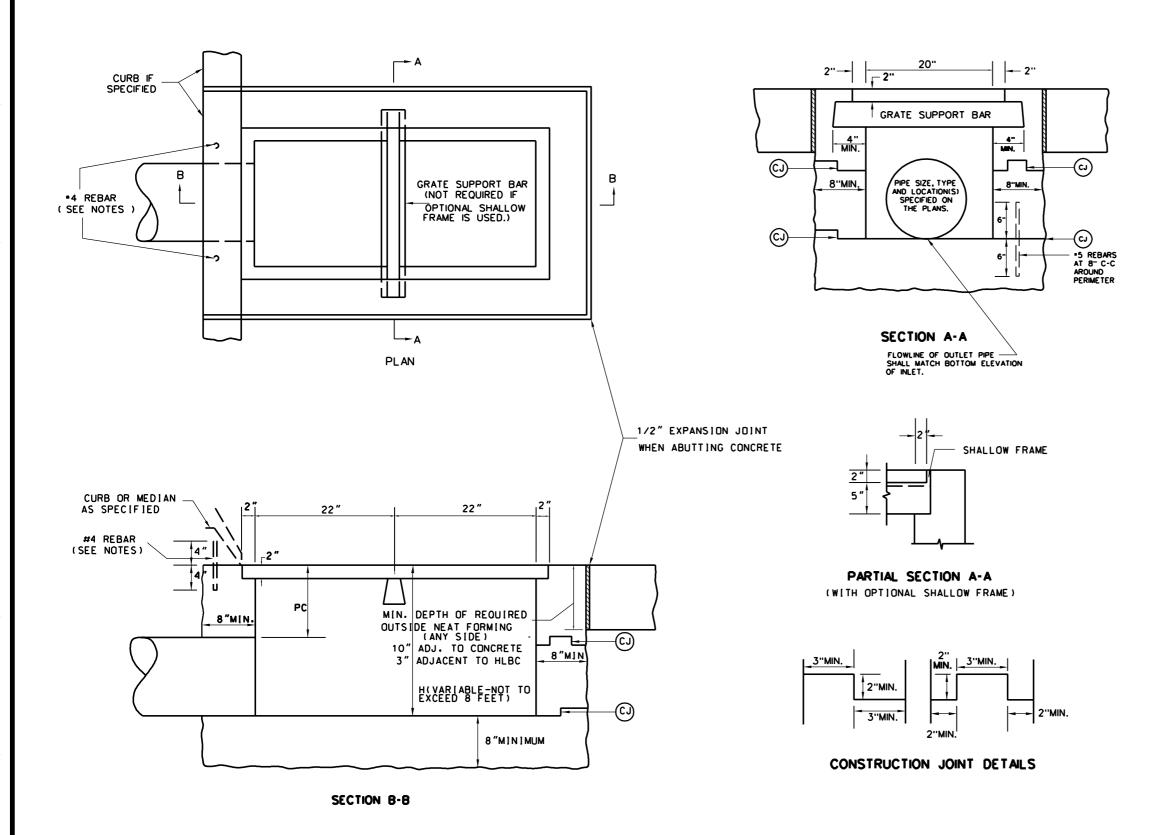
CURB, IF SPECIFIED, MAY BE EITHER CONCRETE PLACED ON THE INLET BACKWALL AS DETAILED HEREIN OR AN APPROVED CURB BOX AS MANUFACTURED WITH THE GRATE AND FRAME. DIMENSIONS OF THE CURB BOX SHOULD REASONABLY CONFORM TO THE STANDARD CURB AS SPECIFIED ON THE PLANS. THE CURB WILL BE PAID FOR PER SECTION 610, IN EITHER CASE.

THIS INLET SHALL NOT BE PLACED IN A PEDESTRIAN CROSS WALK.

THE MINIMUM DISTANCE FROM THE TOP OF ANY PIPE OPENING TO ANY CONSTRUCTION JOINT ABOVE THE OPENING SHALL BE FOUR (4) INCHES.

THE NUMBER AND LOCATION OF PIPE OPENINGS SHALL BE AS SHOWN IN THE PLANS. THE CONTRACTOR AT NO ADDITIONAL COST, SHALL BE RESPONSIBLE FOR ANY TEMPORARY BRACING REQUIRED TO TRANSPORT PRECAST INLET SECTIONS DUE TO MUTIPLE OPENINGS.





THE FINAL INSTALLED TOP SURFACE OF INLET AND GRATE SHALL BE FLUSH WITH ADJACENT FINISHED SURFACES SUCH AS PAVEMENT, GUTTERS, CURBS, AND SIDEWALKS. TOP OF GRATE ELEVATION, IF SHOWN ON THE PLANS, IS FOR INFORMATION ONLY.

CONSTRUCTION MAY BE CAST-IN-PLACE, PRECAST IN ONE OR MULTIPLE SECTIONS, OR ANY COMBINATION OF CAST-IN-PLACE AND PRECAST.

REBARS ARE TO BE INSTALLED AT THE QUARTER POINTS TO CONNECT CURB TO INLET. REBARS ARE NOT REQUIRED IF CURB IS POURED MONOLITHICALLY WITH INLET OR IF TYPE V OR VIMEDIAN IS SPECIFIED ON THE PLANS.

FOR DETAILS OF GRATE SUPPORT BAR. SHALLOW FRAME.

AND GRATES (TWO REQUIRED). SEE INLET CASTINGS STANDARD
SHEET DRG-Y.

THE CONTRACTOR MAY. AT HIS OPTION. OMIT USE OF THE FRAME BY FORMING A LEDGE IN THE CONCRETE.

SPECIAL CARE SHALL BE EXERCISED IN FORMING THE 2" WIDE CONCRETE LEDGE TO PROVIDE A SMOOTH. EVEN SURFACE FOR SUPPORTING THE GRATES IF THE SHALLOW FRAME IS NOT USED. NO PROJECTIONS SHALL EXIST ON THE BEARING SURFACES OF THE LEDGE OR THE GRATES AND THE GRATES SHALL SEAT ON THE LEDGE WITHOUT ROCKING.

OPTIONAL CONSTRUCTION JOINTS LABELED "CJ" MAY BE ROUGHENED CONCRETE.KEYED OR DOWELED AS PER THE TYPICAL DETAILS SHOWN HEREIN OR AS APPROVED BY THE ENGINEER. NON SHRINK GROUT MEETING THE REQUIREMENTS OF SUBSECTION 715.5 OF THE SPECIFICATIONS MAY BE USED TO A DEPTH OF 1/2" FOR LEVELING BETWEEN PRECAST SECTIONS. THICKER DEPTHS WILL BE ALLOWED AS PER THE MANUFACTURER'S RECOMMENDATIONS.

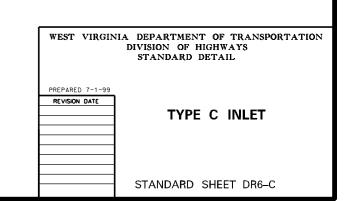
PC (MINIMUM PIPE COVER) SHALL BE 12" BELOW INLET TOP FOR PIPES PLACED UNDER SIDEWALK OR GRASSED AREA OR 24" BELOW INLET TOP FOR PIPES PLACED UNDER PAVEMENT OR SHOULDER.

CURB, IF SPECIFIED, MAY BE EITHER CONCRETE PLACED ON THE INLET BACKWALL AS DETAILED HEREIN OR AN APPROVED CURB BOX AS MANUFACTURED WITH THE GRATE AND FRAME. DIMENSIONS OF THE CURB BOX SHOULD REASONABLY CONFORM TO THE STANDARD CURB AS SPECIFIED ON THE PLANS. THE CURB WILL BE PAID FOR PER SECTION 610, IN EITHER CASE.

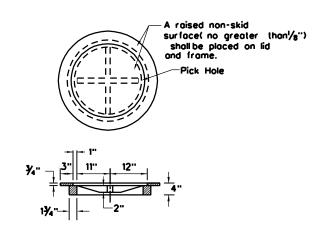
THIS INLET SHALL NOT BE PLACED IN A PEDESTRIAN CROSS WALK.

THE MINIMUM DISTANCE FROM THE TOP OF ANY PIPE OPENING TO ANY CONSTRUCTION JOINT ABOVE THE OPENING SHALL BE FOUR (4) INCHES.

THE NUMBER AND LOCATION OF PIPE OPENINGS SHALL BE AS SHOWN IN THE PLANS. THE CONTRACTOR AT NO ADDITIONAL COST, SHALL BE RESPONSIBLE FOR ANY TEMPORARY BRACING REQUIRED TO TRANSPORT PRECAST INLET SECTIONS DUE TO MUTIPLE OPENINGS.

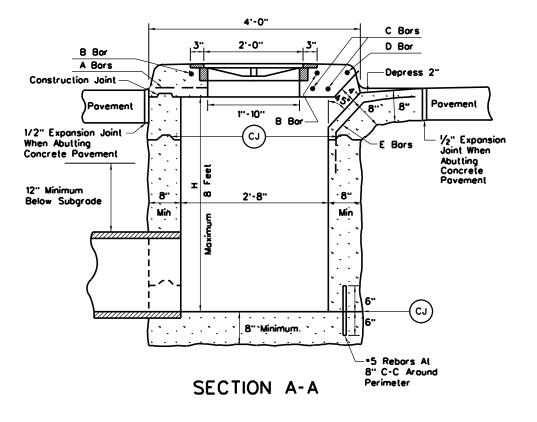


A1 Bors A2 Bors A3 Bors A Bors



DETAIL OF FRAME AND COVER CASTING (RING TYPE)

Height of Curb Height of Curb A Height of Curb A Height of Curb A B' Min. As Specified On The Plans B' B'' Minimum As Specified On The Plans CJ B'' B'' Minimum A ELEVATION



NOTES

Optional construction joints labeled "CJ" may be roughened concrete, keyed or doweled as per the typical details shown herein or as approved by the Engineer. Non shrink grout meeting the requirements of subsection 715.5 of the specifications may be used to a depth of $\frac{1}{2}$ " for leveling between precast sections. Thicker depths will be allowed if as per the manufacturer's recommendations.

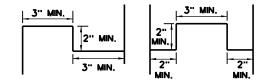
The covering for reinforcing steel shall be two inches, measured from the surface of the concrete to the face of the bar, unless otherwise shown. All reinforcing steel shall be epoxy coated and meet the requirements of section 602 of the specifications.

This inlet shall not be placed in a pedestrian cross walk.

Construction may be cast-in-place, precast in one or multiple sections, or any combination of cast-in-place and precast.

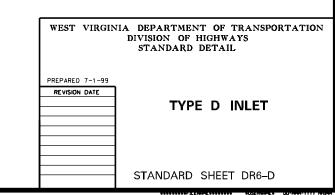
The minimum distance from the top of any pipe opening to any construction joint above the opening shall be four (4) inches.

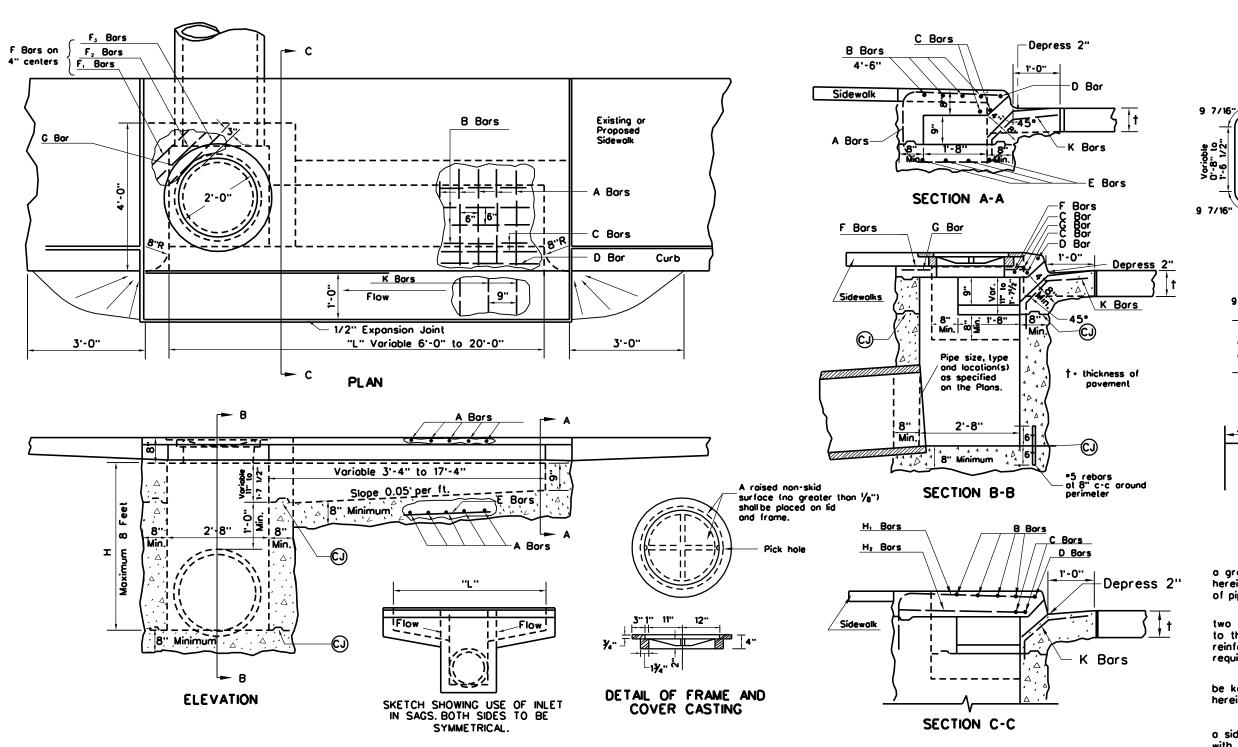
The number and location of pipe openings shall be as shown in the plans. The contractor at no additional cost, shall be responsible for any temporary bracing required to transport precast inlet sections due to multiple openings.



CONSTRUCTION JOINT DETAILS

BILL OF STEEL											
Mark	Size Bor	No.	Length	Weight							
A1	•5	2	3'-11"	8 lbs.							
A2	•5	2	3'-3"	7							
A3	•5	2	2'-7"	5							
A4	•5	2	1'-11''	6							
В	•5	1	8'-0"	8							
С	•8	2	5'-0"	27							
D	•5	1	5'-0"	5							
Ε	•5	6	2'-3"	14							
			Total	80 lbs.							

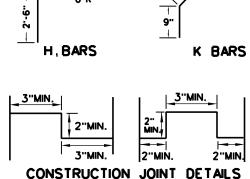




												(CO	NCR	ΞΤΙ	E 4	AND	RI	EINI	FORC	IN	G :	STEE	L	QU	IANTI	TIE	S										
<u>.</u>	Concrete	Reinforcing Steel	A B	ors	(Bent)	в в	ors (Stroight	СВ	ars (Straight)	D B	ors (S	traight)	ΕВ	ors (Straight)	F,	Bors	(Str e ight)	F,	Bors	(Straight) F ,	Bars	(Straight)	G	Bar (Bent)	н,(Bors	(Stroight)	н,	Bors ((Straight)	KE	Bors ((Bent)
Feet	C.Y.		No. S	Size	Length	No.	Size	Length	No.	Size	Length	No.	Size	Length	No.	Size	Length	No	. Size	Length	No.	Size	Length	No.	Size	Length	No.	Size	Length	No.	Size	Length	No.	Size	Length	No.	Size	Length
6	2.59	189	5		7'-1" to 7'-3"	4	•5	39	2	•5	7'-1"	1	•5	7'-1"	4	•5	3'-6"	4	•5	2'-0"	4	•5	2'-6"	4	•5	3'-0"	1	•5	80	2	•7	6'-5"	2	-6	3'-4"	10	•5	2'-3"
8	3.07	250	9		7'-1" to 7'-4"	4	•5	5'-9"	2	•5	9'-1"	1	•5	9'-1"	4	•5	5'-6"	4	•5	2'-0"	4	•5	2'-6"	4	•5	3'-0"	1	•5	8'-0"	2	•7	6'-5"	2	-6	3'-4"	13	•5	2'-3"
10	3.57	308	13	•5	7'-1" to 7'-5"	4	•5	7'-9"	2	•5	11'-1"	1	•5	11'-1''	4	•5	7'-6"	4	•5	2'-0"	4	•5	2'-6"	4	•5	3'-0"	1	•5	8'-0"	2	•7	6'-5"	2	-6	3'-4"	15	•5	2'-3"
12	4.09				7'-1" to 7'-6"	4	•5	99	2	•5	13'-1"	1	•5	13'-1"	4	•5	9'-6"	4	•5	2'-0"	4	•5	2'-6"	4	•5	3'-0"	1	•5	80	2	•7	6'-5"	2	-6	3'-4"	18	•5	2'-3"
14	4.62	444	21	•5	7'-1" to 7'-7"	4	•5	11'-9"	2	•6	15'-1"	1	•5	15'-1"	4	•5	11'-6''	4	•5	2'-0"	4	•5	2'-6"	4	•5	3'-0"	1	•5	8'-0"	2	•7	6'-5"	2	-6	3'-4"	21	•5	2'-3"
16	5.17	506	25	•5	7'-1" to 7'-9"	4	•5	13'-9"	2	•6	17'-1"	1	- 5	17'-1"	4	•5	13'-6"	4	•5	2'-0"	4	•5	2'-6"	4	•5	3'-0"	1	•5	8'-0"	2	•7	6'-5"	2	- 6	3'-4"	23	•5	2'-3"
18	5.74	570	29	•5	7'-1" to 7'-10"	4	•5	15'-9"	2	•6	19'-1"	1	•5	19'-1"	4	•5	15'-6"	4	•5	2'-0"	4	•5	2'-6"	4	•5	3'-0"	1	•5	80	2	•7	6'-5"	2	-6	3'-4"	26	•5	2'-3"
20	6.19	636	33	•5	7'-1" to 8'-0"	4	•5	17'-9"	2	•6	21'-1"	1	•5	21'-1"	4	•5	17'-6"	4	•5	2'-0"	4	•5	2'-6"	4	•5	3'-0"	1	•5	8'-0"	2	•7	6'-5"	2	-6	3'-4"	29	•5	2'-3"

 $[\]bullet$ The quantities shown above are for an H of five feet. If deeper inlets are required the quantities must be adjusted accordingly.

The above table to be used for estimating purposes only.



2'-2 3/4"

A BARS

9%"

_ 3·-2" ___|

NOTES

2.-6..

G BAR

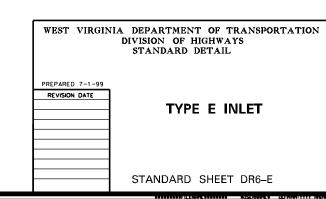
Type E Inlet detailed herein is for use on a grade. If it is to be used in a sag (see sketch herein) it should be built symmetrically about centerline of pipe and length of opening specified.

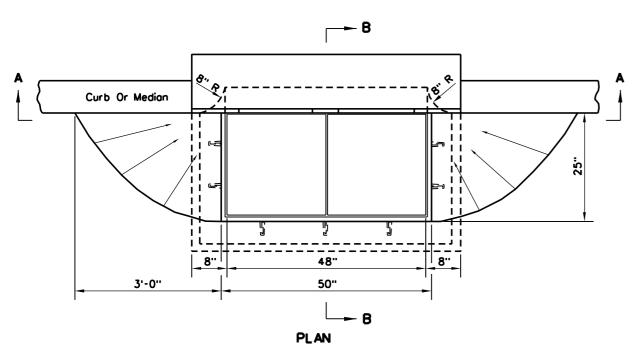
The covering for reinforcing steel shall be two inches, measured from the surface of the concrete to the face of the bar, unless otherwise shown. All reinforcing steel shall be epoxy-coated and meet the requirements of Section 602 of the Specifications.

Optional construction joints labeled "CJ" may be keyed or doweled as per the typical details shown herein or as approved by the Engineer.

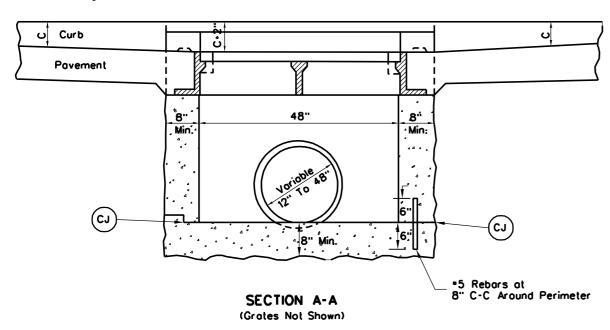
If Type E Inlet is to be constructed along with a sidewalk, the sidewalk shall be constructed monolithic with the top slab on the inlet. The sidewalk shall be reinforced with Type B Fabric placed 2" from bottom of sidewalk and extended into the top slab of the inlet a minimum distance of 8". Cost of Type B Fabric shall be included in the unit price bid for Concrete Sidewalk.

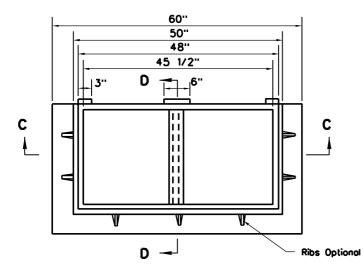
This inlet shall not be placed in a pedestrian cross walk.



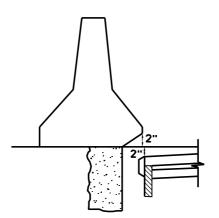


C - Curb Height

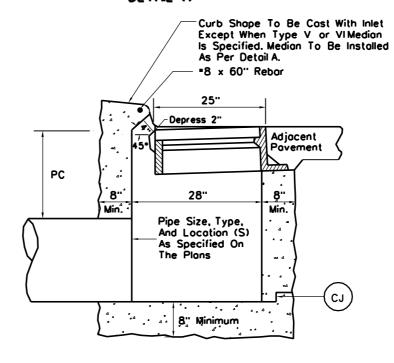




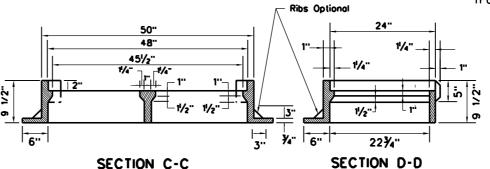
PLAN



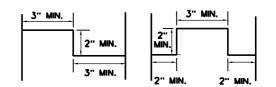
DETAIL A



SECTION B-B
(Grates Not Shown)



DETAIL OF FRAME



CONSTRUCTION JOINT DETAILS

NOTES

The final installed top surface of inlet and grate shall be flush with adjacent finished surfaces such as pavement, gutters, curbs, and sidewalks. Top of grate elevation, if shown on the plans, is for information only.

Construction may be cast-in place, precast in one or multiple sections, or any combination of cast-in-place and precast.

Optional construction joints labeled" CJ" may be roughened concrete, keyed or doweled as per the typical details shown herein or as approved by the Engineer. Non shrink grout meeting the requirements of subsection 715.5 of the specifications may be used to a depth of 1/2" for leveling between precast sections. Thicker depths will be allowed if as per the manufacturer's recommendations.

The covering for reinforcing steel shall be two inches, measured from the surface of the concrete to the face of the bar, unless otherwise shown.

For details of grates (two required), see Inlet Castings Standard Sheet DR6-X.

PC (minimum pipe cover) shall be 12" below inlet top for pipes placed under sidewalk or grassed area or 24" below inlet top for pipes placed under pavement or shoulder.

Curb. if specified, may be either concrete placed on the inlet backwall as detailed herein or an approved curb box as manufactured with the grate and frame. Dimensions of the curb box should reasonably conform to the standard curb as specified on the plans. The curb will be paid for per section 610. in either case.

This inlet shall not be placed in a pedestrian cross walk.

The minimum distance from the top of any pipe opening to any construction joint above the opening shall be four (4) inches.

The number and location of pipe openings shall be as shown in the plans. The contractor at no additional cost, shall be responsible for any temporary bracing required to transport precast inlet sections due to multiple openings.

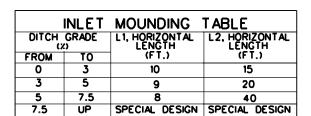
WEST VIRGINIA DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION
DIVISION OF HIGHWAYS
STANDARD DETAIL

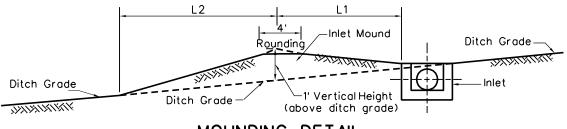
PREPARED 7-1-99

REVISION DATE

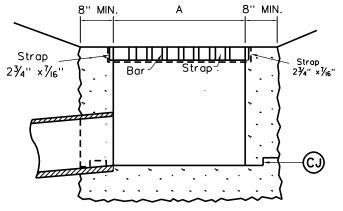
TYPE F INLET

STANDARD SHEET DR6-F

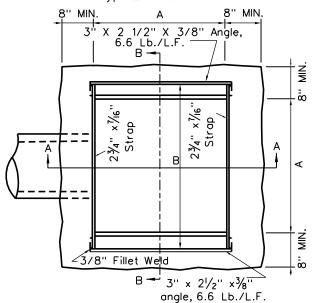




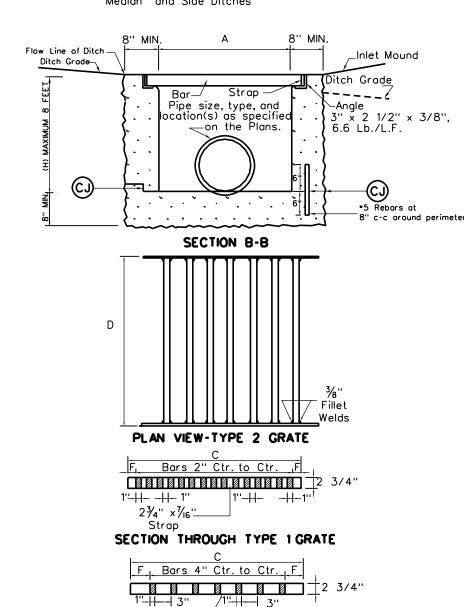
MOUNDING DETAIL Median and Side Ditches







PLAN



SECTION THROUGH TYPE 2 CRATE

													- 2FC 110N	IHKUUGH		
		D#A	MENSIONS			TYPE	2 GR	ATE	FRAME	TYP	E 10	RATE	35011011		 2 UNAIL	, 3''MIN.,
Pipe Site	A	В	С	D	H(Min)	F	Bors	WT.	WT.	F	Bors	WT.				
18"	2'-8"	3'-2"	2'-7 3/4"	3'-1 3/4"	2'-0"	3 3/8'	7	223	62	1 3/8"	15	453				├ ──ं+
21"	2'-8"	3'-2"	2'-7 3/4"	3'-1 3/4"	2'-3"	3 3/8	7	223	62	1 3/8"	15	453				2"MIN
24"	2'-8"	3'-2"	2'-7 3/4"	3'-1 3/4"	2'-6"	3 3/8	7	223	62	1 3/8"	15	453				
27"	3'-0"	3'-6"	2'-11 3/4"	3'-5 3/4"	2'-9"	3 3/8	8	279	69	1 3/8"	17	566				3"MIN.
30''	3'-6"	4'-0"	3'-5 3/4"	3'-11 3/4"	3'-0"	3 3/8	9	357	80	1 3/8"	21	797				-
33"	3'-9"	4'-3"	3'-8 3/4"	4'-2 3/4"	3'-3"	3 7/8	10	4 19	85	1 7/8"	21	847				
36"	4'-0"	4'-6"	3'-11 3/4"	4'-5 3/4"	3'-6"	3 3/8	11	486	90	1 3/8"	23	981				

48" 5'-0" 5'-6" 4'-11 3/4" 5'-5 3/4" 4'-6" 3 3/8" 14 748 112 1 3/8" 29 1507 Table Note: Grate and frame weights are for information only and will increase if larger straps and bars are used.

