Materials Procedures Committee Meeting									
	Meeting Date:	7/30/20	WVDOF 190 Dry Bra		e Votes				
М	IP Number	Champion	MP Title	Up for Vote?	MCST CA TED OPP EGR			Total	
1*	721.10.01	John Cummings	Lockwheel Friction	У					
2*	615.20.00	George Hanna / Mark Ball	Field Welding Qualitifactions	У					
3*	401.02.25	Dan Phipps	CERTIFICATION OF ASPHALT SHIPPING TERMINALS	у					
4*	604.02.40	Suman Thapa	INSPECTION & ACCEPTANCE PROCEDURES FOR PRECAST PCC	у					
5*	106.00.03	Dan Brayack	GUIDELINES FOR ESTABLISHING & MAINTAINING APPROVED PRODUCT LISTS OF MATERIALS, SYSTEMS AND SOURCES	у					
&6a	307.00.50	Dave Matics, Mike Mance	GUIDE FOR QUALITY CONTROL AND ACCEPTANCE PLANS FOR SUBGRADE, BASE COURSE, AND AGGREGATE ITEMS	n					
&6b	401.03.50	Dave Matics, Mike Mance	GUIDE FOR QUALITY CONTROL PLANS FOR ASPHALT CONCRETE	n					
&6c	601.03.50	Dave Matics, Mike Mance	GUIDE FOR QUALITY CONTROL AND ACCEPTANCE REQUIREMENTS FOR PORTLAND CEMENT CONCRETE	n					
&6d	717.04.21	Dave Matics, Mike Mance	GUIDE FOR QUALITY CONTROL OF COMPACTION	n					
&7	711.03.23	Suman Thapa	MIX DESIGN FOR PORTLAND CEMENT CONCRETE	n					
&8	700.00.56	Randy Shuman	AGGREGATE SOURCE APPROVAL PROCEDURES	n					
	*Up for Vote								
	&New								
	•	•							

	721.10.01 ORIGINAL ISSUANCE: XXXXX, 2020	Deleted: 402.XX.XX
	WEST VIRGINIA DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION DIVISION OF HIGHWAYS MATERIALS CONTROL, SOILS AND TESTING DIVISION	
	MATERIALS PROCEDURE 721.10.01	Deleted: 402.XX.XX
GUIE	DE FOR USING THE LOCKED-WHEEL FRICTION TESTER TO MEASURE FRICTIONAL PROPERTIES OF PAVEMENT	
1.	SCOPE	
1.1	This procedure establishes a process for collecting friction data of roadways using a Locked-Wheel Friction Tester. Friction measurements are obtained by locking a test tire on a <u>device-</u> wetted surface while traveling at a specific speed (typically 40 mph).	
1.2	Tests are conducted using rib-tread and smooth-tread test tires. Ribbed tires are <u>used as</u> an indicator of the micro-texture properties <u>of pavement</u> . <u>Smooth</u> tires are <u>used as an</u> indicator of the macro-texture properties of pavement.	
1.3	The resulting Friction Number (FN) is non-dimensional value and represents the average coefficient of friction measured across a test interval.	
2.	PURPOSE	
2.1	To establish a procedure for safe operation of a Locked-Wheel Friction Tester and the of quality pavement friction data for WVDOH.	Commented [CJE2R1]: I don't understand the comment, the word collection is necessary
3.	REFERENCED DOCUMENTS	Deleted: collection
a. b.	AASHTO T 242: Frictional Properties of Paved Surfaces Using a Full-Scale Tire AASHTO M 261: Rib-Tread Standard Tire for Special-Purpose Pavement Frictional- Property Test.	Deleted:
С.	AASHTO M 286: Smooth-Tread Standard Tire for Special-Purpose Pavement Frictional-Property Test.	
d. e.	WVDOT Skid Measurement System Evaluation, Report Number TRC-625 <u>which is</u> available upon request from DOHMCSnTRoadway@wv.gov. WVDOH Construction Manual	
4.	DEFINITIONS	
4.1	Locked-Wheel Friction Tester: The entire apparatus, including Tow Vehicle, attached Locked-Wheel Skid Trailer, and all supporting components such as the on-board computer, force transducers, instrumentation, air, water and braking systems, etc.	
4.2	<u>Tow Vehicle</u> : The automotive vehicle, capable of towing the Locked-Wheel Skid Trailer and maintaining constant speed within ± 1 mph while the Test Tire is completely locked.	



721.10.01 ORIGINAL ISSUANCE: XXXXXX, 2020 PAGE 3 OF 5

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discarded

documents

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Commented [JZ4]: Heavy acceleration or deceleration while testing should make the measurement invalid. The data should be

Commented [CJE5R4]: Heavy acceleration or deceleration will likely change the speed at that location, and thus would cause the test to be discarded anyway.

safety of all personnel and the general public. At minimum the following conditions must be followed when testing with a Locked-Wheel Friction Tester:

- a. Test lanes must be free of debris and obstructions.
- b. Heavy acceleration and deceleration should be avoided while testing.
- c. Test lanes may remain open to traffic unless deemed unsafe.
- d. Testing <u>shall</u> only be conducted at speeds recommended by the manufacturer.

7. CALIBRATION AND CORRELATION

- 7.1 The Locked-Wheel Friction Tester shall be calibrated and correlated annually at a federally recognized Evaluation and Field Test Center.
- 7.2 During calibration, the Locked-Wheel Friction Tester shall undergo, at minimum, the following tests to verify the systems are working properly:
 - a. Water delivery system
 - b. Speed measuring system
 - c. Distance measuring system
 - d. Force and load transducer measuring system
 - e. Ability of the brake to completely lock the test wheel
- 7.3 The Evaluation and Field Test Center maintains a Locked-Wheel Friction Test System which is considered a Skid Measurement Standard and is validated annually. During correlation, the Locked-Wheel Friction Tester is operated on three separate test surfaces along with the Standard System. Statistical analysis is then performed on the test data to produce correlation equations. These equations are used to adjust future test results, allowing old and new data, as well as data from different systems to be compared.
- 7.4 An example of the calibration and correlation procedure of the Locked-Wheel Friction Test System is described in the referenced "WVDOT Skid Measurement System Evaluation, Report Number TRC-625".
- 7.5 Modifications and/or changes to the electrical or mechanical components will require the system to be re-calibrated and re-correlated.

8. DATA COLLECTION

- 8.1 Data is collected at the time of testing by the system computer. The data collected by the computer includes the location, speed and the calculated Friction Number (FN).
- 8.2 Do not test pavement if ambient and/or surface temperature is less than 45° F.
- 8.3 Do not test pavement if debris or standing water is present.

Commented [JZ6]: Where is this available? Google couldn't find it. Commented [CJE7R6]: See change in referenced

	721.10.01		
	ORIGINAL ISSUANCE: XXXXXX, 2020		Deleted: 402.XX.XX
	PAGE 4 OF 5		
8.4	Pavement test sites shall be tested with both the Rib-Tread and Smooth-Tread tire. High Friction Surface Treatment locations shall be tested with the Rib-Tread tire only.	\langle	Commented [JZ8]: Does this refer to a test section or one of the five sites within a location?
9.	PRE-TEST INSPECTION		Commented [JZ9]: is there a time limit between the testing with the two tires?
9.1	Prior to testing, inspect all cable and hose connections from test vehicle to trailer. Ensure all fittings are secure, not leaking, worn, or dragging the ground.		Commented [CJE10R9]: There is no time limit between tests, as long as all other conditions are met.
9.2	Check safety lighting and ensure it is working properlyInspect the test tires according to the referenced AASHTO M 261 and AASHTO M 286.		
9.3	Inspect the pavement surface for changes in texture, segregation, polishing, pushing or other issues which may affect friction. Areas of inconsistency shall be noted and explained in the Materials Inspection Report.		
10.	FEST SPEED	$\langle \rangle$	Commented [JZ11]: Should specify lane for multilane highways.
10.1	All reasonable efforts shall be made to perform tests at 40±1 mph. Tests conducted at less than 39 mph or greater than 41 mph will typically be considered invalid and will not		Commented [JZ12]: Test site defined in para 4.5
	be included when calculating the average friction values of the project. f speed cannot be maintained at 40±1 mph due to safety or traffic conditions, the Engineer may approve		Deleted: <#>POSITION OF TESTS Testing shall be conducted in the left wheel path of the roadway
	testing at a different speed. In this case, the following formula is to be used to adjust the		Deleted: ¶

FN(40) = FN(speed) - 0.5 * (40 - speed)

resulting Friction Number results:

Where: FN (speed) = Friction Number from test at (speed) mph

FN (40) = Friction Number adjusted to 40 mph

ORIGINAL ISSUANCE: XXXXX, 2020 PAGE 5 OF 5

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11.	POSITION AND FREQUENCY OF TESTS	 Deleted: NUMBER
<u>11.1</u>	Testing shall be conducted in the left wheel path of the roadway.	
11.2	A minimum of five (5) tests shall be conducted with each tire in each lane-mile of each	
	test site. Except for High Friction Surface Treatment locations which shall be tested with	 Commented [JZ14]: What is a test site?
	only the Rib-Tread tire as stated in 8.4.	Commented [JZ15R14]: Withdraw comment, test site defined in para 4.5
11.3	Tests shall be spaced evenly throughout the test site, as safety and traffic conditions	Formatted: Highlight
	permit.	Deleted: project
12.	REPORTING OF TEST RESULTS	
12.1	A Materials Inspection Report shall be submitted to the requesting agency.	
12.2	The Report shall include the location, speed and calculated Friction Numbers from each test, as well as the average Friction Number for each lane at each test site.	

12.3 The report shall also include weather conditions, areas of inconsistency in the pavement and general observations of the test site.

RLS: Ac

Ronald L. Stanevich, P.E.
Director
Materials Control, Soils and Testing Division

MP 615.20.00 SUPERCEDES: JANUARY 1995 PAGE 1 OF 9

WEST VIRGINIA DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION DIVISION OF HIGHWAYS MATERIALS CONTROL, SOILS AND TESTING DIVISION

MATERIALS PROCEDURE

FIELD (JOB SITE) WELDER QUALIFICATION PROCEDURES FOR SHIELDED METAL ARC WELDING, FLUX CORED ARC WELDING, AND GAS METAL ARC WELDING

1. PURPOSE

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- 1.1 To establish a uniform procedure for testing and qualification of welders who will perform work under the jurisdiction of the Division of Highways.
- 1.2 To establish an effective means for identifying and recognizing those individuals that possess the knowledge and ability to produce acceptable welds.
- 1.3 To make available to the appropriate Division of Highways personnel a list of qualified welders.

2. SCOPE AND LIMITATIONS

- 2.1 Welders qualified under the provisions of this Materials Procedure are qualified to weld steel sheet, plate, bars, and structural sections as documented and approved by the American Welding Society Structural Welding Code D1.1 as amended by the governing specifications. This procedure does not apply to the qualification of welders to weld pressure vessel or pressure piping.
- 2.2 Welding performed by welders qualified under the provisions of this Materials Procedure is limited to steel meeting the following specification requirements: AASHTO M-183 (ASTM A-36), AASHTO M-188 (ASTM A-441), AASHTO M- 223 (ASTM A-572), Grades 42, 45, and 50 only, AASHTO M-222 (ASTM A- 588). Should the occasion arise to weld grades of steel other than those listed above, the Materials Control, Soils and Testing Division should be consulted for <u>proper welder</u> qualification procedures
- 2.3 The provisions of this Materials Procedure apply to welder qualification tests for the following welding processes only:

Shielded Metal Arc Welding	
(SMAW) Gas Metal Arc Welding	 Deleted: Flux Cored Arc Welding (FCAW)
(GMAW)	

Gas metal arc welding is considered semi- automatic welding processes.

2.4 Welders qualified for groove welding under the provisions of this Materials Procedure are qualified to weld only groove welds that will be welded from both sides or groove to be welded from one side against a steel back bar. Commented [DB1]: Delete this? (Ted W)

Do we use the machine for this?

Talk to Dave L. about this to clarify.

Commented [HGN2R1]: Please remove flux cored. Commented [DB3]: Comment from Steve B - check spec to see if we need to do an update there, AWS, standards, just make sure we have some references there to keep and make sure they comply to projects

Commented [DB4R3]: Mark Ball says nah, been doing it the same way.

Deleted: Flux cored are welding and Deleted: g Deleted: are

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MP 615.20.00 SUPERCEDES: JANUARY 1995 PAGE 2 OF 9

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	PAGE 2 OF 9	
2.5	Qualification tests for vertical positions welds are administered with the direction of welding as vertical up. Should it become necessary <u>for the welder to be weld vertical</u> down, a re-qualification is necessary.	Deleted: for the
3.	REQUEST FOR TESTS	
3.1	Welder qualification tests are administered by appointment only. Contact appropriate personnel within the Materials Control, Soils and Testing Division for a test date and test time.	
3.2	Requests for welder qualification test for personnel employed, or to be employed, by Contractors should be made by the Contractor or by the Division of Highways District Materials Section personnel.	
3.3	Requests will also be honored from trade unions and individuals, but every effort should be made to make requests as outlined in paragraph 3.2 above.	
3.4	Testing arrangements for Division of Highway personnel should be made by the District Materials Section.	
3.4.1	Regardless of the origin of the request for testing, the following information must be supplied by the person making test arrangements: Name of individual to be tested.	
3.4.2	Welding process to be tested.	
3.4.3	Nature of test requested; first test, re-test or re-certification.	
3.4.4	Type of test requested; groove weld plate qualification test for plate of unlimited thickness; groove weld plate qualification test for plate of limited thickness; or fillet weldsonly.	
3.4.5	Position of test welds.	
3.4.6	AWS classification of electrode to be used in test.	
4.	TESTINGLOCATION	
4.1	Welder qualification test are administered at the Division of Highways, Materials	
	Control, Soils and Testing Division Laboratory, <u>190 Dry Branch Drive</u> , Charleston,	Deleted: 312 Michigan Avenue, Charleston, WV 25311.
	<u>WV 25306</u>	Deleted: The testing laboratory is located just off Michigan
4.0		Avenue, approximately two blocks east of the State Capitol Complex.
4.2	Qualification test can be arranged at other locations provided a minimum of four (4) welders are to be tested at one time. Facilities for testing in this case are to be the	
	responsibility of the agency requesting the testing and are subject to approval of the	
	Materials Control, Soils and Testing Division. Welding test plates and shielded metal	
	arc welding electrodes will be provided by the Materials Control, Soils and	Deleted: provided by
	Testing Division. All other facilities, supplies, and equipment must be provided by	Deleted: the
	the agency requesting the tests.	

MP 615.20.00 SUPERCEDES: JANUARY 1995 PAGE 3 OF 9

5. TESTINGCOSTS

6.3

- 5.1 All applicants requesting qualification testing will be charged <u>\$120.00</u> per test. This, fee is determined by Materials Control, Soils and Testing Division.
- 5.2 Current fees_of \$120.00 will be provided upon request by the Materials Control, Soils and Testing Division.
- 5.3 The Division of Highways personnel will <u>not</u> be charged <u>for welding test</u>. All others must be paid prior to the test being administered. Payment shall be check or money order, made payable to WV Division of Highways. Cash <u>or credit card</u> will not be accepted under any circumstances.

6. TEST EQUIPMENT AND MATERIALS

- 6.1 The following welding equipment and supplies are available at the Materials Control, Soils and Testing Division laboratory for conduct of a welder qualification test for the shielded metal arc weldingprocess:
- 6.1.1 Welding Machine: 275amp D.C. Lincoln Welder.
- 6.1.2 All test plates required for limited practice and the performance test.
- 6.1.3 Welding hood, slag chipping hammer, ice pick, wire brush and miscellaneous hand tools. The use of power tools for cleaning welds between weld passes is <u>will be</u> permitted.
- 6.1.4 Sufficient stock of 2.4 mm, (3/32") 3.2 mm, (1/8") and 4.0 mm, (5/32") shielded metal arc welding electrodes, AWS class E 7018.
- 6.2 Welding equipment is not available for the conduct of welder qualification tests in the flux cored welding process. Prospective welders requesting a test in these processes must provide suitable welding equipment and welding consumables.

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Deleted: - 300 amp D.C. - Hobart motor generator.

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Commented [HGN10R9]: Yes Deleted: mm,

Deleted: If the prospective welder desires a qualification test utilizing an electrode other than E 7018, he must provide his own electrodes....

Deleted: the gas metal arc welding process or

 $\mbox{Commented}\xspace$ [DB11]: Do we used flux cored? Can we delete 6.2

Commented [HGN12R11]: No we do not test for flux cored. We do test for gas metal arc welding

Commented [DB13]: Martin concerned with process/processes plurality

Commented [HGN14R13]: We do test for gas metal arc welding. We do not test for flux cored. MP 615.20.00 SUPERCEDES: JANUARY 1995 PAGE 4 OF 9

7. TESTINGPROCEDURE

7.1 Limitations of Variables

- 7.1.1 The qualification tests described below are specially devised tests to determine the welder's ability to produce sound welds. The qualification tests are not intended to be used as a guide for welding during actual construction.
- 7.1.2 Qualification established with any one of the steels listed in paragraph 2.2 shall be considered as qualification to weld or tack weld any of the other steels. Qualification tests are currently conducted utilizing AASHTO M-183 (ASTM A-36) grade steel.
- 7.1.3 A welder must successfully complete a test in each welding process for which qualification is requested. Qualification in one welding process as described by paragraph 2.3 does not qualify the welder for the other process listed.
- 7.1.4 A welder qualified for shielded metal arc welding with an electrode identified in the following table shall be considered qualified to weld or tack weld with any other electrode in the same group designation and with any electrode listed in a numerically lower group designation:

Group Designation	AWS Electrode Classification*
F4	EXX15, EXX16, EXX18
F3	EXX10, EXX11
F2	EXX12, EXX13, EXX14
F1	EXX20, EXX24, EXX27, EXX28

*The letters 'XX' used in the classification designations in this table represent the various strength levels (60, 70, 80, 90, 100, and 120) of deposited weld metal.

- 7.1.5 A welder qualified with an approved electrode and shielding medium combination shall be considered qualified to weld or tack weld with any other approved electrode and shielding medium combination for the process used in the qualification test.
- 7.1.6 A change in the position of welding to one for which the welder is not already qualified shall require re-qualification.
- 7.1.7 Vertical position qualification tests are administered with the direction of welding as vertical up. When a specific need arises for vertical down welding on the construction site, the welder must be qualified with the direction of welding as vertical down and all qualification documents noted accordingly.

8. QUALIFICATION TESTS REQUIRED

8.1 The welder qualification tests for manual and semi-automatic welding shall be as follows:

MP 615.20.00 SUPERCEDES: JANUARY 1995 PAGE 5 OF 9

8.1.1 Groove Weld Plate Qualification Test for Plate of Unlimited Thickness

The joint detail shall be as follows: 25.4 mm plate, single V-groove, 45 degree included angle, 6.4 mm root opening with backing bar, (See Fig. 7.2.1a). For horizontal position qualification tests the joint detail will be as follows: Single-bevel groove, 45 degree angle, 6.4 mm root opening with backing (See Fig. 7.2.1b) Backing will be 9.5 mm by 75 mm. The length of the welding groove will be 175 mm.

8.1.2 Groove Weld Plate Qualification Test for Plate of Limited Thickness

The joint detail shall be as follows: 9.5 mm plate, Single V-groove, 45 degree included angle, 6.4 mm root opening with backing bar (See Fig. 7.2.2a). For horizontal position qualification tests the joint detail will be as follows: Single-bevel-groove, 45 degree angle, 6 mm root opening with backing (See Fig. 7.2.2b). Backing will be 9.5 mm by 75 mm. The length of the welding groove will be 175 mm.

8.1.3 Fillet Weld Qualification Test for Fillet Welds Only

For fillet weld qualifications only, the welder shall weld a T-test plate in accordance with Fig. 7.2.3.

- 8.2 Position of Test Welds (See Table 7.3)
- 8.2.1 Groove Plate Test Welds:

- (a) Qualification in the 1G (flat) position qualifies for flat position groove welding of plate and flat and horizontal position fillet welding of plate.
- (b) Qualification in the 3G (vertical) position qualifies for flat, horizontal and vertical position groove and flat, horizontal and vertical position fillet of welding plate.
- (c) Qualification for the 4G (overhead) position qualifies for flat and overhead position groove and flat horizontal and overhead position fillet welding of plate.
- 8.2.2 Fillet Weld Tests:
 - (d) Qualification in the 1F (flat) position qualifies for flat position fillet welding of plate.

(e) Qualification in the 3F (vertical) position qualifies for flat, horizontal, and vertical position fillet welding of plate.

- 8.3 Test Joint Welding Procedure
- 8.3.1 The welder shall follow a joint welding procedure applicable to the joint details being welded in the performance test. Electrode size, selection, current, voltage, travel speed, type of bead, electrode manipulation, etc. are <u>at the</u> welder's discretion and should be chosen considering best known practice so as to provide the most acceptable weld joint possible under the testing conditions.

Deleted: groove, 45

Deleted: Qualification in the 2G (horizontal) position qualifies for flat, horizontal position groove and flat and horizontal position groove and flat and horizontal position fillet welding of plate....

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MP 615.20.00 SUPERCEDES: JANUARY 1995 PAGE 6 OF 9

- 8.3.2 Weld cleaning shall be done with the test plates in the same position as the welding position being qualified. Weld cleaning must be accomplished utilizing the normal hand tools provided. The use of the power chisels, scalers, chipping hammers, brushes or grinders is not allowed for weld cleaning.
- 8.4 Test Specimens: Number, Type, Preparation
- 8.4.1 The type and number of test specimens that must be tested to qualify a welder by mechanical testing together with the range of thickness that is qualified for use in construction based on the thickness of the test plate used in making qualification.
- 8.4.2 Guided bend test specimens shall be prepared by cutting the test plate as applicable to form specimens approximately rectangular in cross section. The specimens shall be prepared for testing in accordance with as applicable of the AWS Structural Welding Code D1.1.
- 8.4.3 The fillet weld break and macrotech test specimens shall be cut for the test joint. The end of the macrotech specimen shall be smooth for etching.
- 8.4.4 When radiographic testing is used in lieu of the prescribed bend test, the weld reinforcement need not be ground or otherwise smoothed for inspection unless its surface irregularities or juncture with the base metal would cause objectionable weld defects to be obscured in the radiograph. The backing need not be removed prior to radiographic testing.
- 8.5 Method of Testing Specimens
- 8.5.1 Root, Face, or Side-Bend_Specimens

Root, face and side-bend specimens shall be tested in accordance with paragraph 5.27.1 of the AWS Structural Welding Code D1.1 Rev. 1-76.

