

6L4

LOGAN COUNTY AIRPORT

Given the nickname “the friendliest town in West Virginia,” Logan is home to the Logan County Airport. The airport is a general aviation (GA) facility that serves the surrounding business community, the Air National Guard, and recreational flyers. The Air National Guard is located off-airport nearby, and uses the airport for a number of trainings including dark operations. The airport has developed a strong relationship with the nearby community and hosts an annual Veteran Reunion Fly-In. Members of the community and veterans travel from all over the region for the event, particularly to see the UH-1B “Huey” Helicopter, nicknamed “Miss Fit,” that served in the Vietnam War. The veteran helicopter is owned by Marpat Aviation, a Federal Aviation Administration (FAA)-certified Part 145 Repair Station located at the airport, and is on display for airport visitors.

City: Logan
 (6L4 is approximately 4 miles east)

County: Logan

Tourism Region:
 Hatfield McCoy Mountains

Ownership: Public

Primary Runway 06/24:
 3,605' x 75'



AIRPORT ACTIVITIES



Corporate/Business Activity



Medical Transport/Evacuation



Aircraft Flight Testing



Career Training/Flight Instruction



Aerial Inspections

AIRPORT CLASSIFICATION

Logan County Airport is one of 17 GA facilities in West Virginia's aviation system. GA airports serve as integral gateways to communities across the state and accommodate activities such as emergency medical operations, business and recreational operations, mail and cargo transportation, remote access, and many more. The airport is classified by the FAA as a Nonprimary – Basic airport and is eligible for federal aviation funding through the Airport Improvement Program (AIP).



AVIATION'S ECONOMIC IMPACT

The 2020 West Virginia Aviation Economic Impact Study (WV AEIS) was conducted using 2019 data to quantify the economic contributions of West Virginia's airport system to the state's economy. The 24 publicly owned airports in the state support the transportation of people, goods, and services to, from, and within the Mountain State. This generates quantitative economic value in the form of jobs, payroll, value added, and business revenues, but airports also enhance the quality of life for West Virginians by supporting air ambulance operations, remote access and evacuation, just-in-time deliveries of freight, aerial firefighting, aviation career opportunities, and much more.

Economic benefits are generated by on-airport activities including employment (e.g., airport administration and tenants) and capital improvements (e.g., construction). Economic impacts are also generated off-airport when money is spent by out-of-state visitors traveling to West Virginia via the state's seven commercial service airports and 17 GA airports, and when air cargo transported via the state's airports supports the operation of off-airport businesses.

This initial economic activity, known as direct impacts, generates additional impacts as money flows through the economy. These "multiplier" effects result when a portion of direct business revenues are used to purchase goods and services in West Virginia (called supplier sales) and payroll is re-spent within the state (called income re-spending). In addition, direct impacts for on-airport activities and visitor spending also generate \$75.5 million in tax impacts annually.

Economic Impact Indicators

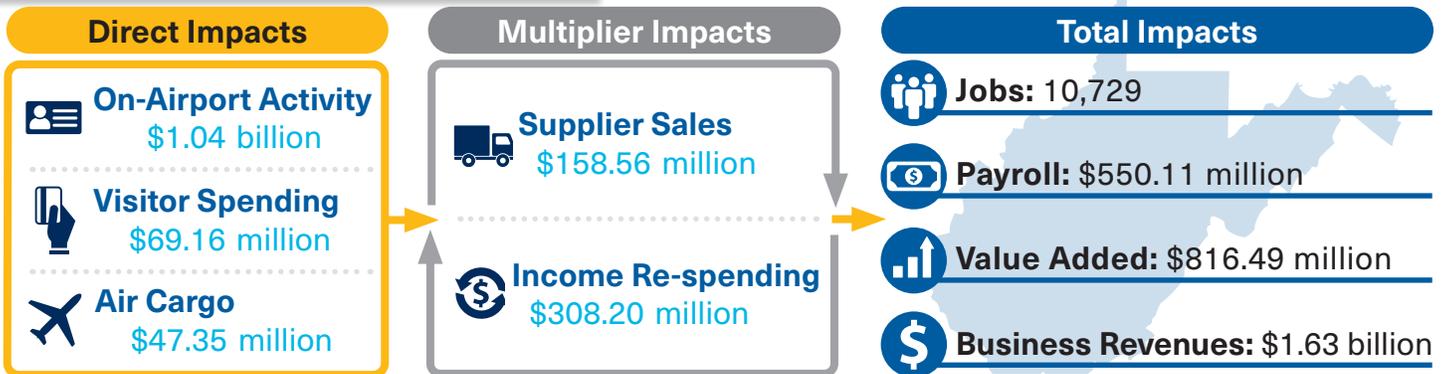
Jobs: The number of employed people

Payroll: The sum of compensation to workers (salaries, wages, and benefits) and proprietor income

Value Added: The value contributed to a product or service provided by a firm or group of firms. Value added is aviation's contribution to West Virginia's Gross State Product (GSP)

Business Revenues: An airport's total aviation-supported output including the sum of business sales and budget expenditures

Statewide Economic Impacts



Logan County Airport's Economic Impacts

| | Jobs | Payroll | Value Added | Business Revenues |
|---------------------------------|-------------|--------------------|--------------------|--------------------------|
| On-Airport Activity | 20 | \$851,000 | \$1,240,000 | \$2,397,000 |
| Visitor Spending | 1 | \$12,000 | \$19,000 | \$41,000 |
| Total Direct Impacts | 21 | \$863,000 | \$1,260,000 | \$2,438,000 |
| Supplier Sales | 4 | \$173,000 | \$289,000 | \$582,000 |
| Income Re-spending | 5 | \$194,000 | \$290,000 | \$630,000 |
| Total Multiplier Impacts | 9 | \$368,000 | \$579,000 | \$1,212,000 |
| Total | 29 | \$1,231,000 | \$1,839,000 | \$3,650,000 |

Notes: Totals may not add due to rounding. Metrics (jobs, payroll, value added, and business revenues) represent various components of an airport's economic impact and are not additive. Sources: WV AEIS Airport Manager Survey; Airport Tenant Survey; Transient GA Pilot & Passenger Survey, 2020; FAA 5010 Airport Master Record, FAA Terminal Area Forecast, Airline Data, Inc., 2019; Longwoods International, 2018; Calculations by EBP US using IMPLAN V.3 2018, 2021.