42" 4'-6" 5'-0" 4'-5 3/4" 4'-11 3/4" 4'-0" 3 3/8" 12 587 101 1 3/8" 27 1277

The following substitutions in dimensions are acceptable for fabricating the grate and frame:

Strap Thickness: 1/2"

Strap Depth: 3"

Bar Depth: 3"

23/4" ×7/16"

Strap

NOTES

The finalinstalled top surface of inlet and grate shall be flush with adjacent finished surfaces such as pavement, gutters, curbs, and sidewalks. Top of grate elevation, if shown on the plans, is for information only.

Construction may be cast-in place, precast in one or multiple sections, or any combination of cast-in-place and precast.

Type 2 Grate shall be used at all locations unless otherwise specified on the Plans. Type 1 Urban Grates shall be used only at specially designated locations as shown on the plans.

The Contractor, at his option, may omit use of the frame by forming a ledge in the concrete.

Direction of flow parallel

to bars

EXPLODED DETAIL

CONSTRUCTION JOINT DETAILS

Special care shall be execised in forming the 2" wide concrete ledge to provide a smooth, even surface for supporting the grates if the shallow frame is not used, no projections shall exist on the bearing surfaces of the ledge or the grates, and the grates shall seat on the ledge without rocking.

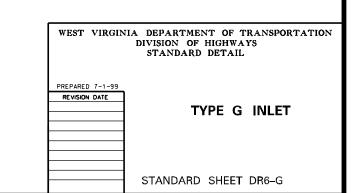
The Mounding Detail as shown is not required when an inlet is placed in a sag.

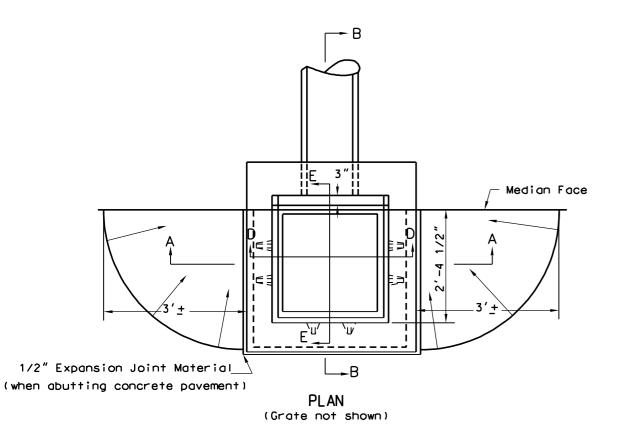
Optional construction joints labeled CJ" may be roughened concrete, keyed or doweled as per the typical details shown herein or as approved by the Engineer. Non shrink grout meeting the requirements of subsection 715.5 of the specifications may be used to a depth of $\frac{1}{2}$ " for leveling between precast sections. Thicker depths will be allowed as per the manufacturer's recommendations.

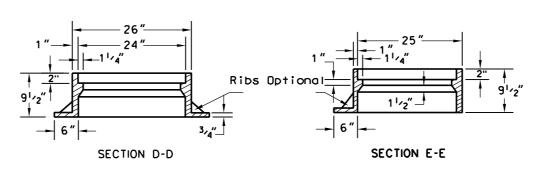
This inlet is to be installed in roadside or median ditches only. It is not to be placed adjacent to pavement or in the gutter pan of combination curb and gutter.

The minimum distance from the top of any pipe opening to any construction joint above the opening shall be four (4) inches.

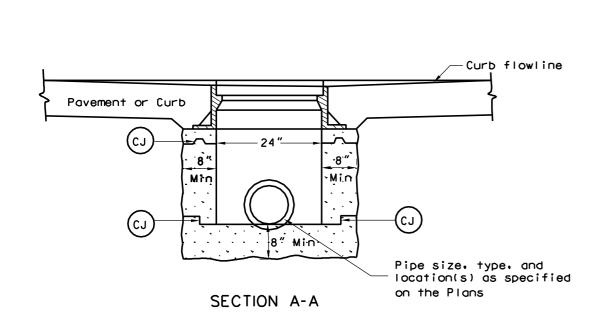
The number and location of pipe openings shall be as shown in the plans. The contractor at no additional cost, shall be responsible for any temporary bracing required to transport precast inlet sections due to multiple openings.

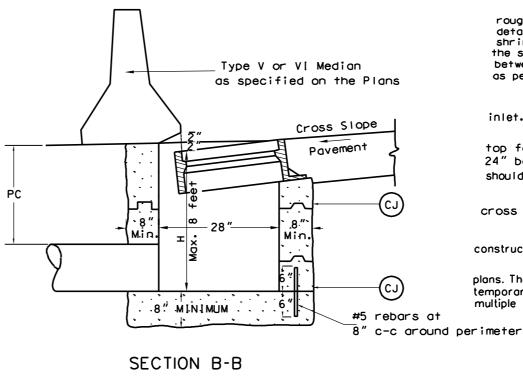


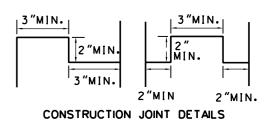




DETAIL OF FRAME







The final installed top surface of inlet and grate shall be flush with adjacent finished surfaces such as pavement, gutters, curbs, and sidewalks. Top of grate elevation, if shown on the plans, is for information only.

Construction may be cast-in place, precast in one or multiple sections, or any combination of cast-in-place and precast.

This inlet is intended for use with type V and VI medians (concrete barrier medians) as specified on the plans.

Optional construction joints labeled" CJ" may be roughened concrete, keyed or doweled as per the typical details shown herein or as approved by the Engineer. Non shrink grout meeting the requirements of subsection 715.5 of the specifications may be used to a depth of $^{1}\gamma_{2}$ " for leveling between precast sections. Thicker depths will be allowed as per the manufacturer's recommendations.

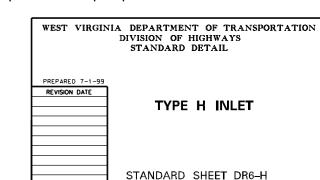
Grate as shown on Standard Sheet DR6-X to be used with this inlet. $\label{eq:continuous}$

PC (minimum pipe cover) shall be 12" below inlet top for pipes placed under sidewalk or grassed area or 24" below inlet top for pipes placed under pavement or shoulder.

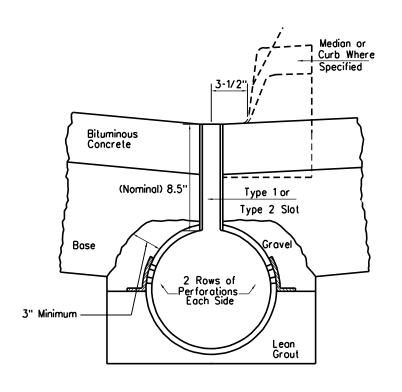
This inlet shall not be placed in a pedestrian cross walk.

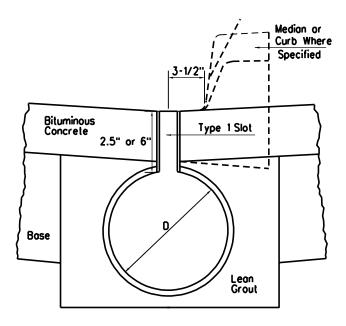
The minimum distance from the top of any pipe opening to any construction joint above the opening shall be four (4) inches.

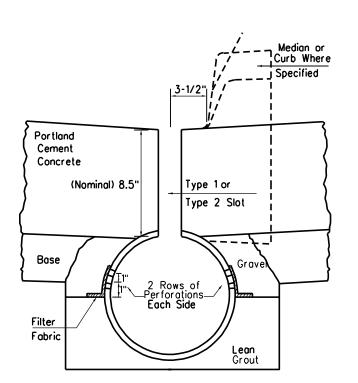
The number and location of pipe openings shall be as shown in the plans. The contractor at no additional cost, shall be responsible for any temporary bracing required to transport precast inlet sections due to multiple openings.

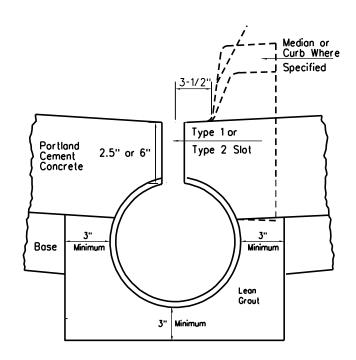


TYPICAL INSTALLATIONS

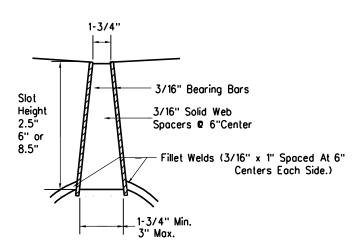




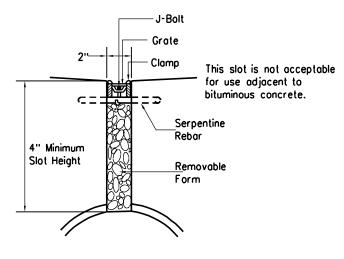




SLOT DETAILS



TYPE 1 SLOT



TYPE 2 SLOT

NOTES

The contractor may, at his option but subject to the limitations as noted on this sheet and elsewhere on the plans, install Type 1 or 2 Slots or approved equals.

When specified on the plans, Type 1 slots shall include expanded steel mesh heel guards tack welded to the spacer bars.

Gravel shall be omitted from the perforated slot inlet installation when free-draining base is specified and will be placed against the inlet.

When slot heights of 8.5" are specified, the Type 1 slots may be fabricated by stacking a 2.5" slot on top of a 6" slot. The assembly shall then be joined by minimum $\frac{3}{16}$ " x 1" fillet welds at 6" centers along each side of the horizontal joint. The resultant slot height may be slightly less than $8\frac{1}{2}$ ".

Slot inlet shall not be placed across a pedestrian cross walk

SLOTS NOTES

TYPE 1 SLOT

BEARING BARS AND SPACERS: These elements are to be 3/16" structural steel suitably welded to form the open slot and hot-dip galvanized as per ASTM A-123. Spacer may be vertical or tilted at approximately 30° from vertical. If the slot inlet is placed on a grade and adjacent to a curb or median, the inlet is to be installed to position tilted spacers to tilt upgrade toward the incoming gutter flow.

TYPE 2 SLOT

- GRATE AND CLAMP: These parts are to be hot-dip galvanized mild carbon steel conforming to ASTM A569. Grating, measuring 3/4" deep by 1-3/4" wide, shall extend the full length of each pipe section slot.
- opening on 6" centers and shall be coated with 7 mils of fusion-bonded epoxy powder.

REBARS: The rebor shall be serpentine bent to cross the slotted

- J-BOLT: The J-bolt shall be 5/16 inch diameter, plated, ASTM A307 steel supplied with self-locking nuts.
- REMOVABLE FORMS: Forms are to be cellular foam with a wood or plastic cap.
- SLOT HEIGHT: 4" minimum slot height acceptable where 2.5" slot height is specified.

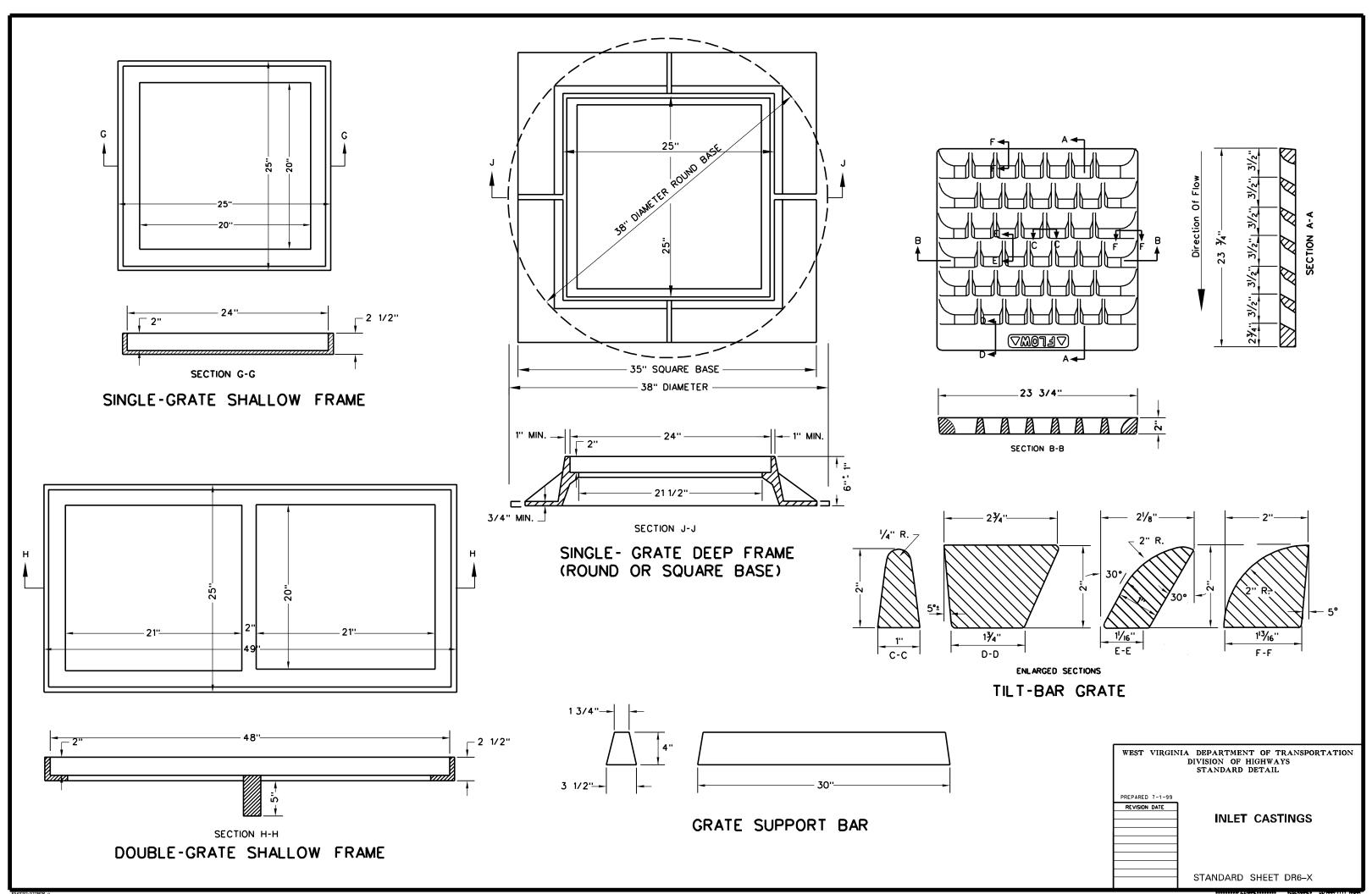
WEST VIRGINIA DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION
DIVISION OF HIGHWAYS
STANDARD DETAIL

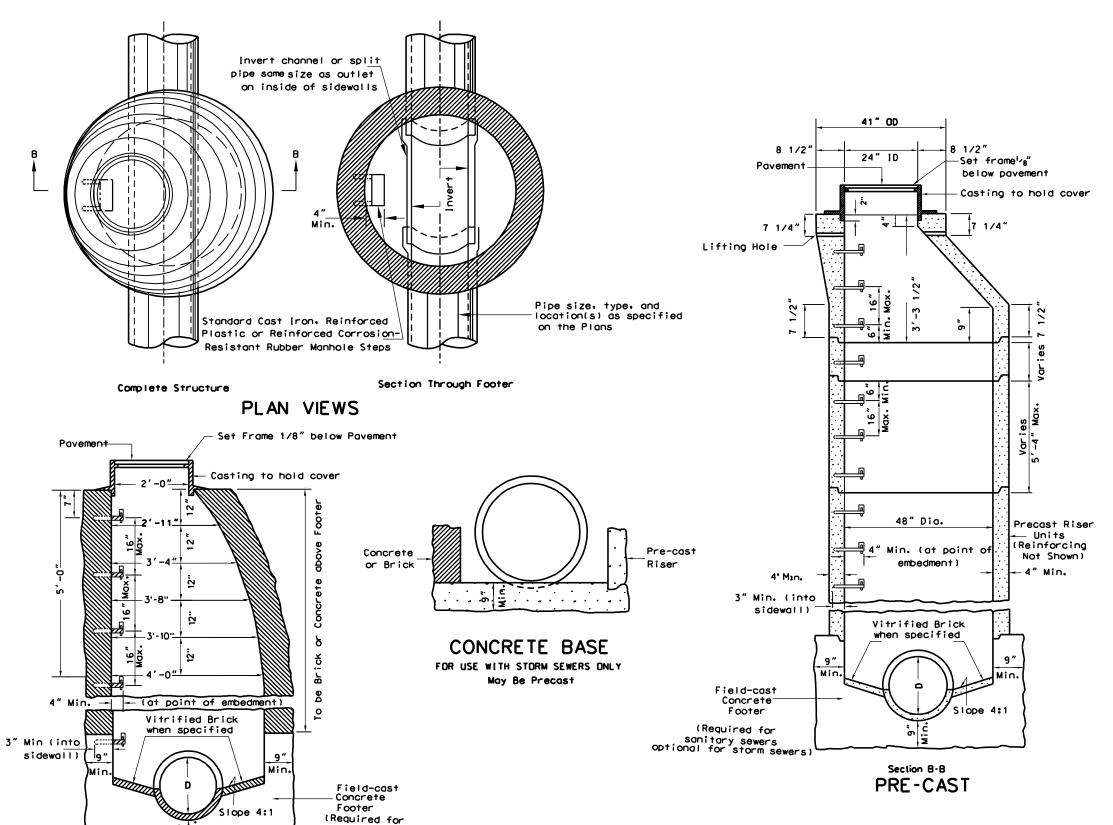
PREPARED 7-1-99

REVISION DATE

SLOT INLET

STANDARD SHEET DR6-S





sanitary sewers

Section B-B
CAST-IN-PLACE OPTION

optional for storm sewers)

NOTES

Type A Manholes, when specified on the Plans, may be constructed in either method (cast-in-place or pre-cast option) as shown herein.

Steps. frames, and covers shall be as shown on Standard Sheet DR7-X.

"Keyed" or "doweled" type construction joints, acceptable to the Engineer, may be used in the construction of concrete manholes.

If the cast-in-place manhole is over twelve feet (12') in depth. the sidewalls below that depth will be double thickness.

Pipe at elevations other than shown may be joined to the manhole by cutting a hole the size of the connecting pipe in the manhole, inserting the pipe the thickness of the manhole shell and closing all openings around the connecting pipe with joint mortar.

Drawing shows pipe entering and leaving manhole in a straight line. However, the pipes may enter or leave at an angle or place as called for or shown on the Plans.

Minimum height of bench wall above flowline of pipe is 25% of the diameter of the pipes.

The use of brick for manhole construction will not be allowed when a manhole is located in the roadway.

The following additional notes are applicable for pre-cast manholes:

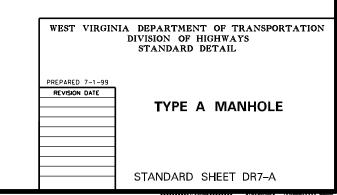
Manhole steps shall be placed into plastic concrete wall during manufacture or mortared into holes after the concrete has set.

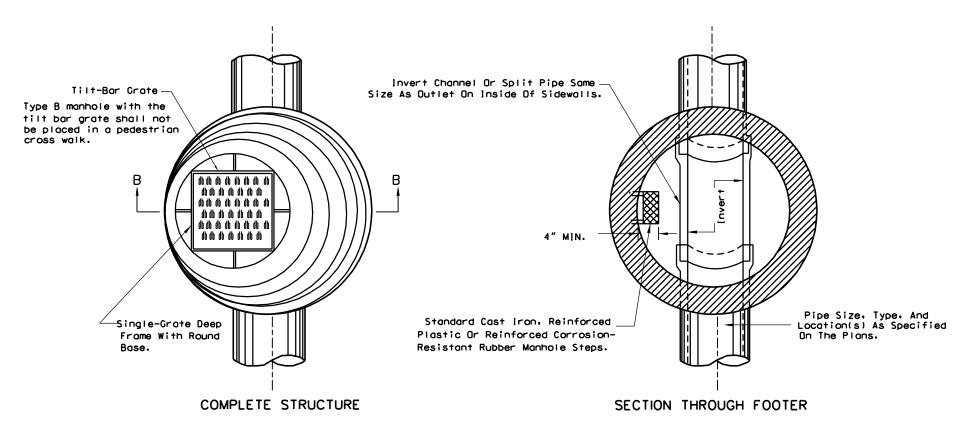
Sidewall sections may be used in any combination to produce a manhole of desired depth, except the tapered top section shall be retained as shown.

The tapered top section shall be manufactured and meet the same requirements as the manhole's sidewalls. but shall conform to the dimensions detailed herein.

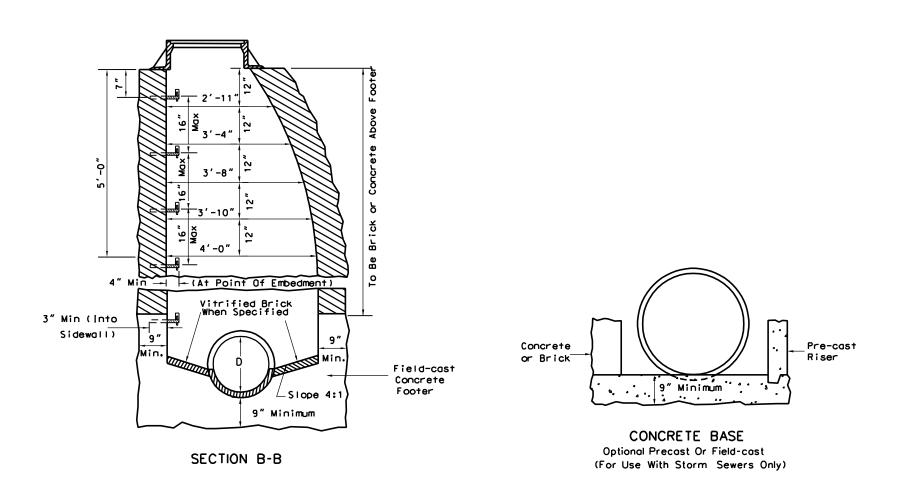
Lifting holes in the tapered top section and the circumferential notches in the manhole cover are for handling purposes only.

The pre-cast sidewall units shall be set in joint mortar or sealed with 0-ring gaskets.





PLAN VIEWS



NOTES

"Keyed" Or "Doweled" Type Construction Joints, Acceptable To The Engineer, May Be Used In The Construction Of Concrete Manholes.

If Cast-In-Place Manhole Is Over Twelve Feet (12') In Depth. The Sidewalls Below That Depth Will Be Double Thickness.

Pipe At Elevations Other Than Shown May Be Joined To The Manhole By Cutting A Hole The Size Of The Connecting Pipe In The Manhole, Inserting The Pipe The Thickness Of The Manhole Shell And Closing All Openings Around The Connecting Pipe With Joint Mortar.

Either This Manhole Or The Precast Manhole On Standard Sheet DR7-A May Be Furnished When Type B Manhole Is Called For In The Contract. The Frame And Grate Shall Be As Shown On Standard Sheet DR6-X INLET CASTINGS. Steps Shall Be As Shown On Standard Sheet DR7-X.

Minimum Height Of Bench Wall Above Flowline Of Pipe Is 25% Of The Diameter Of The Pipes.

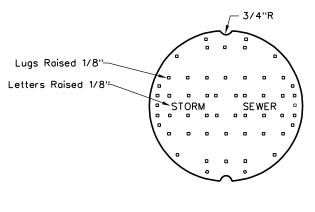
The use of brick for manhole construction will not be allowed when a manhole is located in the raodway.

WEST VIRGINIA DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION DIVISION OF HIGHWAYS STANDARD DETAIL

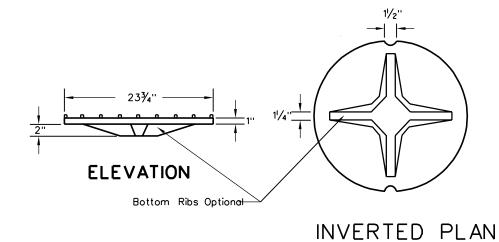
PREPARED 7-1-99
REVISION DATE

TYPE B MANHOLE

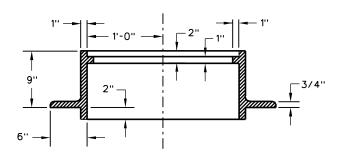
STANDARD SHEET DR7-B



PLAN

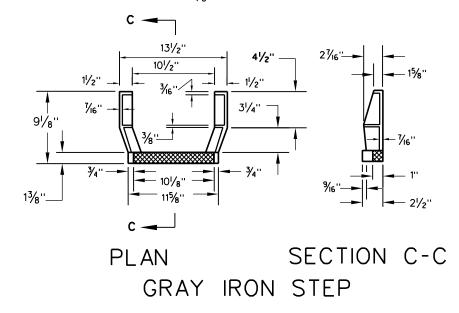


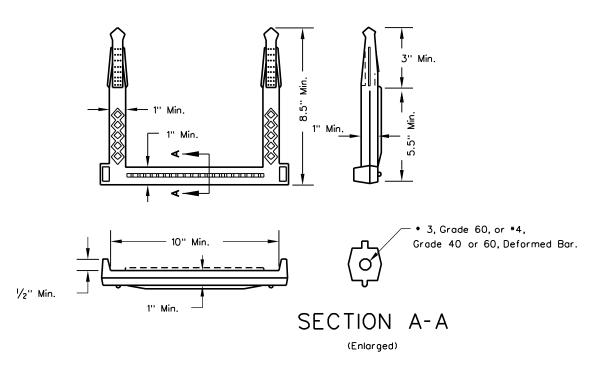
MANHOLE COVER



SECTION MANHOLE FRAME

Top Of Step To Be Non-Skid Surface (Rough Diamond Design) Raised 1/8" Above Metal Elevations Shown.





REINFORCED PLASTIC AND REINFORCED CORROSION RESISTANT RUBBER MANHOLE STEPS

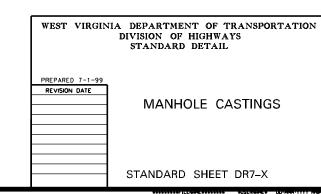
NOTES

Lettering on covers shall denote STORM SEWER or SANITARY SEWER as applicable.

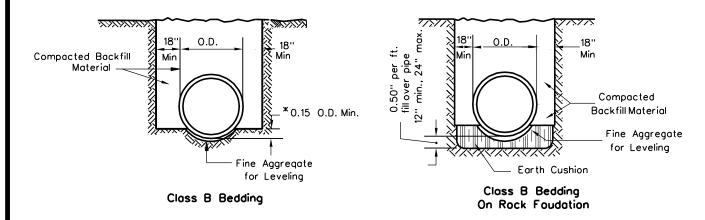
Bottom ribs may be deleted from manhole cover castings.