Deleted: are shown in Table 7.5.1
Deleted: Radiographic testing of the test weld may be used at the Division of Highways option in lieu of mechanical testing
Deleted: as shown in Figs. 7.2.1a, 7.2.1b, 7.2.2a or 7.2.2b
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Deleted: -75 Rev. 2-77.
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Commented [DB15]: Should we check this?
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commented	[DB1/]: Delete	this	section	as	well?)
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	SUPERCEDES: JANUARY 1995 PAGE 7 OF 9		
8.5.2	Fillet - Weld - Break Test		
	The fillet-weld-break test specimens shall be tested in accordance with paragraph 5.27.2 of the AWS Structural Welding Code $D1.1_{\frac{1}{2}}$	*****	Deleted: Rev. 1-76.
8.5.3	Macrotech Test		
	The macrotech test specimens shall be tested in accordance with paragraph		Commonted [DB10]: objection
	5.27.3 of the AWS Structural Welding Code D1.1	~~~~	Commented [DB19]: Check o Commented [HGN20R19]: We do not perform
8.6	Test Results Required	\backslash	macroetch or fillet weld break test. Please delete
8.0	Test Results Required		Deleted: Rev. 1-76.
8.6.1	Root, Face, or Side - BenSpecimens		Deleted: <#>Radiographic Test The radiographic procedure and technique shall be in accordance with the requirements of Part B, Section 6 of the
	Root, face, and side - bend specimens, after testing, shall meet the requirements of paragraph 5.28.2 of the AWS Structural Welding Code D1.1 Rev. 1-76.		AWS Structural Welding Code D1.1- 75. Only the center half of the length of the test plate will be evaluated for rejectable discontinuities.
8.6.2	Fillet - Weld -Break		
	After testing, the fillet - weld - break test specimens shall meet the requirements of paragraph 5.28.2 of the AWS Structural Welding Code D1.1 Rev. 1-76.		
8.6.3	Macrotech Test		
	After preparation, the macrotech test specimen shall meet the requirements of paragraph 5.28.3 of the AWS Structural Welding Code D1.1 Rev. 1-76.		Commented [DB21]: Remove
			Commented [HGN22R21]: Yes
8.6.4			Deleted: <#>Radiographic Test
	Visual Increction		
	Visual Inspection		To qualify, the weld, as revealed by the radiograph, shall conform to the requirements of paragraph 9.25 of the AWS
	Visual Inspection For acceptable qualification, the welded test plates, when inspected visually shall		To qualify, the weld, as revealed by the radiograph, shall conform to the requirements of paragraph 9.25 of the AWS Structural Welding Code D1.1 Rev. 2-77 as revised and/or amended by the AASHTO Standard Specifications for
	For acceptable qualification, the welded test plates, when inspected visually shall conform to the requirements for visual inspection as contained in paragraph		To qualify, the weld, as revealed by the radiograph, shall conform to the requirements of paragraph 9.25 of the AWS Structural Welding Code D1.1 Rev. 2-77 as revised and/or amended by the AASHTO Standard Specifications for Welding of Structural Steel Highway Bridges - 1977, and as
	For acceptable qualification, the welded test plates, when inspected visually shall conform to the requirements for visual inspection as contained in paragraph 9.25.1 of the AWS Structural Welding Code D1.1 Rev. 2-77 as revised and/or		To qualify, the weld, as revealed by the radiograph, shall conform to the requirements of paragraph 9.25 of the AWS Structural Welding Code D.1. Rev. 2-77 as revised and/or amended by the AASHTO Standard Specifications for Welding of Structural Steel Highway Bridges - 1977, and as may be further revised and/or amended by the Division of Highways Standard Specifications, Supplemental
	For acceptable qualification, the welded test plates, when inspected visually shall conform to the requirements for visual inspection as contained in paragraph 9.25.1 of the AWS Structural Welding Code D1.1 Rev. 2-77 as revised and/or amended by the AASHTO Standard Specification for Welding of Structural Steel		To qualify, the weld, as revealed by the radiograph, shall conform to the requirements of paragraph 9.25 of the AWS Structural Welding Code D1.1 Rev. 2-77 as revised and/or amended by the AASHTO Standard Specifications for Welding of Structural Steel Highway Bridges - 1977, and as may be further revised and/or amended by the Division of Highways Standard Specifications, Supplemental Specifications or Special Provisions in effect at the time the welder qualification test is administered. The welder
	For acceptable qualification, the welded test plates, when inspected visually shall conform to the requirements for visual inspection as contained in paragraph 9.25.1 of the AWS Structural Welding Code D1.1 Rev. 2-77 as revised and/or amended by the AASHTO Standard Specification for Welding of Structural Steel Highway Bridges - 1977, and as may be further revised and/or amended by the		To qualify, the weld, as revealed by the radiograph, shall conform to the requirements of paragraph 9.25 of the AWS Structural Welding Code D1.1 Rev. 2-77 as revised and/or amended by the AASHTO Standard Specifications for Welding of Structural Steel Highway Bridges - 1977, and as may be further revised and/or amended by the Division of Highways Standard Specifications, Supplemental Specifications or Special Provisions in effect at the time the welder qualification test is administered. The welder qualification test will be evaluated for quality based on the standards required for welds subject to tensile stress under any
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MP 615.20.00 SUPERCEDES: JANUARY 1995 PAGE 8 OF 9

period, the second re-test shall consist of a single specimen test weld in the appropriate welding position.

- 9.3 If a welder fails the second re-test as specified in paragraph 8.2 above, he will be required to wait one (1) year before being eligible for further re-testing. A welder failing the second re-test unsuccessfully and obviously is in need of considerable additional welding skill training. The one year waiting period is designed to provide the welder the opportunity to obtain this training and experience.
- 9.4 If a welder is found to be welding his or her test plates in a different position than he or she is attempting to become certified in, that welder's test plates will be discarded and he or she will not be allowed to re-test for a period of one (1) year. If a welder is found to be welding out of position a second time, that welder will become permanently ineligible to re-test. Thus forfeiting their right to weld for the Division of Highways.

10. PERIOD OF EFFECTIVENESS

- 10.1 Once qualified, the <u>welder's</u> qualification shall be considered as remaining in effect for a period of four years from the date of test.
- 10.2 Should a situation arise wherein the welder does not produce acceptable welds on the project site, or there is any reason to question the welders ability after qualification, the Division of Highways may require the welder to re-qualify by taking all, or a portion of the welder qualification test. Should the welder not successfully complete these re-qualification tests, his qualification will be revised accordingly or revoked as determined by the results of the re-testing. Administration of such tests will be at no expense to the welder. Successful completion of these tests will not extend the welder's qualification beyond the original expiration date.

11. DOCUMENTATION AND RECORDS

- 11.1 Form ST-6 (copy attached) will be used to document all data with regard to the welder qualification test. The welder will complete the personal data at the top of the form. All further entries will be made by Materials Control, Soils and Testing Division personnel and are self-explanatory. The ST-6 form will be signed, in the space provided, by the person administering the test. An identification number will be assigned and will serve as identification for the testing process.
- 11.2 Those welders who undergo the test will sign a blank Welder Qualification <u>Card.</u> Form ST-5. (copy attached) and will be photographed. Upon successful completion of the test, the Welder Qualification Card will be completed by the Materials Control, Soils and Testing Division and forwarded to the welder as his identification and proof of qualification. This card, Form ST-5 will provide sufficient personal data to establish proper identification. The card will also contain information relative to the welder's qualification such as welding process, welding positions qualified, type of welding qualified (groove and/or fillet), thickness limitations, and welding electrode limitations including the qualification expiration date.

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MP 615.20.00 SUPERCEDES: JANUARY 1995 PAGE 9 OF 9

- 11.3 In addition to the Welder Qualification Card, identification of qualified welders will be included in the List of Qualified Welders. The list contains necessary identification information as well as data relative to the Welders qualification limitations.
- 11.4 Welder Qualification Test Records (Form ST-6) and all other data relative to the <u>welder's</u> qualification test will be maintained in the Materials Control, Soils and Testing Division files for a period of one (1) year after expiration of the qualification.

These records are available for review by any person authorized to do so by applying in person to the Materials Control, Soils and Testing Division. Welding test plates and test specimens are not retained after testing is complete.

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Ronald L. Stanevich, P.E. Director Materials Control, Soils and Testing Division Deleted: welders

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	DIV MATERIALS CON	DEPARTMENT OF T VISION OF HIGHWA IROL, SOILS AND 7 TERIALS PROCEDU	AYS TESTING DIVISION	Deleted: 1
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1.	CERTIFICATION OF ASPHALT SHIPPING TERMINALS 1. PURPOSE			
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	to establish inspection an	d shipping procedures	Deleted: certification	
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-•	50012			Deleted: , Deleted: to set forth conditions for certification and
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			ction and maintenanceHowever,	
			<u>zT)</u> may elect to use other control	
	procedures when special	conditions dictate the	need for more stringent control.	Deleted: The specific types of asphalt covered by this procedure are listed in Section 3.2 below.
	standard will be responsible for appropriate safety and health practices. The materials covered by this <u>Material Procedure</u> and the applicable specification			
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	MP 401.02.25 ORIGINAL ISSUANCE: AUGUST 1973 REVISED: <u>May 2020</u> PAGE 2 OF 5	Deleted: MARCH 2000
<u>4.4</u>	HMA – Hot Mix Asphalt.	
4.5	Lot – A batch of material produced.	
4.6	MCS&T – Materials Control, Soils and Testing.	
4.7	MP – Material Procedure.	
4.8	WVDOH - West Virginia Department of Highways	Commented [DB1]: Perhaps some redundancy.
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5.	SIGNIFICANCE AND USE	
5.1	This Material, Procedure (MP) sets forth a method for the quality control of Jiquid	Deleted: s
	asphalt products. This is accomplished by a certification system that uses test data	Deleted: procedure
	from both the supplier and the Division.	Deleted: asphalt
5.2	This MP provides information on the following activities:	
5.2.1	General requirements that the supplier must satisfy for approval under the certification program.	
5.2.2	Minimum requirements to be included in the Supplier's quality control plan.	
5.2.3	Procedures for shipping asphalt.	
5.2.4	Procedure for MCS&T monitoring of the system.	Deleted: Division
5.2.5	Procedure for evaluating monitor, supplier, and field sample test data.	
6.	PROCEDURE	
6.1	QUALITY CONTROL PLAN - The supplier will submit a quality control plan, to	Deleted: adequate to
	ensure that the material in stock complies with <u>AASHTO:resource</u> specification	Deleted: insure
	requirements. The plan will include the following:	Deleted:
6.1.1	Facility type (refinery, terminal, in-line blending, or HMA plant, etc.), location, person responsible for quality control at the facility.	
6.1.2	The tests to be conducted, the name and location of the laboratory, or laboratories	Deleted: ,
	conducting the tests and the frequency at which the tests are to be conducted. The	
	supplier will include test data that will be sent to Materials Control, Soil and	Deleted: a statement that the
	<u>Testing (MCS&T)</u> , and how often it is to be submitted. Suggested frequency is weekly, or monthly, during the time when the terminal is in operation.	Deleted: made available Deleted: the Division
6.2	LABORATORY - The supplier will provide a laboratory with the necessary test equipment and personnel to test the asphalt for specification compliance. The testing may be done at more than one location, for example: terminal laboratory and refinery laboratory and the supplier may elect to have all or part of the tests conducted by a commercial laboratory.	Detetet, in Division

MP 401.02.25 ORIGINAL ISSUANCE: AUGUST 1973 REVISED: <u>May 2020</u> PAGE 3 OF 5

6.2.1 The principal laboratory must be accredited by the <u>AASHTO:resource</u>, or have applied for such inspection and shall participate in the <u>AASHTO:resource</u> Proficiency Sample Testing Program. Exceptions will be made for those materials for which <u>AASHTO:resource</u> does not provide accreditation or a proficiency sample testing program. In such cases <u>MCS&T</u> may conduct its own inspection as a substitute for the <u>AASHTO:resource</u> inspection.

7. SAMPLING AND TESTING

- 7.1 Sampling and testing shall consist of Quality Control tests by the supplier and testing of monitor samples and field samples by <u>MCS&T</u>. <u>MCS&T</u> field samples, when available, will also be used in the evaluation.
- 7.2 The supplier will obtain samples of all materials to be shipped to <u>West Virginia</u> <u>Department of Highway (WVDOH)</u> projects, at a minimum sampling frequency of one sample each time the tank is filled, or new material is added. <u>All tests required</u> by the specifications will be conducted on each batch.
- 7.3 The supplier will evaluate the test results. If any <u>lot</u> of asphalt does not meet specifications, it must be reworked or reblended until it does meet specifications, or that <u>lot (batch)</u> of material must not be shipped to <u>WVDOH</u> projects. The test data will be submitted to <u>MCS&T</u>.
- 7.4 <u>MCS&T</u> will obtain and test monitor samples, of all materials to be shipped to <u>WVDOH</u> projects. <u>An MCS&T</u> inspector or consultant will visit each supplier approximately <u>three</u> times per year for the purpose of <u>collecting liquid asphalt</u> samples. The inspector <u>or consultant</u> will obtain samples of each material for which the supplier is certified, or wishes to become certified, and has in stock. Additional visits to obtain samples may be made if additional data is needed to evaluate a specific material. These samples will be tested for compliance with all requirements of the governing specifications. <u>Suppliers must include a Certificate of Analysis</u> (COA) for all materials certified at the time of sampling.

7.5 <u>MCS&T</u> will evaluate the Quality Control data, monitor sample data and any field sample data that may have been obtained, at intervals of approximately 30 days. If the asphalt does not meet the required criteria, a review will be made of the entire system. This may include sampling and testing procedures, and resampling and testing of both Quality Control and <u>MCS&T</u> samples. If this does not resolve the problem and the asphalt still does not meet the criteria, future shipments of that asphalt must be made using the procedure given for Level Two, in Section 8.3 of this MP, until, the criteria is met.

 7.5.1
 If the material continues to not meet specifications or if the supplier has not manufactured a certified material or materials for a maximum of 2 years, then MCS&T retains the right to remove the certification from that material(s).

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MP 401.02.25 ORIGINAL ISSUANCE: AUGUST 1973 REVISED: <u>May 2020</u> PAGE 4 OF 5

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PAGE 4 OF 5	
Performance Graded Binders, Asphalt Emulsions and Asphalt Plastic Cement shall adhere to the WVDOH Specifications 705 and/or AASHTO:resource,	Formatted: Indent: Left: 0", Hanging: 0.75", No bullets or numbering
FIELD SAMPLES - Field samples will be tested for compliance with the governing	Deleted: - Dynamic Shear Rheometer (DSR) test results on original asphalt, after Thin Film Oven Test, and after Pressure Aging Vessel.,
specifications. If the material does not meet <u>these criteria</u> , it will not be shipped under Level Two procedures until the criteria is met.	Deleted: West Virginia Division of Highways Standard Specifications for Roads and Bridges, SectionWVDOH
	Deleted:
The percent within tolerance for field samples is defined as the percent of the material statistically predicted to be within the specification limits. It may be based on either the normal distribution, or the t-distribution, as applicable for the sample	Deleted: Cut-Back Asphalts - Viscosity and Penetration tests. Asphalt Emulsions - Viscosity, Penetration and Percent Residue tests. Asphalt Plastic Cement - Percent Nonvolatile Matter
size. The minimum number of samples for statistical evaluation is four. For fewer samples the evaluation of failing samples will be made on an individual basis.	Deleted: and evaluated in accordance with the criteria given in the flow chart.
When the requirements for certification have been met, the Division will notify the	Deleted:
supplier. Shipments may then be made using the procedure given for Level One	Deleted: this criteria
Quality Procedure, in Section 8.1 of this MP.	Deleted: such time as
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SHIPPING PROCEDURES	Formatted: Indent: Left: 0.75", No bullets or numbering
LEVEL ONE - To qualify for Level One shipment, the material must be from a certified terminal, or refinery, and must be included on the current list of approved Bituminous Materials. Shipments may be made at any time.	

8.2 The supplier will prepare a shipping invoice containing the following information: name and location of company, type and grade of asphalt, quantity and date shipped, and a statement that the asphalt meets specifications. In addition, for material shipped by <u>tanker</u>, the invoice will contain a statement that the transport vehicle has been inspected for contamination and has been found to be acceptable for the type of material being shipped.

7.6

7.8

7.9

8. 8.1

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- 8.3 LEVEL TWO Level Two shipments will consist of shipments of asphalt that are not included in the current list of Certified Bituminous Materials, or shipments that are made from unapproved terminals.
- 8.4 Each <u>lot</u> will be sampled by <u>MCS&T</u> or its <u>consultant</u>. The quantity represented by the sample will be the quantity in the storage tank at the time the sample is taken. A new sample must be taken when new material is added to the tank. In the case of materials stored in drums, or pails, the quantity represented by the sample will be the quantity of that <u>lot</u> on hand when the sample was taken.
- 8.5 If the sample meets specifications, shipments may be made until the entire <u>lot has</u> been shipped, or in the case of materials stored in tanks, until new material is added to the tank.
- 8.6 Shipments may be made in accordance with paragraph 8.2 of this <u>MP</u>, except that the specific <u>lot</u> of material must have been tested and must meet specifications. The

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MP 401.02.25 ORIGINAL ISSUANCE: AUGUST 1973 REVISED: <u>May 2020</u> PAGE 5 OF 5

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following additional information is required with the invoice: lot or tank number	
date shipped and destination.	

8.7 Asphalt that does not meet specifications may not be shipped until it has been reworked or <u>reblended and</u> meets specifications.

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statement: Laboratory Number ______, meets specifications. The laboratory number will be that which the Division assigns to the test report for that batch or LOT of material.

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Ron Stanevich, P.E. Director of Materials Control, Soils and Testing

MP 604.02.40 P SUPERCEDES: <u>OCTOBER 2014</u> REVISED: <u>AUGUST 12, 2019 JULY</u> 2020

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WEST VIRGINIA DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION DIVISION OF HIGHWAYS MATERIALS CONTROL, SOILS AND TESTING DIVISION

MATERIALS PROCEDURE

INSPECTION AND ACCEPTANCE PROCEDURES FOR PRECAST CONCRETE PRODUCTS

1. PURPOSE

1.1 To set forth procedures for the inspection and acceptance of precast concrete products, including inlets, manholes, box culverts, 3-sided bridge units, retaining wall panels, headwalls, wingwalls, lagging, junction boxes, and any other precast products, and the approval of the plants at which they are fabricated.

2. SCOPE

- 2.1 This procedure will apply to all precast concrete products supplied for use on West Virginia Division of Highways projects and to all precast concrete product fabricators that supply material for use on West Virginia Division of Highways projects.
- 2.2 For prestressed concrete members refer to MP 603.10.40 "Inspection and Acceptance Procedure for Prestressed Concrete Bridge Beams."

3. FABRICATOR APPROVAL

- 3.1 All precast concrete product fabricators (hereafter referred to as the Fabricator) shall be approved by Materials Control Soils and Testing MCS&T Division prior to the start of any work for the WVDOH. If not listed on the WVDOH Approved List of Precast Concrete Fabricators, a Fabricator shall contact MCS&T Division a minimum of six weeks prior to the planned date on which fabrication is to begin to initiate the approval process.
- 3.2 In order for a Fabricator to be approved and listed on the WVDOH Approved List of Precast Concrete Fabricators, they must be NPCA (National Precast Concrete

MP 604.02.40 P SUPERCEDES: <u>OCTOBER 2014</u> REVISED: <u>AUGUST 12, 2019 JULY</u> 2020 PAGE 2 OF 7

Deleted: MAY 2018

Association) certified, QCAST (American Concrete Pipe Association) Certified, or have an equivalent type of certification.

- 3.3 The process for approving a Fabricator shall include, but not be limited to, an on-site visit to the fabrication plant by a WVDOH representative from MCS&T Division. During this visit, the WVDOH Quality Assurance (QA) personnel shall inspect the fabrication facility and Quality Control (QC) lab, meet with QC and other key personnel from the Fabricator, and sample component materials which will be used in the fabrication of precast items.
- 3.3.1 Sampling and testing of component materials shall be done in accordance with MP 603.02.10. Copies of recent component delivery tickets should be presented on the day of sampling. All component materials must be approved prior to the start of fabrication.
- 3.3.1.1 Any Fabricator which does not produce for the WVDOH for a period of 2 years shall be removed from the Approved Fabricator list. After removal from the approved list, before a Fabricator can again produce for the WVDOH, they must repeat the approval process. Sampling of component materials will not continue when the plant is not listed on the Approved Fabricator list.
- 3.3.2 Personnel from the Fabricator required to be present during the initial on-site visit and meeting between WVDOH and Fabricator shall include representatives from Production and Quality Control. Any questions and concerns regarding WVDOH requirements, including applicable Specifications, Materials Procedure (MP's), Standard Details, and QC/QA Inspections shall be addressed at this meeting.
- 3.3.3 The Fabricator must submit the Quality Control Manual/Plan for review at this meeting.
- 3.4 All Concrete Mix Designs which will be used on products fabricated for the WVDOH must be submitted for review & approval, prior to the start of fabrication. All Any design mixes with an aggregate(s) that have has a reactivity classes R1, R2, and or R3, as shown as in Approved Aggregates Source List, shall be developed in accordance with subsection 601.3.1.1. If an aggregate Source is not listed on the Approved Aggregates Source, in accordance with AASHTO T 303, to determine the reactivity class of the aggregate prior to its use on any WVDOH project. The Division will inform the Fabricator of the reactivity class of aggregates that they are proposing to use. If a cement Source and/or a SCM Source are not listed on the Approved Source List, the

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MP 604.02.40 P SUPERCEDES: <u>OCTOBER 2014</u> REVISED: <u>AUGUST 12, 2019 JULY 2020</u> PAGE 3 OF 7

Deleted: MAY 2018 Deleted: MAY

Division will test cement and/or SCM from that Source prior to its use on any WVDOH project.

3.5 The Fabrication Plant QC Personnel, as a minimum, shall be a certified ACI Grade I Concrete Field Testing Technician and/or a WVDOH PCC Inspector.

4. FABRICATION & INSPECTION OF PRODUCTS

- 4.1 Prior to beginning fabrication of any precast concrete products, the Fabricator shall provide written or email notification to MCS&T Division at least one calendar week in advance of the date on which fabrication is to begin.
- 4.1.1 Depending upon the precast items being fabricated, MCS&T Division may choose to monitor fabrication. Fabrication of structurally significant products such as box culverts and 3-sided bridge units shall be monitored. Other items may be monitored at the discretion of MCS&T.
- 4.1.2 After fabrication has begun, the Fabricator shall keep MCS&T Division and the Inspector (whether a WVDOH employee or a contract employee representing the WVDOH) informed in advance of the days on which fabrication will take place.
- 4.2 Shop Drawings must be approved by the West Virginia Division of Highways prior to the start of any work by the Fabricator. The Inspector must have a copy of these approved shop drawings prior to start of any work by the Fabricator.
- 4.3 Concrete cylinders shall be made for compressive strength testing with 6-inch by 12-inch (150 mm by 300 mm) or 4-inch by 8-inch (100 mm by 200 mm) molds. The cylinders are to be cured in the same area as the products for which they represent (Field Cured as outlined in AASHTO T23) until tested to create a curing environment similar to the product that they represent. A compressive strength test shall consist of the average result of a set of cylinders, which is at least two cylinders. Form removal isn't to be allowed until concrete has reached 50% of the design strength, unless otherwise specified. If forms are stripped from box culverts at 50% of the design strength, another curing method from section 601.12, or AASHTO M259, or M273 (whichever is applicable) must be used until 70% of the design strength is obtained.

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MP 604.02.40 P SUPERCEDES: <u>OCTOBER 2014</u> REVISED: <u>AUGUST 12, 2019 JULY 2020</u> PAGE 4 OF 7

- 4.3.1 For both conventional concrete and SCC mixes, a minimum of one set of compressive strength cylinders shall be fabricated from every 7 yards of concrete, or fraction thereof, with a minimum of one set per day per mix design. Both the form removal strength and the 28-day strength must be confirmed by a set of cylinders. Cylinders shall be the same size as those used in the initial approved mix design. For conventional concrete, slump, temperature, and air content tests shall be conducted on the first batch of concrete each day and every time that cylinders are fabricated. For SCC mixes, spread, temperature, and air content tests shall be conducted on every batch. For all types of concrete, unit weight and yield tests shall be conducted on the first batch of concrete each day and thereafter as deemed necessary by Quality Control and Quality Assurance Personnel.
- 4.4 When required, absorption tests are to be conducted in accordance with ASTM C642-13, and tests should be conducted on a weekly basis for each mix design used, at a minimum, unless otherwise specified.
- 4.5 Unless otherwise specified, plastic concrete shall have an air content measured at $7 \pm 2\%$.
- 4.5.1 Prior to the use of Self-Consolidating Concrete in precast items all mix designs must be submitted to MCS&T for approval and meet the requirements of the following table. Test results from trial batches produced by the laboratory which designed it shall be included in the submittal. The compressive strength of the design mix shall be at least 15% above the specified design strength.

Fresh Property	Mix Design Batch Acceptance Criteria
Air Content	7±1.5%
Spread (ASTM C1611)	Target \pm 1.5 inches (38 mm) 2 seconds $\leq T_{50} \leq$ 7 seconds Visual Stability Index \leq 1.0
Passing Ability (ASTM C1621)	J-Ring Value ≤ 1 inch (25 mm)
Segregation Resistance (ASTM C1610)	Segregation ≤ 12%
Unit Weight and Yield	±2% of Theoretical

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4.5.2 The following table lists the criteria for SCC production.

Table 4.5.2 - SCC Production Acceptance

Fresh Property	Production Acceptance Criteria
Air Content	7±2%
Spread (ASTM C1611)	Target ± 2 inches (50 mm)2 seconds $\leq T_{50} \leq 7$ secondsVisual Stability Index ≤ 1.0
Concrete Temperature	<90°F (32°C)
Unit Weight and Yield	$\pm 2\%$ of Theoretical

4.5.3 SCC should only be given minimal vibration; and shall not be dropped from a distance greater than 4 feet relative to the top of the form.

5. FINAL INSPECTION

- 5.1 After fabrication is completed and prior to shipment, the precast items will be stored on dunnage. The Fabricator shall provide MCS&T Division with a written or email request for final inspection a minimum of one calendar week prior to the desired date of inspection. Effective communication from the Fabricator to MCS&T Division and Consultant Inspection Agency is the key to avoiding any scheduling conflicts regarding final inspection.
- 5.2 At the final inspection, the fabricator shall provide the inspector with documentation of required data pertinent to the product(s) being produced. Attached to this document is a sample inspection sheet to be used as a guide for presenting this information. This documentation is also available on the MCS&T Division Website¹.
- 5.2.1 For the final inspection, the Inspector may witness compressive strength tests if required, inspect repairs as needed, and conduct a thorough visual examination of each member. A copy of the Inspector's daily reports, a copy of the final inspection report,

 $^{^{1}\} https://transportation.wv.gov/highways/mcst/Pages/WVDOH-Materials-Procedures.aspx$

MP 604.02.40 P SUPERCEDES: <u>OCTOBER 2014</u> REVISED: <u>AUGUST 12, 2019 JULY</u> 2020 PAGE 6 OF 7

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and all other pertinent information provided to the Inspector by the Fabricator shall be kept on file by MCS&T Division.

5.2.2 For box culverts, trial fitting of adjacent pieces, prior to shipping, will be required as part of the final inspection process. Each adjacent box culvert will be stacked in pairs vertically; the gaps between each pair will be measured, and dunnage will be placed below the bottom culvert to prevent damage. The maximum gap between the adjacent pieces shall not exceed ½ inch (13 mm), unless otherwise stated in the construction plans.