The $\frac{1}{8}$ " raised lugs are a skid resistant measure. Alternative measures will require approval by the Engineer.

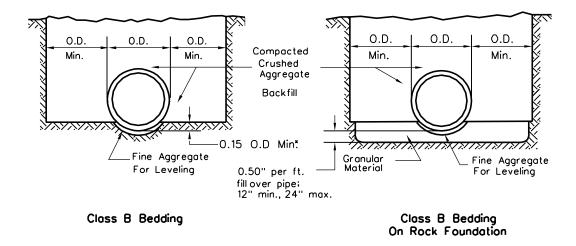
Shop Drawings shall be submitted if details and dimensions vary.



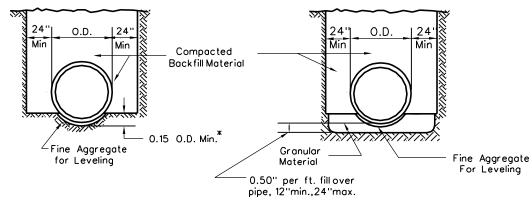
* Except for structural plate pipe where length of bedding arc need not exceed width of bottom plate However, if structural. plate pipe is first assembled and then placed in the trench, the 0.15 O.D. minimum value will apply.



(Trench shown is for 18" thru 54" Pipe)



(Trench shown is for 60" thru 108" flexible pipe in soil cut fill sections)

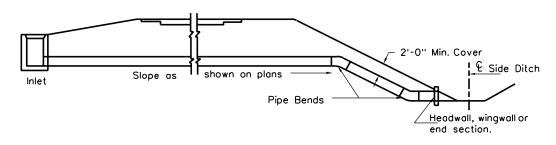


Class B Bedding

Class B Bedding On Rock Foundation

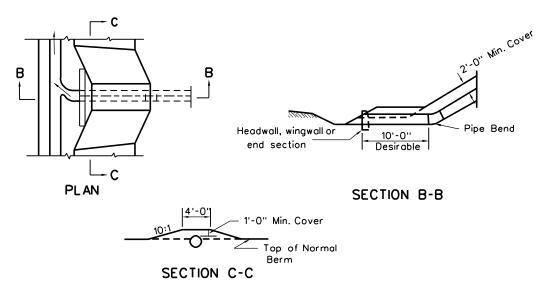
(Trench shown is for 60" thru 108" rigid pipe in cut sections)

TYPICAL PIPE BEDDING



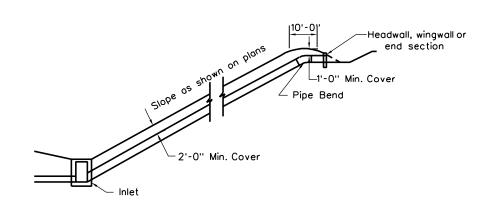
MEDIAN OUTLET IN HIGH FILL

To be used where called for on the plans or as shown on the cross sections.



OUTLET THROUGH BERM

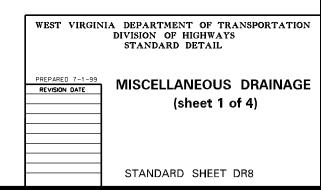
To be used where called for on the plans or as shown on the cross sections.

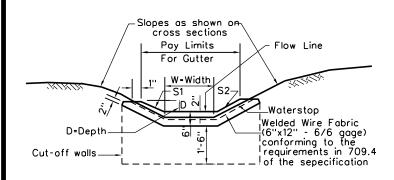


PIPE FLUME Earth Cut or Shallow Rock Cuts

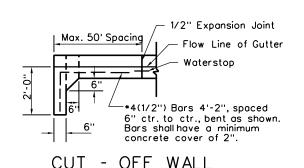
NOTES

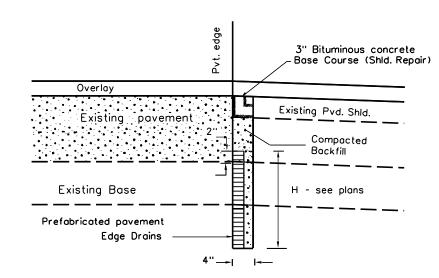
For pipe without corrugations, a one inch layer of fine aggregate for leveling will normally be adequate to achieve a uniform bearing surface. For corrugated pipe, layers shall be 1" minimum for 1/2" depth corrugations, 2" minimum for 1" depth corrugations, and 3" minimum for 2" or 2-1/2" depth corrugations.





CONCRETE GUTTER



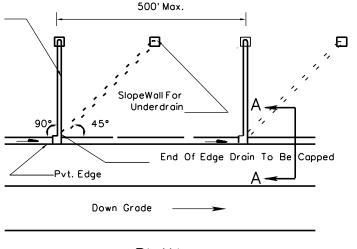


SECTION A-A

ST	ANDARD	CONCRE	TE GUTTER TYPES
Gutter Type	Gutter Sid	e Slopes S2	Gutter Depths ans Widths
1	2:1	2:1	Gutter depths shall be specified
2	4:1	2:1	in 6-inch increments. Gutter
3	4:1	1-1/2:1	widths shall be in 1-foot increments for widths of two
4	6:1	2:1	to six feet and in 2-foot
5	6:1	1-1/2:1	increments for widths of over six feet. A change in width
6	5:1	5:1	shall be transitioned at the rate of 1' in 10' each side.
7	6:1	6:1	or in to each side.
8	4:1	4:1	

*Shall be inside gutter slope for roadside ditches, unless otherwise specified.

4" Non -Perforated Rigid Underdrain Pipe (Edge Drain Outlet)



PLAN
PREFABRICATED EDGE DRAIN

NOTES

Waterstop shall be 5" wide min; web min, thickness $\frac{3}{16}$ "; end section and / or ribs less than 1.67 web thickness.

The waterstop diagrams are for informational purposes only. All waterstops shall conform to the general shape shown and meet the requirements of Section 708.10 of the Specifications.

Concrete gutter types, depths and widths shall be specified on the plans and shall conform with the table shown. Only one concrete gutter type and depth shall be used in each individual run of gutter.

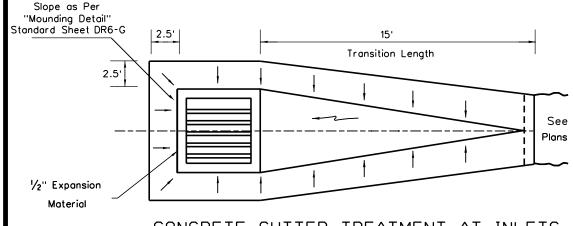
The "Concrete Gutter Treatment at Inlets" detail as shown is for transitioning a V ditch section to the width of the inlet. The 15' length is to be be used to make this transition regardless of the width of the approach ditch.

Cut-off walls for concrete gutter shall be constructed and paid for in accordance with Section 633 of the Specifications.

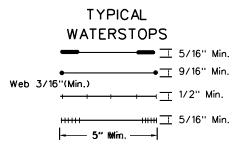
There will be no separate payment for Select Embankment Channel if the material is obtained from the unclassified excavation. If select embankment is not available from unclassified excavation, payment will be made under Section 211 for Rock Borrow Excavation. Unless otherwise specified on the plans, the maximum rock size will be "T" and the minimum rock size will be one-half "T".

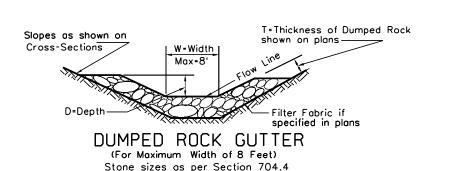
All edge drain outlets are to be equipped with a Slopewall for Underdrain and Varmint Screen as detailed on Standard Sheet DR8, 3 of 4 or tied to existing inlets or pipes. Underdrain pipe tied to inlets or fastened to culvert pipe by pipe saddle, grouting, cementing, or other means that will provide a secure attachment satisfactory to the engineer shall be included in the the cost of the underdrain pipe. The cost of the Slopewall or tie to inlet or pipe will be included in the unit price bid for edge drain.

When edge drain outlets can not be outletted at 90° or 45° to pavement edge as shown, appropriate details as shown for Free Draining Base outlet on Standard Sheet DR8, 3 of 4 are to be used.

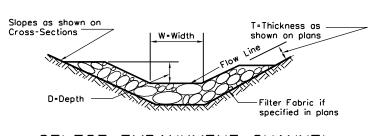


CONCRETE GUTTER TREATMENT AT INLETS
PLAN VIEW

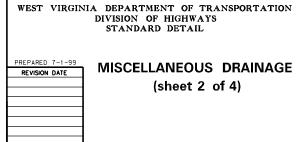


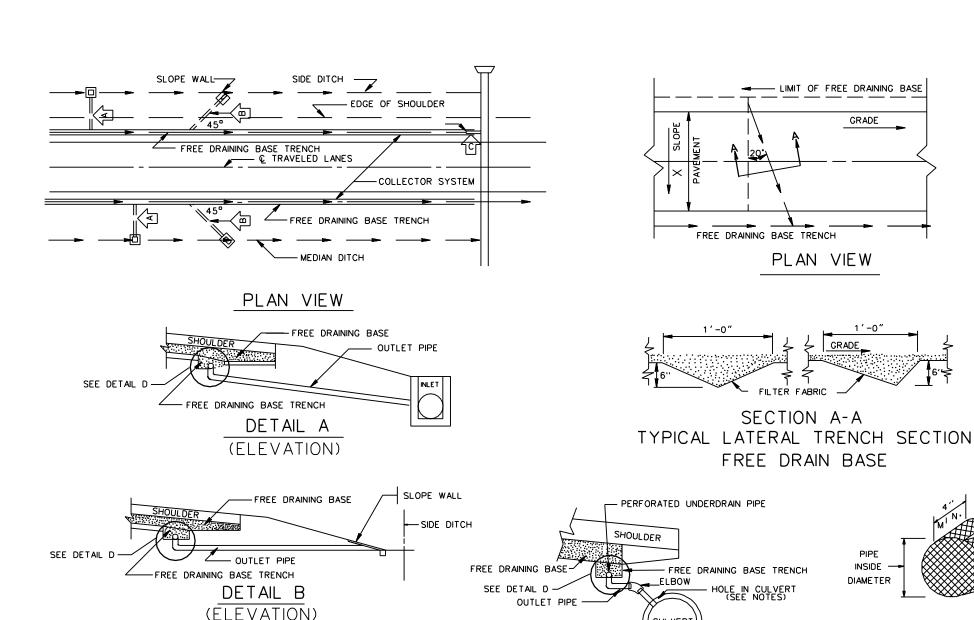


of the Specifications









Payment for the outlet pipe includes drop connections in the free draining base trench and slopewalls or connections to drainage structures as required. Maximum outlet spacing is to be 250' in embankments. Outlets in cut sections will be made to the nearest drainage structure. Slopewall details will be in accordance with Standard DR8 (sheet 3 of 4). At vertical sags, one outlet shall be constructed at the low point and additional outlets shall be constructed at 25 feet and 50 feet each way from the low point.

Underdrain pipe as detailed to be 6" diameter non-perforated rigid pipe except for the 5' of pipe placed in the free draining base trench unless otherwise specified in the plans.

All outlets are to equipped with a Slopewall for Underdrain and Varmint Screen as detailed. Slopewalls will not be paid for separately but shall be included in the cost of the underdrain pipe. Underdrain pipe tied to inlets or fastened to culvert pipe by pipe saddle, grouting, cementing, or other means that will provide a secure attachment satisfactory to the engineer shall be included in the cost of the under-

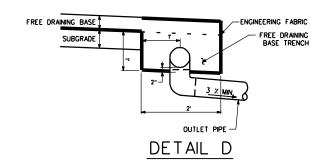
Commercially available galvanized hardware screen is to be snuggly fitted inside each Slopewall. The screen is to have the capability of being removed and reinstalled for maintenance operations. The screen wires shall be welded at a spacing in each direction of $\frac{3}{8}$ " to $\frac{5}{8}$ ". The cost of the screen to be included in the cost of the underdrain pipe or

Crossovers shall have outlets coordinated with regular roadway outlets to insure that all areas shall be free draining.

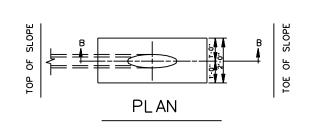
Typical lateral trench sections shown are possible selections, other configurations may be utilized if depth and width are obtained. Spacing shall be 100' maximum in areas designated as requiring lateral trench.

Lateral trench sections shall be installed at locations as follows:

Cross Slope = 0.0156% Grade - 4% and above Cross Slope - 0.0208% Grade • 5% and above Cross Slope = 0.0400% Grade = 8% and above Cross Slope - 0.0600% and greater no trench required



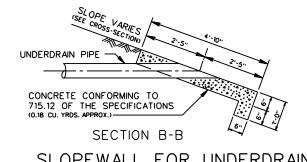
PLAN VIEW



CULVER1

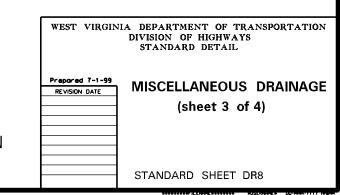
DETAIL C

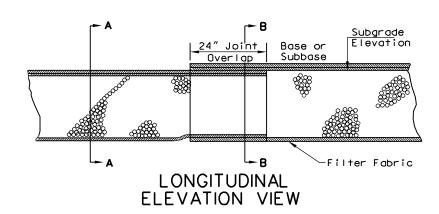
(ELEVATION)

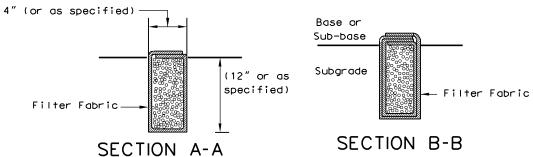


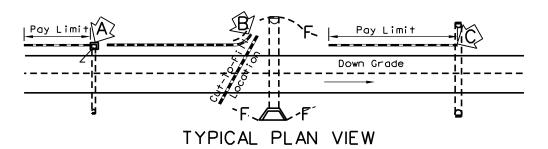
VARMINT SCREEN

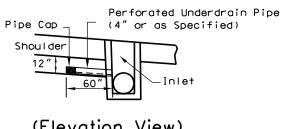
SLOPEWALL FOR UNDERDRAIN



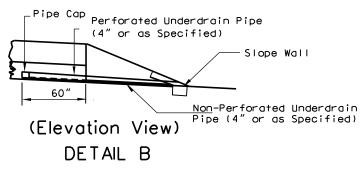


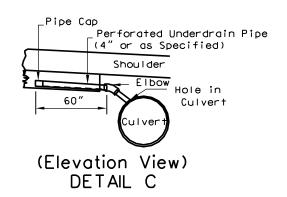




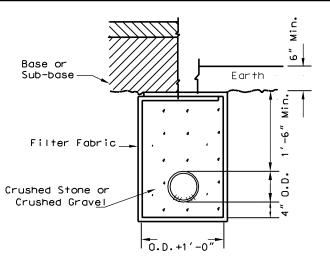


(Elevation View)
DETAIL A

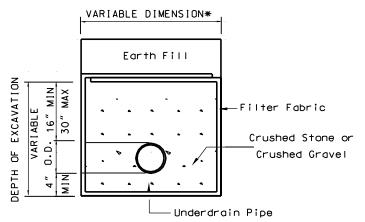




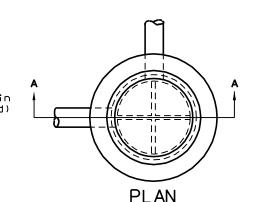
FILTER FABRIC UNDERDRAIN (Typical Installations)

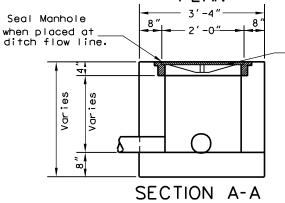


PIPE UNDERDRAIN SECTION



METHOD OF SPRING CONTROL (TYPICAL SECTION)





 Manhole frame and cover.
 See Standard Sheet DR6-D for details.

Above footing may be brick laid in joint mortar, meeting the requirements of 708.8 of the Standard Specifications.

All concrete to be Class "B" or Class "C".

UNDERDRAIN JUNCTION BOX

NOTES

Filter fabric and aggregate for filter fabric underdrain shallconform to the requirements of Section 606.2 of the Specifications. All costs associated with the 5' perforated Underdrain pipe required in the Filter Fabric Underdrain installation to be included in the contract price bid for Filter Fabric Underdrain.

Underdrain shall generally follow the grade of the pavement where the grade is not less than 1 %. A desirable minimum of 1% and an absolute minimum of 0.5% with 18" of cover shall control in the placement of Underdrain unless otherwise noted on the plans.

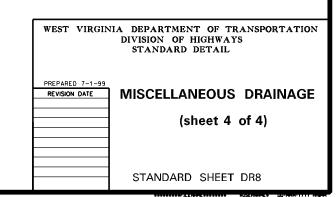
The top of underdrain pipe shall be placed at the same elevation as the top of the outlet pipe at all Inlets or Manholes unless otherwise noted on the plans.

Spring Control shall be used where noted on the Plans or as directed by the Engineer.Cost of excavation, filter fabric and installation shall be included in the contract price bid for "Crushed Stone.Crushed Gravel, or Silica Sand for Underdrain."

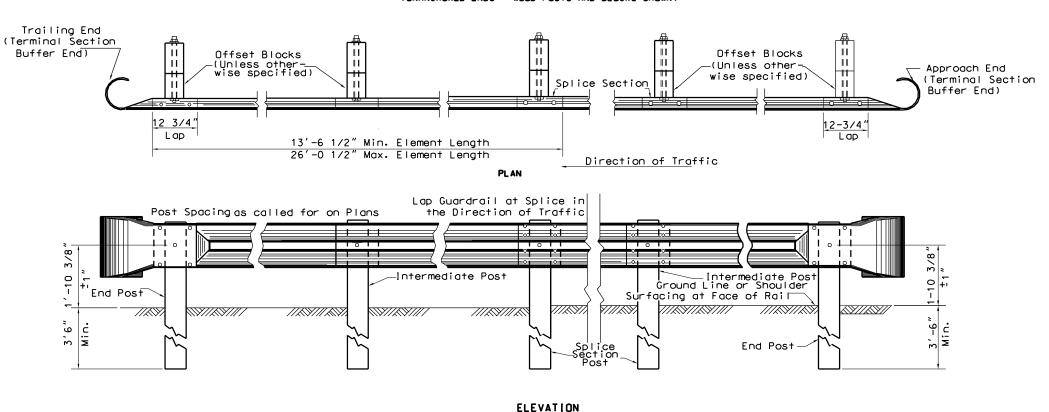
Diensions as indicated variable shallbe as shown on the plans or determined in the field.

For pipe cap detail, see Standard Sheet DR8, Sheet 3 of 4.

All Underdrain outlets are to be equipped with a Slopewall for Underdrain and Varmint Screen as detailed on Standard Sheet DR8, 3 of 4 or tied to existing inlets or culvert pipes. Slopewall for Underdrain will not be paid for separately but shall be included in the cost of the Underdrain pipe, or Filter Fabric Underdrain. Underdrain pipe tied to inlets or fastened to culvert pipe by pipe saddle, grouting, cementing, or other means that will provide a secure attachment satisfactory to engineer shall be included in the cost of the Underdrain pipe, or Filter Fabric Underdrain.



TYPICAL GUARDRAIL INSTALLATION (UNANCHORED ENDS - WOOD POSTS AND BLOCKS SHOWN)



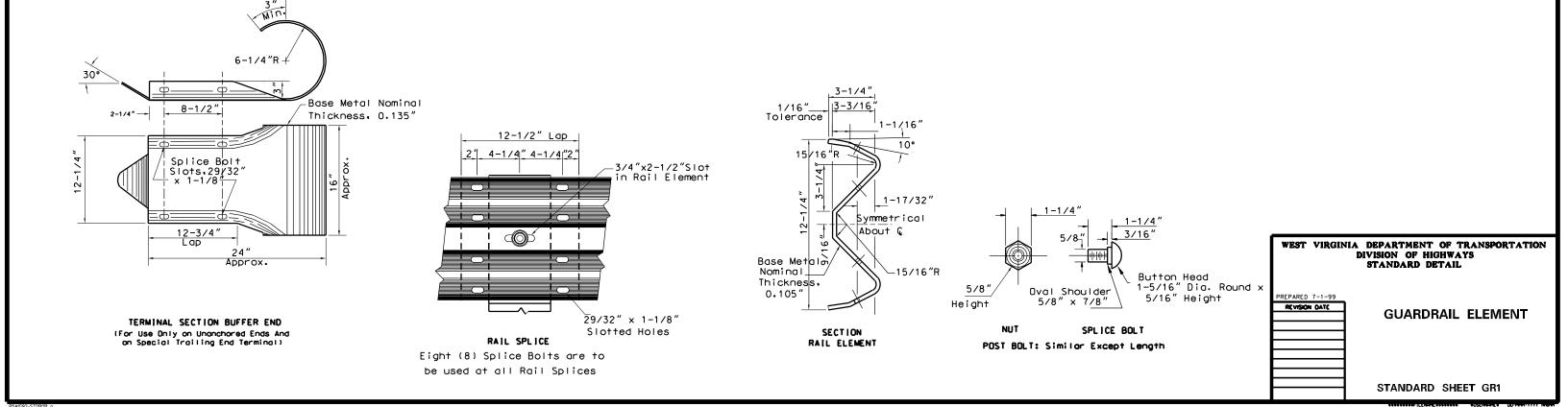
NOTES

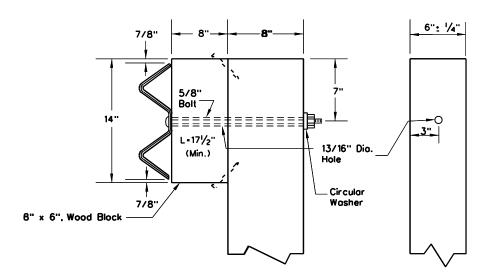
Guardrail shall be secured to the blocks, posts and to other elements by 5/8" dia. bolts and nuts conforming to the details herein and to the requirements of 712.4 of the Standard Specifications, except that the material for nuts shall conform to ASTM A563, Grade A or better.

Approach and Trailing End Treatments shall be as shown or specified on the Plans or directed by the Engineer. Approach and trailing ends shall be anchored unless otherwise specified on the Plans; the specific anchor terminal to be utilized shall be as shown or specified.

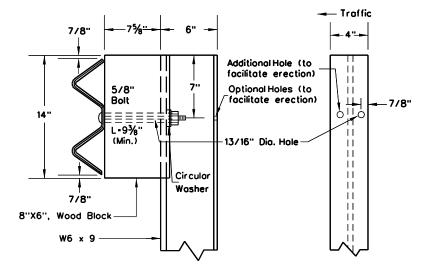
The pay quantity of guardrail will be the Linear Feet of guardrail measured along the face of the rail from center to center of end posts. Cost of the Terminal Section Buffer End shall be included in the cost of the Guardrail.

The approach slope to the face of all guardrail shall be 10:1 or flatter.

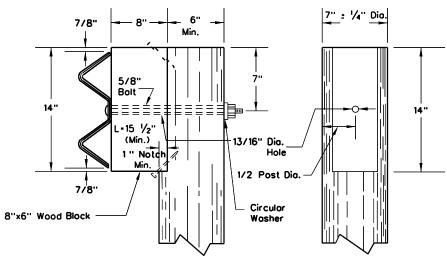




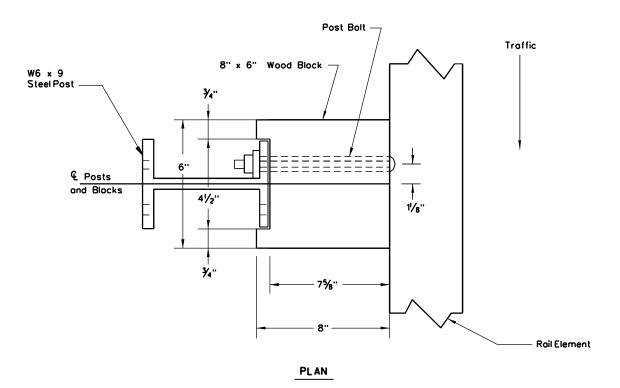
WOOD GUARDRAIL POST (RECTANGULAR)



STEEL GUARDRAIL POST (WOOD BLOCK)



WOOD GUARDRAIL POST (ROUND)



GENERAL:

Only one type of block, steel or wood, shall be used throughout any project, unless otherwise specifed." Blocks for block-outs" shall be used on all posts except when otherwise noted on Plans. When blocks are not provided, the post details will be as shown herein, except the \(\frac{5}{8} \)" bolt minimum length will be reduced as required, the 1" minimum notch for the wood guardrail post (round) will not be used, and nails for block stability will not be needed. For steel posts without blocks, details of the posts shall conform to the "Steel Guardrail Post (Wood Block)" details herein, with the additional holes (to facilitate erection) being optional.

The circular washers shall be made of steel and galvanized in accordance with the in accordance with the requirements of AASHTO M232.

WOOD POSTS:

Wood posts and blocks shall be the same type (specie).

Wood posts shall be pressure-treated after notching, in accordance with Section 710.5 of the specifications.

The 1" (minimum) notch dimension as shown for round wooden posts shall be located along the vertical centerline for the entire upper 14" of the post and shall apply regardless of whether the post is notched (as shown) or otherwise cut or sawed to form a vertical flat plane and then, at some location below the top 14", is angularly sliced out to the surface of the post. Post length will be $6' \cdot 2' \cdot 1/2$ " unless otherwise noted.

STEEL POSTS:

Blocks shall be centered on their posts and the center of the block holes, for bolts connecting rails to blocks, shall be horizontally offset 1-1/8" from the center of the steel posts toward the post edge facing approaching traffic for both steel and wood blocks, as shown for wood blocks on the Plan view of the Block Stop Detail. Post length will be 6': 1/2" unless otherwise noted.

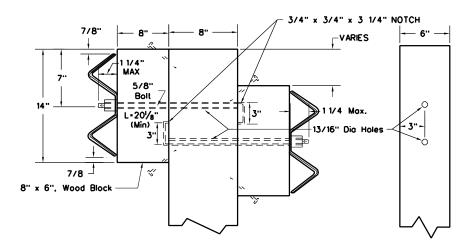
WOOD BLOCKS:

The type (specie) of wood for blocks is to be one of the types (species) permitted by specifications for wood posts. Wood blocks shall be pressure-treated in conformance with the requirements for wood posts. However, creasate oil is not permitted as a preservative in the pressure treatment of wood blocks to be erected on steel posts. 8" x 6" wood blocks shall be positioned so that the 6" x 14" faces of the blocks are the contact faces for the rail elements and the posts in order to achieve the blockout dimension shown. When wood block is used adjacent to a wood post, the block shall be nailed to the post with a galvanized steel 10d common noil. The nail is to be driven into the center of the top or bottom of the block.