6. ACCEPTANCE & REJECTION

- 6.1 Upon completion of final inspection, if a precast product meets all specification requirements and does not contain any defects, the Inspector will stamp the precast product as accepted by MCS&T Division and provide a 7-digit Laboratory Reference Number for shipment.
- 6.2 If, however, the precast product does not meet all specification requirements due to damage, defect, or dimensional tolerance, the product must be further evaluated before potential acceptance by the MCS&T Division or the District for which the product was produced, as discussed further in the next sections.
- 6.2.1 Minor damage and/or defects may be repaired in accordance with the pre-approved repair procedures which should be incorporated within the Fabricator QC Plan. For cracks 4 mils (.1 mm) or less a silane treatment may be used. Cracks between 4 mils (0.1 mm) and 16 mils (0.4 mm) shall be repaired by epoxy injection in accordance with Section 603.10.2. Products with cracks exceeding 16 mils (4 mm) shall be rejected by MCS&T. If repairs appear satisfactory and all other specifications are met, the Inspector shall stamp the product as approved for shipment. MCS&T Division will issue a 7-digit Laboratory Reference Number for acceptance.
- 6.2.2 Major damage and/or defects shall be evaluated on a case-by-case basis. If a product is approved for repair and if repairs appear satisfactory, the Inspector shall stamp the product as approved for shipment.
- 6.2.3 If a product does not meet specification requirements due to dimensional measurements not within tolerance, the product must be evaluated by the contractor and or District as to its potential acceptance. If the decision is made to accept the product, acceptance

MP 604.02.40 P SUPERCEDES: <u>OCTOBER 2014</u> REVISED: <u>AUGUST 12, 2019</u> JULY 2020 PAGE 7 OF 7

Deleted: MAY 2018 Deleted: MAY

shall be provided by the District through a DMIR. If, however, the product will not be accepted, the Inspector will reject the product, and MSC&T Division will apply a Laboratory Reference Number documenting the rejected product.

Ronald L Stanevich, P. E. Director Materials Control, Soils and Testing Division

RLS:Mge ATTACHMENT

PRECAST CONCRETE PRODUCTS WVDOT DIVISION OF HIGHWAYS MCS&T DIVISION

SAMPLE FABRICATION CHECKLIST

		initiary vormoutons
NPCA (National Pr	recast Concrete Association) Certification	
CONCRETE COM	IPONENTS	
Mix Design Lab # (if applicable):	
Cement Source:		Fly Ash Source:
Coarse Aggregate S	Source 1:	Coarse Aggregate Source 2:
Cement Type:		Approved/Tested:
Fly Ash Type:		Approved/Tested:
Coarse Aggregate 1	:	Approved/Tested:
Coarse Aggregate 2	2:	Approved/Tested:
Fine Aggregate 1: _		Approved/Tested:
Fine Aggregate 2: _		Approved/Tested:
Batch Water Sourc	e:	Approved/Tested:
Admixtures:		
STEEL COMPON Reinforcement: Su	ENTS pplier(s): Description:	
	Description:	Lab Number:
	Description:	Lab Number:
Inserts: Supp	lier(s):	
	Description:	Lab Number:
SHIPLOOSE MAT	FRIAL	
Grates:	Fabricator:	
		Lab Number:

Preliminary Verifications

SHOP DRAWING REVIEW	
Approval Date:	

Fabricator:

Mastic:

Approved By:

Inspected at: _____ Lab Number: _____

PRECAST CONCRETE PRODUCTS WVDOT DIVISION OF HIGHWAYS MCS&T DIVISION SAMPLE FABRICATION CHECKLIST

Preliminary Verifications

POST POUR WORK		
Repairs:	Approved Repair Procedures:	
	Approved by:	Approval Date:
	Repair Witnessed:	
Comments:		

Sample Form Inspection (Pre-Placement of Concrete)

Product Type (s)				
Criteria	Design Dimension	Tolerance (±)	Actual Measurement	Within Tolerance
Fill in Form Information (if applicable)				
Height of Product (ft-inch)				
Depth of form (ft-inch)				
Inside Width of form (inch)				
Outside Width of form (inch)				
Inside Length of form (inch)				
Outside Length of form (inch)				
Wall Thickness (inch)				
Forms Square and Level ($$)				
Skew dimensions [if applicable (ft-inch)]				
Locations of inserts, sleeves, block outs, etc. ($$				

Product Type(s)	Form Properly sealed at joints & edges ($$)
	joints & edges (V)
Framework Constructed of metal on	Form Clean & Free of debris
concrete foundation ($$)	()
Form dimensionally correct ($$)	Release Agent applied ($$)
Other Information:	

Reinforcing Steel		
Reinforcing Steel		
(Condition)		
Fill in steel information		
(if applicable)		
Size & Grade		
Location & Lapping Length		
(\)		
Spacing and Clearances ($$)		
Chairs, Spacers properly		
used		

Sample Concrete Placement & Curing

Quality Control Concrete Testing		
Concrete Truck Arrival Concrete Truck		
Time	Departure Time	
Concrete Temp	Ambient Temp, Weather	
_	Conditions	
Slump/Spread	Air Content	
(inch)	(%)	
QC Tests performed per	Number & diameter (inch)	
Specifications & Passing	of Cylinders	
Comments:		

Placement of Concrete				
Lift	Start Time	Completion Time	Vibrated (External/Internal/Both)	
1 st				
2 nd				
3 rd				
4 th				
Placement of	Placement of Concrete Completion Time			
Comments:				

Curing/Finishing of Concrete		
Top Surface Finished Per Specification		
Lifting loops/inserts accessible		
Product Curing Location (Inside/Outside)		
Product Covered & Heat Applied (Time Start & Time Finished)		
Heat Sensors Installed ($$)		
Compressive Strength Cylinders Stored with Product under Curing/Normal Environment ($$)		
Compressive Strength Test Conducted when curing was discontinued ($$)		
Comments:		

Sample Concrete Post Pour Product Inspection

Product	
Visual Inspection for Damage ($$)	
Notes (Size & Location of cracks, spalls,	
honeycomb, etc.)	
Products in Need of Repair ($$)	
Repair Method Approved ($$)	
Comments:	

Product Type (s)				
Criteria	Design Dimension	Tolerance (±)	Actual Measurement	Within Tolerance
Fill in Form Information (<u>if applicable</u>)				
Height of Product (ft-inch)				
Inside Width of product (inch)				
Outside Width of product (inch)				
Inside Length of product (inch)				
Outside Length of product (inch)				
Wall Thickness (inch)				
Product Square and Level ($$)				
Skew dimensions [if applicable (ft-inch)]				
Locations of inserts, sleeves, block outs, etc. $()$				

MP 604.02.40 P - ATTACHMENT ISSUED: OCTOBER 2014 REVISED: FEBRUARY 2018 PAGE 6 OF 7

Product	
Dimensional Tolerances Met? (yes or no)	
Heights (yes or no)	
Widths (yes or no)	
Depths (yes or no)	
Wall Thickness(es) (yes or no)	
Inserts, sleeves, lifting points, etc. (yes or no)	
All Concrete Finishes per specification (yes or no)	
Product properly transported (yes or no)	
Product stored on proper dunnage (yes or no)	
Design Shipping Strength met (yes or no)	
Repairs Satisfactory (yes or no)	
Product Stamped for Final Inspection (yes or no)	
Comments:	

MP 604.02.40 P - ATTACHMENT ISSUED: OCTOBER 2014 REVISED: FEBRUARY 2018 PAGE 7 OF 7

			Samp	le Inspectio	n Sheet			
Inspection D	Date QC Personnel QC Signature							
Fabricator_		Location						
Project Nam	e	W	V State Pr	oject #	F	ederal Proj	ject #	
Authorizatio	on #		Ins	pection dor l Reinforce	ne by			
Reinforceme	ent Supplier							
Description_				Approve	d Lab #			
Description_				Approve	d Lab #			
Description_	1	I		Approve		1	1	
Product Description	Quantity	Date Cast	Slump/ Spread (inch)	Air Content (%)	Design Strength (psi)	Cylinder Breaks (psi)	Date Of Break	Absorption (%)
Type "D" inlet								
Type "G" inlet								
36-inch Manhole (base, riser,								
top) 48-inch								
Manhole (base, riser, top)								
10'0"x 12'0" Box Culvert								NA
Lagging 8"x24"x54"								NA
Type A Reinforced Panel								NA
6'0" Coping								NA
24-inch Wing wall								

MP 106.00.03 ISSUED: XX,XX,XXX PAGE 1 OF 4

WEST VIRGINIA DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION DIVISION OF HIGHWAYS MATERIALS CONTROL, SOILS AND TESTING DIVISION

MATERIALS PROCEDURE

GUIDELINES FOR ESTABLISHING AND MAINTAINING APPROVED <u>PRODUCT</u> LISTS OF MATERIALS, <u>SYSTEMS</u> AND SOURCES

1. PURPOSE

- 1.1
 To establish general guidelines for establishing and maintaining approved

 product/producers lists of material producers, distributors and sources, commonly

 known as the Approved Product List (APL), which are frequently on WVDOH

 projects.
- 1.2 This Materials Procedure (MP) is distinguished from MP 106.00.02 "Procedure for Evaluating Products/Processes for Use in Highway Construction" which outlines the procedure for considering completely new products that have not yet been specified, considered in construction plans, notes, or other construction documents. This MP outlines the creation of an APL for a material which has already had significant usage on construction projects and have been accepted using other methods as defined further in this document.

2. SCOPE

2.1 This procedure shall apply to all sources and materials that are suitable for acceptance with a reduced testing frequency. Because of the uniqueness or complexity of some products, additional Materials Procedures may be necessary to <u>supersede</u> the requirements to this procedure.

3. <u>REFERENCED</u> DOCUMENTS

- 3.1 West Virginia Division of Highways Standard Specifications, Roads and Bridges.
- 3.2 Materials Procedure 106.00.02 Procedure for Evaluating Products/Processes for Use in Highway Construction.
- 3.3 DD-105 Specification, Publication, and Material Procedures Approval.

4. **DEFINITIONS**

- 4.1 Champion: This is typically the appropriate Materials Control Soils and Testing (MCS&T) Division Group Supervisor or their designee shall put forth and recommend the new APL to the Director of MCS&T or their designee (Director.)
- 4.2 ST-1: Special Testing Form 1, this is the acceptance method for a material which does not otherwise have an acceptance method such as being on an Approved Product List, be designate by the Specifications, or a MP.

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MP 106.00.03 ISSUED: XX,XX,XXX PAGE 2 OF 4

4.3	Historic Usage: Documentation of a positive acceptance record of the product via the usage of ST-1.		
5.	REQUISITES FOR THE CREATION OF AN NEW APPROVED LIST		
5.1	A clear acceptance criterion, such as those listed in the following sections shall be established to govern the acceptance of the product. In order for a product or system to be considered as a candidate for a new APL, one <u>or more</u> of the following acceptance criteria shall be met:		<pre>pmmented [DB4]: These are all options, not ll of these need to be met, these aren't</pre>
5.1.1	WVDOH Specifications, Materials Procedures or other State Acceptance Criteria.		andates.
5.1.2	Approval by a WVDOH Committee outlined in DD-105, such as the "Roadway Departure Committee."		
5.1.3	Testing and or approval via information gathered from national agencies such as		Deleted: Approval
	NTPEP, ASSHTO, APEL etc.		Deleted: by
5 1 4			Deleted: approval
5.1.4	Historic usage and approval on state projects by ST-1s, special provisions, etc.		Deleted: other means such as
5.1.5	Consistent satisfactory compliance of the product with the WVDOH Specifications,		Deleted:
0.110			Deleted: plan notes
6.	APPROVED CRITERIA		Deleted: Standard
		Ŭ,	Deleted: governing specifications
6.1	Approval shall be granted by the Director to a <u>material</u> or source providing at least one of the following criteria are met:	Co	ommented [DME5]: See 4.1
6.1.1	The manufacturer of the material has developed and operates under a Division approved Quality Control Plan that sufficiently controls the quality of the <u>material</u> to the extent that the possibility of a substandard <u>material</u> being produced and shipped is substantially reduced, if not eliminated.		
6.1.2	The record of <u>Specification</u> compliance of the material or source is satisfactory to the Division.		Deleted: specification
6.1.3	The manufacturer has successfully undergone an evaluation of manufacturing and quality control processes that has led to certification or accreditation by a Division recognized accreditation agency.		
6.1.4	Acceptance or approval of a particular <u>material</u> by an AASHTO <u>national and/or</u> regional test program.		Deleted: national
6.1.5	Acceptable evaluation by <u>field-testing</u> of a <u>material</u> or product design analysis.		Deleted: field testing
<u>6.2</u>	Unless otherwise directed by the Director, acceptance criteria shall be documented and maintained by the Materials Lab Coordinator, or Materials Control Group.		Deleted: product Deleted: Champion
	This acceptance criteria shall be available in the MCS&T ProjectWise folder so other employees will be able to consistently duplicate approval process.		ommented [DME7]: Any reason, not just

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MP 106.00.03 ISSUED: XX,XX,XXX PAGE 3 OF 4

6.2.1	A sample of APL acceptance documentation is attached and the current version of this file is available on the WVDOH MCS&T Webpage Toolbox. ¹	Commented [DME8]: Should Webpage and Toolbox be capitalized?
7.	RETENTION OF APPROVED STATUS	Deleted: w
		Deleted: t
7.1	All approved materials or sources shall be subject to <u>validation through</u> periodic inspection and/or review to determine if the approved product(s) are maintaining the same characteristics and quality as <u>those</u> originally approved.	Deleted: at the discretion of the APL champion
7.1.1	This inspection and validation shall be performed at least once every two years,	Deleted: Validation
<u>/.1.1</u>	Once the process has been completed, each re-approved source shall retain its	Deleted: of all approved lists
	issued approval/lab number unless the product has changed from its original state enough to warrant a new number (For example, a new, updated version of the	Deleted: , or at a frequency as determined by the champion of the APL. Once the validation
	product.)	Deleted: validation
		Deleted: will
7.1.2	Re-approval verification shall be based on one or more of the following criteria;	Deleted: be issued a new approval
		Deleted: the champion determines
7.1.2.1	Satisfactory results from testing random samples collected at the source, supplier,	Deleted: Approval
	or from a Division project.	Deleted: as determined by the champion:
7.1.2.2	Re-inspection of the manufacturing and quality control processes.	
7.1.2.3	Satisfactory statistical evaluation of routine quality control test data supplied by the manufacturer.	
<u>7.1.2.4</u>	Certified statement from the manufacturer that the approved product is being manufactured under the same design, formulation, manufacturing process and quality control processes that were in effect when product or source was originally approved.	Commented [DME9]: With the 'or' in place a manufacturer could change the nut to a washer, change the material from brass to steel, and change the manufacturing process from cast to stamped, but as long as the same QC processes
7.1.2.5	Continued presence on an accepted national/regional program such as NTPEP or ASSHTO etc.	are in place the product is still approved.
8.	DOCUMENTATION AND AVAILABILITY OF APLS	
<u>8.1</u>	The new or updated APL shall be submitted to the Director for approval. Once approved, the APL will be uploaded to the MCS&T Webpage ² and distributed to the District Materials Supervisors and any other interested parties.	Commented [DB10]: As defined above, this can be your designee if you don't want to see the paperwork.
	the District Materials Supervisors and any other interested parties.	Deleted: The champion shall present the
8.1.1	All manufacturers or distributors of approved materials shall be required to	Deleted: to the
01111	reference their approval/lab number on the shipping documents (typically invoices)	
	that accompany the approved material to the project.	Commented [DB11]: 1.RLS Comment: "approval number" the same thing as a lab number? If so, is this not a requirement of the specifications? Is this MP reference in the specifications, if it's not, then it would be hard to hold them accountable in any way other than to remove them from the list.
	Ronald L. Stanevich, P.E. Director	DB response – they already do put this approval number on their invoice, we are just reminding everyone of that here. I'm not sure where is says that, but they LOVE telling folks what their approval number is.

¹ https://transportation.wv.gov/highways/mcst/Pages/tbox.aspx ² https://transportation.wv.gov/highways/mcst/Pages/APL_By_Number.aspx

MP 106.00.03 ISSUED: XX,XX,XXX PAGE 4 OF 4

Materials Control, Soils & Testing Division

<u>RLS:B</u>

Text Added to the following QC MPs:

307.00.50

401.03.50

601.03.50

717.04.21

If there is no test data representing the material, payment for the entire item shall be withheld, pending the Engineer's decision whether or not to allow the material to remain in place.

If the contractor fails to test the material in accordance with their Division Approved Quality Control Plan, and the Engineer allows the material to remain in place, the Division will not pay for the material represented by the absent test. However, the Division will still pay for the cost of the placement of the material, including labor and equipment. The invoice or material supplier cost (if applicable), determined at the time of shipment, shall be used to calculate the cost of material.

MP 307.00.50 SUPERCEDES SEPTEMBER 2013 REVISED: OCTOBER, 2019

WEST VIRGINIA DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION DIVISION OF HIGHWAYS MATERIALS CONTROL, SOILS AND TESTING DIVISION

MATERIALS PROCEDURE

GUIDE FOR QUALITY CONTROL AND ACCEPTANCE PLANS FOR SUBGRADE, BASE COURSE, AND AGGREGATE ITEMS

1. PURPOSE

- 1.1 The purpose of this Materials Procedure (MP) is to establish minimum requirements for the Contractor's Quality Control (QC) Program and Acceptance Plan. It is intended that these requirements be used as a procedural guide in detailing the inspection, sampling, and testing deemed necessary to maintain compliance with the material and Specification requirements.
- 1.2 To establish procedural guidelines for approval and documentation of the Master QC Plan.

2. SCOPE

2.1 This procedure is applicable to Aggregate items placed in the field. It outlines the quality control procedures for items used and includes procedures for approving and using a Master and/or Project Specific Quality Control (QC) Plan. This procedure also aids in documentation and retention of the QC Plan in ProjectWise.

3. REFFERENCED DOCUMENTS

- a) MP 300.00.51 Procedural Guidelines for Maintaining Control charts for Aggregate Gradations
- b) MP 700.00.54 Procedure for Evaluating Quality Control Sample Test Results with Verification Sample Test Results
- c) MP 700.00.06 Aggregate Sampling Procedures
- d) ML-25, Procedure for Monitoring the Activities Related to Sieve Analysis of Fine and Coarse Aggregate
- e) WV Division of Highways Construction Manual, Current Edition
- f) WV Division of Highways Standard Specifications, Current Edition & Supplementary

4. GENERAL REQUIREMENTS

4.1 The Contractor shall provide and maintain a QC system that will provide reasonable assurance that all materials and products submitted to the District for acceptance will conform to the contract requirements whether natural, manufactured or processed by the Contractor or procured from suppliers, subcontractors, or vendors. The Contractor shall perform or have performed the inspections and tests required to substantiate product conformance to contract document requirements and shall also perform or have performed all inspections and tests otherwise required by the contract. The Contractor's QC inspections and tests shall be documented and shall be available for review by the Engineer/District throughout the life of the contract. The Contractor shall maintain standard equipment and qualified personnel as required by the Specifications to assure conformance to contract requirements. Procedures will be subject to the review of the District before the work is started.

5. QUALITY CONTROL PLAN

- 5.1 The Contractor shall prepare a QC Plan detailing the type and frequency of inspection, sampling, and testing deemed necessary to measure and control the various properties of materials and construction governed by the Specifications. As a minimum, the sampling and testing plan should detail sampling location, sampling techniques, and test frequency to be utilized. Attachment #1 shows guidelines for the QC Plan. QC sampling and testing performed by the Contractor may be utilized by the District for acceptance.
- 5.1.1 A QC Plan must be developed by the Contractor and submitted to the Engineer/District prior to the start of construction on every project. Acceptance of the QC Plan by the Engineer/District will be contingent upon its concurrence with these guidelines.
- 5.2 As work progresses, an addendum(s) may be required to the QC Plan to keep the QC program current. Personnel may be required to show proof of certification for testing.
- 5.3 QC Plan Guidelines: The QC plan shall include but not be limited to the following information:
- 5.3.1 Name of company official responsible for QC program. Contact phone number(s) and email(s) shall be included in the cover letter.
- 5.3.2 List certified personnel as specified in Section 106 of the Specifications, whether from the submitting company, consultant testing firm, or both.
- 5.3.3 List of the Aggregate items to be controlled by QC Plan.
- 5.3.4 Sampling and Testing Plan: As a minimum, the sampling and testing plan should detail sampling locations, test methods, and test frequencies to be used. To facilitate the District's monitoring activities, which are described in Section 7.1, all completed gradation samples must be retained by the Contractor until further disposition is designated by the District Materials Supervisor. The QC Plan should state where and how these samples will be maintained. Applicable sections of Materials Letter ML-25 should be used for guidance.
- 5.3.5 Testing Facility: The plan shall state the specific location where the samples(s) will be tested and retained.
- 5.3.6 Documentation Plan: The Contractor's plan to document and distribute test results shall be described.

- 5.3.7 Forms and Distribution: Approved processing forms available on the MCS&T Webpage¹ shall be used to record the test data. Gradation tests will be recorded on Form T300. The laboratory reference number will always start with a "C" for all QC samples taken and tested by the Contractor. One copy of each completed form should be retained by the Contractor until the work is completed and accepted. The original signed copy of the test data is to be delivered to the District Materials Supervisor. To be an effective QC function, tests must be completed and results distributed in a regular and timely manner. The plan, therefore, must state what action will be taken in the event that testing and reporting are not completed in a reasonable period of time preferably within72 hours after the sample is taken (at the discretion of the District.)
- 5.3.8 Control Charts: The Specifications require the plotting of gradation test results on control charts using the moving average concept as described in MP 300.00.51. The QC Plan should state where and how the charts shall be maintained and made available to District personnel. These charts are part of the District's acceptance procedures and must be available to the District when the project is completed or at the request of the District personnel. At the Contractor's request, the requirement of Control Charts may be waived on a per project basis. The Contractor will submit a written request to the District asking that the Control Charts be waived. The District will make a determination based on the size of the project and the number of gradation tests required.
- 5.3.9 Disposition of Non-Specification Material: The Contractor shall provide a detailed plan of action for the immediate notification of all parties involved in the event that nonconforming situations are detected.
- 5.3.10 Types of QC Plans
- 5.3.10.1 QC Plans which are intended for use on more than one project shall be defined as Master QC Plans. Section 6.1 outlines the procedures for Master QC Plan submittal and approval.
- 5.3.10.2 QC Plans which are intended for use on a single project shall be defined as Project Specific QC Plans. Project Specific QC Plans shall contain a cover letter which includes the following: project description, CID#, and Federal and/or State Project Number.
- 5.3.10.3 A contractor may submit a project specific cover letter referencing the Master QC plan instead of a Project Specific QC Plan.
- 5.3.10.4 Once any QC Plan is approved for a project, the key-date shall be entered in Site Manager by the appropriate District Materials personnel. The first date entered shall be the date the Project QC Plan letter is received. The second date shall be when the District approves the QC Plan for use on the project.

¹ https://transportation.wv.gov/highways/mcst/Pages/tbox.aspx

6. MASTER QUALITY CONTROL PLAN

- 6.1 The intent of a Master QC Plan is to facilitate the approval process in a more uniform manner. The contract may submit a Master QC when their workload in a given District is routinely repetitive for the year.
- 6.1.1 The Contractor may submit a new Master Aggregate Items QC Plan each year to each District in which they have or expect to have work (see Attachment #2 for an example.) If the Contractor does not have work or does not have a history of work in a given District for the year, then a Master Field QC Plan shall not be submitted to that District.
- 6.1.2 The District will review the submitted Master QC Plan to see if it meets the requirements for the Aggregate Items in the QC Plan as per Section 5.3. If accepted, the District shall assign a laboratory reference number to the Master QC Plan for future referencing. The District will acknowledge approval of each Master QC Plan to the Contractor by letter (see Attachment #3 for an example), which will include the laboratory reference number and a copy of the approved Master QC Plan. This will then be scanned and placed in ProjectWise under the appropriate District's Org for that Contractor and/or Producer/Supplier.
- 6.1.3 Once a project has been awarded, if a Contractor elects to use the approved Master Aggregate Items QC Plan on that project, the Contractor shall submit a letter requesting to use the Master QC Plan for that project. This letter must be on the Contractor's letterhead, be addressed to the District Engineer/Manager or their designee, and contain the following information: project number, CID#, project description, type of QC Plan, and the laboratory reference number for the Master QC Plan. (See Attachment #4 for an example.)
- 6.1.4 The District shall review the referenced Master QC Plan to ensure it covers all items in the project. If the referenced Master QC Plan is found to be insufficient for some items on the project, the District shall request the Contractor to submit additional information for QC of those items as an addendum on a project specific basis. When the District is satisfied with the QC Plan for this project, a letter shall be sent to the Contractor acknowledging approval (see Attachment #5 for an example), with the following attached: the Contractor's project QC Plan request letter and the Master QCP approval letter. This shall then be placed in the project's incoming-mail mailbox in ProjectWise.
- 6.1.5 A Master QC Plan that has been approved for project use shall be good for the duration of that project, even if that project continues into future calendar years.
- 6.1.6 For the use of District Personnel, the District approval letter for this project must state the ProjectWise link to the referenced Master QC Plan for that Contractor. For example, WVDOT ORGS > District Organization #> Materials > Year>Master QC Plans, etc.
- 6.1.7 The Master Aggregate items QC Plan shall be valid for the duration of one calendar year beginning on January 1st and ending on December 31st.

7. ACCEPTANCE PLAN

- 7.1 The Specifications state that acceptance (verification) sampling and testing is the responsibility of the District and QC tests are the responsibility of the Contractor. Acceptance activities (sampled and tested at the frequency given in Section 7.1.2) may be accomplished by conducting verification sampling and testing completely independent of the Contractor and, in some cases, by witnessing tests performed by the Contractor, or by a combination of the two. The following guidelines provide a system, which should result in sufficient confidence in the Contractor's documentation of their QC operations to permit acceptance of the material in accordance with the procedure set forth in the Specifications.
- 7.1.1 The District shall review all information supplied by the Contractor on the QC Plan. Note, in particular, the qualifications of the sampler, tester, the location, and other qualifying statements about the testing facility. In the event that little qualifying information is supplied or has been demonstrated by the testing facility: Prior to work, the District (or their representative) shall review the availability, type, and suitability of the testing equipment and verify all calibrations. This information should be documented and kept available at the District Materials Section.
- 7.1.2 The District shall sample and test, completely independent of the Contractor, at a frequency equal to or greater than ten (10) percent of the frequency for testing given in the approved QC Plan. Witnessing the Contractor's sampling and testing activities may also be a part of the acceptance procedure, but only to the extent that such tests are considered "in addition to" the ten (10) percent independent tests.
- 7.1.3 Plot the results of gradation tests performed by the District on the Contractor's QC charts with a red circle, but do not include these values in the moving average. When the Contractor's tests are witnessed, circle the Contractor's test result on the control chart with red. These values are used in the moving average calculations. The laboratory number will always start with an "M" for all acceptance (verification) samples taken and tested in this manner by the District, and will always start with a "0" for all of the Contractor's tests, which are witnessed by the District.
- 7.1.4 Evaluate the results of acceptance (verification) tests, whether performed or witnessed by the District, in accordance with MP 700.00.54.

8. ABSENT TESTING OF MATERIAL

- 8.1 If there is no test data representing the material, payment for the entire item shall be withheld, pending the Engineer's decision whether or not to allow the material to remain in place.
- 8.2 If the contractor fails to test the material in accordance with their Division Approved Quality Control Plan, and the Engineer allows the material to remain in place, the Division will not pay for the material represented by the absent test. However, the Division will still pay for the cost of the placement of the material, including labor and equipment. The invoice or material supplier cost (if applicable), determined at the time of shipment, shall be used to calculate the cost of material.
- 8.3 If the evaluation indicates similarity with the QC test(s), the control chart will be considered acceptable to that point.
- 8.3.1 If dissimilarity is determined, an immediate investigation shall be conducted in an effort to determine the cause. Until the situation is resolved, any samples held in accordance with ML-25 will be retained and may be used in whatever manner deemed appropriate during the investigation.
- 8.4 Implement ML-25 for aggregate gradations.

Ronald L. Stanevich, P.E. Director Materials Control, Soils and Testing Division

RLS: M ATTACHMENTS

MP 401.03.50 P SUPERCEDES: MARCH 2000 REVISED: SEPTEMBER 3, 2019

WEST VIRGINIA DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION DIVISION OF HIGHWAYS MATERIALS CONTROL, SOILS AND TESTING DIVISION

MATERIALS PROCEDURE

GUIDE FOR QUALITY CONTROL PLANS FOR ASPHALT CONCRETE

1.1 This procedure presents uniform Quality Control (QC) guidelines for Contractor (and/or Producer(s)) to develop their QC Plan. All items listed are believed necessary to assure adequate product QC.

1.2 This procedure also creates a more uniform process for District Materials to review and approve Quality Control Plans for use on projects.

2. SCOPE

1.

- 2.1 This Material Procedure (MP) is applicable to, but not limited to the following Asphalt Concrete Items:
 - a. Base
 - b. Wearing
 - c. Patching and Leveling Courses
 - d. All P.W.L. Items

PURPOSE

e. Skid

3. GENERAL REQUIREMENTS

- 3.1 As stated in the Specifications, a QC Plan must be developed by the producer and submitted to the Engineer prior to construction. Acceptance of the Quality Control Plan by the Engineer will be contingent upon its concurrence with these guidelines. For this reason, the plan should clearly describe the methods by which the Quality Control Program will be conducted. For example, the items to be controlled, tests to be performed, testing frequencies, sampling locations and techniques all should be included and each item should be listed separately. Also, a detailed plan of action regarding disposition of non-specification material should be included. Such a plan should provide for immediate notification of all parties involved in the event non-conforming situations are detected. Attachment #1 may be used as an example Quality Control Plan for plant operations using all items that are applicable to the specific type of plant items produced. Attachment #2 may be used as an example Quality Control Plan for field operations using all items that are applicable to field work.
- 3.2 Inspection and testing records shall be maintained, kept current, and made available for review by the Engineer throughout the life of the contract. All other documentation, such as date of inspections, tests performed, temperature measurements, and any accuracy, calibration, or re-calibration checks performed on production or testing equipment should be recorded.

MP 401.03.50 P ORIGINAL ISSUANCE: NOVEMBER 1976 REVISED: SEPTEMBER 3, 2019 PAGE 2 OF 3

- 3.3 The Contractor shall maintain standard calibrated equipment and certified personnel in accordance with contract and specification requirements for the item(s) being produced.
- 3.4 The Division reserves the right to review all pertinent documents concerning equipment calibration used for testing and proof of certified personnel performing tests.

4. MASTER QUALITY CONTROL PLAN

- 4.1 The intent of a Master QC Plan is to facilitate the approval process in a more uniform manner. The contract may submit a Master QC when their workload in a given District is routinely repetitive for the year.
- 4.1.1 The Contractor may submit a new Master Asphalt Items QC Plan each year to each District in which they have or expect to have work. If the Contractor does not have work or does not have a history of work in a given District for the year, then a Master Field QC Plan shall not be submitted to that District.
- 4.1.2 The District will review the submitted Master QC Plans to see if they meet the requirements for the Asphalt Items in the QC Plan as per Section 5.3. If accepted, the District shall assign a laboratory reference number to the Master QC for future referencing. The District will acknowledge approval of each Master QC Plan to the Contractor by letter (see Attachment #3 for an example), which will include the laboratory reference number and a copy of the approved Master QC Plan. This will then be scanned and placed in ProjectWise under the appropriate District's Org for that Contractor and/or Producer/Supplier.
- 4.1.3 Once a project has been awarded, if a Contractor elects to use the approved Master Asphalt Items QC Plan on that project, the Contractor shall submit a letter requesting to use the Master QC Plan for that project. This letter must be on the Contractor's letterhead, be addressed to the District Engineer/Manager or their designee, and contain the following information: project number, CID#, project description, type of QC Plan, and the laboratory reference number for the Master QC Plan. (See Attachment #4a and 4b for Plant and Field operations respectively for examples.)
- 4.1.4 The District shall review the referenced Master QC Plan to ensure it covers all items in the project. If the referenced Master QC Plan is found to be insufficient for some items on the project, the District shall request the Contractor to submit additional information for QC of those items as an addendum on a project specific basis. When the District is satisfied with the QC Plan for this project, a letter shall be sent to the Contractor acknowledging approval (see Attachment #5 for an example), with the following attached: the Contractor's project QC Plan request letter and the Master QCP approval letter. This shall then be placed in the project's incoming-mail mailbox in ProjectWise.
- 4.1.5 A Master QC Plan that has been approved for project use shall be good for the duration of that project, even if that project continues into future calendar years.
- 4.1.6 For the use of District Personnel, the District approval letter for this project must state the ProjectWise link to the referenced Master QC Plan for that Contractor. For example, WVDOT ORGS > District Organization #> Materials > Year>Master QC Plans, etc.

MP 401.03.50 P ORIGINAL ISSUANCE: NOVEMBER 1976 REVISED: SEPTEMBER 3, 2019 PAGE 3 OF 3

4.1.7 The Master Asphalt items QC Plan shall be valid for the duration of one calendar year beginning on January 1st and ending on December 31st.

5. ASPHALT CONCRETE FOR MAINTENANCE

5.1 The provisions of this MP will also apply to asphalt concrete plant run purchase orders that is picked up at the plant by the Division's Maintenance forces. Yearly Master Plant and Field QCP's apply to Laydown Asphalt Concrete Purchase Orders awarded to vendors. Exceptions to this are as specified in the Purchase Order Maintenance Contract.

6. ACCEPTANCE PLAN

- 6.1 The Asphalt Concrete Material shall be accepted in accordance with material's specific MP and the Standard Specifications.
- 6.2 Key Dates for Site Manager
- 6.2.1 Once the Quality Control Plan is approved for the project the key date shall be entered into the current AASHTOWare software by the appropriate District Materials personnel. The first date entered shall be the date the Project Quality Control Plan letter is received. The second date shall be when the district approves the quality control plan for use on the project.

7. ABSENT TESTING OF MATERIAL

7.1 If there is no test data representing the material, payment for the entire item shall be withheld, pending the Engineer's decision whether or not to allow the material to remain in place.

7.2 If the contractor fails to test the material in accordance with their Division Approved Quality Control Plan, and the Engineer allows the material to remain in place, the Division will not pay for the material represented by the absent test. However, the Division will still pay for the cost of the placement of the material, including labor and equipment. The invoice or material supplier cost (if applicable), determined at the time of shipment, shall be used to calculate the cost of material. Formatted: Highlight

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Ronald L. Stanevich, P.E. Director Materials Control, Soils and Testing Division

RLS: CBe ATTACHMENTS

MP 601.03.50 P SUPERCEDES: SEPTEMBER 9, 2018 REVISED: JULY 2020 WEST VIRGINIA DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION DIVISION OF HIGHWAYS MATERIALS CONTROL, SOILS AND TESTING DIVISION

MATERIALS PROCEDURE

GUIDE FOR QUALITY CONTROL AND ACCEPTANCE REQUIREMENTS FOR PORTLAND CEMENT CONCRETE

1. PURPOSE

1.1 To establish minimum requirements for Contractor's Quality Control (QC) system and the Division's Acceptance Plan. It is intended that these minimum requirements be followed in detailing the inspection, sampling, and testing deemed necessary to maintain compliance with all specification requirements.

2. SCOPE

2.1 This Materials Procedure (MP) is applicable to all Portland Cement Concrete (PCC) items, and it outlines the quality control procedures for both plant and field operations and includes procedures for approving and using Master and/or Project Specific QC Plans. This procedure also aids in documentation and retention of QC Plans in ProjectWise.

3. GENERAL REQUIREMENTS

3.1 The Contractor shall provide and maintain a quality control system that will provide reasonable assurance that all materials and products submitted to the Division for acceptance will conform to the contract requirements whether manufactured or processed by the Contractor or procured from suppliers, subcontractors, or vendors. The Contractor shall perform or have performed the inspections and tests required to substantiate product conformance to contract document requirements and shall also perform or have performed all inspections and tests otherwise required by the contract. The Contractor's quality control inspections and tests shall be documented and shall be available for review by the Engineer throughout the life of the contract. The Contractor shall maintain standard equipment and qualified personnel as required by the Specifications to assure conformance to contract requirements. Procedures will be subject to the review of the Division before the work is started.

4. QUALITY CONTROL PLAN

4.1 The contractor shall prepare a QC Plan detailing the type and frequency of inspection, sampling, and testing deemed necessary to measure and control the various properties of materials and construction governed by the Specifications. As a minimum, the sampling and testing plan should detail sampling location, sampling techniques, and test frequency to be utilized. Quality control sampling and testing performed by the Contractor may be utilized by the Division for acceptance.

MP 601.03.50 P SUPERCEDES: SEPTEMBER 9, 2018 REVISED: JULY 2020 PAGE 2 OF 10

- 4.1.1 A QC Plan must be developed by the Contractor and submitted to the Engineer prior to the start of construction on every project. Acceptance of the QC Plan by the Engineer will be contingent upon its concurrence with these guidelines.
- 4.1.2 As work progresses, an addendum(s) may be required to a QC Plan to keep the QC program current. Personnel may be required to show proof of certification for testing.

4.2 Quality Control Plan Guidelines

- 4.2.1 The Plan shall identify the personnel responsible for the Contractor's quality control. This should include the company official who will act as the liaison with Division personnel, as well as the Certified Portland Cement Concrete Technician who will direct the inspection program at the plant or in the field depending if it is a plant or field QC Plan. Their phone number and email address must also be included as a means for contact by the Division personnel.
- 4.2.2 All classes of concrete and corresponding mix design numbers, which may be used, shall be listed on Plant QC Plan. All classes of concrete, which may be used, shall be listed on the Field QC Plan.
- 4.2.3 Process control sampling, testing, and inspection should be an integral part of the contractor's quality control system. In addition to the above requirements, the Contractor's QC Plan should document the process control requirements shown in Table 1 of Attachment 1. The process control activities shown in Table 1 are considered to be normal activities necessary to control the production and placement of a given product or material at an acceptable quality level. To facilitate the Division's activities, the Contractor, as per ML-25, shall retain all completed gradation samples until further disposition is designated by the Division.
- 4.2.4 All sampling and testing shall be in accordance with the methods and procedures required by the Specifications. Measuring and testing equipment shall be standard and properly calibrated as per the specified test procedures. If alternative sampling methods, procedures, and inspection equipment are to be used, they shall be detailed in the QC Plan.
- 4.2.4.1 Any individual who samples or tests plastic concrete for quality control purposes shall be certified as a WVDOH PCC Inspector.
- 4.2.4.2 Any Laboratory which tests the hardened concrete cylinders for the Contractor, for quality control purposes, shall be listed in the Contractor's QC Plan for field operations. This Laboratory shall provide evidence that it meets the applicable requirements in ASTM C1077, pertaining to testing hardened concrete cylinders, for a concrete testing laboratory, including curing facilities, testing equipment, technician proficiency, participation in the CCRL Concrete Proficiency Sample Program (PSP), Quality Management System documentation, and recordkeeping. The only test

MP 601.03.50 P SUPERCEDES: SEPTEMBER 9, 2018 REVISED: JULY 2020 PAGE 3 OF 10

required for these laboratories, in the CCRL Concrete PSP, is ASTM C39 (AASHTO T22), but it is recommended that the laboratory perform all the field test portions of these Proficiency Samples and maintain the results of these tests, in order to evaluate any root cause issues pertaining to compressive strength. Each Laboratory shall be inspected and evaluated initially, and at least once every regular inspection tour cycle (approximately 30 months) by the Cement and Concrete Reference Laboratory (CCRL). The ASTM standards pertaining to testing concrete cylinders, with which the subject laboratory must comply, include ASTM C39 (AASHTO T22), ASTM C617 (AASHTO T231) or ASTM C1231, and ASTM C511 (AASHTO M201). The Personnel Qualification requirements in Section 6 of ASTM C1077 regarding PE direction, Laboratory Supervisors, and concrete laboratory personnel testing certifications also apply, except that a Laboratory Supervisor with at least five years experience in construction materials testing shall be a permissible substitution for the licensed professional engineer. Subsequent documentation shall be provided to the Division showing that the subject Laboratory and personnel meet the applicable requirements of ASTM C1077, pertaining to testing concrete cylinders, for a concrete laboratory.

- 4.2.4.3 Any Laboratory which desires to test contractor hardened concrete QC specimens on WVDOH projects shall submit the evidence/documentation, required in Section 4.2.4.2, confirming compliance with ASTM C1077, with regards to testing concrete cylinders, to MCS&T Division at the following e-mail address: DOHMCSnTconcretelab@wv.gov. MCS&T Division will review this submittal. In this submittal, the subject Laboratory shall also explain how all deficiencies noted in the CCRL Laboratory Inspection Report have been addressed. All deficiencies noted in the CCRL Laboratory Inspection Report shall be resolved to the satisfaction of the Division within 90 days from the date of the CCRL Laboratory Inspection Report. Once MCS&T Division determines that the subject Laboratory is in compliance with the applicable requirements of ASTM C1077, and all deficiencies have been adequately resolved, that Laboratory will be placed on the Division's Approved List of Concrete Cylinder Testing Labs. All laboratories which test contractor hardened concrete QC specimens on WVDOH projects must be listed on the Division's Approved List of Concrete Cylinder Testing Labs. A listing of these laboratories is available on the WVDOT internet site at the following link: https://transportation.wv.gov/highways/mcst/Pages/APL_By_Number.aspx. All Division Approved Laboratories shall provide the Division with the CCRL Lab Number for their laboratory and agree to allow DOH, CCRL, and AASHTO re:source to freely share information about assessment reports, proficiency samples, corrective actions, quality management system, and personnel competency and certification records.
- 4.2.5 When calculating the compressive strength of concrete cylinders in accordance with AASHTO T22, the following procedure shall be used:

MP 601.03.50 P SUPERCEDES: SEPTEMBER 9, 2018 REVISED: JULY 2020 PAGE 4 OF 10

$$CS = \underline{ML}$$

$$0.25 \times \pi \times D^2$$

Where:

- CS = Compressive Strength of the specimen
- ML = Maximum load carried by the specimen during the test
- π = Mathematical constant PI
- D = Diameter of the cylinder being tested (in accordance with AASTO T 22)

Note: The calculation for CS shall be performed in one continuous step (without any rounding), either by the testing machine, or by calculating device, and only the final value (CS) is permitted to be rounded (to the accuracy specified in AASHTO T 22). The value for π shall be the manufacturer's pre-programmed value in a calculating device or the testing machine.

4.2.6 <u>Miscellaneous Concrete:</u>

The contractor is not required to perform the process control testing required by Part C of Table 1 of the Attachment on miscellaneous concrete (as defined in section 4.2.6.1), provided that the concrete in question is being supplied by an A1 or A2 plant (as defined in MP 601.05.50, formerly numbered as IM-18), and provided that the requirements of section 4.2.6.2 are met for each project on which the reduced testing of miscellaneous concrete is applied.

4.2.6.1 Miscellaneous concrete shall be defined as relatively small quantities, not exceeding 25 yd³ (19 m³) per day, incorporated into items that will not adversely affect the traffic carrying capacity of a completed facility. Such items would not include any concrete intended for major structures, permanent mainline or ramp pavements, or any other structurally critical items part of, or adjacent to the roadway.

The following items are suggested as a guideline in establishing items that may be categorized as miscellaneous concrete:

Note: Concrete testing for certain items below is waived, in some cases, by the referenced section of the specifications.

- 1 Sidewalks
- 2. Curb and Gutter
- 3. Slope walls for under drain outlet pipes
- 4. Temporary pavements and pipe crossings
- 5. Building floors
- 6. Slope paving and headers
- 7. Paved ditch or gutter
- 8. Small (less than 36" diameter) culvert headwalls

MP 601.03.50 P SUPERCEDES: SEPTEMBER 9, 2018 REVISED: JULY 2020 PAGE 5 OF 10

- 9. Catch basins, manhole bases, inlets, and junction boxes (and adjustments of such items) not located in the roadway
- 10. Foundations for breakaway supports
- 11. Utility trench fills
- 12. Cast-in-place survey markers
- 4.2.6.2 One sample per two days of production (for the same project) shall be tested (beginning on the first day of production) for compressive strength, air content, and consistency. On a minimum of ten percent of the samples outlined above, the Division will observe the batching operation at the plant (that is producing the concrete to be sampled) and check the operational control.
- 4.2.6.3 When placing miscellaneous concrete and no testing is required, an Approved Source Sample will be generated in Site Manager. The C####### representing the test from the previous day of production shall be entered in the intended use field. Miscellaneous Concrete will be entered in remarks. Miscellaneous Concrete will be written on all batch tickets for which testing is not required, per the miscellaneous concrete provisions of this MP, prior to scanning and placing in ProjectWise.

4.2.7 Documentation:

The Contractor shall maintain adequate records of all inspections and tests. The records shall indicate the nature and number of observations made, the number and type of deficiencies found, the quantities approved and rejected, and the nature of corrective action taken as appropriate. The Contractor's documentation procedures will be subject to the review and approval of the Division prior to the start of the work and to compliance checks during the progress of the work.

4.2.8 Charts and Forms:

All conforming and non-conforming inspections and test results shall be kept complete and shall be available at all times to the Division during the performance work. Forms shall be on a computer-acceptable medium where required. Batch ticket data shall be documented in accordance with the applicable section of MP 601.03.50, with a copy to be submitted to the District Materials Section within 72 hours of the concrete placement. Gradation data shall be documented on WVDOH form T300 using the material codes listed in the online computer systems user guide. The original gradation data shall be submitted to the District Materials Section within 72 hours of obtaining the gradation sample. Test data for Portland cement concrete shall be charted in accordance with the applicable requirements of MP 601.03.52. Gradation test data shall be plotted in accordance with the applicable requirements of MP 300.00.51. The Contractor may use other types of control charts as deemed appropriate by the Division. It is normally expected that testing and charting will be completed within 48 hours after sampling. The Contractor shall

MP 601.03.50 P SUPERCEDES: SEPTEMBER 9, 2018 REVISED: JULY 2020 PAGE 6 OF 10

also ensure that all Material Suppliers prepare and submit the HL-441 form (weekly supplier report) in a timely manner

4.2.8.1 All charts and records documenting the Contractor's quality control inspections and tests shall become property of the Division upon completion of the work.

4.2.9 Batch Tickets

Each batch of Structural Concrete, including miscellaneous concrete (as defined in section 4.2.6.1), delivered at the project shall be accompanied by one batch ticket with all of the items of information listed in section 4.2.9.1 pre-printed on the ticket. In the case of Portland Cement Concrete Pavement, each batch of concrete delivered at the project on which a test in accordance with Table 1 of Attachment 1 is to be performed shall be accompanied by a batch ticket. This batch ticket shall have all of the items listed in section 4.2.9.1 pre-printed on the ticket shall have all of the items listed in section 4.2.9.2 pre-printed on the ticket shall have all of the items listed in section 4.2.9.2 pre-printed on the ticket.

- 4.2.9.1 All batch tickets for Structural Concrete and Portland Cement Concrete Pavement Concrete transported by truck mixers shall have all of the following items preprinted on the ticket: Producer/Supplier Code, Producer/Supplier Name, Producer/Supplier Location, Mix Design Laboratory Reference Number, Date, Sequence Number, Volume (yd³/m³), Time Batched, Time Unloaded, Contract Identification Number (CID #), Federal and/or State Project Number, Material Code, Material Name, Water Allowed (Gallon/Liter), Water at Plant (Gallon/Liter), Weight of Ice at Plant (lb/kg), Water at Job (Gallon/Liter), Weight of Comment (lb/kg), Weight(s) of Pozzolan(s) (lb/kg), Weight of Fine Aggregate (lb/kg), Weight of Coarse Aggregate (lb/kg), Admixture Name(s) and Weight(s) (ounces), Temperature (°F/°C), Cylinder I.D., Initial Counter, Final Counter, Target Consistency (in/mm), Actual Consistency (in/mm), Target Air (%), Actual Air (%), Truck Number.
- 4.2.9.2 All batch tickets for concrete delivered by means of nonagitator trucks or truck agitators shall have all of the following items pre-printed on the ticket: Producer/Supplier Name, Mix Design Laboratory Reference Number, Date, Sequence Number, Volume (yd³/m³), Time Batched, Time Unloaded, CID#, Federal and/or State Project Number, Material Code, Material Name, Water Allowed (Gallon/Liter), Water at Plant (Gallon/Liter), Weight of Ice at Plant (lb/kg), Weight of Cement (lb/kg), Weight of SCM (lb/kg), Weight of Fine Aggregate (lb/kg), Weight of Coarse Aggregate (lb/kg), Admixture Name(s) and Weight(s) (ounces), Temperature (°F/°C), Target Consistency (in/mm), Actual Consistency (in/mm), Target Air (%), Actual Air (%), Truck Number.
- 4.2.9.3 The batch ticket in the case of either type of concrete shall be a pre-printed batch ticket prepared by the plant. This ticket may be either computer generated or a

MP 601.03.50 P SUPERCEDES: SEPTEMBER 9, 2018 REVISED: JULY 2020 PAGE 7 OF 10

standard pre-printed form with blank spaces provided in which all of the required data shall be recorded. The data items listed above that are completed in the field (such as Time Unloaded, Actual Consistency, etc.) must have a space on the batch ticket for completion. Volume is to be reported to the nearest 0.01 yd³ (0.01 m³). Consistencies are to be reported to the nearest 0.25 inch (5 mm). Target and Actual Air are to be reported to the nearest 0.1% (to the nearest 0.25% if the volumetric method is used).

4.2.10 <u>Corrective Action:</u>

The Contractor shall take prompt action to correct conditions, which have resulted, or could result, in the submission to the Division of materials and products, which do not conform to the requirements of the Contract documents.