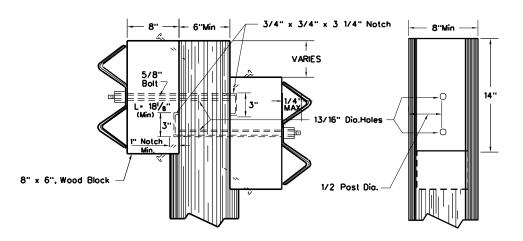
WEST VIRGINIA DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION
DIVISION OF HIGHWAYS
STANDARD DETAIL

PREPARED 7-1-99
REVISION DATE

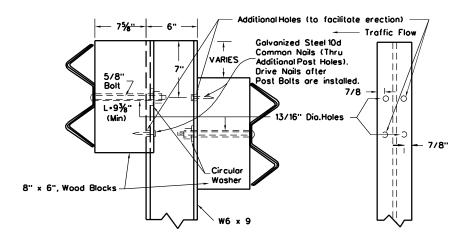
GUARDRAIL POSTS
AND BLOCKS



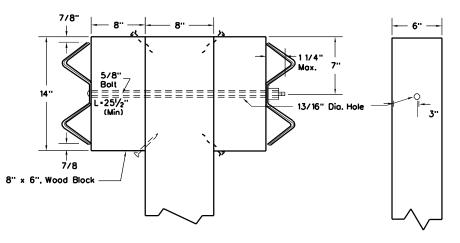
WOOD GUARDRAIL POST (RECTANGULAR)
(BEAMS AT DIFFERENT ELEVATIONS)



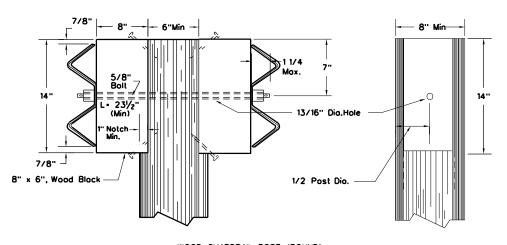
WOOD GUARDRAIL POST (ROUND)
(BEAMS AT DIFFERENT ELEVATIONS)



STEEL GUARDRAIL POST (WOOD BLOCK)
(BEAMS AT DIFFERENT ELEVATIONS)



WOOD GUARDRAIL POST (RECTANGULAR)
(BEAMS AT SAME ELEVATION)



WOOD GUARDRAIL POST (ROUND) (BEAMS AT SAME ELEVATION)

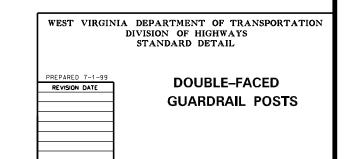
The blocks shall be bolted to the steel posts in the same manner when the beams are at the same elevation as they would when the beams are at different elevations.

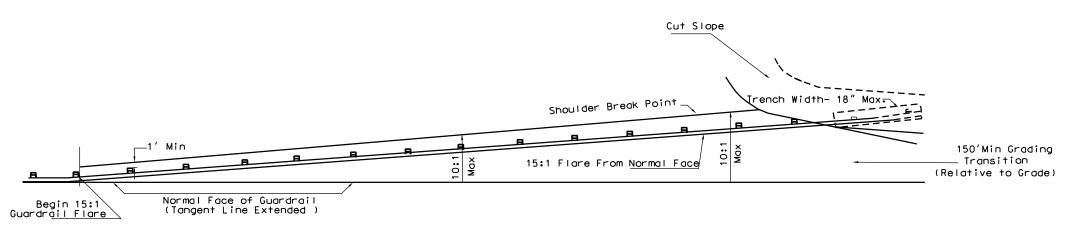
The standard bolt shall be used for wood guardrail post when possible.

The applicable details and notes of Standard Sheet GR2 shall apply to this sheet.

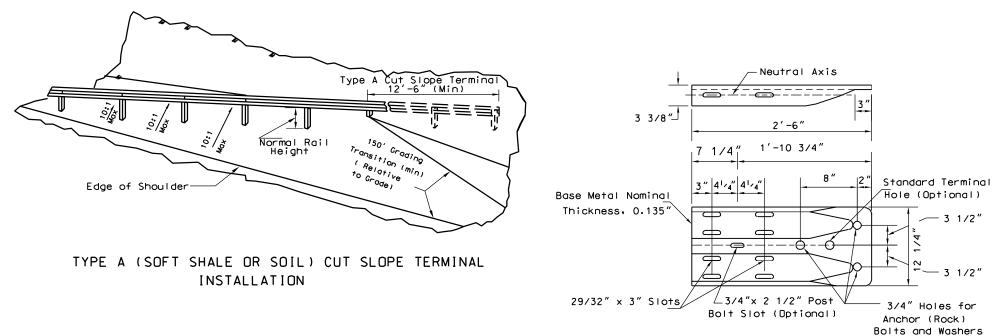
The 1" (minimum) notch dimension as shown for round Wooden Posts shall be located along the vertical centerline for the entire upper 14" of the post and shall apply regardless of whether the Post is notched (as shown) or otherwise cut or sawed to farm a vertical flat plane and then, at some location below the top 14", is angularly sliced out to the surface of the post.

When a wood block is used adjacent to a wood post, the block shall be nailed to the post with a galvanized steel 10d common nail. The nail is to be driven in the center of the top or bottom of the block.

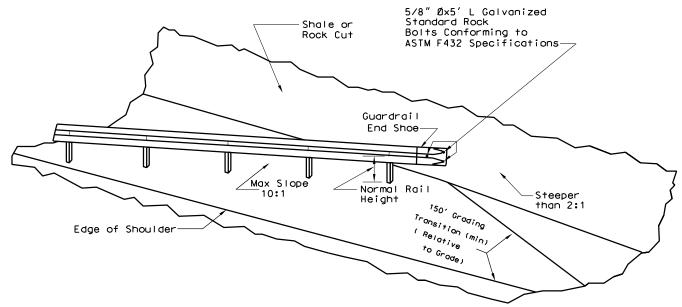




APPROACH END TREATMENT (MULTI-LANE DIVIDED AND 2-LANE HIGHWAYS)



GUARDRAIL END SHOE DETAIL



TYPE B (SHALE OR ROCK) CUT SLOPE TERMINAL INSTALLATION

NOTES

For fill-to-cut guardrail terminals (trailing ends, two-lane highways, and all approach ends) where anchored ends are specified, the details and requirements herein shall be applicable.

Prior to placing guardrail, a final check of existing conditions will be made by the Engineer and any adjustment necessary to insure the proper functioning of the guardrail for the purpose for which it is intended will be made accordingly.

Type A (Soft Shale or Soil) Cut Slope Terminal guardrail shall be that guardrail which (1) is to extend a minimum of two 6'-3'' spans into the cut slope, from the first post beyond the toe of the cut slope, as detailed herein, and (2) is to terminate a minimum of 1'-0'' below the ground elevation of the back slope, as detailed herein, except in areas of heavy rock outcropping where the minimum depth may be six inches.

Posts. blocks and rail elements shall be the same types used in the normal guardrail installation. unless otherwise noted. All posts shall be of standard length except underground posts may be W6x8.5 or W6x9.0. 2'-6" in length. in areas of heavy rock outcropping. Guardrail blocks shall not be used on any posts completely underground.

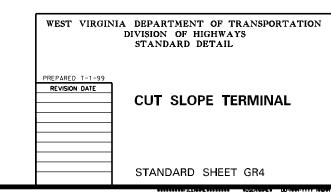
A trench no greater than 18" in width shall be excavated into the cut slope to accommodate the Type A Terminal installation. The Contractor shall so arrange his work sequence to provide that each Type A Cut Slope Terminal installation shall be excavated; posts driven; rail elements and guardrail components assembled; the trench backfilled; and disturbed slope shaped, seeded and mulched; all in one continuous operation.

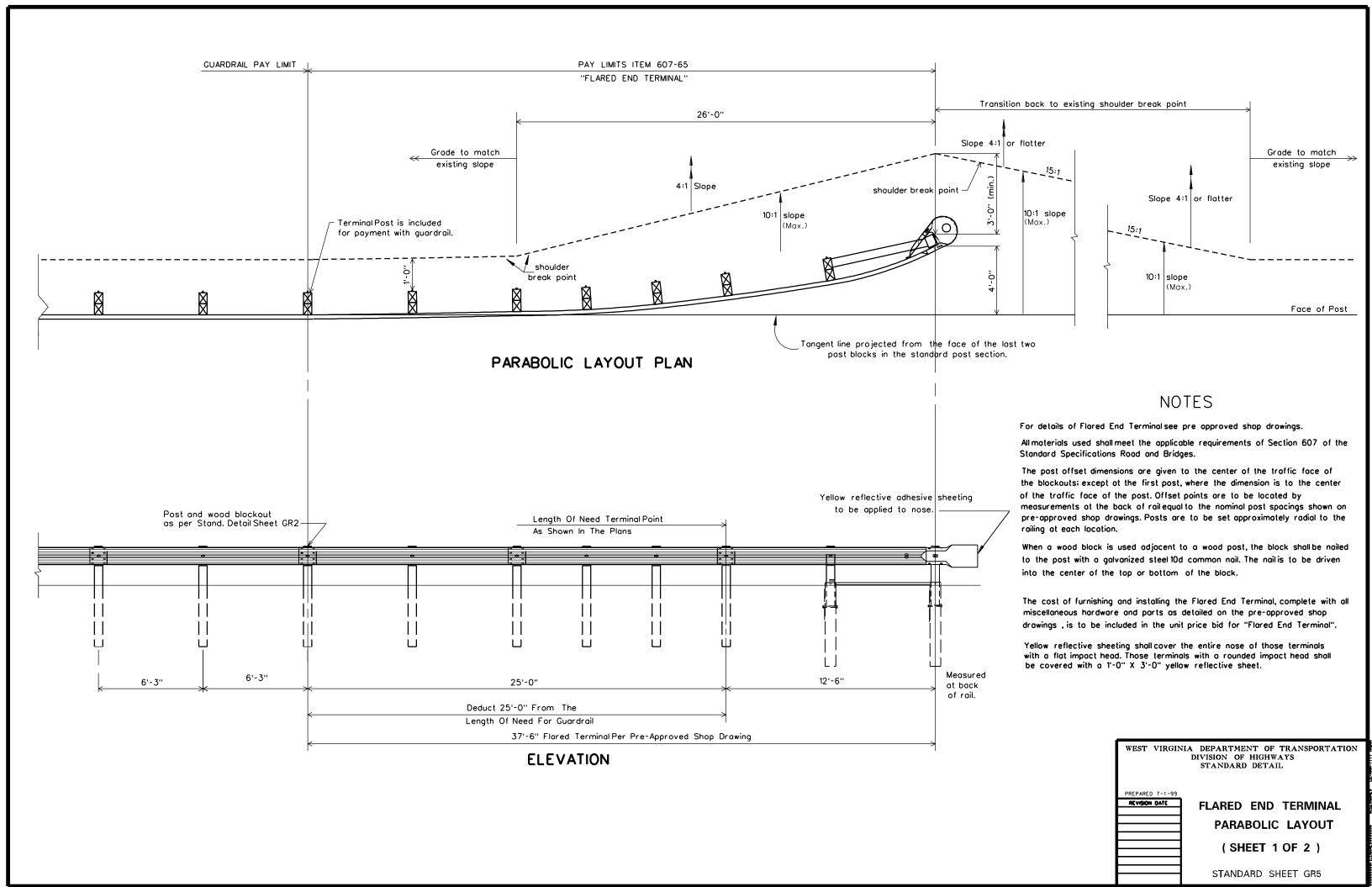
Type B (Shale or Rock) Cut Slope Terminal installation shall consist of anchoring the guardrail against the face of the cut slope utilizing guardrail end shoes and rock bolts, as detailed herein.

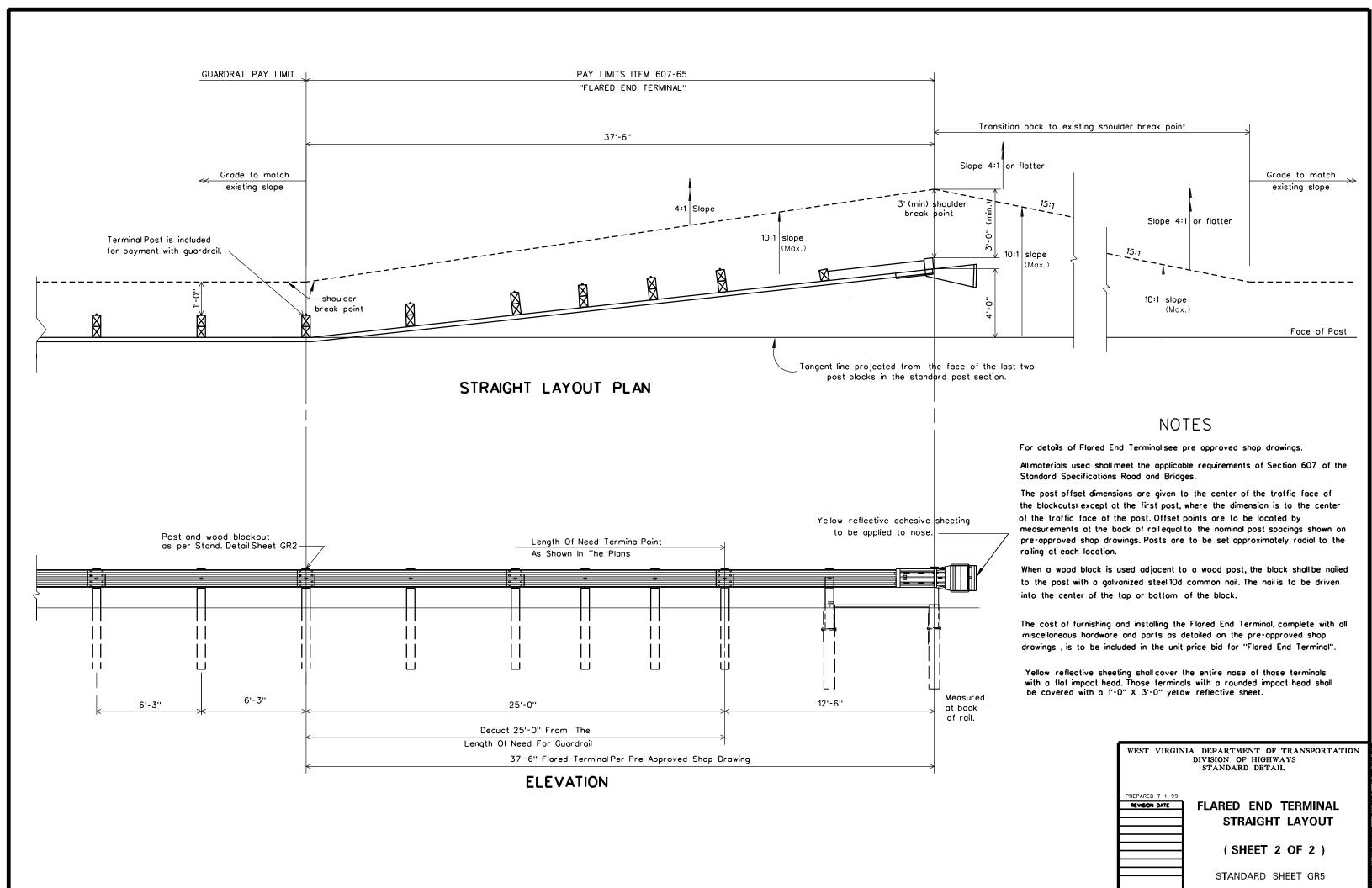
The final decision as to the type of Cut Slope Terminal installation (Type A or Type B) at each location will be based on the actual materials encountered during construction.

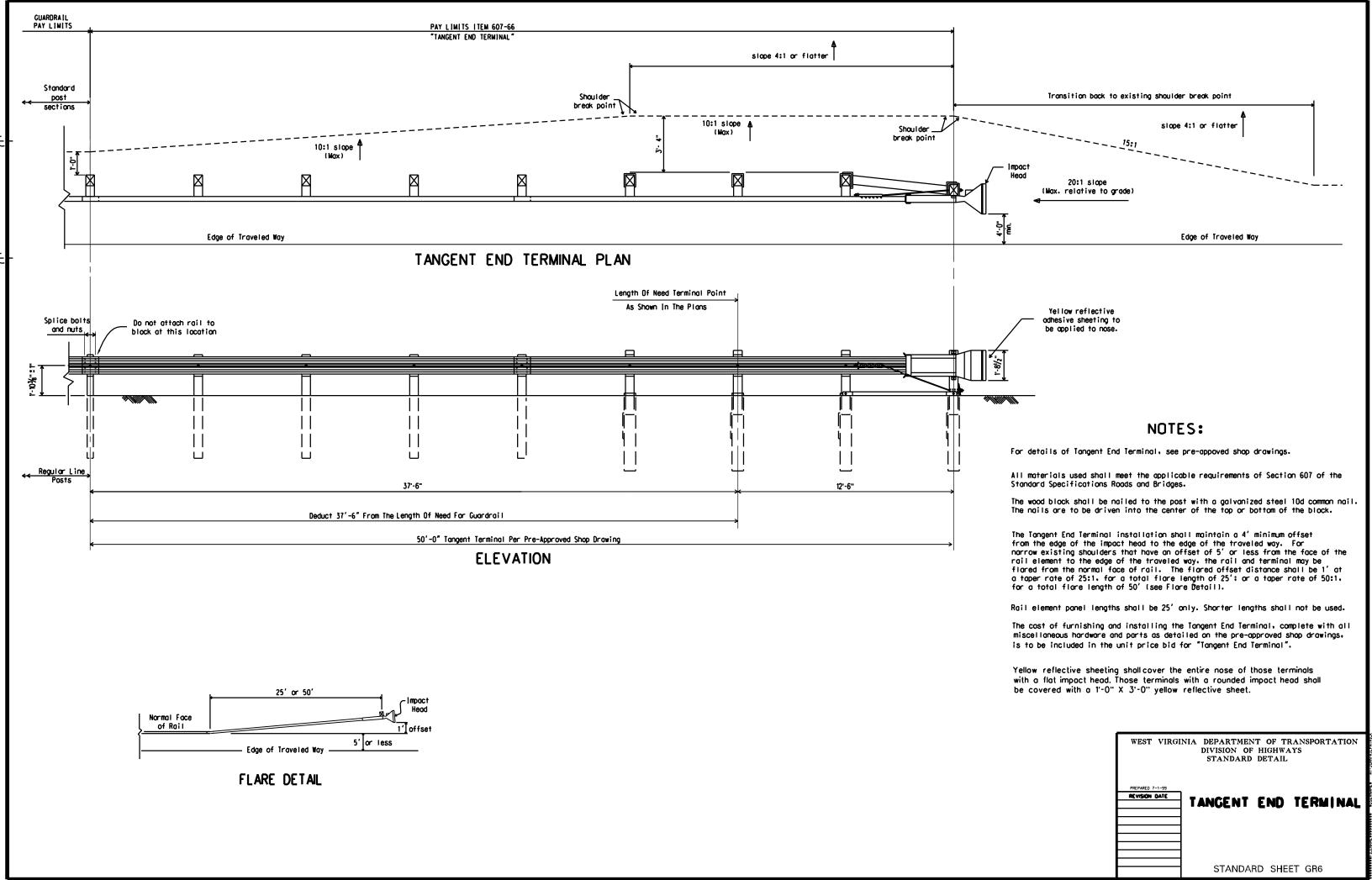
The cost of furnishing and installing Cut Slope Terminals shall include excavating and backfilling the trench, and reshaping, seeding and mulching of the cut slope for Type A Cut Slope Terminal; shall include drilling holes into the cut slope, and furnishing and installing rock bolts, end shoes, and hardware for Type B Cut Slope Terminal; and shall be paid for as "Cut Slope Terminal", Type A or B per each. Normal guardrail components; i.e., posts, blocks, rail elements, hardware, etc., including special length guardrail posts in heavy rock outcroppings; shall be paid for as guardrail per linear foot.

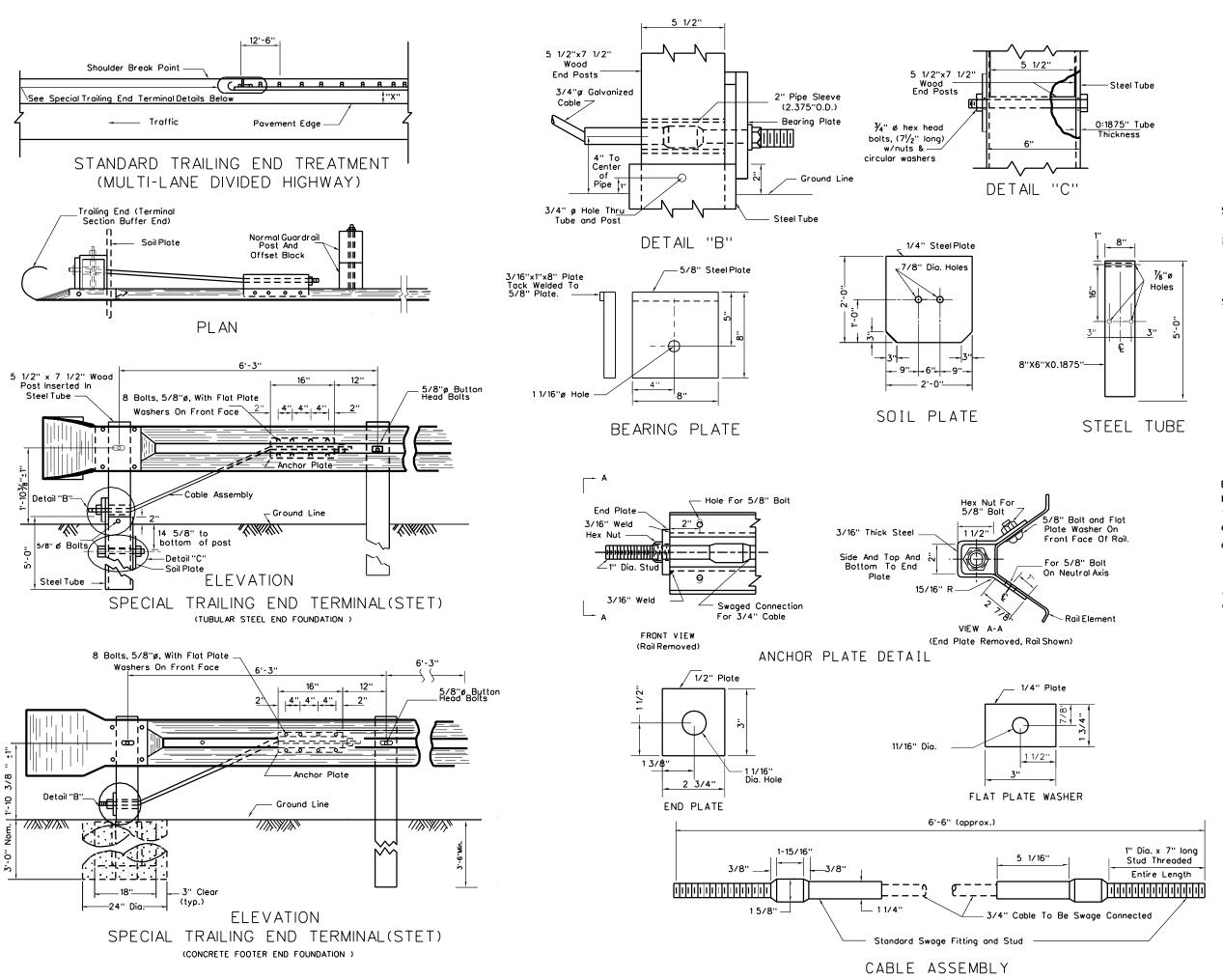
Cut Slope Terminal installation can interfere with normal drainage through a cut section. When this occurs, details for maintaining positive drainage will be shown on the project plans.







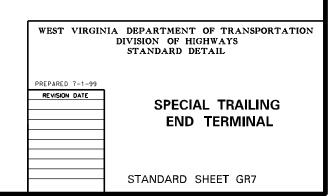




Steel tubes shall meet the requirements of ASTM Specification A500, Grade B, and shall be galvanized after fabrication in accordance with the requirements of AASHTO Specification M111. Other terminal components; such as anchor plates, cable assemblies, hardware, plates, pipe sleeves, etc; shall conform to the detail and requirements of section 607 of the

For each STET end treatment installation it shall be the Contractor's option whether to utilize the Tubular Steel End Foundation design detailed herein or Concrete Footer End Foundation design detailed, unless one type is specified in the plans. When the Concrete Footer End Foundation is used, the embedded portion of the Endpost is to be double wrapped with Composition Paper or single wrapped with sheet metal or other material acceptable to the Engineer before concrete placement to facilitate replacement of damaged posts.

The cost of furnishing and installing the Special Trailing End Terminal: including structural tubing, soil plates, and welded bearing plates for Tubular Steel End Foundations: concrete footers, welded wire fabric, all necessary excavation, composition paper and sheetmetal for Concrete Footer End Foundations: and all "terminal" hardware, cables, studs, plates, and pipe sleeves shall be included in the unit price bid for "Special Trailing End Terminal", per each. Normal guardrail components: i.e., posts, blocks, rail elements, hardware, etc: along with the special size and/or special length wood guardrail end post and the terminal section buffer end, shall be paid for as guardrail per linear foot.



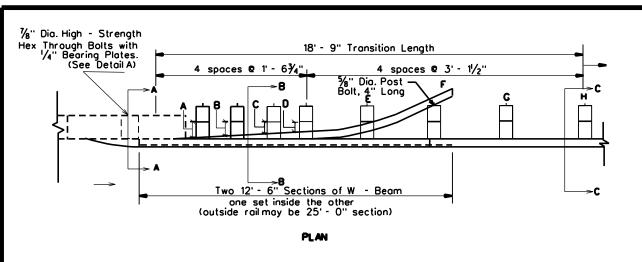
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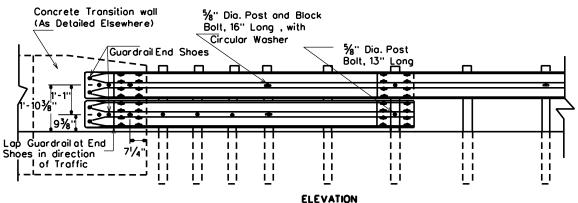
WEST VIRGINIA DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION
DIVISION OF HIGHWAYS
STANDARD DETAIL

REVISION DATE

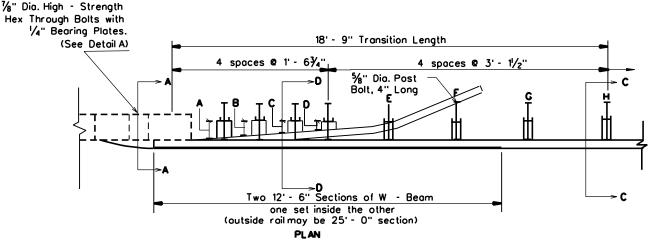
GUARDRAIL AT MEDIAN BRIDGES, GUARDRAIL FOR MEDIAN OBSTACLE

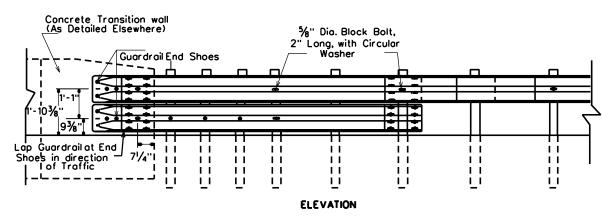
STANDARD SHEET GR8



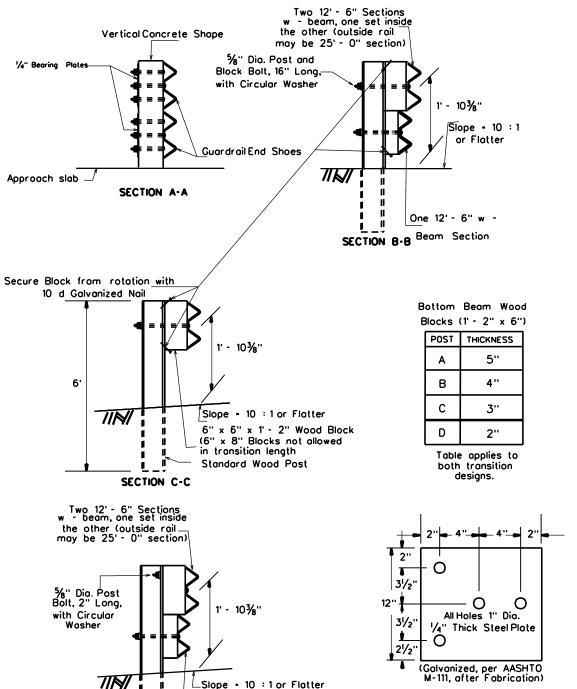


Guardrail - Bridge Transition and Connection (Wood Post Design)





Guardrail - Bridge Transition and Connection (Steel Post Design)



One 12' - 6" w -Beam Section

SECTION D-D

NOTES

These guardrail transitions are appropriate for connection to a vertical concrete shape and should not be connected directly to a concrete saftey shape. Concrete saftey shape bridge rails or barriers shall be transitioned to a vertical shape at the guardrail connection in a manner detailed elsewhere in the Project Plans.