- 4.2.11 <u>Non-Conforming Materials</u>:
- 4.2.11.1 The contractor shall establish and maintain an effective and positive system for controlling non-conforming material, including procedures for its identification, isolation and disposition. Reclaiming or reworking of non-conforming materials shall be in accordance with procedures acceptable to the Division. All non-conforming materials and products shall be positively identified to prevent use, shipment, and intermingling with conforming materials and products. Holding areas, mutually agreeable to the Division and the Contractor shall be provided by the Contractor.
- 4.2.12 Types of QC Plans:
- 4.2.12.1 QC Plans which are intended for use on more than one project shall be defined as Master QC Plans. Section 4.3 outlines the procedures for Master QC Plan submittal and approval.
- 4.2.12.2 QC Plans which are intended for use on a single project shall be defined as Project Specific QC Plans. Project Specific QC Plans shall contain a cover letter which includes the following: project description, CID#, Federal and/or State Project Number.
- 4.2.12.3 A contractor may submit a Master QC Plan for Plant and/or Field operations instead of a Project Specific QC Plan.
- 4.2.12.4 Once any QC Plan is approved for a project, the key date shall be entered in Site Manager by the appropriate District Materials personnel. The first date entered shall be the date the Project QC Plan letter is received. The second date shall be when the district approves the QC Plan for use on the project.

MP 601.03.50 P SUPERCEDES: SEPTEMBER 9, 2018 REVISED: JULY 2020 PAGE 8 OF 10

- 4.3 <u>Master QC Plan</u>
- 4.3.1 The intent of Master QC Plans is to facilitate the approval process in a more uniform manner. Master QC Plans can be submitted to the Division by the Contractor when their workload in a given District is routinely repetitive for the year.
- 4.3.2 The Contractor shall submit a Master Field QC Plan yearly to each District in which they have work (see Attachment 2). If the Contractor does not have work in a given District for the year, then a Master Field QC Plan does not need to be submitted to that District.
- 4.3.3 The Producer/Supplier shall submit a Master Plant QC Plan at the beginning of each year to the District in which their plant is located (see Attachment 3).
- 4.3.4 The District will review the submitted Master QC Plans to see if they meet the applicable requirements of Sections 4.2 thru 4.2.11.1 and assign a Laboratory Reference Number to each QC Plan upon approval, for future referencing. The District will acknowledge approval of each Master QC Plan to the Contractor and/or Producer/Supplier by letter (see Attachment 4), which will include the Laboratory Reference Number and a copy of the approved Master QC Plan. This will then be scanned and placed in ProjectWise under the appropriate District's Org for that Contractor and/or Producer/Supplier.
- 4.3.5 Once a project has been awarded, if a contractor elects to use the approved Master Plant and Master Field QC Plans on that project, the Contractor shall submit a letter requesting to use the Master QC Plans for that project. This letter must be on the Contractor's letterhead, be addressed to the District Engineer/Manager or their designee, and contain the following information: project number, CID#, project description, type of Quality Control Plan and the laboratory reference number for the Master QC Plan. See Attachment 5 for an example of a plant letter and Attachment 6 for an example of a field letter.
- 4.3.5.1 The District shall review the referenced Master QC Plans to ensure they cover all items in that project. If the referenced Master QC Plan is found to be insufficient for some items on that project, the District shall request the Contractor to submit additional information for quality control of those items as an addendum on a project specific basis. When the District is satisfied with the QC Plan for that project, a letter shall be sent to the Contractor acknowledging approval (see Attachment 7), with the following attached: the contractor's project QC Plan request letter and the Master QC Plan approval letter. This shall then be placed in the project's incoming-mail mailbox in ProjectWise.
- 4.3.5.2 A Master QC Plan that has been approved for project use shall be good for the duration of that project.

MP 601.03.50 P SUPERCEDES: SEPTEMBER 9, 2018 REVISED: JULY 2020 PAGE 9 OF 10

- 4.3.5.3 For the use of Division Personnel, the District approval letter for this project must state the ProjectWise link to the referenced Master QC Plan for that Contractor (for example: WVDOT ORGS > District Organization #> Materials > Year > Master QC Plans).
- 4.3.6 The Master Field and Plant QC Plans shall be valid for the duration of one calendar year beginning on January 1st and ending on December 31st. The Master Plant QC Plan will also cover maintenance purchase order concrete for the year.

5. ACCEPTANCE SAMPLING AND TESTING

- 5.1 Acceptance sampling and testing is the responsibility of the Division. Quality control tests by the Contractor may be used for acceptance.
- 5.2 The Division shall sample and test for applicable items completely independent of the contractor at a frequency equal to approximately ten (10) percent of the frequency for testing given in the approved QC Plan. Witnessing the contractor's sampling and testing activities may also be a part of the acceptance procedure, but only to the extent that such tests are considered "in addition to" the ten (10) percent independent tests.
- 5.3 Results from independent tests conducted by the Division for gradation, entrained air, consistency, and strength will be plotted on the Contractor's quality control charts with a red circle, but are not to be included in the moving average. When the Contractor's tests are witnessed, the results are circled on the control chart in red, and are to be included in the moving average calculations.
- 5.4 Results from both independent tests and witnessed tests will be evaluated in accordance with MP 700.00.54. If a dissimilarity is detected, an investigation shall be immediately initiated to determine the cause of the dissimilarity.

6. ABSENT TESTING OF MATERIAL

- 6.1 If there is no test data representing the material, payment for the entire item shall be withheld, pending the Engineer's decision whether or not to allow the material to remain in place.
- 6.2 If the contractor fails to test the material in accordance with their Division Approved Quality Control Plan, and the Engineer allows the material to remain in place, the Division will not pay for the material represented by the absent test. However, the Division will still pay for the cost of the placement of the material, including labor and equipment. The invoice or material supplier cost (if applicable), determined at the time of shipment, shall be used to calculate the cost of material.

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MP 601.03.50 P SUPERCEDES: SEPTEMBER 9, 2018 REVISED: JULY 2020 PAGE 10 OF 10

Ronald L. Stanevich, P.E. Director Materials Control, Soils and Testing Division

RLS:Fm

Attachments

MP 601.03.50 P SUPERCEDES: SEPTEMBER 9, 2018 REVISED: JULY 2020 ATTACHMENT 1 PAGE 1 OF 3

TABLE 1

CONTRACTORS PROCESS CONTROL REQUIREMENTS

STRUCTURAL CONCRETE AND PORTLAND CEMENT CONCRETE PAVEMENT

Minimum frequency*

A. PLANT AND TRUCKS

B.

1. Mixer Blades	Prior to Start of Job and Weekly			
2. Scales				
a. Tared b. Calibrate c. Check Calibration	Daily Prior to start of Job Weekly			
3. Gauges and Meters-Plant and Truck				
a. Calibrate b. Check Calibration	Yearly Weekly			
4. Admixture Dispenser				
a. Calibrate b. Check Operation and Calibration	Prior to Start of Job Daily			
AGGREGATES				
1. Fine Aggregate				
a. Gradation	Per section 601.3.2.4 of the Specifications			
b. Moisture	Daily			

MP 601.03.50 P SUPERCEDES: SEPTEMBER 9, 2018 REVISED: JULY 2020 ATTACHMENT 1 PAGE 2 OF 3

2.	Coarse Aggregates	
	a. Gradation	Per section 601.3.2.4 of the Specifications
	b. Percent passing No. 75mm	Daily
	c. Ā for Combined Coarse Aggregates Fine Aggregates and Cement	Per section 601.3.2.4 of the Specifications
	d. Moisture	Daily
C. PLAS	FIC CONCRETE	
1.	Entrained Air Content	
	Pavement Concrete	Two at the beginning of the paving operation, per Section 501.4.2, then one per 500 yd ³ (380 m ³) or fraction thereof, with a minimum of two per day
	Structural Concrete (except Bridge Superstructure)	One per 100 yd ³ (75 m ³) or fraction thereof, with a minimum of one per $\frac{1}{2}$ day of operation
	Bridge Superstructure	One per batch
2.	Consistency**	
	Pavement Concrete	One per 500 yd^3 (380 m^3) or fraction thereof, with a minimum of two per day
	Structural Concrete (except Bridge Superstructure)	One per 100 yd ³ (75 m ³) or fraction thereof, with a minimum of one per $\frac{1}{2}$ day of operation
	Bridge Superstructure	One for first batch and one for every fifth batch thereafter
3.	Temperature	Per Specification

MP 601.03.50 P SUPERCEDES: SEPTEMBER 9, 2018 REVISED: JULY 2020 ATTACHMENT 1 PAGE 3 OF 3

4.	Yield	
	Pavement Concrete	Per Section 501.3 of the Specifications and one for each five days of operation after the first five days of operation
	Structural Concrete	Per Section 601.3.2.3 of the Specifications and one for each ten sets of cylinders after the first ten
5.	Compressive Strength***	
	Pavement Concrete	One set of concrete cylinders for each 350 yd^3 (75 m^3) or fraction thereof
	Structural Concrete	For each class concrete delivered and placed on a calendar day from a single supplier, one set of concrete cylinders for each 100 yd^3 (75 m ³) or fraction thereof
6.	Permeability	
	Pavement Concrete	N/A
	Structural Concrete	Per Section 601.4.5 of the Specifications
	Specialized Concrete Overlays	Per Section 679.2.2 of the Specifications

- * Frequency for Process Control will vary with the size and type of aggregate or mixture and the batch-to-batch variability of the item.
- ** When superplasticizer is added to the concrete in the field, additional consistency testing is required as per Section 601.3.2.1 of the Specifications.
- *** All cylinders shall be made, cured, and shipped to the Laboratory in accordance with AASHTO T 23 and MP 601.04.20. They shall be tested in accordance with AASHTO T 22 and the applicable section of the Standard Specifications.

MP 601.03.50 P SUPERCEDES: SEPTEMBER 9, 2018 REVISED: JULY 2020 ATTACHMENT 2 PAGE 1 OF 2

Example COMPANY LETTERHEAD

Mr./Ms./Mrs. _____ West Virginia Department of Highways District ____ Engineer/Manager _____, WV ######

RE: Master PCC Field QC Plan

Dear _____,

We are submitting our PCC Field Quality Control Plan, developed in accordance with Sections 501 and 601 of the (year)_WVDOH Standard Specifications, the (year)_WVDOH Supplemental Specifications, and MP 601.03.50.

- 1. The Quality Control program is under the direction of ______, who can be contacted in Field/Office, by telephone number ______, cell#_____, and/or e-mail address
- Sampling and testing will be performed by qualified personnel as per WVDOH specifications Section 106.
- 3. Class(es) of Concrete to be controlled are listed as follows:

- All types <u>Class A</u>	- All types <u>Class B</u>	- All types <u>Class C</u>
- All types <u>Class D</u>	- All types <u>Class K</u>	- All types <u>Class H</u>

- Etc.

- 4. All items in this QC Plan will be sampled at a minimum frequency as specified in Table 1 of Attachment 1. We acknowledge that additional sampling may be required by the Division in addition to the minimum frequency stated.
- 5. All sampling and testing will be in accordance with the methods and procedures required by the specifications. All measuring and testing equipment shall be standard and properly calibrated as per the specified test procedure. (If alternative sampling methods, procedures and inspection equipment are to be used please state in detail what they are and how they will be utilized.)

MP 601.03.50 P SUPERCEDES: SEPTEMBER 9, 2018 REVISED: JULY 2020 ATTACHMENT 2 PAGE 2 OF 2

- 6. Batch ticket data shall be documented in accordance with the applicable section of MP 601.03.50, with a copy to be submitted to the District Materials Section within 72 hours of the concrete placement.
- 7. Calculation of the compressive strength of concrete cylinders will be done as shown in Section 4.2.5 of MP 601.03.50.
- 8. Testing of Miscellaneous Concrete will be as specified in Section 4.2.6 and Sub-Sections 4.2.6.1 thru 4.2.6.3 of MP 601.03.50.
- 9. We will maintain adequate records of all inspection and tests. The records will indicate the type of test, number of observations made, the amount and type of deficiency's found, the quantities approved and rejected, and the nature of corrective actions taken as appropriate. Our documentation procedures will be subject to the review and approval of the Division prior to the start of the work and to compliance checks during the progression of the work.
- <u>Our company</u> will take prompt action to correct conditions, which have resulted or could result, in the submission to the Division/District of materials and products, which do not conform to the requirements of the contract documents.
- 11. <u>Non-Conforming Materials</u> -- State how you will establish an effective and positive system for controlling non-conforming material. This shall include the following:

- procedures for non-conforming material identification

- isolation and disposition of this material

Reclaiming or reworking of non-conforming materials shall be in accordance with procedures acceptable to the Division.

Our company will specify and provide holding areas, which shall be mutually agreeable by the Division and Contractor.

Very Truly Yours,

Company Official, Title

MP 601.03.50 P SUPERCEDES: SEPTEMBER 9, 2018 REVISED: JULY 2020 ATTACHMENT 3 PAGE 1 OF 2

Example COMPANY LETTERHEAD

Mr./Ms./Mrs. _____ West Virginia Department of Highways District ____ Engineer/Manager _____, WV ######

RE: Master PCC Plant QC Plan

Dear _____,

We are submitting our PCC PLANT Quality Control Plan, developed in accordance with Sections 501 and 601 of the (year) WVDOH Standard Specifications, the (year) WVDOH Supplemental Specifications, and MP 601.03.50.

- 1. The Quality Control program is under the direction of ______, who can be contacted in Field/Office, by telephone number ______, cell#_____, and/or e-mail address
- 2. Sampling and testing will be performed by qualified personnel as per WVDOH specifications Section 106.
- 3. The PCC Mix Designs and class of concrete to be controlled are listed below:

М	ix Design Number	ign Number Class of Concrete
1.	#######	Class B
2. 3.		
4.		
Etc.		

- 4. All items in this QC Plan will be sampled at a minimum frequency as specified in Table 1 of Attachment. We acknowledge that additional sampling may be required by the Division in addition to the minimum frequency stated.
- 5. All sampling and testing will be in accordance with the methods and procedures required by the specifications. All measuring and testing equipment shall be standard and properly calibrated as

MP 601.03.50 P SUPERCEDES: SEPTEMBER 9, 2018 REVISED: JULY 2020 ATTACHMENT 3 PAGE 2 OF 2

per the specified test procedure. (If alternative sampling methods, procedures and inspection equipment are to be used please state in detail what they are and how they will be utilized.)

6. Charts and forms

Our Company will make sure all conforming and non-conforming inspections and test results shall be kept complete and shall be available at all times to the Division during the performance work. Forms shall be on a computer-acceptable medium where required. Gradation data shall be documented on WVDOH form T300 using the material codes listed in the online computer systems user guide. The original gradation data shall be submitted to the District Materials Section within 72 hours of obtaining the gradation sample. Test data for Portland cement concrete shall be charted in accordance with the applicable requirements of MP 601.03.52. Gradation test data shall be plotted in accordance with the applicable requirements of MP 300.00.51. We may use other types of control charts as deemed appropriate by Division. It is normally expected that testing and charting will be completed within 48 hours after sampling. **Our Company** shall also ensure that all Material Suppliers prepare and submit the HL-441 form (weekly supplier report) in a timely manner. All charts and records will be turned over to the Division upon completion of work for a given project.

- 7. State that batch tickets will conform to requirements of MP601.03.50 Section 4.3.9 and its applicable subsections.
- Our company will take prompt action to correct conditions, which have resulted or could result, in the submission to the Division of materials and products, which do not conform to the requirements of the contract documents.
- 9. <u>Non-Conforming Materials</u> *State how you will establish an effective and positive system for controlling non-conforming material. This shall include the following:*

- procedures for non-conforming material identification - isolation and disposition of this material

Reclaiming or reworking of non-conforming materials shall be in accordance with procedures acceptable to the Division.

Our company will specify and provide holding areas, which shall be mutually agreeable by the Division and Contractor.

Very Truly Yours,

Company Official, Title

MP 601.03.50 P SUPERCEDES: SEPTEMBER 9, 2018 REVISED: JULY 2020 ATTACHMENT 4 PAGE 1 OF 1

WVDOH District Master QCP Approval Letter *** EXAMPLE *** WVDOH LETTERHEAD

ACME Company 20 First St. Somewhere, WV ######

RE: <u>PCC Plant</u> or <u>PCC Field</u> (whichever is applicable) Master QC Plan Description: (<u>YEAR</u>) P/S code: (only if a plant QCP)

Dear Sir,

Your Quality Control Plan (M#-#####) for ______has been reviewed and found to be acceptable for the following items:

- All WVDOH approved Designs for PCC Classes of Concrete controlled by the referenced QC plan.

As work progresses throughout the season an addendum(s) may be required to this QCP to keep the QC program current. Also note that personnel may be required to show proof of certification for testing. Please use Lab Reference # M#-###### when corresponding about this QC plan. Please make sure that all appropriate personnel have a copy of this plan in their possession.

Very truly yours,

Name, Title

MP 601.03.50 P SUPERCEDES: SEPTEMBER 9, 2018 REVISED: JULY 2020 ATTACHMENT 5 PAGE 1 OF 1

Example COMPANY LETTERHEAD

Mr./Ms./Mrs. ______ WV Department of Highways District _____ Engineer/Manager ______, WV #####

RE: PCC Quality Control Plan for Plant ---- Project

Federal Project No.	
State Project No.	
Contract ID No.	
Description	

Dear Mr./Ms./Mrs. _____,

We would like to use our <u>Producer/Supplier's name</u> Master PCC Plant QC Plan, reference number ______ for the project referenced above. All PCC items on the referenced project are covered by the Master PCC Plant QC Plan. *(if needed state the Special Provision and that the addendum is attached for Quality Control of Special Provision Item)*

The Quality Control Plan is under the direction of _____

______(title), and will be the company's contact representative to the Division of Highways District Materials and Construction Departments. He/She can be contacted in person at the plant, by telephone ______ or at e-mail at

Very truly yours,

Company Representative

MP 601.03.50 P SUPERCEDES: SEPTEMBER 9, 2018 REVISED: JULY 2020 ATTACHMENT 6 PAGE 1 OF 1

Example COMPANY LETTERHEAD

Mr./Ms./Mrs. _____ WV Department of Highways District _____ Engineer/Manager ______, WV ######

Re: PCC Quality Control Plan for Field ---- Project

Federal Project No.	
State Project No.	
Contract ID No.	
Description	

Dear Mr./Ms./Mrs.

We would like to use our approved Master PCC Field QC Plan, reference number ______ for the project referenced above. All PCC items on the referenced project are covered by the Master PCC Field QC Plan. *(if needed state the Special Provision and that the addendum is attached for Quality Control of Special Provision Item)*

The Quality Control Plan is under the direction of _____

______(title), and will be the company's contact representative to the Division of Highways District Materials and Construction Departments. He/She can be contacted in person at the plant, by telephone ______ or at e-mail at

Very truly yours,

Company Representative

MP 601.03.50 P SUPERCEDES: SEPTEMBER 9, 2018 REVISED: JULY 2020 ATTACHMENT 7 PAGE 1 OF 1

WVDOH District Master QCP Approval Letter *** EXAMPLE *** WVDOH LETTERHEAD

ACME Company 20 First St. Somewhere, WV ######

RE: <u>PCC Field</u> or <u>PCC Plant</u> (whichever is applicable) QC Plan

Project CID#: ######## Fed/State Project #: NHPP- ## - ####-## Description: Falling Slide County: XXXXXX P/S Code: (If a Plant)

Dear Sir,

Your request to use Master Quality Control Plan (M# - #######) for PCC Plant or PCC Field (*whichever is applicable*) on the project referenced above, has been reviewed and found to be acceptable for the following items:

- All WVDOH approved designs and classes of PCC controlled by this QCP listed below:

- Class B - Class B modified - Class K -etc.

As work progresses throughout this project an addendum(s) may be required to this QCP to keep the QC program current. Please use M# - ###### when corresponding about this QC Plan. Also note that personnel may be required to show proof of certification for testing. Please make sure that all appropriate personnel have a copy of this plan in their possession.

For Division Reference: The Master Quality Control Plan can be reviewed in ProjectWise at the folder shown below:

WVDOT ORG>D0#>year>MASTER QC PLANS>Contractors or Plant>Company >folder>Name of file (i.e.: 2016 04 05 M#160001 PCC Plant QCP)

Very truly yours,

Name, Title

MP 717.04.21 P SUPERCEDES: AUGUST, 2006 REVISED: SEPTEMBER 3, 2019 PAGE 1 OF 9

WEST VIRGINIA DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION DIVISION OF HIGHWAYS MATERIALS CONTROL, SOILS AND TESTING DIVISION

MATERIALS PROCEDURE

GUIDE FOR QUALITY CONTROL OF COMPACTION

1. PURPOSE

- 1.1 This procedure sets forth minimum guidelines for the Contractor's Quality Control (QC) Plan for embankment, subgrade, pipe and random fill used as structure backfill material and aggregate base courses. It is intended that these requirements be used as a procedural guide in detailing the inspection, sampling, and testing necessary to maintain compliance with the specification requirements.
- 1.2 To establish procedural guidelines for approval and documentation of a Master QC Plan.

2. SCOPE

2.1 This procedure is applicable to all items requiring compaction control except bituminous concrete pavements. This outlines the QC procedures Compaction items and includes procedures for approving and using Master and/or Project Specific QC Plans. This procedure also aids in documentation and retention of QC Plans in ProjectWise.

3. **REFERENCED DOCUMENTS**

- a) MP 207.07.20 Nuclear Field Density Moisture Test for Random Material Having Less Than 40% of +3/4 Inch Material
- b) MP 700.00.24 Nuclear Density Test By The Roller Pass Methods Revised December 2008
- c) MP 700.00.50 Procedure for Monitoring the Contractor's Compaction Testing of Bituminous Concrete, Base Course, Embankment, Sub-Grade and Pipe and Structural Backfill
- MP 712.21.26 Procedure for Determining Random Location of Compaction Tests
- e) WV Division of Highways Construction Manual, Current Edition
- f) WV Division of Highways Standard Specifications, Current Edition & Supplementary

4. GENERAL REQUIREMENTS

4.1 The Contractor shall provide and maintain a QC system that will provide assurance that all materials submitted to the Division for acceptance will conform to the contract requirements whether natural, manufactured or processed by the

MP 717.04.21 P SUPERCEDES: AUGUST, 2006 REVISED: SEPTEMBER 3, 2019 PAGE 2 OF 9

Contractor, or procured from suppliers. The QC Plan should clearly describe the methods by which the QC Program will be conducted. For example, the items to be controlled, tests to be performed, testing frequencies, sampling locations and techniques all should be included etc. Each item should be listed separately.

- 4.1.1 A detailed plan of action regarding disposition of non-specification material shall be included. Such a plan shall provide for immediate notification of the Division in the event a non-conforming situation or instance.
- 4.2 Inspection and testing records shall be maintained, kept current, and made available for review by the Engineer throughout the life of the contract. All other documentation, such as date of inspections, tests performed, temperature measurements, and any accuracy, calibration, or re-calibration checks performed on production or testing equipment shall be recorded and kept.
- 4.3 The Contractor shall maintain standard calibrated equipment and qualified personnel in accordance with the contract and Specification requirements for the applicable material.

5. QUALITY CONTROL PLAN

- 5.1 The Contractor shall prepare a QC Plan detailing the type and frequency of inspection, sampling, and testing necessary to measure and control the compaction properties of materials and construction governed by the Specifications. As a minimum, the sampling and testing plan should detail sampling location, sampling techniques, and test frequency. QC sampling and testing performed by the Contractor may be utilized by the Division for acceptance.
- 5.1.1 A QC Plan shall be developed by the Contractor and submitted to the Engineer prior to the start of construction on every project. Acceptance of the QC Plan by the Engineer will be contingent upon its concurrence with these guidelines as listed in section 5.2 thru 5.4.5.2.
- 5.1.2 As work progresses, an addendum(s) may be required to a QC Plan to keep the QC program current. Personnel may be required to show proof of certification for testing.

5.2 <u>QC PLAN MINIMUM REQUIREMENTS</u>

- 5.2.1 The QC Plan should be on Company Letterhead, be addressed to the District which it pertains, and include the items to be controlled. An example/template is provided in **Attachment 1**.
- 5.2.2 Provide the name of the Person who is responsible for the Company's QC program and will be liaison with the Division's personnel.
- 5.2.3 List all inspectors' names performing compaction tests on the project and their date becoming a Certified Soils Compaction Inspector as per WVDOH Specification Section 106 Control of Materials.

MP 717.04.21 P SUPERCEDES: AUGUST, 2006 REVISED: SEPTEMBER 3, 2019 PAGE 3 OF 9

- 5.2.4 Compaction field tests will be performed according to MP 207.07.20, MP 700.00.24, and Standard Specification 716.32.3
- 5.2.5 Soft shale tests are to be done as per Section 716 of the Standard Specifications.
- 5.2.6 Specify in the plan the methods by which each item will be tested. Table A and Table B summarizes the different materials, minimum frequencies, and the appropriate test procedure or method for controlling each material.

	LOT SIZE		MATERIAL TYPE					
TEST PROCEDURE		NUMBER OF TEST	PORTLAND CEMENT TREATED AGGREGATE BASE COURSE	CRUSHED AGGREGATE BASES AND SUBBASE COURSES	HOT-MIX HOT- LAID BITUMINOUS TREATED BASE COURSE	SOIL CEMENT BASE COURSE		
MP 700.00.24	2000 FEET	1 PER SUBLOT 5 PER LOT	Х	Х	Х			
MP 207.07.20 2000 FEET		1 PER SUBLOT 5 PER LOT				х		

Table A- COMPACTION CONTROL OF AGGREGATE BASE COURSES

Table B - COMPACTION CONTROL OF EMBANKMENT BACKFILL AND SUBGRADE

TEST	LOT SIZE	NUMBER OF TESTS	MATERIAL WITH LESS THAN 40% RETAINED ON 3/" (19.0 mm) SIEVE	RETAINED ON 57 (19.9 mm) SIEVE (19.9 mm) SIEVE MATERIAL WITH 40% OR MORE RETAINED ON 77 (19.9 mm) SIEVE AND CAN BE PLACED IN A 127 (30 mm) LOOSE LIFT OR LESS		MATERIAL THAT CAN BE PLACED IN A LOOSE LIFT GREATER THAN 12" (300 mm)		GRANULAR SUBGRADE	SELECT MATERIAL FOR BACKFILLING AND CLASS I AGGREGATE
				UNIFORM	M NON-UNIFOR M	ROCK	HARD SHALE		
MP 207.07.20	SEE STD. SPECS.	1 PER SUBLOT 5 PER LOT	х						
MP 700.00.24	SEE STD. SPECS.	1 PER SUBLOT, 5 PER LOT		X [1]	X [1]. [2]			х	х
PROOF Rolling		l REPORT PER LIFT				x	x		

1. If a hole for a direct transmission density reading cannot be readily made due to the coarse material, proof roll the lift.

2. If density readings are varying above 105 percent or below 95 percent and the material appears to be non-uniform, proof roll the lift.
MP 717.04.21 P SUPERCEDES: AUGUST, 2006 REVISED: SEPTEMBER 3, 2019 PAGE 4 OF 9

5.2.7 A flow chart for embankment material, Table C, shall serve as a guide for identifying material types, maximum rock size, lift thickness and compaction test method. This table shall be included in the QC Plan for making field decisions to ensure that each type of material is properly placed and compacted.





5.2.8 The plan shall include a statement that all necessary testing equipment will be provided to perform the procedures MP 700.00.24, MP 207.07.20, and Specification 716.3.2 and lists the required testing equipment for compaction tests. The plan shall list the make and model of equipment for proof rolling and its weight per Specification 716.3.2. The plan shall list the make and mole and operating weight of the roller(s) to be used for the soft shale tests and per Specification 716.1.1.3. MP 717.04.21 P SUPERCEDES: AUGUST, 2006 REVISED: SEPTEMBER 3, 2019 PAGE 5 OF 9

- 5.2.9 List the type of gauge to be used (...i.e., Troxler 3430, etc). The calibration frequency must be acceptable to the Division. Gauges must be calibrated as per the manufacture's requirements. This information shall be given to the Division upon their request.
- 5.2.10 If applicable, outline the procedure for performing a stability check on gauges that are not within the tolerance range for standard counts during the interval between calibrations. Standard counts derived during the stability check for stable gauges may be used in lieu of the manufacturer's standards. Gauges found to be unstable cannot be used until repaired and calibrated.
- 5.2.11 Include in the plan the lot and sublot sizes to be used for testing each type of installation. During construction, some flexibility in lot sizes may be made if the situation warrants in order to maintain a workable system. For example, two or more areas containing small quantities of embankment material might be combined into one lot at the Contractor's option and subject to the Division's approval.
- 5.2.12 Specify the maximum time period for completion of a lot of embankment material. As a guide, if the desired lot size cannot be obtained within seven calendar days, then the material placed up to that time would constitute the lot and the specified number of tests for a lot would still be performed.
- 5.2.13 Specify in the plan when quality control tests for base and subgrade will be performed. QC tests are to be performed after the material has been shaped and final rolling has been completed.
- 5.2.14 The Contractor is responsible for the accuracy of their individual testing and calculations.
- 5.2.15 List the forms and method of distribution for tests and measurements.
- 5.2.16 Compaction test results are reported on forms specified in MP 207.07.20 and MP 700.00.24. The forms are supplied by the Division and available on the MCS&T Webpage¹. Each form consists of an original and one copy. The original of a completed form is submitted to the Division's project supervisor and the other copy is for the Contractor's records.
- 5.2.17 Indicate the length of time after tests and measurements are completed that documentation will be provided.
- 5.2.17.1 Test results and measurements are made available to project personnel for review on a daily basis. Formal submission of measurements should be made within 24 hours after the measurements are taken and test results within 24 hours after testing of a lot is completed.

¹ https://transportation.wv.gov/highways/mcst/Pages/tbox.aspx

MP 717.04.21 P SUPERCEDES: AUGUST, 2006 REVISED: SEPTEMBER 3, 2019 PAGE 6 OF 9

- 5.2.17.2 Tests performed in a lot before final rolling is completed should be submitted to the Project Supervisor and retained in the project files. This includes test documents for failing lots and moisture checks.
- 5.2.18 List the compaction equipment giving the quantity, make, model, and weight or applied force at which each roller will be operated. If ballast will be added to a roller, indicate the type and quantity of ballast and the method for verifying the gross weight. Attach the manufacturer's specifications for compaction capabilities for each roller to the plan or state the procedure for verifying the compaction capabilities of each roller in cases where the manufacturer's specifications are not available. This equipment shall meet the requirements as per 207.7.5 of the Standards and Specifications
- 5.2.19 Indicate in the plan that a minimum of a 10-ton (9.07 Mg) roller will be used for testing as per MP 700.00.24 for soil and granular material only.
- 5.2.20 Rollers used to breakdown soft shale shall be in accordance with 716.1.1.3 of the Standard Specifications and shall have a minimum of 1.5 tons per linear foot of roller or drum.
- 5.2.21 Specify the method by which proof rolling will be conducted on embankment materials. The materials to be proof rolled are summarized in Table B (attached).
- 5.2.22 List the number of passes to be made and corrective measures if soft areas are detected. Documentation should include the type of material, number of passes, and corrective action if soft areas are detected.
- 5.2.23 For equipment used for proof rolling explain how the gross weight will be determined for any ballast added to the operating weight. For alternate proof rollers, attach to the QC Plan the calculations used to determine that the roller meets specifications. Also, attach the manufacturer's specifications for all proof rollers to the Plan. The following calculation is used to determine if an alternate proof roller meets specifications:

ENGLISH Metric

$$c = (ab\pi)$$
 $c = (ab\pi)$
 2 50.8

Where:

a = weight (force) on a single tire = pounds (kg x .009807 = kN)

b = operating tire pressure = psi (kPa)

c = weight (force) per inch (mm) width of tire = pounds per inch (Nm) The weight (force) per inch (mm) width of tire must be equal to or greater than 1315 pounds (9.067 kN/mm).

5.2.24 Outline the procedure for notifying the Division when the test section in MP 700.00.24 will be performed. The Division should be notified a minimum of 24 hours in advance unless other arrangements acceptable to the Division can be made. MP 717.04.21 P SUPERCEDES: AUGUST, 2006 REVISED: SEPTEMBER 3, 2019 PAGE 7 OF 9

- 5.2.25 Laboratory testing for random material is not required unless the material has unusual characteristics or differs from the soil and rock data used to develop the design. Testing to develop density curves, specific gravities, organic content, etc. may be required.
- 5.2.26 A list of test procedures is contained in Section 716 of the WVDOH Standard Specifications as a guideline for required testing should the need arise for random material.
- 5.2.27 Design a plan of action for the disposition of non-specification material, such as material with excessive moisture, excessive organic content, etc. These materials shall be stockpiled away from the embankment or fill placement areas. The Project Supervisor should be immediately notified in the event a nonconformance situation is detected.
- 5.2.28 List the method(s) and frequencies per Table E (attached) by which lift thickness measurements will be taken. If surveying of compacted lifts is not utilized, then the maximum loose lifts per Table C shall be measured.
- 5.3 TYPES OF QC PLAN
- 5.3.1 QC Plans which are intended for use on more than one project shall be defined as Master QC Plans. Section 5.4 outlines the procedures for Master QC Plan submittal and approval.
- 5.3.2 QC Plans which are intended for use on a single project shall be defined as Project Specific QC Plans. Project Specific QC Plans shall contain a cover letter which includes the following: project name/description, CID#, Federal and/or State Project Number.
- 5.3.3 A contractor may submit a Master QC Plan for field operations instead of a Project Specific QC Plan.
- 5.3.4 Once any QC Plan is approved for a project, the key date shall be entered in ASSHTOWare software by the appropriate District Materials personnel. The first date entered shall be the date the Project QC Plan letter is received. The second date shall be when the District approves the QC Plan for use on the project.

5.4 MASTER QUALITY CONTROL PLAN

- 5.4.1 The intent of Master QC Plans is to facilitate the approval process in a more uniform manner. A Master QC Plan can be submitted to the Division/District by the Contractor when their work in a given District is routinely repetitive for the year. The Master Quality Control Plan is applicable for only the calendar year for which it has been approved.
- 5.4.2 The Contractor shall submit the Master Compaction QC Plan yearly to each District in which they have work in. If the Contractor does not have work in a given District for the year then no Master QC Plan shall be submitted to that District.

MP 717.04.21 P SUPERCEDES: AUGUST, 2006 REVISED: SEPTEMBER 3, 2019 PAGE 8 OF 9

- 5.4.3 The District will review the submitted Master QC Plan and assign a laboratory reference number upon approval for future referencing. The District will acknowledge approval of Master QC Plan to the Contractor by letter (see **Attachment #2** for an example), which will include the laboratory reference number and a copy of the approved Master QC Plan attached. This will then be scanned and placed in ProjectWise under the appropriate District's Org for that Contractor.
- 5.4.4 Once a project has been awarded, if a contractor elects to use the approved Master Compaction QC Plan on that project, the Contractor shall submit a letter requesting to use the Master QC Plan for that project. This letter must be on the Contractor's letterhead, be addressed to the District Engineer/Manager or their designee, and contain the following information: project number, CID#, project name/ description, type of Quality Control Plan and the laboratory reference number for the Master QC Plan (See Attachment #3 for an example).
- 5.4.5 The District shall review the referenced Master QC Plan to ensure that it covers all items in the project. If the referenced Master QC Plan is found to be insufficient for some items on the project, the District shall request the Contractor to submit additional information for QC of those items as an addendum on a project specific basis. When the District is satisfied with the QC Plan for this project, a letter shall be sent to the Contractor acknowledging approval (see **Attachment #4** for an example), with the following attached: the Contractor's project QC Plan request letter and the Master QCP approval letter. This shall then be placed in the project's incoming-mail mailbox in ProjectWise.
- 5.4.5.1 A Master QC Plan that has been approved for project use shall be acceptable for the duration of that project, even if that project continues into subsequent calendar years, unless otherwise directed by the District.
- 5.4.5.2 For the use of Division Personnel, the District approval letter for this project must state the ProjectWise link to the referenced Master QC Plan for that Contractor. (i.e., WVDOT ORGS > District Organization #> Materials > Year>Master QC Plans...)

6. CERTIFICATION & ACCEPTANCE SAMPLING AND TESTING

- 6.1 The Contractor shall certify that compaction testing and sampling is in conformance with the approved QC plan, referenced MP's and referenced Standard Specifications in a letter format on the company's letterhead. The certification shall summarize what materials where encountered and the compaction method/lift thickness utilized. The letter shall state whether any deviations from the requirements of the QC plan, MP's, and Standard Specifications exists, and why.
- 6.2 Acceptance sampling and testing is the responsibility of the Division. QC tests by the Contractor may be used for acceptance.
- 6.3 The Division shall sample and test for applicable items completely independent of the contractor at a frequency equal but not limited too to approximately ten (10)

MP 717.04.21 P SUPERCEDES: AUGUST, 2006 REVISED: SEPTEMBER 3, 2019 PAGE 9 OF 9

percent of the frequency for testing given in the approved Quality Control Plan. Witnessing the contractor's sampling and testing activities may also be a part of the acceptance procedure, but only to the extent that such tests are considered "in addition to" the ten (10) percent independent tests.

6.4 MP 700.00.50, MP 207.07.20, and Standard Specification 716.3.2.3 outlines the procedures to be followed for acceptance of compaction testing.

7. ABSENT TESTING OF MATERIAL

- 7.1 If there is no test data representing the material, payment for the entire item shall be withheld, pending the Engineer's decision whether or not to allow the material to remain in place.
- 7.2 If the contractor fails to test the material in accordance with their Division Approved Quality Control Plan, and the Engineer allows the material to remain in place, the Division will not pay for the material represented by the absent test. However, the Division will still pay for the cost of the placement of the material, including labor and equipment. The invoice or material supplier cost (if applicable), determined at the time of shipment, shall be used to calculate the cost of material.

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Ronald L. Stanevich, PE Director Materials Control, Soils & Testing Division

RLS : Bbe Attachments MP 711.03.23 SUPERSEDES: SEPTEMBER 2018 REVISED: JULY 2020

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WEST VIRGINIA DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION DIVISION OF HIGHWAYS MATERIALS CONTROL, SOILS AND TESTING DIVISION

MATERIALS PROCEDURE

MIX DESIGN FOR PORTLAND CEMENT CONCRETE

1. PURPOSE

1.1 To establish a procedure for testing the physical properties of a proposed mix design.

1.2 To establish criteria for evaluating the test data to arrive at acceptable batch proportions for an approved mix design.

2. SCOPE

2.1 This procedure shall apply to the design of all portland cement concrete which is required by the specifications to be batched in accordance with an approved mix design. This procedure shall also apply to the design of self-consolidating concrete (SCC) specified in Section 603, but not to normal (non-SCC) concrete specified in Section 603.

3. TEST PROCEDURE

3.1 With the exception of SCC produced in accordance with Section 603, mix designs shall be performed in accordance with the applicable requirements of AASHTO R39 (ASTM C 192) by a Division Approved Laboratory. To obtain Division approval, a laboratory must be accredited by the AASHTO Accreditation Program for AASHTO R18 for the following Standards: AASHTO M201 (ASTM C511), AASHTO R39 (ASTM C192), AASHTO T22 (ASTM C39), AASHTO T119 (ASTM C143), AASHTO T121 (ASTM C138), AASHTO T152 (ASTM C231), AASHTO T196 (ASTM C173), AASHTO T197 (ASTM C403), AASHTO T231 (ASTM C617) or ASTM C1231, AASHTO T277 (ASTM C1202), AASHTO T309 (ASTM C1064), AASHTO T11 (ASTM C117), AASHTO T19 (ASTM C29), AASHTO T27 (ASTM C136), AASHTO T84 (ASTM C128), AASHTO T85 (ASTM C127), and AASHTO R76 (ASTM C702). A listing of these laboratories, that are approved to develop concrete mix designs for the Division, is available on the WVDOH, MCS&T Web Page¹. Requests to be placed on that list of Division Approved Concrete Mix Design Labs shall be sent to the following e-mail address: DOHMCSnTconcretelab@wv.gov. To be placed on that list, all Division Approved Laboratories shall agree to allow the WVDOH, CCRL, and AASHTO re:source to freely share information about assessment reports, proficiency samples, corrective actions, quality management system, and personnel competency and certification records.

¹ <u>https://transportation.wv.gov/highways/mcst/Pages/APL_By_Number.aspx</u>.

MP 711.03.23 SUPERSEDES: SEPTEMBER 2018 REVISED: JULY 2020 PAGE 2 OF 18

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- 3.2 The following information for each of the materials listed below that are to be used in the proposed mix design shall be listed in Attachments 1 and 6-ASR. Attachments 1 S-P and 6-ASR shall be used for SCC produced in accordance with Section 603.
- 3.2.1 Mix Design Component Materials

Cement:	Type, Materials Code, Sitemanager Materials Code, Source and Location, Source Code, Producer/Supplier		
	Code, Specific Gravity, Alkali Content		
Supplementary	Type, Materials Code, Sitemanager Materials Code,		
Cementitious Material	Source and Location, Source Code, Producer/Supplier		
(SCM):	Code, Specific Gravity, Alklai Content		
Chemical Admixtures:	Type, Materials Code, Sitemanager Materials Code,		
	Source and Location, Source Code, Producer/Supplier		
	Code		
Coarse Aggregate:	Type, Materials Code, Sitemanager Materials Code,		
	Size, Source and Location, Source Code,		
	Producer/Supplier Code, Specific Gravity, Absorption,		
	A-Bar, Unit Weight, ASR Aggregate Reactivity Class		
Fine Aggregate:	Type, Materials Code, Sitemanager Materials Code,		
	Source and Location, Source Code, Producer/Supplier		
	Code, Specific Gravity, Absorption, A-Bar, Fineness		
	Modulus, ASR Aggregate Reactivity Class		

The mass and volume of each material that is to be used in each batch shall be listed in Attachment 2. Attachment 2 S-P shall be used for SCC produced in accordance with Section 603.

- 3.2.2 The aggregate correction factor, as defined in AASHTO T 152, shall be listed in Attachment 3. Attachment 3 S-P shall be used for SCC produced in accordance with Section 603.
- 3.2.3 The completed WVDOH form T301E, A-Bar calculation worksheet, used to establish the target A-Bar, shall be included in the mix design submittal package. An A-Bar calculation worksheet is not required to be included with the mix design submittal package for SCC produced in accordance with Section 603.
- 3.2.4 Information (i.e. raw data) pertaining to the compressive strength test results of each cylinder shall be included in the mix design submittal package. This raw data shall include the specimen test age, date tested, cylinder ID, average cylinder diameter, maximum load applied to the cylinder, type of fracture, and compressive strength of the cylinder.
- 3.3 All classes of the concrete (except Class H, concrete for specialized overlays, and SCC produced in accordance with Section 603) for the proposed mix design shall be batched in at least five separate batches. Two of the batches shall be proportioned to produce a mix having a minimum cement factor. Two of the batches shall be proportioned to produce a mix having a minimum cement factor equal to the specified

MP 711.03.23 SUPERSEDES: SEPTEMBER 2018 REVISED: JULY 2020 PAGE 3 OF 18

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minimum cement factor plus one bag of cement [94 lb. (42.6 kg)]. These batches at the minimum cement factor plus one bag of cement shall be proportioned at a different water-cement ratio (w/c) that the batches at the minimum cement factor. A fifth batch shall also be proportioned to produce a mix at the minimum cement factor, but this batch shall be proportioned at a different w/c than the previous four batches. The slump tolerance in Section 3.4 shall not apply to this fifth batch.

3.3.1 Class H concrete, concrete for specialized overlays, as set forth in Section 679 of the specifications, and SCC produced in accordance with Section 603 for the proposed mix design shall be batched in at least two separate batches.

The batches for Class H concrete shall be produced at the cement factor for Class H concrete that is required in the specifications. Two rapid chloride permeability tests, in accordance with AASHTO T 277, specified in Section 601.3 shall be performed, at the same test age, on each of these batches, and the same method of curing shall be used for all of the test specimens.

The batches for specialized concrete overlays shall be produced at or above the minimum cement factor specified in Section 679.2.2.1 or 679.2.2.2. Two rapid chloride permeability tests specified in Section 679.2.2 shall be performed, at the same test age, on each of these batches, and the same method of curing shall be used for all of the test specimens.

The information (i.e. raw data), from which each rapid chloride permeability test result was derived, shall also be included in the mix design submittal package.

The batches for SCC for prestressed concrete members shall be produced as outlined in Section 603.6.2.1 and at the cement factor required in Section 603.6.3.1.

- 3.4 Each batch of concrete shall be tested in the plastic state for air, consistency and yield. Each batch shall be adjusted as necessary to produce a plastic concrete having an air content, consistency, and yield equal to the specified value plus or minus a reasonable laboratory working tolerance. The following tolerances shall be used as a guide for all classes of concrete except SCC produced in accordance with Section 603: Air Content, $\pm \frac{1}{2}$ percent; Consistency, $\pm \frac{1}{2}$ in. (± 12 mm) of slump; Yield, ± 2 percent.
- 3.4.1 For SCC produced in accordance with Section 603, testing shall begin at the time immediately after the mixing sequence is completed. This time shall be designated as T_0 . Temperature, air content, consistency, T_{50} , VSI, passing ability, rapid assessment of static segregation resistance, segregation resistance, unit weight, and yield tests shall be conducted on these batches and shall be within the tolerances set forth in Table 603.6.2.1A.

Air Content, consistency, and passing ability tests shall be conducted every thirty minutes until either the air content falls below the target value by more than 1.5%, the slump flow falls below the target spread by more than 2.0 inches (50 mm), or the J-

MP 711.03.23 SUPERSEDES: SEPTEMBER 2018 REVISED: JULY 2020 PAGE 4 OF 18

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Ring value falls below the target value by more than 1.5 inches (38 mm). For each time of testing, these values shall be plotted versus time after batching. Linear interpolation shall be used to determine the exact time when either the air content falls below the target value by more than 1.5%, the slump flow falls below the target spread by more than 2.0 inches (50 mm), or the J-Ring value falls below the target value by more than 1.5 inches (38 mm). The elapsed time, after T_0 , when this occurs shall be noted as the "Workable Period" and shall be recorded in Attachment 2 S-P. This workable period shall be used as the time frame in which the entire member shall be construction, reference Section 603.6.7.

- 3.5 When the properties of a concrete batch have been established within acceptable limits, seven 6 by 12 in. (150 by 300 mm) cylinders shall be made from each batch produced in Section 3.3 (or 3.3.1) and tested in compression at the following ages: one cylinder at age 24 hours \pm 2 hours (the exact age to the nearest hour at time of test shall be noted on the report); one cylinder at age 3 days; one cylinder at age 7 days; one cylinder at age 14 days; and three cylinders at age 28 days. The values of the physical properties of each mix produced in Section 3.3 (or 3.3.1) shall be the average of the physical properties established in the first two mixes produced at the minimum cement factor, the average of the physical properties of the fifth batch at the minimum cement factor and different w/c. These values shall be listed in Attachment 3. 4 by 8 in. (100 by 200 mm) cylinders shall be permitted for SCC produced in accordance with Section 603. The results of these tests shall be listed in Attachment 3 S-P.
- 3.5.1 For any class of concrete other than SCC produced in accordance with Section 603, if it is desired to use 4 by 8 in. (100 by 200 mm) cylinders as the basis for acceptance or early strength determination in the field, in accordance with Section 601.4.4, then seven 4 by 8 in. (100 by 200 mm) cylinders shall be fabricated and tested as outlined in Section 3.5 for the first two trial batches at the minimum cement factor in addition to the seven 6 by 12 in. (150 by 300 mm) cylinders.
- 3.5.1.1 If the average compressive strength of the six 28-day 4 by 8 in. (100 by 200 mm) cylinders for the batches at the minimum cement factor is not more than 10.0 percent greater than the average compressive strength of the six 28-day 6 by 12 in. (150 by 300 mm) cylinders for the batches at the minimum cement factor, then 4 by 8 in. (100 by 200 mm) cylinders will be permitted to be used in the field. Otherwise, any cylinders fabricated in the field for acceptance or early strength determination must be 6 by 12 in. (150 by 300 mm) cylinders.

MP 711.03.23 SUPERSEDES: SEPTEMBER 2018 REVISED: JULY 2020 PAGE 5 OF 18

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3.5.1.2 The following formula shall be used during the mix design approval process to determine if the average compressive strength of the three 28-day 4 by 8 in. (100 by 200 mm) cylinders is greater than 110.0 percent of the average compressive strength of the three 28-day 6 by 12 in. (150 by 300 mm) cylinders:

If $\bar{X}_{4x8} > \bar{X}_{6x12} \times 1.10$, then 4 by 8 in. (100 by 200 mm) cylinders are not permitted to be used in the field.

Where:

 $\overline{X}_{6\times 12}$ = Average 28-day compressive strength of 6 by 12 in. (150 by 300 mm) cylinders.

 $\overline{X}_{4\times8}$ = Average 28-day compressive strength of 4 by 8 in. (100 by 200 mm) cylinders.

- 3.5.2 The following properties of each batch of concrete produced in Sections 3.3 (or 3.3.1) shall be listed in Attachment 2: A-bar of total solids, consistency, air content, unit weight and yield, water-cement ratio, and temperature.
- 3.5.3 For SCC produced in accordance with Section 603, from one of the SCC trial batches required in 603.6.2.1, six more cylinders shall be fabricated for modulus of elasticity testing, eight more cylinders shall be fabricated for creep testing, three specimens shall be fabricated for length change testing, three specimens shall be fabricated for freeze-thaw resistance testing. Casting of all Class S-P specimens to be used for hardened concrete property testing shall be done in one lift without rodding or vibration. Curing and testing parameters for these specimens are noted in Section 603.6.2.1. These results of these tests shall be listed in Attachment 2 S-P.

Also, from one of the SCC trial batches required in 603.6.2.1, a prestressing strand bond strength test, in accordance with MP 603.06.20, shall be conducted, and the result shall be recorded in Attachment 3 S-P.