Although these details may appear to apply strictly to guardrailto-bridge transitions and connections, they actually can apply to guardrail transitions and connections to concrete barriers, concrete rigid walls or other structures as specified and detailed on the Project Plans.

These details are not required for transitioning guardrail to a bridge when the guardrail is located on the trailing end of a divided highway bridge. Normal guardrail details shall apply.

Installation shall be performed in such a manner as to maintain the rail elements (top w-beams) parallel to the roadway centerline throughout the length of the 18'- 9" transition for both designs.

Posts A,B,C,and D require an additional hole to attach bottom blocks and bottom beams. For wood post design the bottom beam wood blocks shall be center drilled and attached with % diameter post bolts. For steel post design the bottom beam wood blocks shall be offset drilled to sit squarelly on the post flange and attached with % diameter bolts.

For both transitions, the sixth post from the vertical concrete wall shall require an additional hole on the back face of the post to attach the bottom w-beam with $\frac{5}{8}$ " diameter bolts.

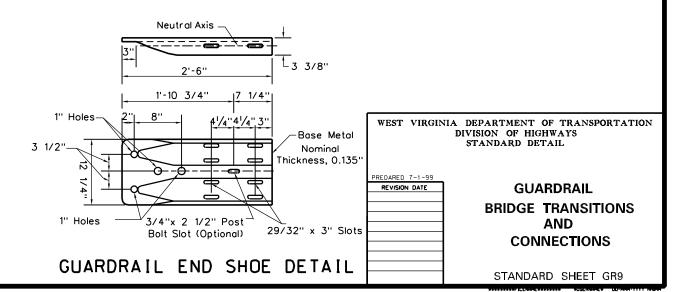
The rubrail (bottom w-beam) may be shop bent for approximatel the last three feet to facilitate installation.

A,B,C,E,and G posts and blocks shall not be bolted to the top rail elements; however, posts and blocks shall be bolted and care fully erected to provide firm contact of the blocks against the top rails at these posts.

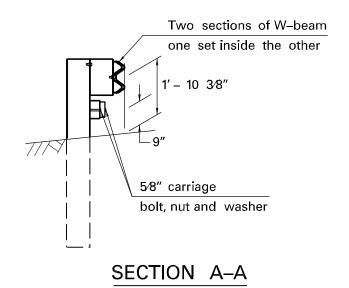
All bolt holes in all rail sections shall be shop fabricated.

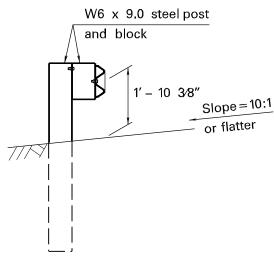
These details are for transitioning 6'3" post spacing guardrail to a vertical concrete shape. When transitioning 12'6" post spacing guardrail to a vertical concrete shape, the 25' of rail prior to this 18'9" transition shall have 6'3" post spacing.

There is no separate pay item for this connection and all components as detailed herein shall be included in the contract price for quardrail.



DETAIL A

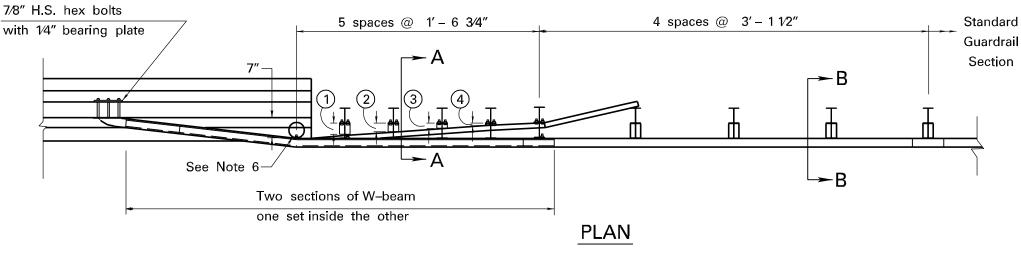


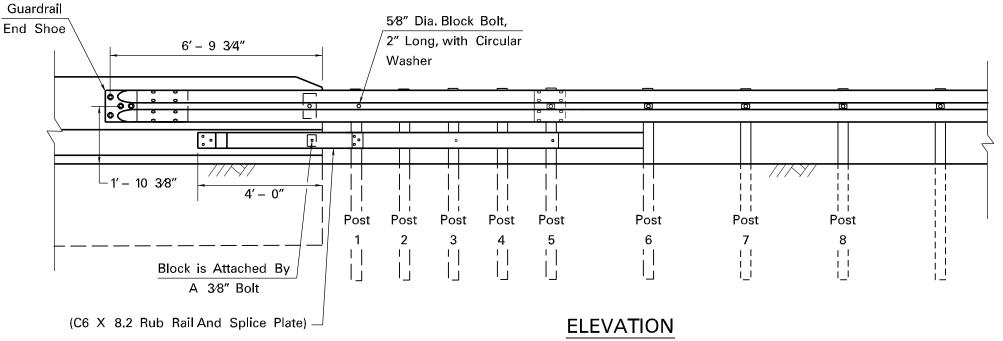


RUBRAIL WOOD BLOCKS 7" X 4"

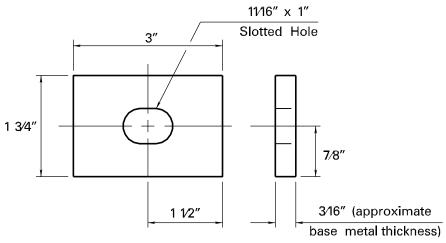
POST	THICKNESS					
1	4 1⁄2″					
2	3 1/2"					
3	2"					
4	1″					



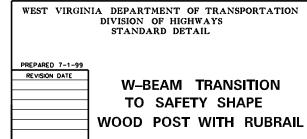




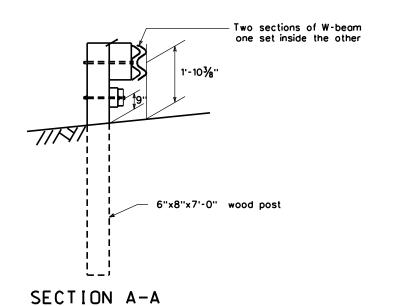
- This guardrail transition is appropriate for connection to a concrete safety shape.
- 2. Bridge rail ends and bridge parapets must be of adequate strength to accept full impact loading.
- Posts 1–6 require an additional hole to attach lower blocks and/or rubrail.
- 4. Rubrail wood blocks located on posts 1 through 4 are offset drilled and secured with 5/8" carriage bolts to posts 2 and 4.: rubrail and posts of posts 1, 3 and 5.
- 5. W-beam is not bolted to posts at posts 2 through 4 and posts 6 and 8.
- Steel spacer tube, schedule 40 galvanized pipe,
 6" (I.D.) x 9", and attached by a
 5/8" carriage bolt and rectangular plate washer.
- 7. See sheet 3 of 3 for detail. Block is attached by 3/8" X 3" bolt.
- 8. There is no separate pay item for this connection and all components as detailed herein shall be included in the contract price for guardrail.

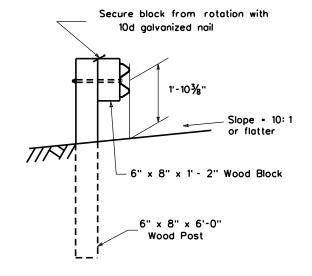


RECTANGULAR PLATE WASHER DETAIL



SHEET 1 OF 3 STANDARD SHEET GR10





Rubrail
Wood Blocks 7" x 6"

POST THICKNESS

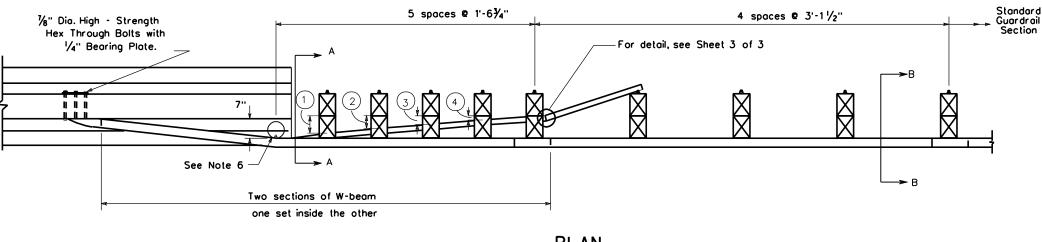
1 61/4"

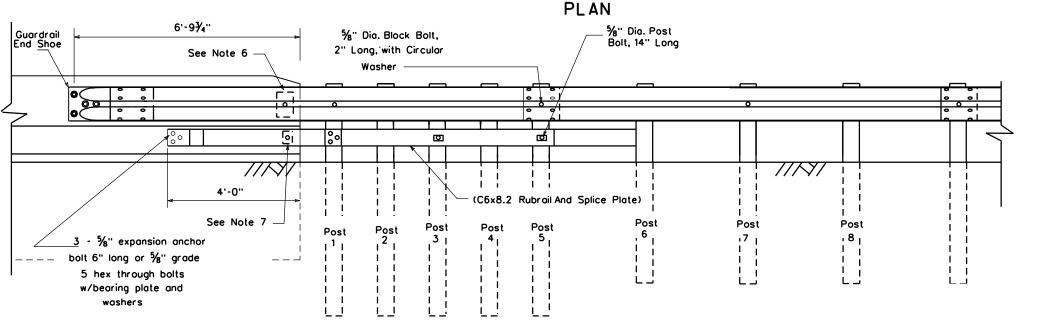
2 45/8"

3 31/8"

4 11/2"

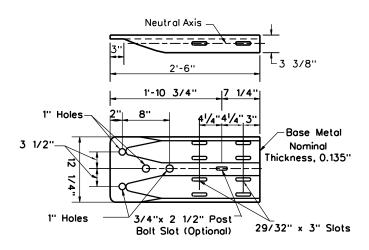
SECTION B-B



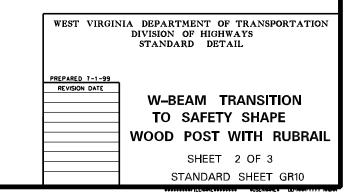


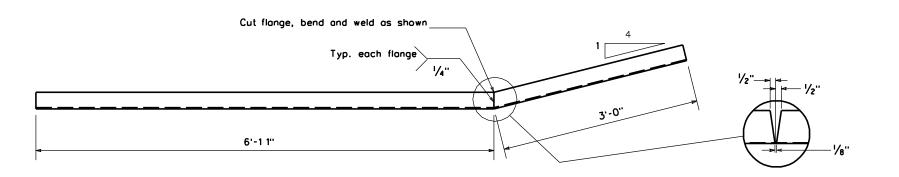
ELEVATION

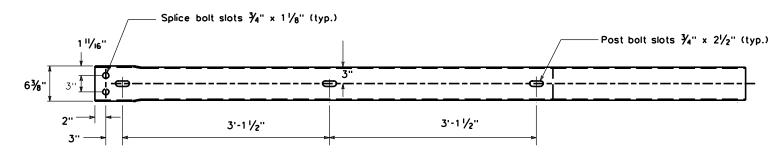
- This guardrail transition is appropriate for connection to a concrete safety shape.
- Bridge rail ends and bridge parapets must be of adequate strength to accept full impact loading.
- Rubrail wood bocks, located on posts 1 through 4 are center drilled and secured with %" carriage bolts.
- Posts 1 through 5 require an additional hole to attach lower blocks and/or lower rubrail.
- W-beam is not bolted to posts and blocks at posts 2, 3, 4, 6, and 8. Blocks are bolted directly to posts.
- Steel spacer tube, schedule 40 galvanized pipe, 6" (I.D.) x 9", attached by a %" carriage bolt, and rectangular plate washer.
- 7. See Sheet 3 of 3 for detail. Block is attached by a $\frac{3}{6}$ " x 3" bolt.
- There is no separate pay item for this connection and all components as detailed herein shall be included in the contract price for guardrail.



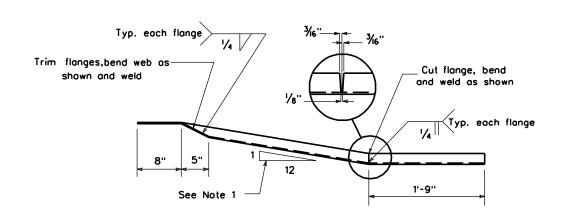
GUARDRAIL END SHOE DETAIL

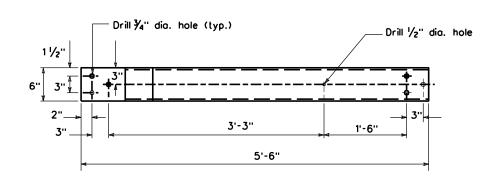




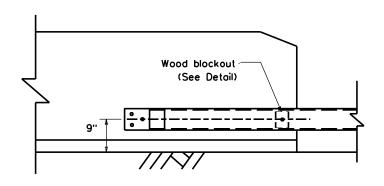


BENT PLATE RUBRAIL DETAIL

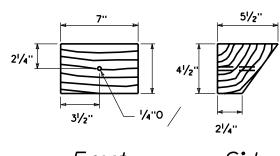




C6X8.2 RUBRAIL
DETAIL

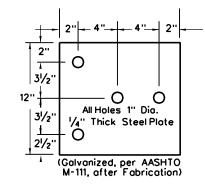


RUBRAIL ATTACHMENT TO SAFETY SHAPE



Front Side od blockolit for rubr

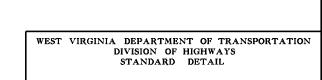
WOOD BLOCKOUT FOR RUBRAIL
DETAIL

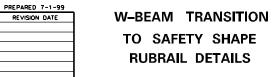


BEARING PLATE
DETAIL

NOTES

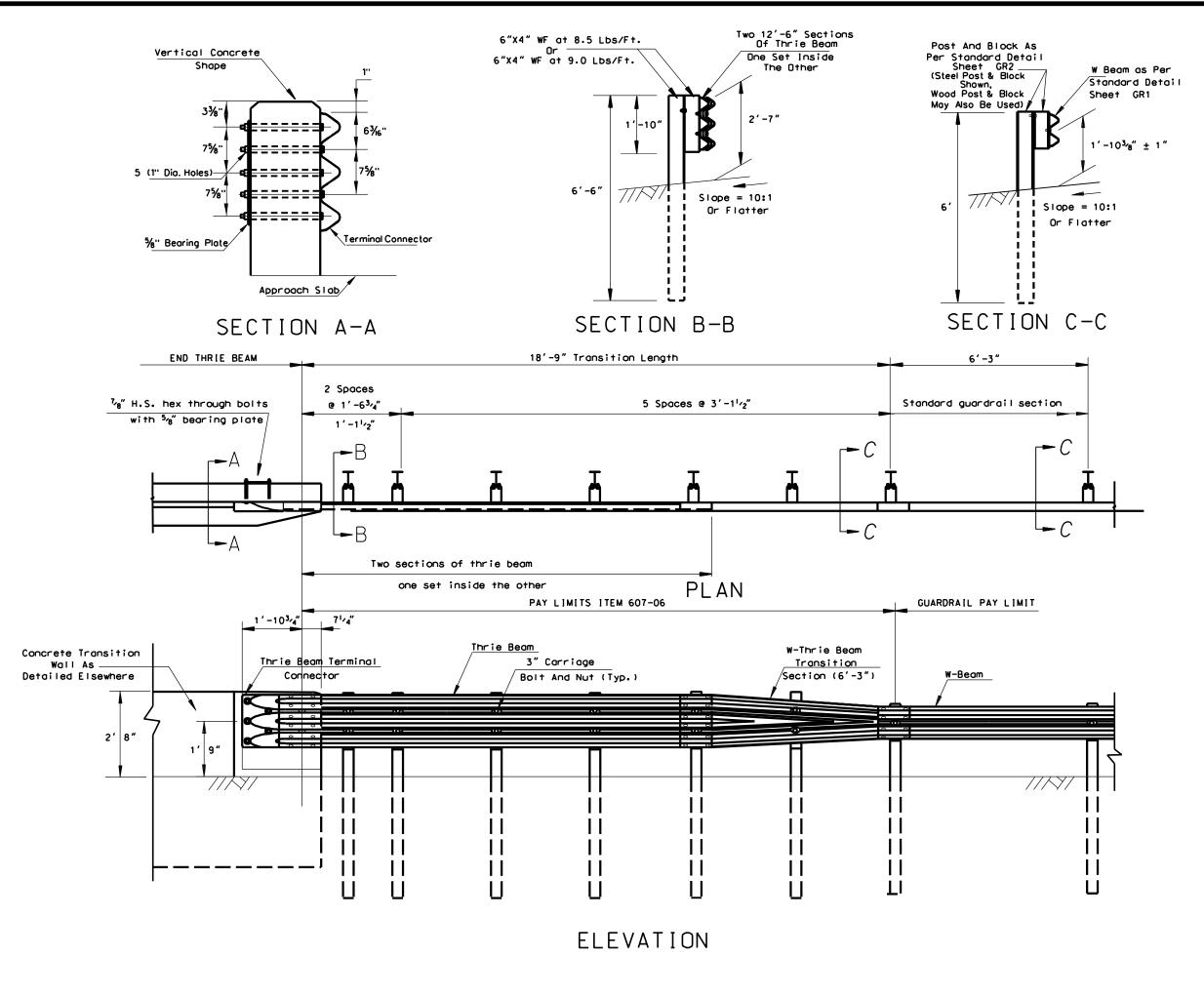
- Rubrail end must be attached flush with sloped toe of safety shape. Installation can be greatly simplified by fabricating or shop twisting the rubrail end to be consistent with the the slope of safety shape. Rubrail ends twisted both clockwise and counterclockwise may be required in most situations.
- The rubrail end attachment to the concrete safety shope requires three closely drilled holes, approprite epoxy bolt anchors should be used to reduce the risk of splitting the concrete.
- There is no separate pay item for this connection and all components as detailed herein shall be included in the contract price for guardrail.





SHEET 3 OF 3

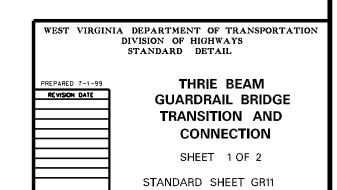
STANDARD SHEET GR10

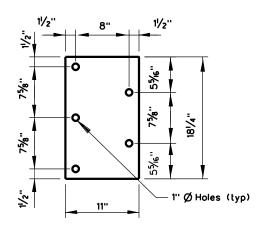


This guardrail transition is appropriate for connection to a vertical concrete shape and should not be connected directly to a concrete safety shape. Concrete safety shape bridge rails or barriers shall be transitioned to a vertical shape at the guardrail connection in a manner detailed elsewhere in the Project Plans.

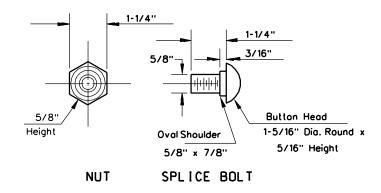
The two sections of 12'6" thrie beam require additional holes in order to mount the beam to the post nearest to the concrete wall.

See sheet 2 of 2 for details not shown on this sheet.



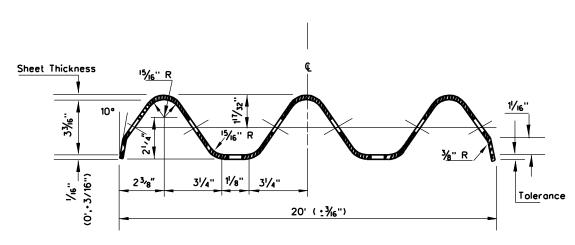


5/8" BEARING PLATE DETAIL

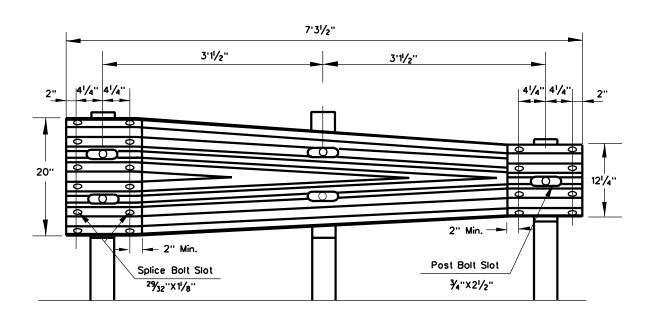


NUT AND SPLICE BOLT DETAIL

(POST BOLT: Similar Except Length)

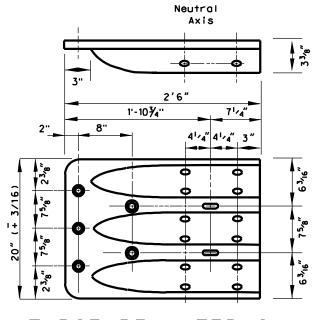


SECTION THRU THRIE BEAM RAIL ELEMENT

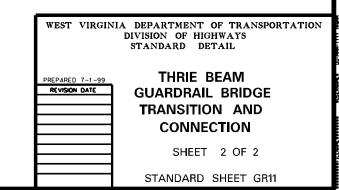


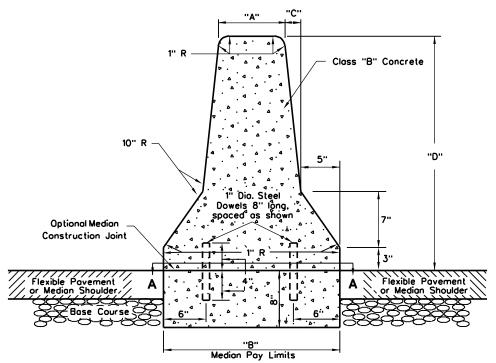
TRANSITION SECTION DETAIL

(W- THRIE BEAM)

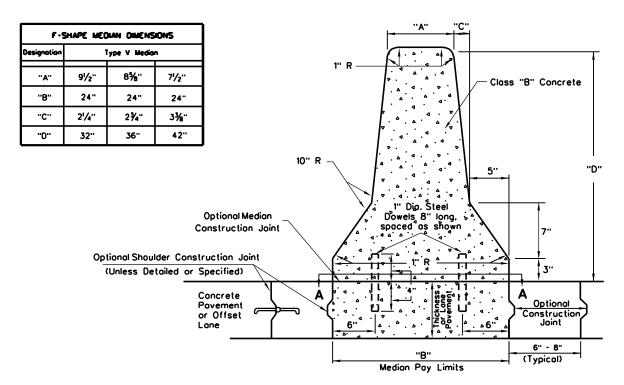


THRIE BEAM TERMINAL CONNECTOR DETAIL



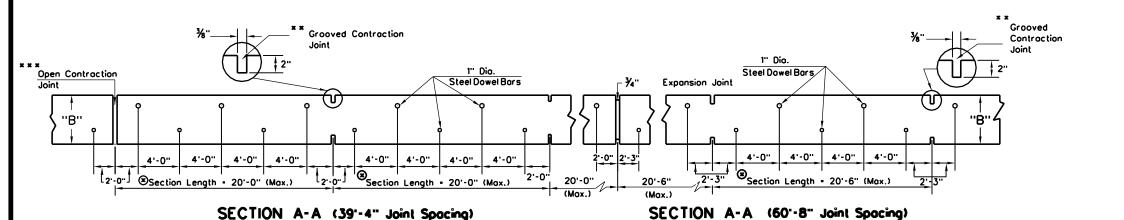


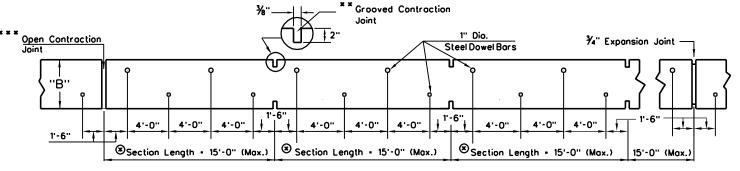
(Adjacent to Bituminous Paving)



(Adjacent to Concrete Paving)

F-SHAPE





SECTION A-A (15' Joint Specing)

- Center-to-center of Contraction Joints, except where Expansion Joints are Specified.
- ** formed full-depth butt joint.
- open (separated) joint over existing ridged pavement contraction joint.

 Median joint width equal to pavement joint width.

NOTES

The median and footer can be poured monolithically. When the median is poured on existing concrete povement, the median shall be secured with dowel bars drilled and grouted in the existing concrete povement, as shown.

When the median and footer are to be poured separately, a median construction joint shall be used.

Where the median is placed over existing povement contraction joints, median sections shall be separated by open joints having the same width as the povement joints for the full median height. At all other median contraction joints, a ½" wide and 2" deep groove shall be sawed or formed across the top and along the sides for the entire height (including footer depth) of the median, or a full depth butt joint shall be formed at approximately 15' - 20' intervals along the length of the median. In addition these grooved or butt joints shall transversely align within a plus or minus one-foot tolerance with the contraction joints in abutting concrete povement.

Expansion joints shall be placed in the median at structures when so indicated, opposite expansion joints in abutting concrete pavement, over existing expansion joints in underlying concrete pavement, and at other locations as shown on the Plans or directed by the Engineer. At expansion joints, median sections shall be $\frac{1}{4}$ " apart and the opening filled for the entire depth of the median with $\frac{1}{4}$ " preformed joint filler which complies with the requirements of section 610 of the Standard Specifications Roadways and Bridges. The filler shall be recessed $\frac{1}{4}$ " in from the sides and the top of the median and the completed joint shall recieve no further treatment: e.g., sealing with a waterproof sealer is prohibited. The median shall be adequately terminated at each end of median installations as shown or specified elsewhere in the Plans.