3.6 Mix design submittal packages including Attachments 1, 2, <u>3 and 6-ASR</u>, A-bar worksheet(s), and raw data pertaining to the compressive strength and rapid chloride permeability tests shall be submitted to the WVDOH District Materials Section in which the Source (i.e. Concrete Batch Plant) is located. These submittal packages may be submitted to the District electronically, and MCS&T Division may be copied on the electronic submittal also, as this may expedite the process. All mix concrete mix designs, except SCC mix designs, that are sent to MCS&T Division shall be submitted electronically to the following e-mail address: DOHConcreteMixDesign@wy.gov. Deleted: and

MP 711.03.23 SUPERSEDES: SEPTEMBER 2018 REVISED: JULY 2020 PAGE 6 OF 18

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SCC mix designs, produced in accordance with Section 603, shall be submitted directly to MCS&T Division and shall include Attachments 1 S-P, 2 S-P, 3 S-P and 6-ASR.

3.6.1 In the case of mix design submittals for a single mix design which is used at multiple concrete plants, one submittal package (for the same design) may be used for multiple concrete plants. All of the concrete plants at which the mix design is being used shall be noted on Attachment 1, and each WVDOH Materials Section in which the concrete plants are located shall be included on the submittal. This submittal will be reviewed by MCS&T Division, and if the mix design is approved, a separate lab number will be assigned to the mix design for each location at which it is approved.

4. ACCEPTANCE CRITERIA

- 4.1 If the standard deviation of the concrete plant production has been established, the mix design must have an average laboratory compressive strength, based on the 6 by 12 in. (150 by 300 mm) cylinder results equal to or greater than the "Design 28-Day Compressive Strength" required by the specifications plus two times the standard deviation. Data used to establish the standard deviation shall be taken from the Division's data bank and shall consist of at least 30 individual test results obtained from recent plant production of concrete with proportions similar to the design mix. Information relative to the statistics for a particular plant will be furnished to the Contractor upon request.
- 4.2 If the standard deviation of the concrete plant production has not been established, or in the case of mobile mixer units, the mix design must have an average laboratory compressive strength equal to or greater than the "Design 28-Day Compressive Strength" plus 1,300 psi (9 MPa). The Division shall note the Plant Compressive Strength Standard Deviation, at the time of the mix design approval, in Attachment 3.
- 4.2.1 Note that the "Design 28-Day Compressive Strength" required by the Specifications is the minimum field strength sought in 6 by 12 in. (150 by 300 mm) or 4 by 8 in. (100 by 200 mm) cylinders representing the concrete being placed in the field, and should not be confused with the laboratory compressive strengths required for design. The compressive strength, required in Section 4.1 or 4.2 for mix design approval, shall be noted as the "Mix Design Approval Strength".
- 4.3 SCC mix designs, produced in accordance with Section 603, shall meet the mix design requirements as set forth in this MP and not the ACI mix requirements as specified in Section 603.6.2, with the exception of the compressive strength "overdesign" requirements. SCC mix designs, produced in accordance with Section 603, shall meet the compressive strength "overdesign" requirements of ACI 301 Chapter 4.

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MP 711.03.23 SUPERSEDES: SEPTEMBER 2018 REVISED: JULY 2020 PAGE 7 OF 18

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5. PROPORTIONING DESIGN MIX

- 5.1 If the average of the batches produced in Section 3.3 (or 3.3.1), with the specified minimum cement factor, satisfies the acceptance criteria of Section 4, then it will be considered acceptable as the mix design for the class of concrete being designed.
- 5.2 If the average of the batches produced in Section 3.3 with the specified minimum cement factor does not satisfy the acceptance criteria of Section 4, then a linear compressive strength-cement factor relationship will be established using the average 28-day compressive strength, based on the 6 by 12 in. (150 by 300 mm) cylinder results, of the batches with the minimum cement factor and the average 28-day compressive strength of the batches with the minimum cement factor plus one bag of cement. This relationship will be interpolated to determine a cement factor [to the nearest 1 lb. (2.2 kg)] which would cause the acceptance criteria to be satisfied. This interpolated cement factor will be considered acceptable for proportioning the mix design for the class of concrete being designed.
- 5.2.1 If neither of the averages of the batches produced in Section 3.3 satisfies the acceptance criteria of Section 4, then that proposed mix design cannot be considered as acceptable, and a new mix design will be required.
- 5.2.2 Section 5.2 does not apply to Class H concrete, specialized overlay concrete, and SCC produced in accordance with Section 603. Therefore, if the average compressive strength of the Class H, specialized overlay concrete batches, or SCC produced in accordance with Section 603, in Section 3.3.1 does not satisfy the acceptance criteria of Section 4, then that proposed mix design cannot be considered as acceptable, and a new mix design will be required.
- 5.3 The submittal for a proposed mix design shall include completed copies of Attachments 1 and 3. It shall also include a completed copy of Attachment 2 for each of the batches at the minimum cement factor. It shall also include a completed copy of Attachment 2 for each of the batches at the minimum cement factor plus one bag of cement, and a completed copy of Attachment 2 for the batch at the minimum cement factor with a different w/c (i.e. fifth batch), when applicable. All pertinent information supporting these attachments and pertaining to the information in them shall be submitted also. Upon approval of the subject mix design, the Division shall include a copy of Attachment 4 or 5 in ProjectWise, along with the approved mix design.

SCC mix design submittals, produced in accordance with Section 603, shall include completed copies of Attachments 1 S-P and 3 S-P. They shall also include a completed copy of Attachment 2 S-P for both of the batches produced in the mix design. All pertinent information supporting these attachments and pertaining to the information in them, including the test results pertaining to the workable period as outlined in Section 3.4.1, shall be submitted also.

MP 711.03.23 SUPERSEDES: SEPTEMBER 2018 REVISED: JULY 2020 PAGE 8 OF 18

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- 5.4 Although the Contractor has satisfied all requirements for concrete design and a mix design has been approved by the Engineer, the Contractor may still be required to adjust the approved mix design in the field as necessary to maintain all properties within the limits of the specification. These field adjustments shall include increasing the cement factor above the value specified in the approved mix design if such an adjustment would be necessary to cause the strength of the field placed concrete to conform to the requirements of the specification. These field adjustments shall also include the addition of water in the field for slump adjustment. The procedure for determining the maximum amount of water, which may be added to an approved concrete mix in the field, is outlined in the following sections.
- 5.4.1 Using the three different water-cement ratios from the batches produced in Section 3.3 and the corresponding 28-day compressive strengths from Section 3.5, the Excel file in Attachment 4 of this MP shall be used to create a best-fit line through these three points.
- 5.4.2 The water-cement ratio (w/c) that corresponds to the Mix Design Approval Strength, as outlined in Section 4.1 or 4.2, shall be determined from the Excel file in Attachment 4 of this MP. The maximum water, that is allowed to be added to an approved concrete mix in the field, shall be the amount of water, which corresponds to that w/c (i.e. the w/c that corresponds to the Mix Design Approval Strength). This maximum water amount shall be shown in Attachment 4. However, under no circumstance, shall the total amount of water in a mix, including field additions, exceed the amount of water corresponding to the maximum water content noted in Table 601.3.1A (i.e. under no circumstances shall the w/c in Table 601.3.1A be exceeded).
- 5.4.3 For existing approved mix designs, for which there are only two different watercement ratios, Attachment 5 shall be used to determine the maximum water, that is allowed to be added to that approved concrete mix in the field. Attachment 4 shall be used to determine the maximum water, that can be added in the field, for all other mixes.
- 5.4.4 For Class H mixes and concrete mixes for specialized overlays, as set forth in Section 679 of the specifications, no additional water beyond what was used in the approved mix designs shall be added in the field.

6. MIX DESIGN RE-APPROVAL

6.1 Each mix design shall remain approved for a period of three years from the date of approval, after which the mix design may be re-approved for an additional three years based on re-qualification tests outlined in Section 6.2 and conducted at the Concrete Producer or a Division Approved Laboratory, meeting the requirements of Section 3.1. If a mix design is used often enough (at least fifteen air content, slump, and compressive strength tests for the previous three year period), the re-qualification tests shall not be required, and the mix design may be re-approved based on the actual field tests performed during the previous three year period.

MP 711.03.23 SUPERSEDES: SEPTEMBER 2018 REVISED: JULY 2020 PAGE 9 OF 18

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Re-approval of SCC mix designs, produced in accordance with Section 603, shall be re-approved as outlined in Section 603.6.2.

The mix design shall meet the ASR requirements in Section 601.3.1.1 according to the most recent aggregate reactivity, alkali content of cement and SCM, and CaO content of fly ash from the Division Approved Products Lists APLs.

- 6.1.1 When a Concrete Producer desires to have a mix design re-approved, he shall submit a written request to the WVDOH District Materials Section in which that plant is located noting such and including the current mix design lab number. The WVDOH District Materials personnel shall verify whether or not there are a minimum of fifteen air content, slump, and compressive strength tests for that mix design in the previous three-year period.
- 6.1.2 If there are at least fifteen air content, slump, and compressive strength tests for that mix design in the previous three year period, then the WVDOH District Materials personnel shall notify MCS&T Division that the subject mix design may be re-approved based on the criteria in Section 6.1. MCS&T Division shall then update the approval date of the subject mix design.
- 6.1.3 If there are not at least fifteen air content, slump, and compressive strength tests for that mix design in the previous three year period, then the WVDOH District Materials personnel shall notify the Concrete Producer that the subject mix design must be reapproved as outlined in Section 6.2.
- 6.2 The following procedures shall be used to re-approve concrete mix designs that do not meet the criteria in Section 6.1.
- 6.2.1 The Concrete Producer shall provide a statement to the Engineer verifying that all sources of materials used in the approved mix designs are unchanged and the same as used in the original approved mix design. All materials shall meet the applicable sections of the specifications. The original mix design shall meet the ASR requirements in Section 601.3.1.1 according to most recent aggregate reactivity, alkali content of cement and SCM, and CaO of fly ash from the Division APLs.
- 6.2.2 Coarse and fine aggregate samples shall be obtained at the Concrete Producer's facility in accordance with MP 700.00.06, and the following tests shall be conducted on those aggregate samples by a WVDOH certified Aggregate Inspector: specific gravity (both coarse and fine aggregate), combined A-bar of total solids, absorption (both coarse and fine aggregate), fineness modulus (fine aggregate), and unit weight (coarse aggregate). The results of these tests shall be used by a WVDOH certified PCC Technician at the Concrete Producer or a Division Approved Laboratory, to establish a new target A-bar for the mix design and, if necessary, to adjust any batch volumes.
- 6.2.3 The Concrete Producer shall then, at the Producer's facility and in the presence of WVDOH District Materials personnel, produce a representative batch (acceptable to

MP 711.03.23 SUPERSEDES: SEPTEMBER 2018 REVISED: JULY 2020 PAGE 10 OF 18

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both the Producer and the WVDOH personnel) in accordance with Sections 601.6 and 601.7, of no less than 6 yd³ (4.6 m³) of the concrete mix subject for re-approval. This batch shall be tested for air content, slump, unit weight and yield. Also, three 6 by 12 in. (150 by 300 mm) 28-day compressive strength specimens, and if applicable, two rapid chloride permeability specimens (each to be tested at an age of 90 days or earlier and the average result used) shall be fabricated and tested from this batch.

- 6.2.3.1 In lieu of the batch produced at the Producer's facility, as outlined in Section 6.2.3, a batch may be produced at a Division Approved Laboratory. This batch does not need to be witnessed by WVDOH personnel. The size of this batch shall be the same as the size of the batches produced for new laboratory mix designs. If there are any changes to either the coarse or fine aggregate, certified laboratory personnel may perform the testing and mix adjustments as stated in Section 6.2.2.
- 6.2.4 If a Concrete Producer desires to have the option of using 4 by 8 in. (100 by 200 mm) cylinders in the field for a mix design which has already been approved, then at the time of mix design re-approval, or at any time prior to that time three additional 6 by 12 in. (150 by 300 mm) 28-day compressive strength specimens and six 4 by 8 in. (100 by 200 mm) 28-day compressive strength specimens shall be fabricated and tested from the batch produced in Section 6.2.3 or 6.2.3.1. The six 6 by 12 in. (150 by 300 mm) cylinders shall then be compared to the six 4 by 8 in. (100 by 200 mm) cylinders as outlined in Section 3.5.1.1 in order to determine if 4 by 8 in. (100 by 200 mm) cylinders will be permitted in the field for the subject mix design.
- 6.3 The Concrete Producer or Division Approved Laboratory Personnel shall record the results of all tests required and the proportions used in the batch outlined in Section 6.2 in the applicable sections of Attachments 1, 2, and 3. The Concrete Producer or Division Approved Laboratory Personnel shall then submit those attachments, along with the test data required in Section 6.2.2 to the WVDOH District Materials section, who will then forward them to MCS&T Division for evaluation. Based on these results, the existing mix design will either be re-approved (possibly with slight adjustments), or the current mix design will be considered to have expired and a new mix design will be required. When a mix design is re-approved by MCS&T Division, the laboratory approval number for that mix shall not be changed, but the approval date (the "Date Sampled") shall be revised.
- 6.3.1 For mix design re-approval purposes, the compressive strength of the representative batch produced at the Producer, as outlined in Section 6.2.3, must meet or exceed the "Design 28-day Compressive Strength" in Section 601.3, but it does not have to meet the "overdesign" acceptance criteria outlined in Section 4.
- 6.3.1.1 If a laboratory batch is produced in lieu of a batch at the Producer, as outlined in Section 6.2.3.1, then the compressive strength of that batch must have a compressive strength which exceeds the "Design 28-Day Compressive Strength" required by the

MP 711.03.23 SUPERSEDES: SEPTEMBER 2018 REVISED: JULY 2020 PAGE 11 OF 18

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specifications by the value (f'_{cr}) obtained from the formula below. The criteria used to establish the standard deviation is outlined in Section 4.1.

 $f'_{cr} = f'_c + \sigma$

Where:

 f^\prime_{cr} = Required compressive strength of the batch produced in Section 6.2.3.1 (expressed in psi)

 f'_c = Design 28-Day Compressive Strength (expressed in psi)

 σ = Concrete Plant Standard Deviation (outlined in Section 4.1)

- 6.3.2 For mix design re-approval purposes, the average of the two rapid chloride permeability test results from the representative batch produced in Section 6.2.3 or 6.2.3.1 must be 1,000 coulombs or less in order for the mix design to be re-approved.
- 6.3.3 If a mix design has expired, it may still be used on projects which have started before the mix design expired. However, after its date of expiration, a mix design may not be used on any new projects; a new mix design shall be required for these projects.

7. CHANGING A COMPONENT MATERIAL USED IN A MIX DESIGN

- 7.1 Whenever more than one component material in an approved mix design is changed simultaneously, a new laboratory mix design, in accordance with Section 3 shall be required. This option is not permitted for SCC mix designs produced in accordance with Section 603.
- 7.1.1 There are circumstances when one component material in an approved mix design may be changed to another WVDOH approved component material without requiring a new laboratory mix design. Those circumstances, and the subsequent steps which must be taken in order for that component material change to be approved, are outlined in the following sections.
- 7.2 The changes, outlined below, to any of the following component materials are permitted provided the requirements in Section 7.3 are met. Only one component material may be changed at a time, otherwise a new laboratory mix design in accordance with Section 3 shall be required. When changing the type and/or source of any one component material, minor adjustments to the quantities of other component materials in the mix design are permitted, in order to maintain desired mix properties. When changing the type and/or source of any one component material, the mix design shall meet the ASR requirements in Section 601.3.1.1 according to the most recent aggregate reactivity, alkali content of cement and SCM, and CaO of fly ash from the APLs.
- 7.2.1 Cement: The source of cement may be changed provided the requirements of Section 7.3 are met.
- 7.2.2 Supplementary Cementitious Material (SCM): The source and/or type of SCM may be changed provided the requirements of Section 7.3 are met.

MP 711.03.23 SUPERSEDES: SEPTEMBER 2018 REVISED: JULY 2020 PAGE 12 OF 18

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- 7.2.3 Chemical Admixture: The source and/or type of any individual admixture (*i.e.*, air entraining, water reducing, or water-reducing and retarding, *etc.*) may be changed provided the requirements of Section 7.3 are met. If more than one admixture is used in a mix design, a change to an individual component material means a change in only one of those admixtures. If more than one admixture is used in a mix design, and a change to one of these admixtures is desired (a change to an individual component material), then the source of the new admixture must still be the same as the source of the rest of the admixtures in the mix (*i.e.*, water-reducing admixture A from Source X may be changed to water-reducing admixture B from Source X.)
- 7.2.4 Latex Admixture: The source of latex admixture may be changed provided the requirements of Section 7.3 are met.
- 7.2.5 Fine Aggregate: The source of fine aggregate may be changed provided the requirements of Section 7.3 are met. However, if the type of fine aggregate changes (*i.e.*, silica sand to limestone sand or natural sand to manufactured sand), a new laboratory mix design in accordance with Section 3 shall be required.
- 7.2.6 Coarse Aggregate: The source of coarse aggregate may be changed provided the requirements of Section 7.3 are met. However, if the type or size of coarse aggregate changes (*i.e.*, river gravel to limestone or #57 limestone to #67 limestone), a new laboratory mix design in accordance with Section 3 shall be required.
- 7.3 When a change to any individual component material in an approved mix design, as outlined in Sections 7.1.1 and 7.2, is desired, the Concrete Producer shall, at the Producer's facility and in the presence of WVDOH District Materials personnel, produce two separate representative batches (acceptable to both the Producer and the WVDOH personnel) in accordance with Sections 601.6 and 601.7. Each of these batches shall be no less than 3 yd³ (2.3 m³), shall be batched at the target cement factor, and shall consist of the concrete mix with the proposed material change. The proportions for these batches shall be determined by a WVDOH certified PCC Technician.
- 7.3.1 If there is a change to either the coarse or fine aggregate, then a sample of the new material shall be obtained at the Concrete Producer's facility in accordance with MP 700.00.06, and the following tests shall be conducted by a WVDOH certified Aggregate Inspector on that aggregate sample: specific gravity, solid A-bar of the new material and A-bar of total solids, absorption, fineness modulus (fine aggregate), and unit weight (coarse aggregate). The results of these tests shall be used by a WVDOH certified PCC Technician at the Concrete Producer to establish a new target A-bar for the mix and, if necessary, to adjust any batch volumes.
- 7.3.2 In lieu of the two batches produced at the Producer's facility, as outlined in Section 7.3, two batches may be produced at a Division Approved Laboratory, meeting the requirements of Section 3.1. These batches do not need to be witnessed by WVDOH personnel. The sizes of these batches shall be the same as the size of the batches produced for new laboratory mix designs, and their proportions shall be

MP 711.03.23 SUPERSEDES: SEPTEMBER 2018 REVISED: JULY 2020 PAGE 13 OF 18

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determined by certified laboratory personnel. If there are any changes to either the coarse or fine aggregate, certified laboratory personnel may perform the testing and mix adjustments as stated in Section 7.3.1.

- 7.3.3 All of the information pertaining to the materials used in these batches shall be listed in Attachments 1, 2, $_3$ and 6-ASR as outlined in Section 3.2.
- 7.3.4 Both batches of concrete shall be tested in the plastic state for air, consistency, and yield. Each batch shall be adjusted as necessary to produce a plastic concrete having an air content, consistency, and yield equal to the specified value plus or minus the following tolerances: Air content, ± 1 percent; Consistency, ± 1 in. (± 25 mm) of slump; Yield, ± 2 percent.
- 7.3.4.1 If laboratory batches are produced in lieu of batches at the Producer, as outlined in Section 7.3.2, then the batch tolerances specified in Section 3.4 shall apply.
- 7.3.5 When the properties of a concrete batch have been established within acceptable limits, 3 6 in by 12 in. (150 by 300 mm) cylinders shall be made from each batch produced in Section 7.3 and tested in compression at an age of 28 days. The values of the physical properties of this new mix design (with the component material change) shall be the average of the physical properties established in the two batches produced in Section 7.3. These values shall be listed in the column for the mix with the "Minimum Cement Factor" in Attachment 3.

The following properties of each batch of concrete produced in Section 7.3 shall be listed in Attachment 2: A-bar of total solids, consistency, air content, unit weight and yield, water-cement ratio, and temperature.

- 7.4 When it is desired to change a component material in a mix which requires the rapid chloride permeability test (Class H concrete and specialized concrete overlays as outlined in Section 679), a minimum of one permeability specimen shall be fabricated from each of the batches produced in Section 7.3. The average value of these permeability specimens shall be no more than 10 percent greater than the mix design permeability value, required in the applicable specification, when tested at the time frame specified in the applicable specification.
- 7.4.1 If laboratory batches are produced in lieu of batches at the Producer, as outlined in Section 7.3.2, then the average value of these permeability specimens shall be less than or equal to the mix design permeability value required in the applicable specification, when tested at the time frame specified in the applicable specification.
- 7.5 If 4 by 8 in. (100 by 200 mm) cylinders were approved for use with the mix design which was approved prior to the component material change, then 4 by 8 in. (100 by 200 mm) cylinders shall also be approved for use with the new mix (with the component material change) with no further testing required.
- 7.5.1 Otherwise, if it is desired to use 4 by 8 in. (100 by 200 mm) cylinders as the basis for acceptance or early strength determination in the field with the new mix (with the

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MP 711.03.23 SUPERSEDES: SEPTEMBER 2018 REVISED: JULY 2020 PAGE 14 OF 18

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component material change) then three 4 by 8 in. (100 by 200 mm) 28-day compressive strength specimens shall be fabricated and tested from each of the batches produced in Section 7.3. The six 6 by 12 in. (150 by 300 mm) cylinders from these batches shall then be compared to the six 4 by 8 in. (100 by 200 mm) cylinders from these batches as outlined in Sections 3.5.1.1 and 3.5.1.2 in order to determine if 4 by 8 in. (100 by 200 mm) cylinders will be permitted in the field for the subject mix design.

The average compressive strength of the two batches produced at the Producer in 7.6 Section 7.3 must have an average compressive strength which exceeds the "Design 28-Day Compressive Strength" required by the specifications by the value (f'cr) obtained from the formula below. The criteria used to establish the standard deviation is outlined in Section 4.1.

 $f'_{cr} = f'_{c} + 2.33\sigma - 500$

Where:

 f'_{cr} = Required average compressive strength of the batches produced in Section 7.3 (expressed in psi) f'_{c} = Design 28-Day Compressive Strength (expressed in psi)

 σ = Concrete Plant Standard Deviation (outlined in Section 4.1)

7.6.1 If laboratory batches are produced in lieu of batches at the Producer, as outlined in Section 7.3.2, then the average compressive strength of these batches must have an average compressive strength which exceeds the "Design 28-Day Compressive Strength" required by the specifications by the value (f'cr) obtained from the formula below. The criteria used to establish the standard deviation is outlined in Section 4.1.

 $f'_{cr} = f'_{c} + 2\sigma$

- 7.6.2 If the average compressive strength of the two batches produced in Section 7.3 (f'cr) is less than the "Design 28-Day Compressive Strength" (f'c) required by the specifications, the new mix (with the component material change) cannot be considered as acceptable, unless the requirements of Section 7.7 are met.
- It is not required, but if the Concrete Producer desires, two additional separate 7.7 batches may be produced, at the same time that the two batches in Section 7.3 are being produced. These two additional batches shall be acceptable to both the Producer and the WVDOH personnel, and shall be produced in accordance with Sections 601.6 and 601.7. Each of these batches shall be no less than 3 yd³ (2.3 m³), shall be batched at the target cement factor plus one bag of cement [94 lb. (42.6 kg)], and shall consist of the concrete mix with the proposed material change.
- In lieu of the two batches produced at the Producer's facility, as outlined in 7.7.1 Section 7.7, two batches at the target cement factor plus one bag of cement [94 lb. (42.6 kg)] may be produced at a Division Approved Laboratory, meeting the

MP 711.03.23 SUPERSEDES: SEPTEMBER 2018 REVISED: JULY 2020 PAGE 15 OF 18

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requirements of Section 3.1. These batches, produced at a Division Approved Laboratory, do not need to be witnessed by WVDOH personnel. The sizes of these batches shall be the same as the size of the batches produced for new laboratory mix designs, and their proportions shall be determined by certified laboratory personnel.

- 7.7.2 Production of these two additional batches is not an option for Class H concrete or specialized overlay concrete.
- 7.7.3 Both batches of concrete shall be tested in the plastic state for air, consistency and yield. Each batch shall be adjusted as necessary to produce a plastic concrete having an air content, consistency, and yield equal to the specified value plus or minus the following tolerances: Air Content, ± 1 percent; Consistency, ± 1 in. (± 25 mm) of slump; Yield, ± 2 percent.
- 7.7.3.1 If laboratory batches are produced in lieu of batches at the Producer, as outlined in Section 7.7.1, then the batch tolerances specified in Section 3.4 shall apply.
- 7.7.4 When the properties of a concrete batch have been established within acceptable limits, three 6 by 12 in. (150 by 300 mm) cylinders shall be made from each batch produced in Section 7.7 and tested in compression at an age of 28 days. The values of the physical properties of this new mix design (with the component material change) shall be the average of the physical properties established in the two batches produced in Section 7.7. These values shall be listed in the column for the mix with the "Minimum Cement Factor + 1 Bag" in Attachment 3.