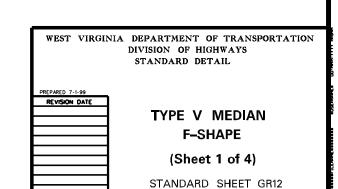
Drainage openings shall be provided in the medians where indicated on the Plans or directed by the Engineer.

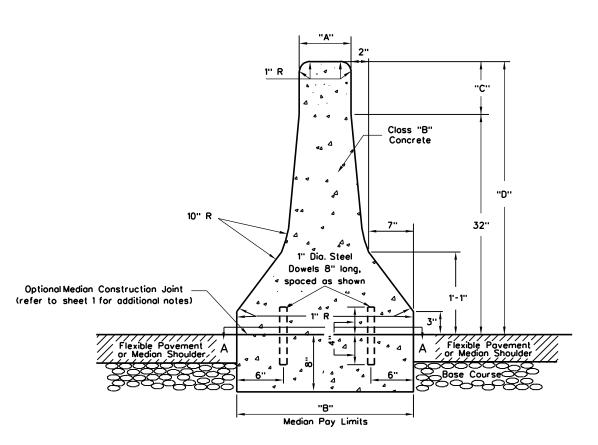
Unless otherwise specified, bi-directional delineators meeting the requirements of Section 661 of the Standard Specifications Roads and Bridges and mounted on suitable supports, shall be secured to, and spaced along the length of the median as shown and specified on Standard Sheet TE 11-5 of the Standard Details Book, Volume II. The cost of concrete, steel dowel bars, preformed joint filler, delineators and delineator mountings shall be included in the cost of the median.

Type of surface adjacent to the median, whether normal width or widened povement, offset lane, median shoulder, etc., shall be specified in the Plans and shall not be included in the cost of the median but shall be paid for separately.

The contractor shall have the option to install either the N-J Shape or the F-Shape median unless otherwise specified in the Plans.

For additional dimensions, notes and details see sheet 2 and 3.





(Adjacent to Bituminous Paving)

N-J SHAPE MEDIAN DIMENSIONS

24"

32"

"A"

..B..

..c..

..O..

Type V Medion

24"

36"

6"

24"

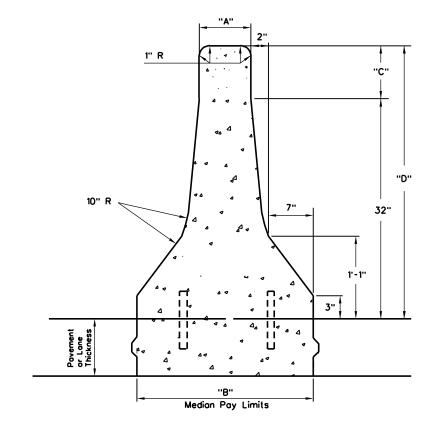
10"

42"

"C" Class "B" Concrete "D" 32" 1" Dia. Steel Dowels 8" long, Optional Median Construction Joint spaced as shown (refer to sheet 1 for additional notes) Optional Shoulder Construction Joint (As Detailed or Specified) Concrete Pavement Optional Construction or Offset 6" - 8" (Typical) Median Pay Limits

(Adjacent to Concrete Paving)

N-J SHAPE



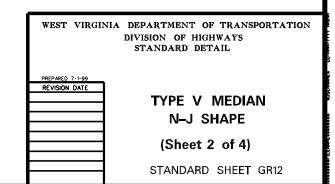
NOTES

Height of the median, dimension "D", shall be included in the Plans.

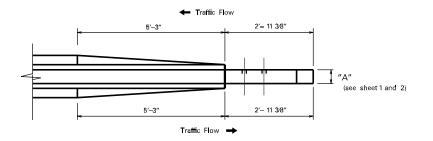
Additional height of median, dimension "C" shall be vertical.

The contractor shall have the option to install either the N-J Shape or the F-Shape median unless otherwise specified in the Plans.

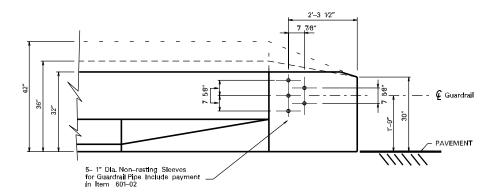
For additional dimensions, notes and details, see Sheet 1 and 3.



Raised Median

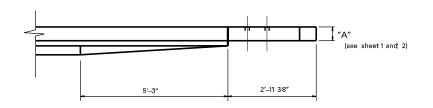


PLAN

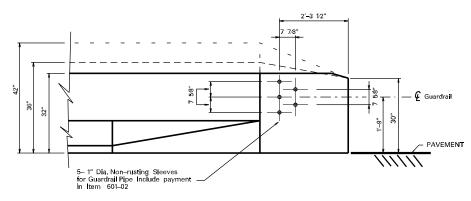


ELEVATION

DOUBLE FACE TRANSITION

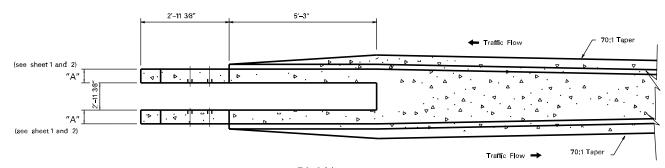


PLAN

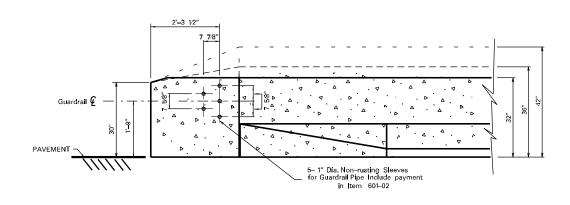


ELEVATION

SINGLE FACE TRANSITION



PLAN



ELEVATION

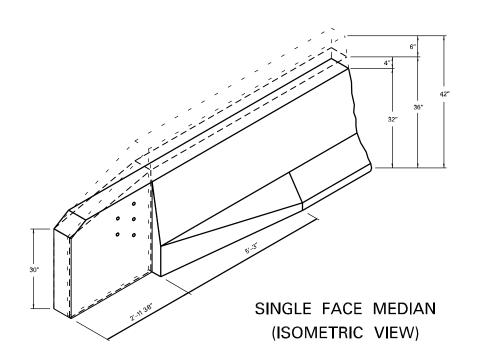
DOUBLE MEDIAN TRANSITION

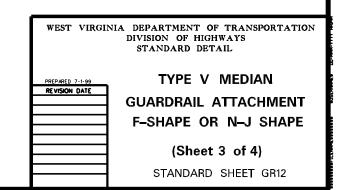
NOTES

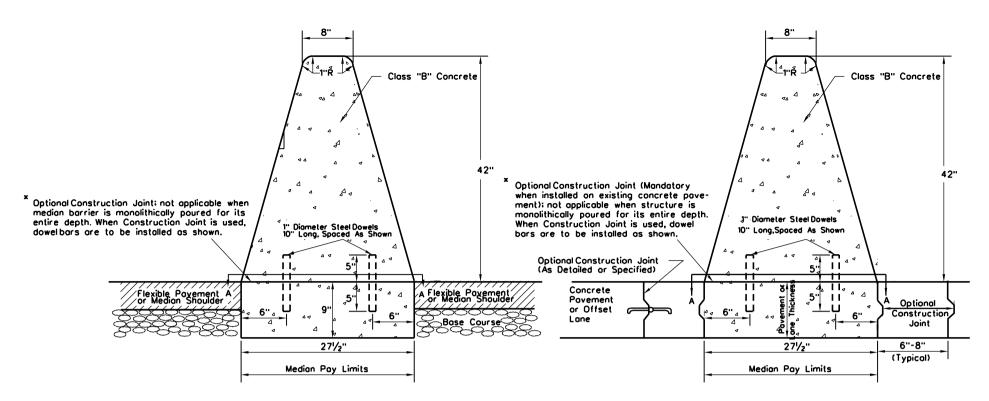
The contractor shall have the option to install either the N-J Shape or the F-Shape median unless otherwise specified on the Plans.

For additional dimensions, notes and details see Sheet 1 and 2.

For additional notes and details of the guardrail bolt pattern, see Standard Detail Sheet GR10.

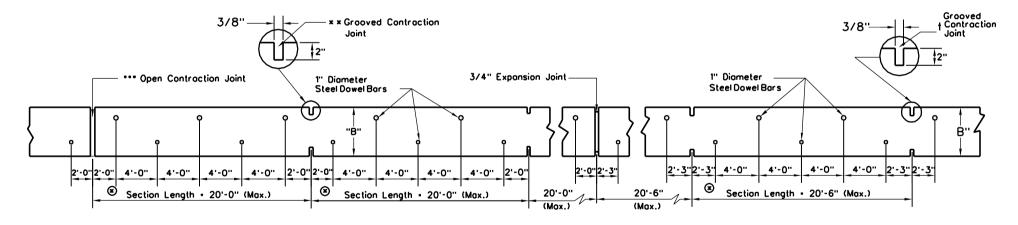






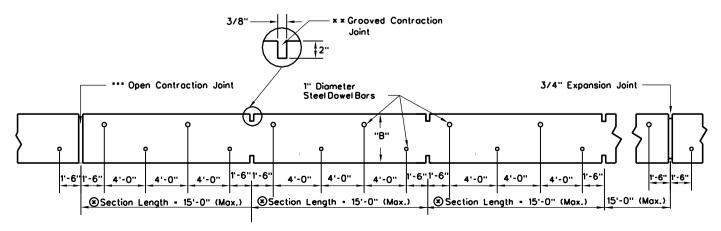
TYPE VII MEDIAN SINGLE SLOPE CONCRETE BARRIER (Adjacent to Bituminous Paving)

TYPE VII MEDIAN SINGLE SLOPE CONCRETE BARRIER (Adjacent to Concrete Paving)



SECTION A-A (40' Joint Spacing)

SECTION A-A (61'-6" Joint Spacing)



SECTION A-A (15' Joint Spacing)

[†]or a formed full-depth butt joint. Also, 1/4" open (separated) joint

where Expansion Joints are Specified.

- over existing povement contraction
- ** or a formed full-depth butt joint.

© Center to Center of Contraction Joints, except

*** open (separated) joint over existing rigid povement contraction joint, with median joint width equal to pavement joint width

NOTES

Cast-in-place concrete barrier medians shall be constructed in sections as shown herein and shall be constructed in accordance with the applicable provisions of Section 610 of the Specifications

At barrier median contraction joints over existing pavement contraction joints, median sections shall be separated by open joints, having the same width as the pavement joints, for the full exposed depth of the median. At all other barrier median contraction joints, a groove, 3/8" wide and 2" deep, shall be sawed or formed across the top and along the sides for the entire depth of the median or a full depth butt joint shall be formed, at approximately 15'-20', intervals along the length of the median. In addition, these grooved or butt joints shall transversely align, within a plus or minus one-foot tolerance, with the confraction joints in abutting concrete pavement.

Expansion joints shall be placed in the barrier median at structures when so indicated, opposite expansion joints in abutting concrete pavement, over existing expansion joints in underlying concrete pavement, and at other locations as shown on the Plans or directed by the Engineer At expansion joints, barrier median sections shall be 3/4" apart and the opening filled, for the entire depth of the median, with 3/4" preformed joint filler which complies with the requirements of section 610 of the Specifications. The filler shall be recessed 1/4" in from the sides and the top of the median and the completed joint shall receive no further treatment; e.g., sealing with a waterproof sealer is prohibited.

The finished surface of the barrier median shall be smooth, dense, unpitted and free from air bubble pockets, depressions, and honeycomb. If deemed necessary by the Engineer, the above mentioned finished surface will be obtained by the use of water and a wood black or Carborundum brick.

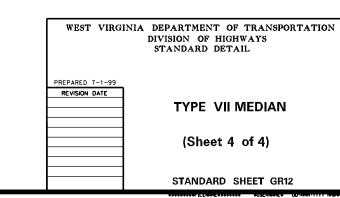
At each end of barrier median installations, the median shall be adequately terminated as shown or specified elsewhere in the Project Plans.

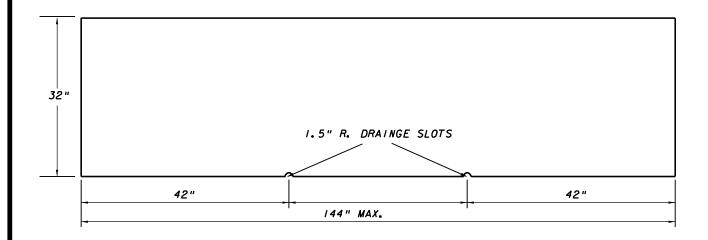
Drainage openings shall be provided in the barrier medians where indicated on the Plans or directed by the Engineer.

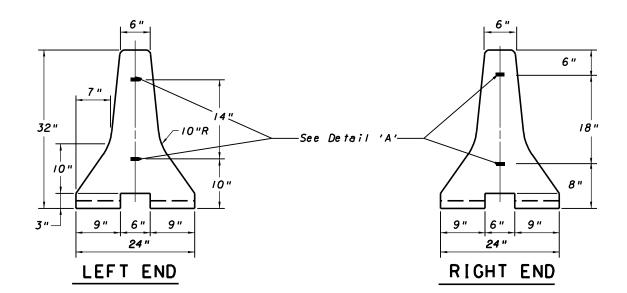
Unless otherwise specified, bi-directional delineators, meeting the requirements of 661 of the Specifications and mounted on suitable supports, shall be secured to, and spaced along the length of, the barrier median as shown and specified on Standard Sheet TE 11-5 of the Standard Details Book, Volume II.

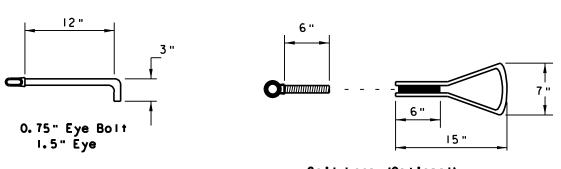
The cost of median concrete, steel dowel bars, preformed joint filler, delineators and delineator mountings shall be included in the cost of the median.

Type of surface adjacent to the barrier median, whether normal width or widened pavement, offset lane, median shoulder, etc., shall be specified in the Plans and shall not be included in the cost of barrier median but shall be paid for separately.



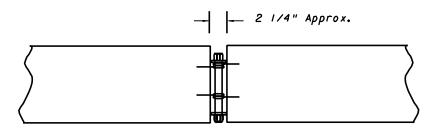




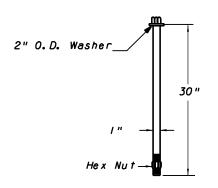


Coil Loop (Optional)
0.75" Threaded Bolt
1.5" eye

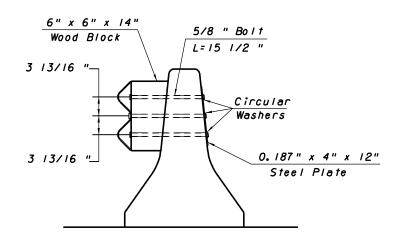
DETAIL 'A'



TYPICAL CONNECTION



PIN DETAIL



GUARDRAIL TIE TO TEMPORARY
CONCRETE BARRIER

NOTES

The materials used in manufacturing temporary concrete barrier are to provide minimum strength of 3000 p.s.i.

The cost of all materials detailed herein are to be included in the unit bid price for temporary concrete barrier.

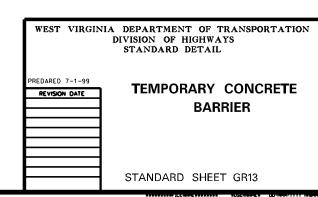
The finished surface of the barrier shall be smooth, dense, unpitted and free from air bubble pockets, depressions and honeycombs.

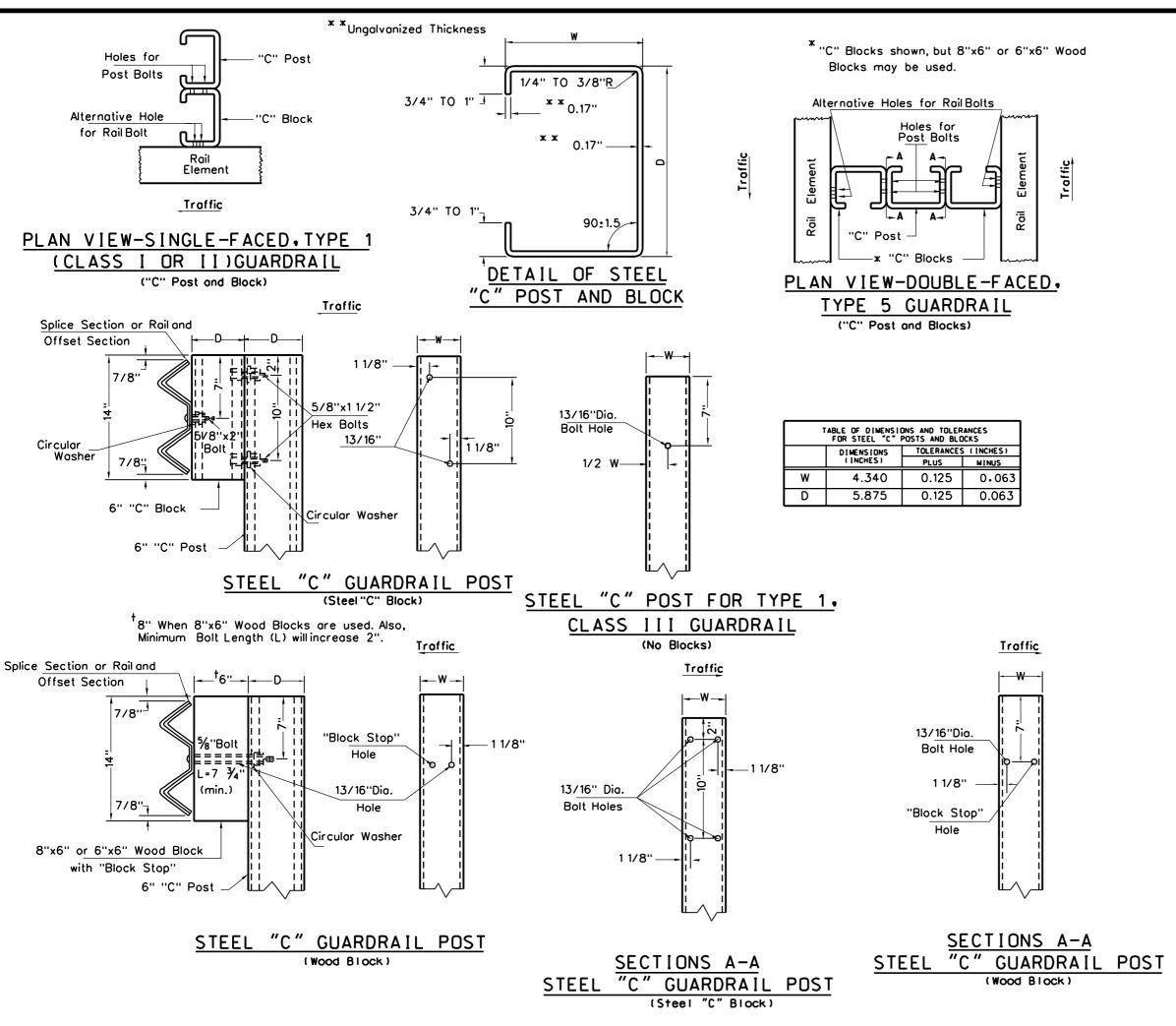
The materials utilized for detail 'A'shall provide a minimum safe working load of 4500lbs.

An approved equal pin and eye detail, as approved by the engineer, may be substituted for this detail. Shop drawings will be required.

All corners to have 1" radius unless otherwise specified.

For additional guardrail details see the GR series of Standard Details.





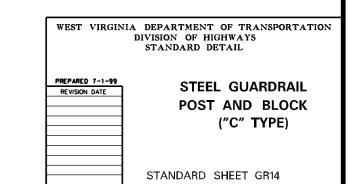
Details and Notes of Standard Sheets in the GR Series shall be applicable to this Standard Sheet, except as otherwise modified herein.

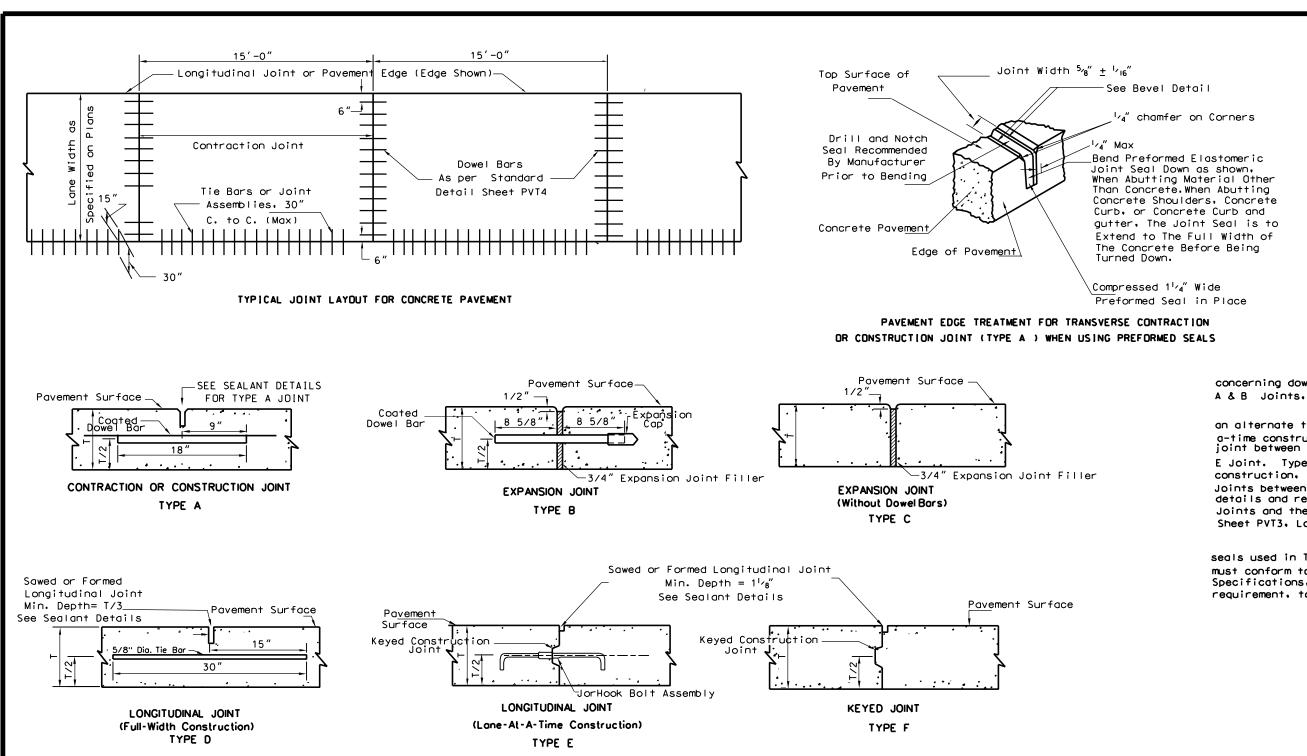
Steel "C" post and blocks may be used in place of Steel wideflange post and blocks for all guardrail installations. Mixing of steel post and/or steel block types is not permitted within a particular run of Guardrail. Only one type of steelpost and block shall be used throughout any project.

Steel "C" posts and blocks shall conform to the requirements of ASTM A570 with mechanical properties equal to AASHTO M-183. The weight of galvanizing for posts and blocks shall be two ounces per square foot; galvanizing shall conform to the requirements of AASHTO M-111.

For "C" posts used in double-faced guardrail installations, the "closed" side of the post may be located facing either direction of traffic; however, the direction selected shall be used for the entire run of the guardrail. Regardless of the positioning of the posts, the closed side of "C" blocks, used in double-faced guardrail installations, shall face approaching traffic, as shown in the "Plan-View-Double-Faced, Type 5 Guardrail ("C" Post And Blocks)" Detail herein.

Double-faced guardrail details shown herein are for deep beam rails at the same elevation. When the rails on opposite sides of the post are at different elevations, the bolting of the blocks to the post shall be done in a similar manner but vertically located on the post as required.

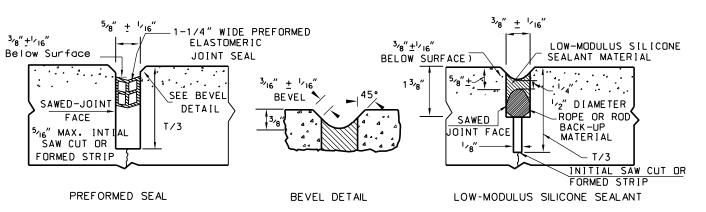


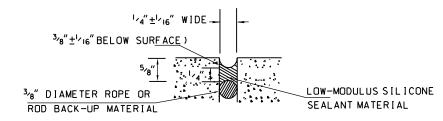


For additional details and requirements concerning dowel bars and dowel baskets for Type A & B Joints, see Standard Sheet PVT4.

Type D Longitudinal Joint may be used as an alternate to Type E Longitudinal Joint for lane-ata-time construction. When so used, the construction joint between lanes shall be keyed as shown for Type E Joint. Type F joint is not intended, in lane-at-a-time construction, as an alternate to Type D or E Longitudinal Joints between main-line pavement slabs. For additional details and requirements concerning Types D and E Joints and the keyway for Type F Joint, see Standard Sheet PVT3. Longitudinal Tie Bolt Assembly.

The shape shown for preformed elastomeric seals used in Type A Joints is an example only. All seals must conform to the requirements of 708.2 of the Specifications, in addition to the 1-1/4" (normal) width requirement, to be acceptable.



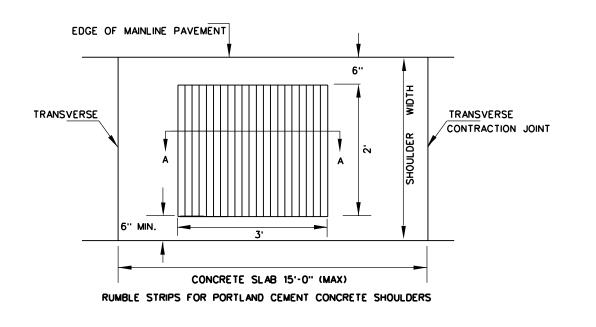


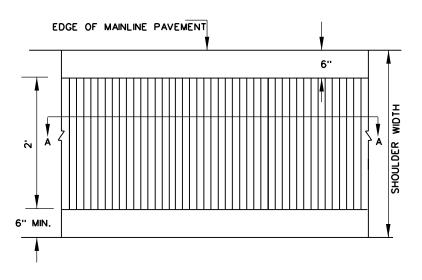
SEALANT DETAILS FOR LONGITUDINAL JOINT

TYPE D,E,F

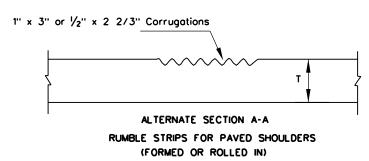
WEST VIRGINIA DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION DIVISION OF HIGHWAYS STANDARD DETAIL PREPARED 7-1-99 JOINT LAYOUT REVISION DATE AND TYPES STANDARD SHEET PVT1

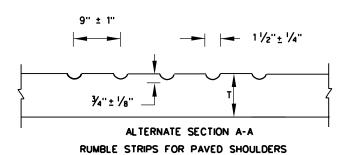
SEALANT DETAILS FOR CONTRACTION OR CONSTRUCTION JOINT (TYPE A JOINT)



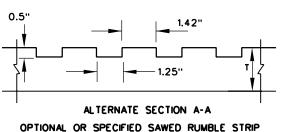


RUMBLE STRIPS FOR HOT LAID BITUMINOUS CONCRETE SHOULDERS





(FORMED OR ROLLED IN)



The Modified Type E Joint as detailed is not to be used in lieu of the Longitudinal Joint as detailed on Standard Sheet PVT1. It is to be used when tying new concrete pavement to existing pavement (pavement placed prior to the project in which new pavement is placed) unless otherwise specified. The expansion anchor and the ${}^{5}\!\!{}_{8}\!\!{}^{\prime\prime}$ hook bolt are to meet the requirements of Section 709.7 of the Specifications. The joint is to be sealed as per the longitudinal joint sealant details on Standard Sheet

NOTES

Rumble strip placement will be continuous on hot mix asphalt shoulders and intermittent on portland cement concrete shoulders, except as noted below. Spacing on portland cement shoulders will be 30' centers except

Rumble strips shall not be placed at the following areas for non-freeway

projects only: on shoulders of narrow climbing lanes that are 5' or less

in width, right of traffic flow; in the shoulder transition area, right of traffic flow, between a full paved shoulder width of 10' and narrow

Rumble strips may be formed or sawed unless otherwise indicated. The top of the rumble strips will be no higher than the top surface of the

pavement. Any faulty or incorrectly installed rumble strips will be corrected by the contractor at his expense. Payment for rumble strip placement is to be incidental to the applicable paved shoulder bid item.

Other alternate rumble strip details may be approved by the Engineer.

The longitudinal joint as shown on the plan view of the Rumble Strip Detail is to be Type E on new construction, unless otherwise indicated. It is to be sawed and sealed as per Standard Sheet PVT1. The transverse

contraction joint, as shown in the Rumble Strip detail, is to line up with

the transverse joint in the traveled way pavement. This joint is to be sawed and sealed as per the Transverse Contraction Joint detail on Standard Sheet PVT1. Dowel basket assemblies will not be required for the shoulder transverse contraction joint unless otherwise specified.

for ramps where spacing will be 15' centers.

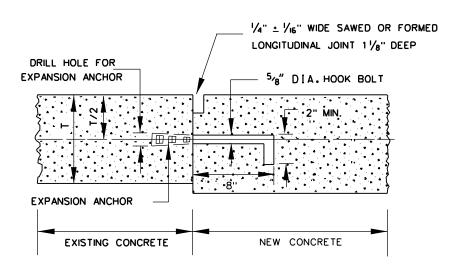
bridge width of 4'.

Rumble strip width is to be 2'.

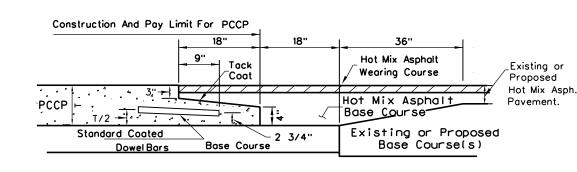
Expansion Anchor / Hook Bolt assemblies are to be placed on 30" centers unless otherwise specified. All costs involved in the Modified Type E joint is to be included in the unit price bid for the new concrete.

The Type H Joint is to be used for connecting portland cement concrete pavement to hot mix asphalt pavement. The standard coated dowell bars are to meet the applicable requirements of Standard Sheet PVT4.

All tie bars and J or Hook Bolt assemblies shall be epoxy coated in accordance with section 709.1 of the Standard Specifications.



MODIFIED TYPE E JOINT



TYPE H JOINT

STANDARD DETAIL SHOULDER RUMBLE STRIPS, REVISION DATE TYPE H JOINT, **MODIFIED E JOINT**

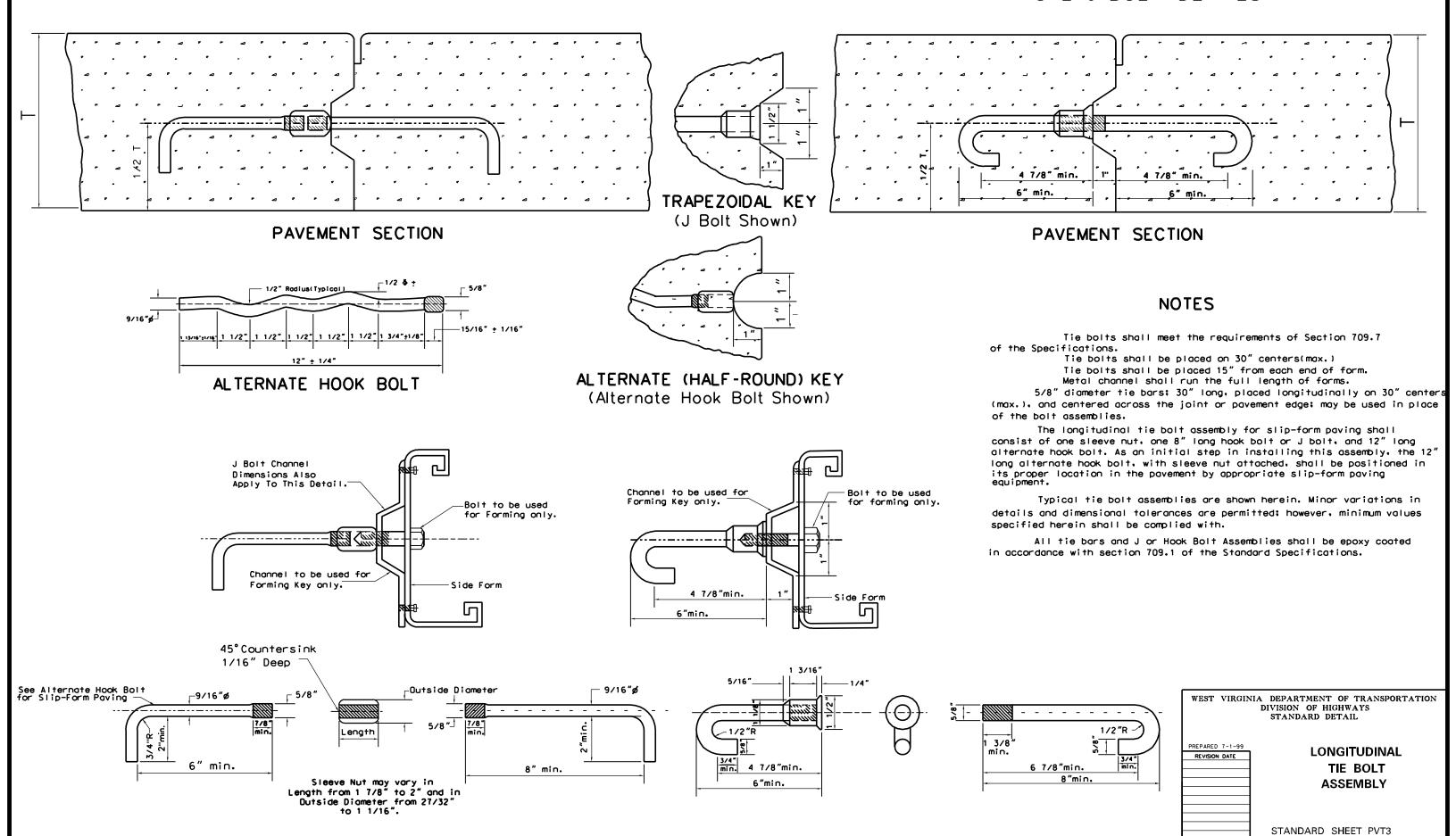
WEST VIRGINIA DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION

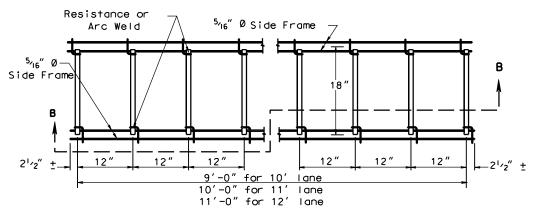
DIVISION OF HIGHWAYS

STANDARD DETAIL SHEET PVT2

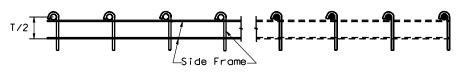
TYPICAL HOOK BOLT DETAILS

TYPICAL J BOLT DETAILS

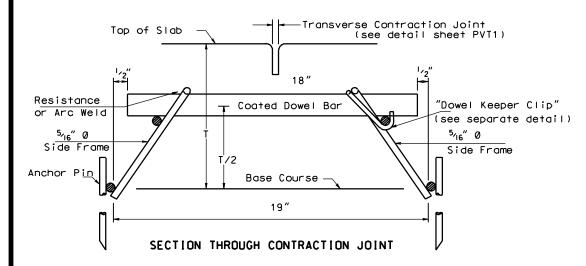


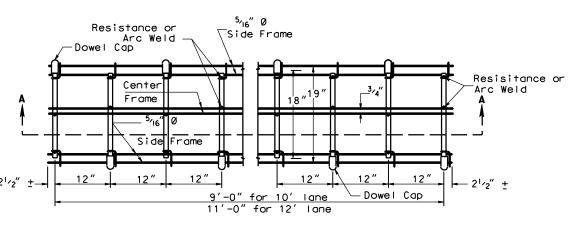


PLAN OF DOWEL UNIT FOR CONTRACTION JOINT

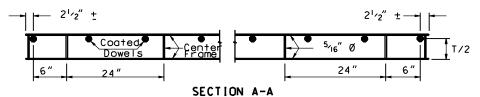


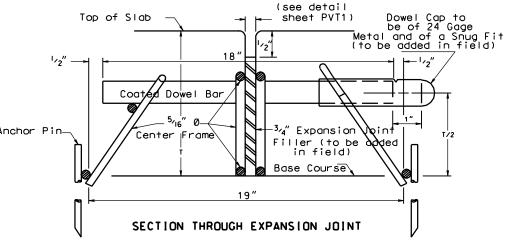
SECTION B-B

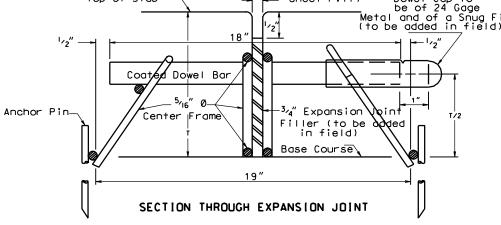


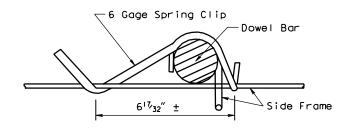


PLAN OF DOWEL UNIT FOR EXPANSION JOINT (JOINT FILLER NOT SHOWN)

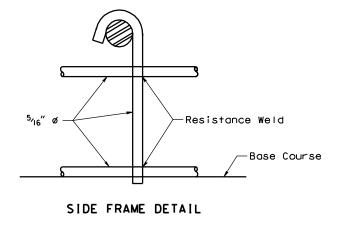


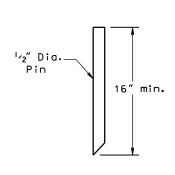






DOWEL KEEPER CLIP (4 TO EACH CONTRACTION JOINT ASSEMBLY)





ANCHOR PIN

All dowel bars shall have a Department approved coating and shall meet the requirements of Section 709.15 of the Specifications. Dowelbar uncoated diameter to be $\frac{1}{8}$ of the pavement thickness with minimum diameter of $1\frac{1}{4}$ ". Dowel bars to be 18" long and spaced

The units are to be shop assembled as to dowels, side frames, and center frames, and shipped nested.

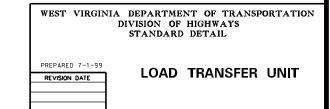
The units are to be fabricated to fit the crown of the base course.

Wire used in the expansion and contraction joint load transfer units shall have a minimum ultimate tensile strength of 50,000 P.S.I..

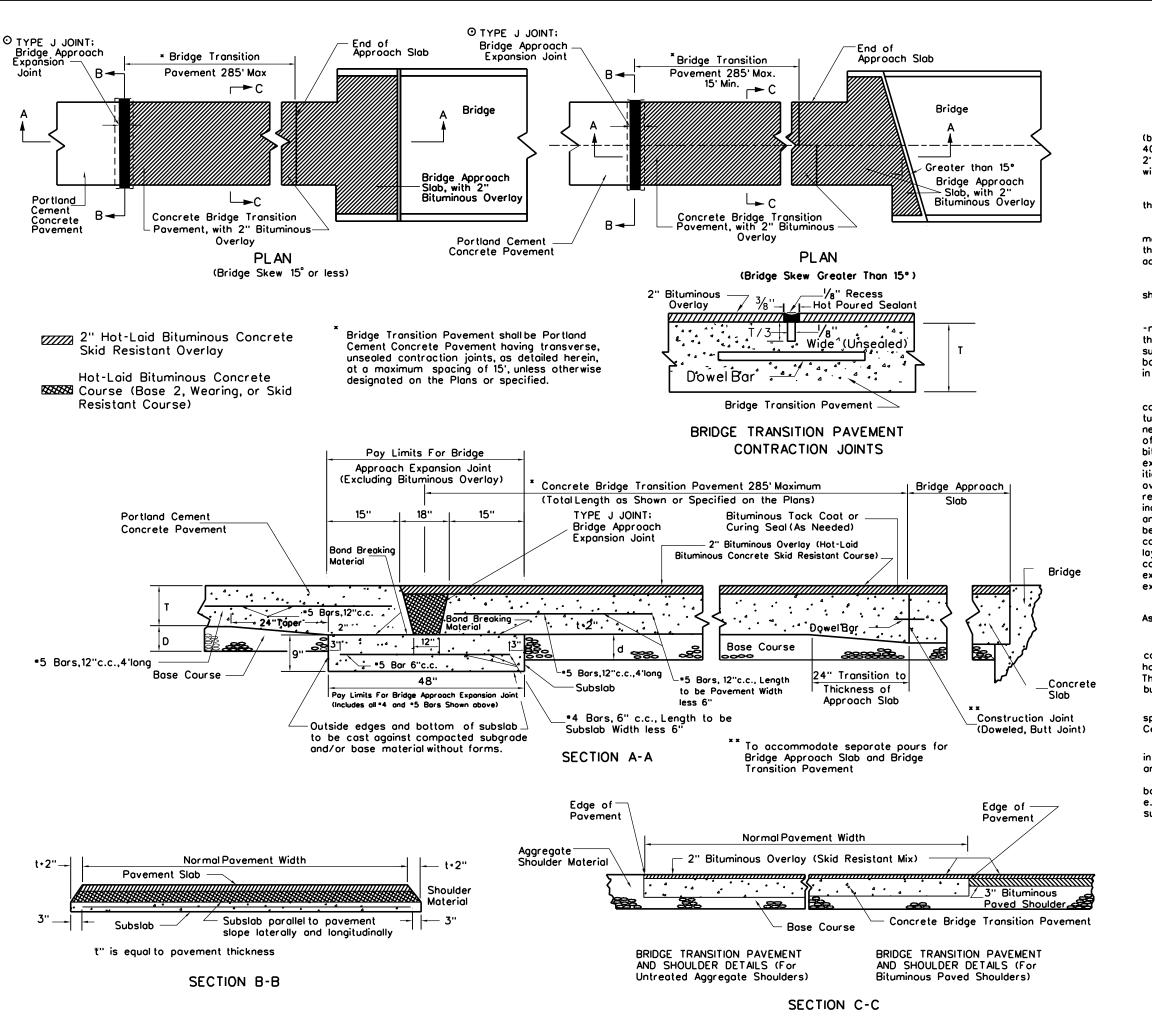
The expansion joint load transfer unit detailed herein shall be used at specially designated locations only.

Anchor pins are to be $\frac{1}{2}$ " round bars and 16" minimum length to hold the unit rigidly in place. A minimum of 8 pins per unit shall be used.

The units as detailed are shown as examples only. Initial approval of load transfer units shall be by submission of shop drawings. Approval will be valid until the standard drawing is revised or the supplier changes his design. All notes as shown above are to apply.



STANDARD SHEET PVT4



Material and Construction for hot-laid bituminous concrete course (bridge approach expansion joint filler) shall be in accordance with 401 or 402 of the Specifications, as applicable. Materials and construction for the 2" hot-laid bituminous concrete skid resistant overlay shall be in accordance with 402 of the Specifications.

Concrete in subslab shall be Class B or pavement concrete, meeting the requirements of 601 or 501, respectively, of the Specifications.

Bond-breaking material between concrete subslab and povement may be bituminous material meeting the requirements of 705 or 706 of the Specifications, polyethylene sheeting, asphalt roofing paper, or other acceptable material, which will not be detrimental to the concrete.

Reinforcing steel shall be new billet steel of the size and length shown and shall conform to the requirements of 709.1 of the Specifications.

The cost of the completed four-foot wide joint; including the bitu-minous expansion joint filler, the 1'-3" wide strip of concrete pavement, the 1'-3" wide strip of concrete bridge transition pavement, the concrete subslab and additional excavation therefor, all reinforcing steel, and the bond breaking material between pavement and subslab; shall be included in the unit price bid for the bridge approach expansion joint.

Concrete bridge transition pavement shall meet the requirements for concrete pavement in 501 of the Specifications, except final finish (fine texturing) requirements are waived, povement contraction and longitudinal joints need not be sealed, and bituminous (tack coat) curing seal conforming to 408 of the Specifications, shall be used between the transition pavement and the bituminous overlay in lieu of any other concrete pavement curing material except as permitted hereinafter. If deemed necessary by the Engineer, an add itional tack coat may be required just prior to placement of the bituminous overlay. Other pavement curing materials and methods; e.g., wet curing methods, resin-base curing compound having self-removal properties (disappears following curing), etc.; which would be compatible with the pavement and overlay and which would not interfere with the bond between the two surfaces, may be used in place of the bituminous curing seal; however, a bituminous tack coat would then be necessary just prior to placement of the bituminous overlay. Transition pavement, along with the bituminous curing sealand/or tack coat as needed, shall be paid for as portland cement concrete pavement, except for the 1'-3" wide strip included in the cost of the bridge approach expansion joint.

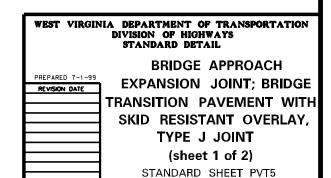
The 2" overlay shall be measured and paid for as Hot Mix Asphalt Skid Resistant Povement.

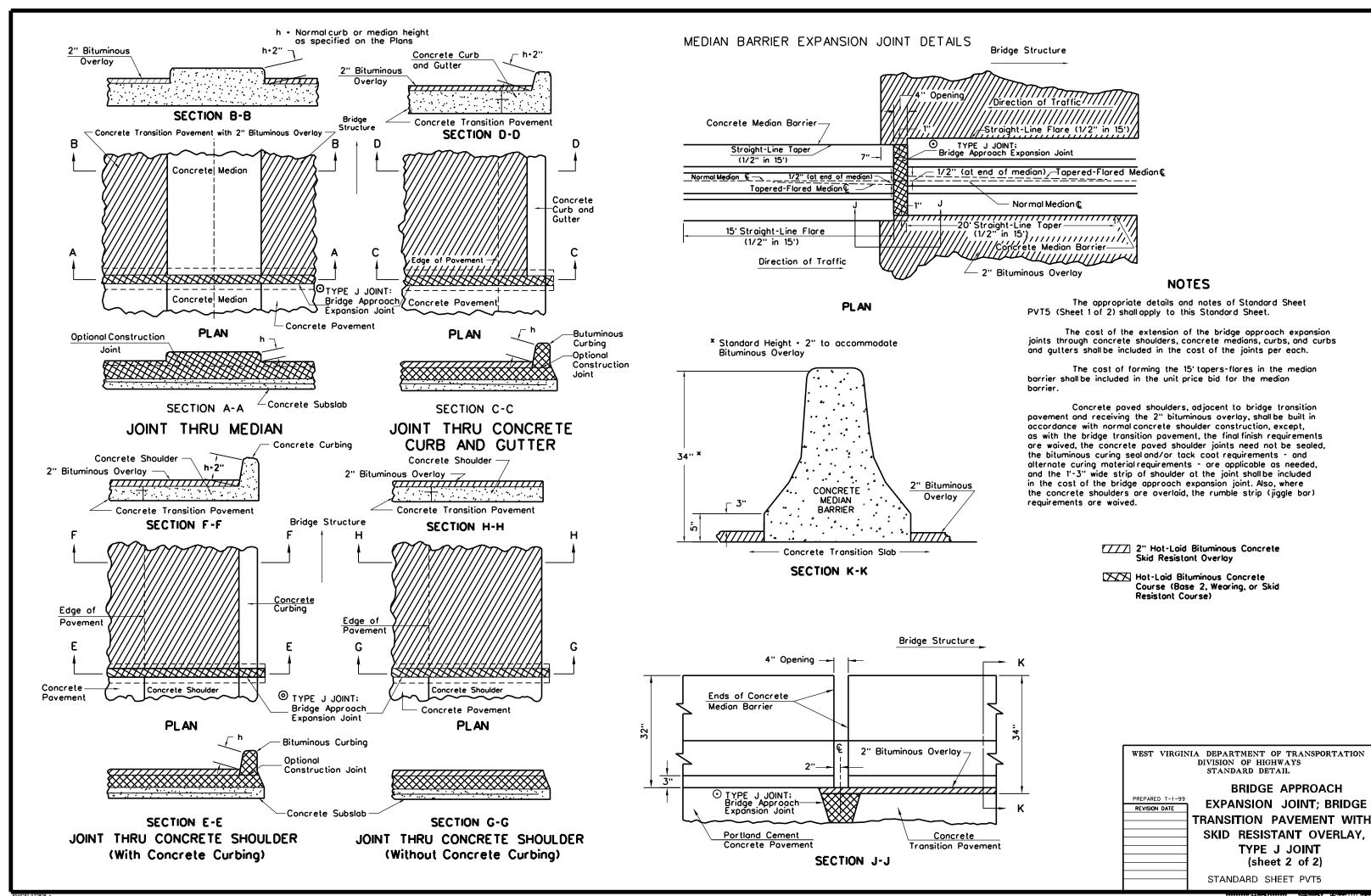
The 2" overlay shall be sawed at the same location of the contraction joints in the concrete pavement. The joint shall then be filled with hot-poured elastic type joint sealer meeting the requirements of AASHTO M173. The cost of sawing and sealing the overlay joint will not be paid for separately, but shall be included in the cost of the overlay.

Requirements for bridge approach slabs shall be as detailed and specified elsewhere in the Contract and will be paid for as "Portland Cement Concrete Approach Slab".

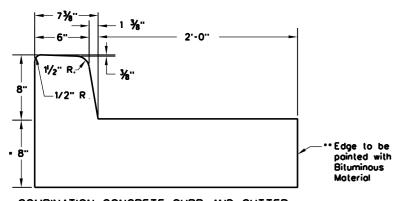
Details and requirements for bridge approach expansion joints used in conjunction with concrete medians, concrete shoulders and concrete curbs and gutters are located on Standard Sheet PVT5 (Sheet 2 of 2).

To provide adequate drainage and prevent entrapment of water in the base course at the concrete subslab, adequate cross drainage installation; e.g., filter fabric underdrains; shall be provided on the upgrade end of the subslab as shown elsewhere on the Plans or directed by the Engineer.



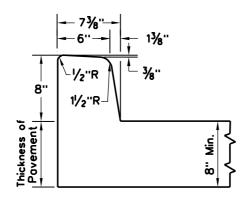


- · or thickness of pavement, when abutting concrete pavement.
- ** Does not apply, when abutting concrete povement. Instead a longitudinal joint with tie bars or tie bolt assemblies shall be constructed at this location.

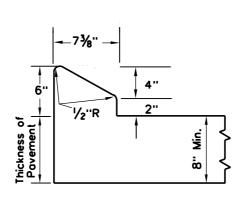


COMBINATION CONCRETE CURB AND GUTTER TYPE I

2'-0"

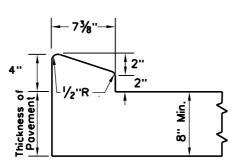


INTEGRAL CONCRETE CURBING TYPE I



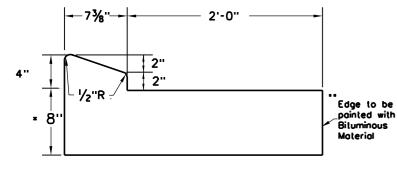
COMBINATION CONCRETE CURB AND GUTTER INTEGRAL CONCRETE CURBING TYPE II

_**Edge to be painted with Bituminous Material

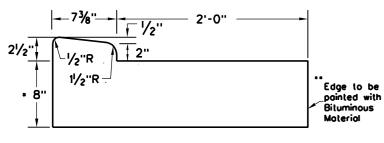


TYPE II

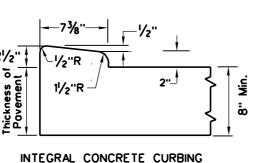
INTEGRAL CONCRETE CURBING TYPE III



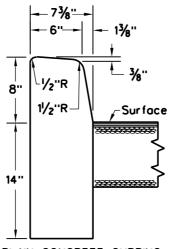
COMBINATION CONCRETE CURB AND GUTTER TYPE III



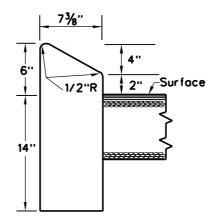
COMBINATION CONCRETE CURB AND GUTTER TYPE IV



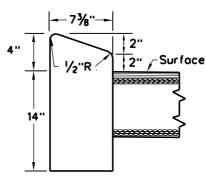
INTEGRAL CONCRETE CURBING TYPE IV



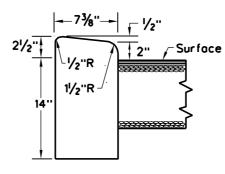
PLAIN CONCRETE CURBING TYPE I



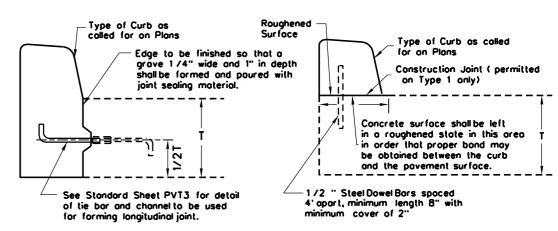
PLAIN CONCRETE CURBING TYPE II



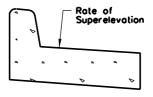
PLAIN CONCRETE CURBING TYPE III



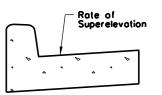
PLAIN CONCRETE CURBING TYPE IV



DETAILS SHOWING PLACING OF CONCRETE CURB BY SEPARATE METHODS



SKETCH SHOWING METHOD OF PLACING CURB ON HIGH SIDE OF SUPERELEVATED **SECTION**



SKETCH SHOWING METHOD OF PLACING CURB ON LOW SIDE OF SUPERELEVATED **SECTION**

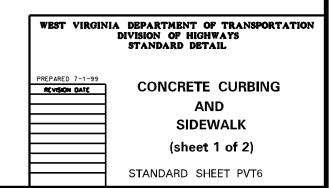
NOTES

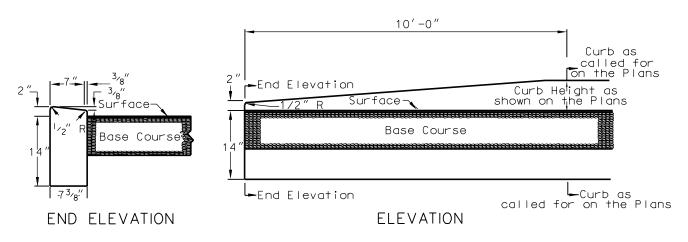
For all Concrete Curbing, the face of the curbing shall be offset a minimum of two feet from the edge of traffic lone, unless otherwise shown on the Plans.

Construction of Concrete Curbing shall be by the "Separate Method" when sawed joints are constructed in the povement.

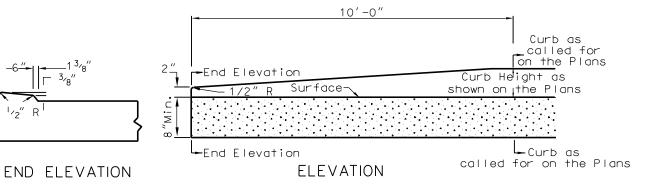
All curb joints shall be made by acceptable forming methods.

For Combination Concrete Curbs And Gutters, the slope of the 2'-0" wide concrete gutter shall conform to the povement slope or as otherwise specified on the Plans. For Integral and Plain Concrete Curbing, the slope of the concrete or bituminous surface abutting the raised portion of the curb shall be as specified on the plans.

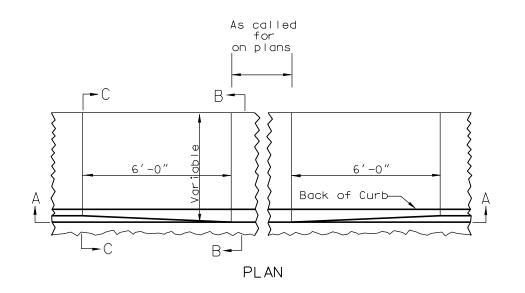


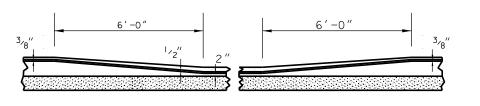


STANDARD CURB TAPER CLASS I

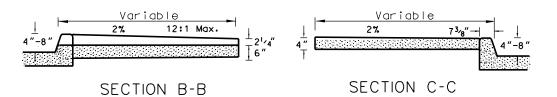


STANDARD CURB TAPER
CLASS II





SECTION A-A



SIDEWALK AND CURB
TREATMENT AT DRIVEWAYS

NOTES

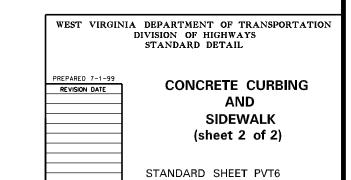
The Standard Curb Taper. Class 1. shall be used at the ends of all Plain Concrete Curbing, unless otherwise called for on the Plans.

The Standard Curb Taper, Class II. shall be used at the ends of all Combination Curb and Gutter, and all Integral Concrete Curbing, unless otherwise called for on the Plans

The details as shown for Sidewalk and Curb Treatment at Driveways are to be utilized unless otherwise called for on the Plans.

Section A-A details a 6' transition length in the height of the curb where driveways and Type IV curbing are encountered.

Section B-B details additional depth of sidewalk at driveways and section C-C details standard depth sidewalk. Payment for the extra depth of the sidewalk in section B-B will be 1.5 times the standard depth price.



Type II Type I Sidewalk Sidewalk Type I RAMP Sidewalk Sidewalk Sidewalk Type III Type II TYPICAL RAMP LAYOUT AT INTERSECTIONS Type II RAMP Surface of ramp 12:1 Slope (Max.) Flare Slope Sidewalk Edge of Pavement or Gutter-_Slope 2% Curb Pavement type & thickness as shown on plans Typical Ramp Section 1/4" Expansion Joint Filler — (TYPE I. II. III. IV AND V) Type III RAMP

NOTES

Ramp and flare slopes shall not be steeper than 12:1 unless otherwise shown or specified.

Ramp concrete shall meet the requirements of Section 609 of the specifications. A coarse broom finish, transverse to ramp slopes and flare slopes, or equal non-skid finish shall be provided. Normal gutter flow line and profile shall be maintained through the ramp area, unless otherwise shown or specified. '/4" preformed expansion joint filler, meeting the requirements of Section 609 of the Specifications, shall be placed at all locations where curb contacts the ramp, the gutter line between the sidewalk ramp and concrete povement for Type VI Ramps, and in addition, when the ramp is poured separately from the side walk, the expansion material shall be placed at all locations where the normal sidewalk and the ramp abut. Drainage structures shall not be placed in line with ramps.

Location of the ramp shall normally take precedence over location of the drainage structure, except where existing structures are being utilized in the new construction.

Payment for the construction of sidewalk ramps shall be included in the cost of the sidewalk per square yard.

The type of ramp to be used shall be as specified on the plans. The following can be considered guidelines in selecting ramp types, but are included here for information only.

If the 12:1 slope cannot be obtained due to grade of the adjacent roadway the sloped portion of the ramp shall be extended to a maximum length of 8'-0".

NORMAL RAMPS (For generaluse)

TYPE I

TYPE II

Ramp is for general use at intersections or anywhere in the block where the sidewalk extends to the curb

side.

Ramp is for generaluse at intersections, especially where pedestrians are allowed to cross diagonally.

SPECIALTY RAMPS

(For occasional use where space is limited or obstructions unavoidably encountered)

TYPE III

Ramp is for use where a narrow width sidewalk exists or is necessary, and widening of the sidewalk is not feasible.

TYPE IV

Ramp is for use where wheelchair access can occur from only one side of the ramp.

TYPE V

Romp is for use where features of Romp Types III and IV must be combined.

TYPE VI

Ramp is for use in areas where the sidewalk is set back from the street, and wheelchair access from either side of the ramp is not likely to occur because the side approach area is unpaved; i.e. covered by grass, gravel, etc. Also ramp is for use where area for providing ramp is very limited

due to obstructions on both sides of the ramp.

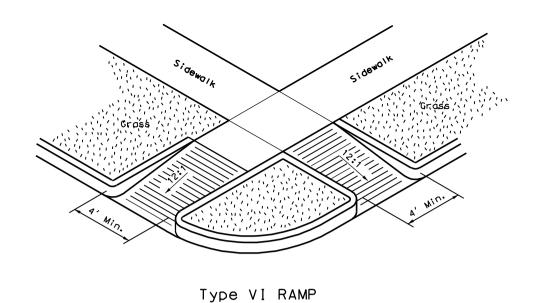
WEST VIRGINIA DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION
DIVISION OF HIGHWAYS
STANDARD DETAIL

Prepared 7-1-99
REVISION DATE

SIDEWALK RAMPS

(SHEET 1 OF 2)

STANDARD SHEET PVT7



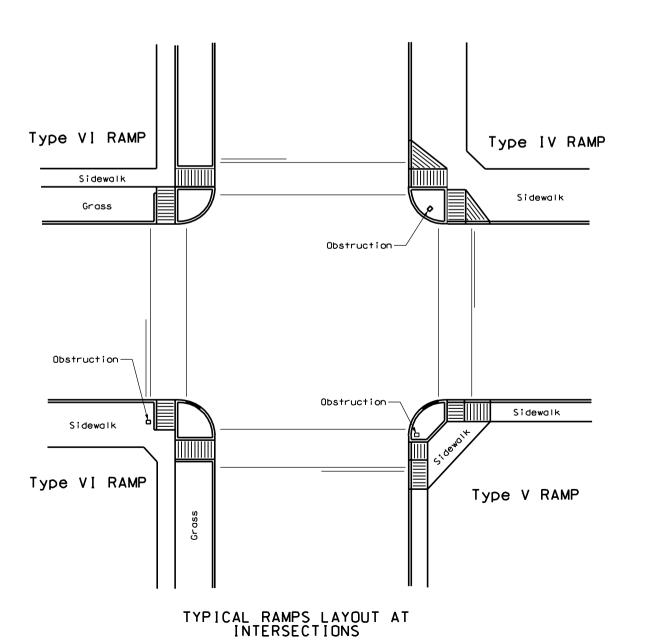
Sidewalk

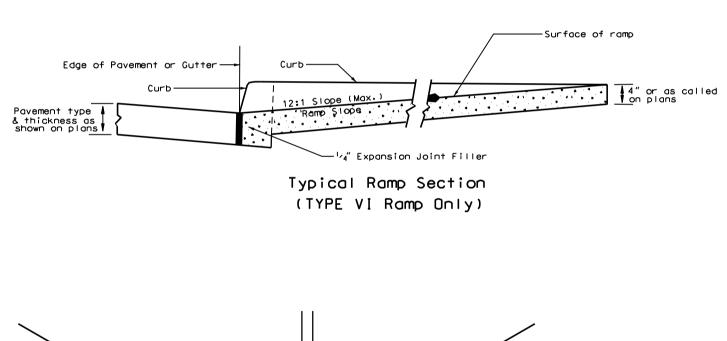
4' Min.

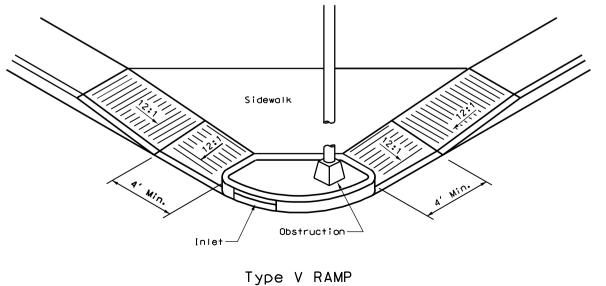
Type IV RAMP

NOTES

The appropriate details and notes of Standard Sheet PVT7, sheet 1 of 2, shall apply to this Standard Sheet.







WEST VIRGINIA DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION DIVISION OF HIGHWAYS STANDARD DETAIL

PREPARED 7-1-99
REVISION DATE

SIDEWALK RAMPS

(SHEET 2 OF 2)

STANDARD SHEET PVT7

For "H" column line posts, no used, rerolled or open seam material will be permitted. Line Posts shall be hot-dip galvanized "H" column of 3.26 lbs. per ft.(galvanized) and shall conform to the requirements of 712.8 of the Specifications.

NOTES

The post brace and 36" diameter truss rod must be used on the first section between the end posts and the first line post, and on the first section both sides between the corner, intermediate assembly or pull post and the first line post. Line posts adjacent to end, pull, corner, gate and intermediate assembly posts shall be set in concrete. Other line posts shall not be set in concrete; except length line posts; 9'-6" and longer, shall be pipe posts set in concrete

Chain link fence fabric may be either zinc-coated or aluminumcoated unless one type is specifically called for. However, only one type shall be used throughout any one project.

Dumped rock channel protection to be used at channel crossings when called for on plans.

Install Drainage Structure Installations as called for on the plans

Post cops for end, corner, gate, line or pull posts shall be swage

fitted or securely attached to pipe posts by means of set screws.

Unless otherwise specified, or directed by the Engineer, chain link fence may be installed with the fence fabric positioned on either side

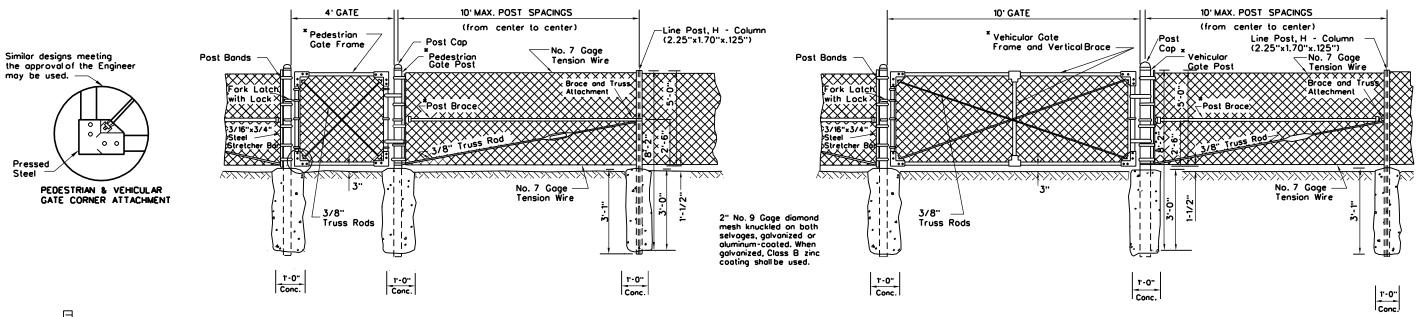
Hardware and miscellaneous fittings, not specifically designated herein as to type or dimensions, shall conform to the applicable requirements of 608 of the Specifications and shall be good-quality commercial design acceptable to the Engineer.

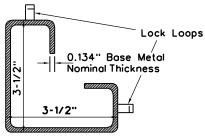
In lieu of the barbed wire detail herein, the following additional types are acceptable, provided they retain the "4-point barb at 5-inch centers" requirement and provided they meet or exceed the strength and coating requirements for the stranded, 121/2gage, barbed wire as called for in 712.10 of the Specifications:

- (a) stranded, 15 1/2 gage, high carbon steel barbed wire.
- (b) one-strand, 12 gage, steel barbed wire.

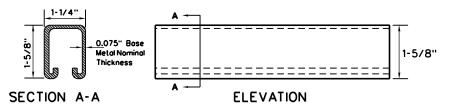
WEST VIRGINIA DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION DIVISION OF HIGHWAYS STANDARD DETAIL R/W FENCE-CHAIN LINK REVISION DATE 5' FENCE FABRIC HEIGHT (sheet 1 of 2) STANDARD SHEET F1

* For Types and Sizes, see Fence Members



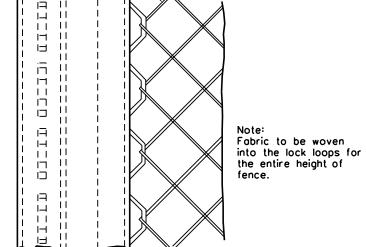


PEDESTRIAN GATE DETAIL



PLAN

ELEVATION



Fence Fabric

POST DETAIL (Galvanized Weight • 5.14 Lbs./Ft.)

ROLL FORMED MEMBERS

BRACE DETAIL

(Galvanized Weight = 1.35 Lbs./Ft.)

FENCE MEMBERS TABLE										
Member Designation	Galvanized Pipe			Triple Cooted Pipe			Galv. Roll Formed Members			
	I.D. In.	Wall Thk. In.	Wt. lbs/ft.	I.D. In.	Wall This, in, (min,)	Wt. Ibs/ft. (min.)	Dimensions In.	Wall Thk In,	Wt. lbs/ft.	
End,Pull,Corner and Intermediate Assembly Post	2	0.154	3.65	2	0.130	3.11	3.5 × 3.5	0.134	5.14	
Post Broce	1.25	0.140	2.27	1.25	0,11	1.83	1.250×1.625	0.075	1.35	
Pedestrian Gate Post	2.5	0.203	5.79	2.5	0.160	4.64	3.5 × 3.5	0.134	5.14	
Pedestrian Gate Frame	1.25	0.140	2.27	1.25	0,11	1.83	-	-	-	
Vehicular Gate Post	3.5	0.226	9.11	-		-	-	-	-	
Vehicular Gate Frame (and Vertical Brace)	1.5	0.145	2.72	1.5	0.120	2.28	-	-	-	
Special Length Line Post (For 9'-6" and over)	2	0.154	3.65	2	0.130	3.11	3.5 × 3.5	0.134	5.14	

VEHICULAR GATE DETAIL

NOTES

The applicable details and notes of Standard Sheet F1 (Sheet 1 of 2) shall apply to this Standard Sheet.

Except for "normal length" line posts, all other posts and braces shall be galvanized steel pipe members or galvanized steel roll formed members as shown in the "Fence Members Table" herein. When galvanized pipe posts are used, galvanized post braces shall be used.

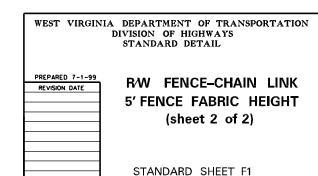
When roll formed posts are used, roll formed post braces shall be employed.

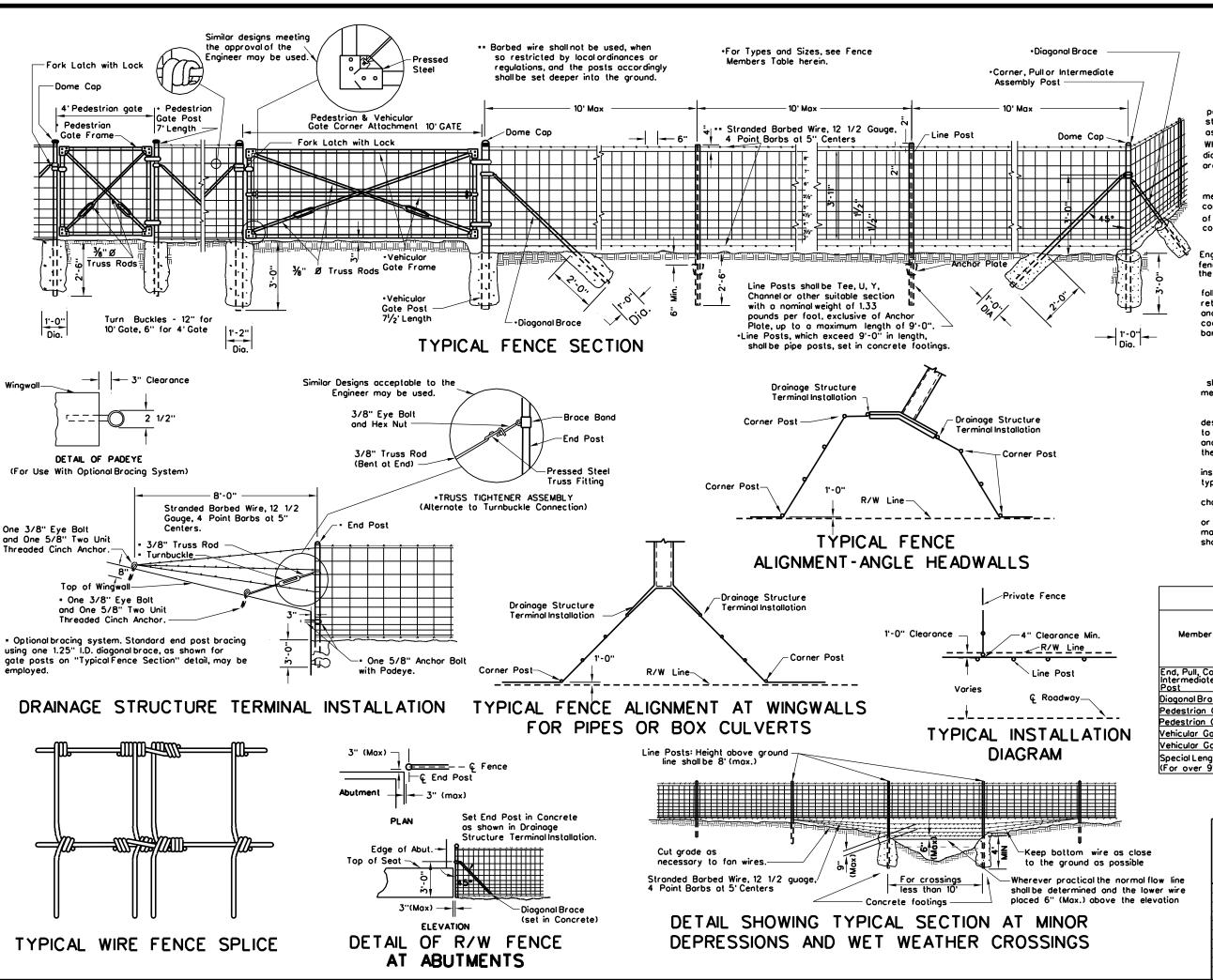
 $$\operatorname{Roll}$$ formed posts and braces shall meet the requirements of 712.8 of the Specifications.

Stretcher bars, and their accompanying post bands, shall not be used with the roll formed posts. Instead, the fence fabric shall be integrally woven into the lock loops of the posts.

Post caps shall not be used on roll formed posts.

Gate frames and gate vertical braces shall be
galvanized pipe members. Gate fabric shall have the same
coating as the fence fabric. All other metal components of gates
shall be galvanized, with the exception of die-cast aluminum corner
fittings, or pressed steel corner fittings.





Except for "normal length" line posts, all other posts and their diagonal braces shall be either galvanized steel pipe members or triple -coated steel pipe members as shown in the "Fence Members Table" herein. When galvanized pipe posts are used, galvanized pipe diagonal braces shall be used. When triple-coated pipe posts are used, triple-coated pipe diagonal braces shall be employed.

Gate frames may be either galvanized pipe members or triple-coated pipe members. All other metal components of gates shall be galvanized, with the exception of die-cost aluminum corner fittings, pressed steel corner fittings.

Unless otherwise specified, or directed by the Engineer, the form field fence may be installed with the fence fabric and barbed wire postitioned on either side of the fence posts.

In lieu of the barbed wire detailed herein, the following additional types are acceptable, provided they retain the "4-point barb at 5-inch centers" requirement and provided they meet or exceed the strength and coating requirements for the stranded, 12 1/2 gauge, barbed wire as called for in 712.10 of the specifications:

(a) stranded, 15½gauge, high carbon steel barbed wire.

(b) ane-strand, 12 guage, steel barbed wire.

Dome caps for end, corner gate, line or pullposts, shall be swage fitted or securely attached to the posts by means of set screws, pins or rivets.

Hardware and miscellaneous fittings, not specifically designated herein as to type or dimensions, shall conform to the applicable requirements of 608 of the Specifications and shall be a good quality commercial design acceptable to the Engineer.

Drainage structure terminal installations shall be installed as called for on the Plans and/or as shown on typical fence details.

Dumped rock channel protection shall be used at channel crossing when called for on the Plans.

Type FW-4-5 Nicopress Oval Sleeve Wire Splices, or other equal sleeve splices approved by the Engineer, may be used in lieu of the "Typical Wire Fence Splice" shown herein.

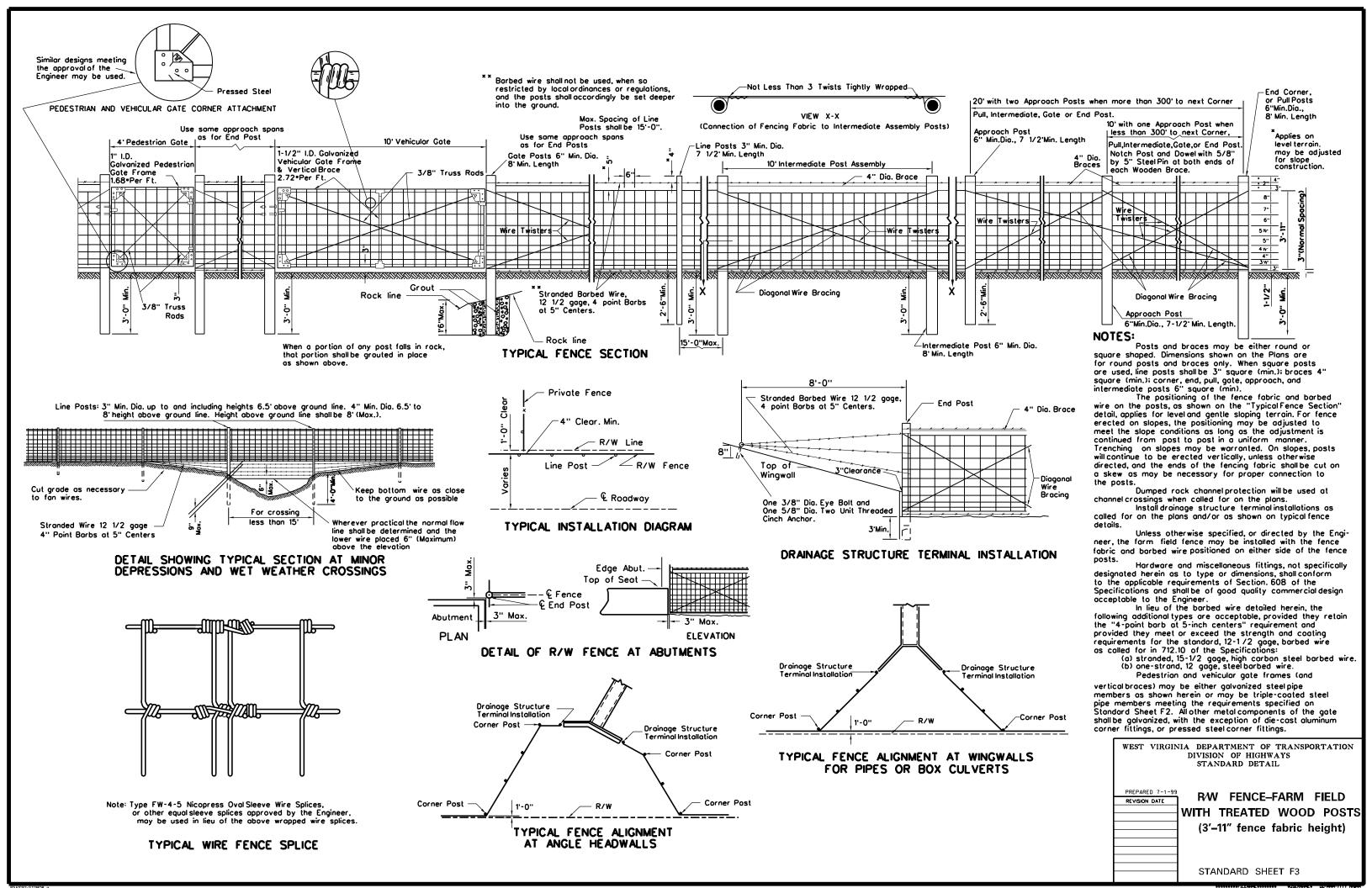
FENCE MEMBERS TABLE									
Member Designation	Galv	onized	Pipe	Triple-Coated Pipe					
	I.D. In.	Wall Thk. In.	Wt. lb/ft.	I.D. In.	Wall Thk. In (min.)	Wt. lb/ft. (min.)			
End, Pull, Corner and Intermediate Assembly Post	2	0.154	3.65	2	0.130	3.11			
Diagonal Brace	1.25	0.140	2.27	1.25	0.111	1.83			
Pedestrian Gate Post	2	0.154	3.65	2	0.130	3.11			
Pedestrion Gate Frame	1	0.133	1.68	1	0.104	1.34			
Vehicular Gate Post	3.5	0.226	9.11	-	-	-			
Vehicular Gate Frame	1.5	0.145	2.72	1.5	0.120	2.28			
Special Length Line Post (For over 9'-0")	2	0.154	3.65	2	0.130	3.11			



REVISION DATE

R/W FENCE-FARM FIELD WITH STEEL POSTS (3'-11" fence fabric height)

STANDARD SHEET F2



PROJECT MARKER