The following properties of each batch of concrete produced in Section 7.7 shall be listed in Attachment 2: A-bar of total solids, consistency, air content, unit weight and yield, water-cement ratio, and temperature.

- 7.7.5 If the average of the batches produced in Section 7.3, with the specified target cement factor, does not satisfy the acceptance criteria set forth in Section 7.6, then a linear compressive strength-cement factor relationship will be established using the average 28-day compressive strength [based on the 6 by 12 in. (150 by 300 mm) cylinder results] of the batches with the target cement factor (Section 7.3) and the average 28-day compressive strength of the batches with the target cement factor plus one bag of cement (Section 7.7). This relationship will be interpolated to determine a cement factor [to the nearest 1 lb. (2.2 kg)] which would cause the acceptance criteria to be satisfied. This interpolated cement factor will be considered acceptable for proportioning the design mix for the class of concrete being designed.
- 7.7.6 If neither of the averages of the batches produced in Sections 7.3 or 7.7 satisfy the acceptance criteria in Section 7.6, then that proposed component material change cannot be considered as acceptable, and a new laboratory mix design will be required in order to make a change in component materials.
- 7.8 The submittal for a proposed mix design change, as outlined in Section 7, shall include completed copies of Attachments 1 and 3. It shall also include a completed copy of Attachment 2 for each of the batches produced in Section 7. All pertinent

MP 711.03.23 SUPERSEDES: SEPTEMBER 2018 REVISED: JULY 2020 PAGE 16 OF 18

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information supporting these attachments and pertaining to the information in them shall be submitted also. This new mix design shall be submitted to the District in the same manner as a normal mix design, and it shall then be forwarded to MCS&T Division for review and approval. If approved, a new lab number will be assigned to this mix design, and it shall, from that point forward be treated as a new mix design.

7.9 No additional component material changes are permitted to this mix design (without a new laboratory mix design) until there are a minimum of 20 consecutive field test results, from this new mix design, which meet or exceed the design compressive strength requirements. Once there are 20 consecutive field test results, from this new mix design, which meet or exceed the design compressive strength requirements, this mix design is eligible for another component material change in accordance with Section 7.

8. REPLACEMENT OF FLY ASH WITH CEMENT OR ANOTHER APPROVED SOURCE OF FLY ASH IN A MIX DESIGN

- 8.1 When an issue arises with a fly ash source or any other circumstance arises which causes a Concrete Producer to discontinue the use of a source of fly ash in an approved mix design, , an equal volume of cement, or an equal volume of fly ash from a different WVDOH approved fly ash source, may be substituted for the fly ash in that mix. This option is not permitted for SCC mix designs produced in accordance with Section 603.
- 8.1.1 This option of replacing fly ash with cement, or fly ash from a different approved source, does not apply to Class H concrete and concrete for specialized overlays, as set forth in Section 679 of the specifications.
- 8.2 The Concrete Producer shall notify the WVDOH District Materials personnel that it is desired to replace the fly ash in an approved concrete mix design with an equal volume of cement or fly ash from a different approved source. The WVDOH District Materials personnel may then approve this change on a temporary basis. Field test data, as outlined in the following sections, shall be used to approve this mix design change as a permanent new mix design. The change on a temporary basis and permanent new mix design shall meet the ASR requirements in Section 601.3.1.1 according to the most recent aggregate reactivity, alkali content of cement and SCM, CaO of fly ash from the APLs.
- 8.2.1 When fly ash from a different approved source is being substituted for the existing source of fly ash in an approved mix design, tests to determine the air content of the plastic concrete shall be performed at the Concrete Producer's facility and at the job site, in the presence of WVDOH personnel, on at least the first three batches of concrete produced with this different approved source of fly ash.
- 8.3 Two batches of concrete, produced with this mix containing either all cement or fly ash from a different approved source shall then be tested in the presence of WVDOH

MP 711.03.23 SUPERSEDES: SEPTEMBER 2018 REVISED: JULY 2020 PAGE 17 OF 18

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District Materials personnel. Both of these batches of concrete shall be tested in the plastic state for air, consistency, and yield. Each batch shall have an air content, consistency, and yield equal to the specified value plus or minus the following tolerances: Air content, ± 1 percent; Consistency, ± 1 in. (± 25 mm) of slump; Yield, ± 2 percent.

8.3.1 Three 6 by 12 in. (150 by 300 mm) cylinders shall be made from each batch outlined in Section 8.3 and tested in compression at an age of 28 days. The values of the physical properties of this new mix design (with the fly ash replacement) shall be the average of the physical properties established in the two batches produced in Section 8.3. These values shall be listed in the column for the mix with the "Minimum Cement Factor" in Attachment 3.

The following properties of each batch of concrete produced in Section 8.3 shall be listed in Attachment 2: A-bar of total solids, consistency, air content, unit weight and & yield, water-cement ratio, and temperature.

- 8.4 The average compressive strength of the two batches produced in Section 8.3 must have an average compressive strength, which exceeds the "Design 28-Day Compressive Strength" required by the specifications.
- 8.5 The submittal for a mix design change from a mix containing fly ash to a mix using either only cement as the cementitious material or fly ash from a different approved source, as outlined in Section 8, shall include completed copies of Attachments 1,3 and 6-ASR. It shall also include a completed copy of Attachment 2 for each of the batches produced in Section 8.3. All pertinent information supporting these attachments and pertaining to the information in them shall be submitted also. This mix design change submittal shall be submitted to the District in the same manner as a normal mix design, and it shall then be forwarded to MCS&T Division for review and approval. A new lab number will be assigned to this mix design, and it shall, from that point forward be treated as a new mix design, using only cement as the cementitious material or using fly ash from a different approved source along with the original source of cement as the cementitious materials.

9. ADDITION OF HYDRATION CONTROL STABILIZING ADMIXTURES TO EXISTING MIX DESIGNS

- 9.1 Approved Hydration Control Stabilizing Admixtures, as specified in Section 707.15, designed to stop the hydration of cement in a concrete mix, enabling an extension to the allowable discharge time from a truck mixer as outlined in Section 601.7 of the Specifications may be added to an existing approved concrete mix design in accordance with the procedures outlined in this Section. This option is not permitted for SCC mix designs produced in accordance with Section 603.
- 9.2 Two separate batches of concrete shall be produced as outlined in Section 7.3. These concrete batches shall be tested as outlined in Sections 7.3 and 7.4.

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MP 711.03.23 SUPERSEDES: SEPTEMBER 2018 REVISED: JULY 2020 PAGE 18 OF 18

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- 9.2.1 Additional testing, as outlined in the second, third, and fourth paragraphs of Section 707.15.2.1, shall also be performed on one of the batches produced in Section 9.2 in order to verify that the allowable concrete discharge time may be extended.
- 9.3 If the requirements set forth in Section 7.6 are met, then the procedures set forth in Sections 7.8 and 7.9 shall be followed, and the existing mix shall be approved for use with the hydration control stabilizing admixture, and a new lab number will be assigned to this mix design.
- 9.4 No additional changes to the existing mix design are permitted at the time that these concrete batches are being produced for the acceptance of the addition of the hydration control stabilizing admixture to the existing mix design.

Ronald L. Stanevich, P.E. Director Materials Control, Soils and Testing Division

RLS:M

Attachments

Source:	Source Code:					
Source Location:	Producer/Sup		plier Code:			
Class of Concrete:	Materials Code					
	SiteManager M		Mat. Code:			
Design Laboratory:			Date:			
		Cementi	tious Material Data			
			Supplementary Cer	mentitious Material	Supplem	entary Cementitious Material
Data	Cement		(SCI			(SCM) 2
Name						
Туре						
Materials Code						
SiteManager Mat. Code						
Source						
Source Location						
Source Code						
Producer/Supplier Code:						
Specific Gravity						
		Ad	mixture Data			
Data	Air Entrainment		onal Admixture 1	Additional Admi	xture 2	Additional Admixture 3
Name		Additi				
Туре						
Materials Code						
SiteManager Mat. Code						
Source						
Source Location						
Source Code						
Producer/Supplier Code:						
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·						
		-	gregate Data			
Data	Coarse A	Aggregate			Fine Aç	ggregate
Class/Size						
Туре						
Materials Code						
SiteManager Mat. Code						
Source						
Source Location						
Source Code						
Producer/Supplier Code:						
Specific Gravity						
A-Bar						
Absorption						
Fineness Modulus						
Unit Weight						

Source:

Source Location: Design Laboratory: Class of Concrete: Date:

Check The Appropriate Box For Designated Batch:		Minimum Cement Factor		Mininimum Cement Factor + 1 Bag		Minimum Cement Factor with	
		Batch 1	Batch 2	Batch 1	Batch 2	Different w/c	Additional Batch
Material		Ма	ISS	Units	Volu	ime	Units
Cement				lb (kg)			ft ³ (m ³)
SCM 1				lb (kg)			ft ³ (m ³)
SCM 2				lb (kg)			ft ³ (m ³)
Latex Admixture				lb (kg)	gal (L)		ft ³ (m ³)
Water				lb (kg)	gal (L)		ft ³ (m ³)
Air Content, by volur	ne			%		•	ft ³ (m ³)
Coarse Aggregate				lb (kg)			ft ³ (m ³)
Fine Aggregate				lb (kg)			ft ³ (m ³)
Total				lb (kg)			ft ³ (m ³)
Air Entrain. Admixtu	re			oz/Cwt (mL/100kg)			fl. oz. (mL)
Chemical Admixture	91			oz/Cwt (mL/100kg)			fl. oz. (mL)
Chemical Admixture 2				oz/Cwt (mL/100kg)			fl. oz. (mL)
Chemical Admixture 3				oz/Cwt (mL/100kg)			fl. oz. (mL)
			Mixture T	est Data			
A Total Solids	W/C Ratio	Cement Factor (ft ³)	Temperature	Consistency	Air Content	Unit Weight	Yield
	compressive Ste	ength, psi (MPa					
Specified Test Age:	Actual Test Age (hours)		4" x 8" (100 x 200 mm) Strengths		Rapid Chloride	Permeability T Applicable)	esting (When
24 ± 2 Hours					Method of Curing	Standard	Accelerated
3 Days					(Check Applicable Box)		
7 Days							Total Adjusted
14 Days						Age at Time of Test (Days)	Charge Passed (Coulombs)
28 Days							()
28 Days					Test 1		
28 Days					Test 2		
Avg. 28 Day Strength		#DIV/0!	#DIV/0!		Average		#DIV/0!

Source:

Source Location:

Design Laboratory:

Class of Concrete:

Corresponding Design 28-day Compressive Strength from Table 601.3.1A (psi): Corresponding Maximum Water Content from Table 601.3.1A:

Date:

	Minimum Ce	ement Factor	Minimum Cen	nent Factor + 1	Minimum Ce	ement Factor	
			В	aq	with Different w/c		
Material	Mass	Units	Mass	Units	Mass	Units	
Cement		lb (kg)		lb (kg)		lb (kg)	
SCM 1		lb (kg)		lb (kg)		lb (kg)	
SCM 2		lb (kg)		lb (kg)		lb (kg)	
Water		lb (kg)		lb (kg)		lb (kg)	
Coarse Aggregate		lb (kg)		lb (kg)		lb (kg)	
Fine Aggregate		lb (kg)		lb (kg)		lb (kg)	
Total		lb (kg)		lb (kg)		lb (kg)	
Air Entrain. Admixture		oz/Cwt (mL/100kg)		oz/Cwt (mL/100kg)		oz/Cwt (mL/100kg)	
Chemical Admixture 1		oz/Cwt (mL/100kg)		oz/Cwt (mL/100kg)		oz/Cwt (mL/100kg)	
Chemical Admixture 2		oz/Cwt (mL/100kg)		oz/Cwt (mL/100kg)		oz/Cwt (mL/100kg)	
Chemical Admixture 3		oz/Cwt (mL/100kg)		oz/Cwt (mL/100kg)		oz/Cwt (mL/100kg)	
Total A-Bar Solids							
Water Cement Ratio							
Cement Factor		ft ³ (m ³)		ft ³ (m ³)		ft ³ (m ³)	
Temperature		°F (°C)		^o F (^o C)		°F (°C)	
Consistency		inches (mm)		inches (mm)		inches (mm)	
Air Content		%		%		%	
Unit Weight		lb/ft ³ (kg/m ³)		lb/ft ³ (kg/m ³)		lb/ft ³ (kg/m ³)	
Yield		ft ³ (m ³)		ft ³ (m ³)		ft ³ (m ³)	
Aggregate Correction Factor per		, <i>,</i> ,		, <i>,</i> ,		· · · /	
AASHTO T 152		%		%		%	
	Minimum Ce	ement Factor	[
Compressive Strength,		itch	Minimum Cen	nent Factor + 1	Minimum Ce	n Cement Factor	
psi (Mpa)	6" x 12" Cyl. (150x300 mm)	4" x 8" Cyl. (100x200 mm)		Batch		erent w/c	
1 Day		· · · · · ·					
3 Days							
7 Days							
14 Days							
28 Days							
28 Days							
28 Days							
Avg. 28 Day Strength	#DIV/0!	#DIV/0!	#D	IV/0!	#D	IV/0!	
If applicable, are 4" x 8" (nitted in the fi	eld:		IV/0!	
	Plant Standard Deviation at time of Mix Design Approval (psi):						
Average Value of Rapid	Chloride Perme	eability Test (Co	oulombs):				

SUMMARY

Fields will be Automatically Filled After Attachment 3 is Completed	28-day Compressive Strength (Known Y-Value)	Water/Cementitious Material Ratio (Known X-Value)
Average Strength of Two Batches at Target (Minimum) Cement Factor (from Field D49 in Attachment 3)	#DIV/0!	0
Average Strength of Two Batches at Target (Minimum) Cement Factor + 1 Bag (from Field H49 in Attachment 3)	#DIV/0!	0
Strength of Batch at Target (Minimum) Cement Factor but with Different w/c (from Field L49 in Attachment 3)	#DIV/0!	0
	Result of Best-Fit Line (Slope) #VALUE!	Result of Best-Fit Line (Y- Intercept) #VALUE!

Class of Concrete = 0
Maximum Water Content from Table 601.3.1A = 0
Target (Minimum) Cement Factor (lbs.) = (from 0 Fields D19, D20, and D21 of Attachment 3)
Design Compressive Strength (psi) from Table 601.3.1A $_{=}$ 0
Plant Compressive Strength Standard Deviation (psi) = 0
Mix Design Approval Strength (psi) = 0
w/c that corresponds to the Mix Design Approval Strength = #VALUE!
Maximum w/c Allowed in the Field = #VALUE!
Total Maximum Pounds of Water Allowed in the Mix (Including Field Adjustments), at the Target (Minimum) Cement Factor) = #VALUE! Total Maximum Gallons of Water Allowed in the Mix (Including Field Adjustments), at the Target (Minimum) Cement Factor) = #VALUE!

Fields will be Automatically Filled After Attachment 3 is Completed	28-day Compressive Strength (Known Y-Value)	Water/Cementitious Material Ratio (Known X-Value)
Average Strength of Two Batches at Target (Minimum) Cement Factor (from Field D49 in Attachment 3)	#DIV/0!	0
Average Strength of Two Batches at Target (Minimum) Cement Factor + 1 Bag (from Field H49 in Attachment 3)	#DIV/0!	0
	Result of Best-Fit Line (Slope) #VALUE!	Result of Best-Fit Line (Y- Intercept) #VALUE!
Class of Concrete =	0	
Maximum Water Content from Table 601.3.1A =	0	
Target (Minimum) Cement Factor (lbs.) = (from Fields D19, D20, and D21 of Attachment 3)	0	
Design Compressive Strength (psi) from Table 601.3.1A $_{\pm}$	0	
Plant Compressive Strength Standard Deviation (psi) =	0	
Mix Design Approval Strength (psi) =	0	
w/c that corresponds to the Mix Design Approval Strength =	#VALUE!	
Maximum w/c Allowed in the Field =		
Total Maximum Pounds of Water Allowed in the Mix (Including Field Adjustments), at the Target (Minimum) Cement Factor) =		
Total Maximum Gallons of Water Allowed in the Mix (Including Field Adjustments), at the Target (Minimum) Cement Factor) =		

MP 711.03.23 JULY, 2020 ATTACHMENT 6-ASR

Class of Concrete, Precast/Prestress Member

Cementitious Material Data				
Data	Cement	Supplementary Cementitious		
Data	Cement	Materials (SCM) 1		
Mass (lb/kg)				
Alklai Content (%)				
CaO (%)(Fly Ash Only)				

Ag	ggregate Mate	rial Data
Data	Reactivity	Most Reactivity
Coarse Aggregate		
Fine Aggregate		

1 Level of Prevention

If Level of Prevention is "V", stop here.

For Class H Concrete, Skip 2,3,4 and 5.

For Evaluation of the Effectiveness of SCM (ASTM C1567), skip 2,3,4, and 6.

2	Alkali Content of Concrete (Option 1)	0.00	lb/yd³ (kg/m³)
3	Replacement Level of SCM (Option 2)		%

4	For Prevention Level "Z" Only		
	Alkali Content of Concrete	%	
	Replacement Level of SCM	%	

5	Evaluation of the Effectiveness of SCM (ASTM C		
	Data	Evaluation with Reactive Fine	
	Data	Aggregate	
	Expansion results (%)		
	SCM (%)		
	Replacement of SCM in Mix Design (%)		

6 Option chosen from Specification Table 601.3.1C for Class H Concrete



567)

Evaluation with Reactive Coarse Aggregate

Source:			Source Code:		[]		
Source Location:			Producer/Sup	plier Code:			
Class of Concrete:			Materials Code:				
	SiteManager I						
Design Laboratory:			Date:		1		
Design Eabolatory.			Date.				
		Cementi	tious Material Data				
			Supplementary Cementitious Material		Supplementary Cementitious Material		
Data	Cement		(SCM) 1		(SCM) 2		
Name							
Туре							
Materials Code							
SiteManager Mat. Code							
Source							
Source Location							
Source Code							
Producer/Supplier Code:							
Specific Gravity							
		٨d	lmixture Data				
Data	Air Entrainment	-	innxture Data	Additional Admi	vturo 2	Additional Admixture 3	
Name		Additi				Additional Admixture 5	
Type Materials Code							
SiteManager Mat. Code							
Source							
Source Location							
Source Code							
Producer/Supplier Code:							
		Ag	gregate Data				
Data	Coarse	Aggregate		Fine Aggregate			
Class/Size							
Туре							
Materials Code							
SiteManager Mat. Code							
Source							
Source Location							
Source Code							
Producer/Supplier Code:							
Specific Gravity							
Absorption							
Fineness Modulus							
Unit Weight							

Source:
Source Location:
Design Laboratory:
Class of Concrete:
Date:

Check the Appropriate B		ox for the	x for the Batch 1		Additional Batch		
Designated Batc				Batch 2			
Material		Ma	SS	Units	Volu	me	Units
Cement				lb (kg)			ft ³ (m ³)
SCM 1				lb (kg)			ft ³ (m ³)
SCM 2				lb (kg)		$ft^3(m^3)$	
Water				lb (kg)	gal (L)	$ft^3(m^3)$	
Air Content, by volur	ne					$ft^3 (m^3)$	
Coarse Aggregate 1				lb (kg)		$ft^3 (m^3)$	
Coarse Aggregate 2				lb (kg)		$ft^3 (m^3)$	
Fine Aggregate				lb (kg)		$ft^3 (m^3)$	
Total				lb (kg)		ft ³ (m ³)	
Air Entrain. Admixtu	re			oz/Cwt (mL/100kg)		fl. oz. (mL)	
Chemical Admixture						fl. oz. (mL)	
Chemical Admixture				oz/Cwt (mL/100kg) oz/Cwt (mL/100kg)		fl. oz. (mL)	
Chemical Admixture				oz/Cwt (mL/100kg)			fl. oz. (mL)
			Mixture Tes				11. 02. (111L)
W/C Ratio		Concrete Temperature,			Unit Weight, lb/ft ³ (kg/m ³)		т
	Cement Factor, ft ³ (m ³)	°F (°C)	Slump Flow, in. (mm)	Air Content, %	Unit vveight, ib/ft (kg/m [*])	Yield, ft ³ (m ³)	$T_{50,seconds}$
		Rod. Asmnt. of Static	Segregation Resistance,				
VSI	J-Ring, in. (mm)	Sea Resist in (mm)	%	Workable Period, minutes			
			Compressive Stren	ngth Test, psi (Mpa)			
Test Age:	24 ± 2 hours	3 days	7 days	14 days	28 days	28 days	28 days
Actual Test Age (hours)							
Compressive Strength							
Average 28-day Compressiv			ve Strength:	#DIV/0!			
	Modulus of Elasticity Test, psi (Mpa)						
Test	Age:	3 days	7 days	14 days	28 days	28 days	28 days
Actual Test	0	,	y	,	,	,	,
Modulus o							
		-day Modulus c	of Elasticity:			#DIV/0!	
Length Change (Shrinkage), % Length Change							
Teet Are	Initial Deading	Reading at End of 28-day	4 days after 28-day	7 days after 28-day	14 days after 28-day curing	28 days after 28-day	
Test Age	Initial Reading	Curing Period	curing period	curing period	period	curing period	
Specimen 1 Specimen 2							
Specimen 2 Specimen 3							
	age Length Change (Shrinkage) after 28 d	ave of water curing :	and 28-days of Air St	orage.	#DIV/0!	
Rapid C	hloride Permeability Age at Time of Test	Total Adjusted Charge			Fre	eze-Thaw Resistanc	
	(days)	Passed (coulombs)				# of Cycles Completed	Durability Factor
Specimen 1					Specimen 1		
Specimen 2					Specimen 2		
Specimen 3					Specimen 3		
Average Total Charge Passed (coulombs): #DIV/0!				Average Dura	bility Factor:	#DIV/0!	
			Creep	Testing			
Age at Initial Loading		Comp. Str. Cylinder 1, psi (Mpa):		Comp. Str. Cylinder 2, psi (Mpa):		Initial Load,	
(hours) [.] Initial E	lastic Strain at Time of Init	tial Loading (Determined with	nin 2 minutes after Initial Lo			DSL (MIDA):	
	Loaded Cylinders - Total		Load Induced Strain	Load Induced Strain per	Creep Strain	Creep Strain per Unit	Creep Coefficient
90 days After Initial	Strain	Drvino Strain		Unit Stress		Stress	
Loading:							

SUMMARY

Source:						
Source Location:						
Design Laboratory:						
Class of Concrete:						
Date:						
				Mix Pr	operties	
Material		A١	verage V	alue from Two	Trial Batches	Units
Cement						lb (kg)
SCM 1						lb (kg)
SCM 2						lb (kg)
Water				gal (L)		lb (kg)
Coarse Aggregate 1					-	lb (kg)
Coarse Aggregate 2						lb (kg)
Fine Aggregate						lb (kg)
Total Batch Weight						lb (kg)
Air Entrain. Admixture						oz/Cwt (mL/100kg)
Chemical Admixture 1						oz/Cwt (mL/100kg)
Chemical Admixture 2						oz/Cwt (mL/100kg)
Chemical Admixture 3						oz/Cwt (mL/100kg)
Water Cement Ratio						
Cement Factor						ft ³ (m ³)
Temperature						^o F (^o C)
Slump Flow						inches (mm)
Air Content						%
Unit Weight						lb/ft ³ (kg/m ³)
Yield						ft ³ (m ³)
T ₅₀						seconds
VSI						
J-Ring						inches (mm)
Rapid Assessment of Star	tic Segregation Resist.					inches (mm)
Segregation Resistance						%
Aggregate Correction Fac	tor per AASHTO T 152					%
Compressive Strength,	Avg.Compressive Strength]	Þ	restressing Stra	nd Bond Stren	ath Test
psi (Mpa)	of both Trial Batches	4	Prestressing Strand Bond Strengt		•	
24 ± 2 hours		4	(in accordance with MP 603.06.20)		06.20)	
3 Days		4		Check Applicable Box		
7 Days		4		Pass:		
14 Days		4		Fail:		
28 Days		4				
28 Days		4				
28 Days		4				
Avg. 28 Day Strength	#DIV/0!					

WEST VIRGINIA DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION DIVISION OF HIGHWAYS MATERIALS CONTROL, SOILS AND TESTING DIVISION MATERIALS PROCEDURE

AGGREGATE SOURCE APPROVAL PROCEDURES

1.0 PURPOSE

- 1.1 To provide a uniform procedure for the following:
- a) Approval of producers/suppliers of aggregates for the West Virginia's Department of Transportation's Division of Highways (WVDOH) Approved Material Source/Product List; and
- b) Monitoring of producers/supplier's ongoing compliance with the governing specifications for use of their products in WVDOH projects.

2.0 SCOPE

2.1 This procedure shall apply to any aggregate producers/suppliers intending on suppling aggregates to projects conducted by the WVDOH.

3.0 APPLICABLE DOCUMENTS

- 3.1 West Virginia Division of Highways Standard Specifications, Roads and Bridges
- 3.2 West Virginia Division of Highways Construction Manual
- 3.3 West Virginia Division of Highways Materials Procedures

4.0 CONSIDERATION FOR APPROVED MATERIAL SOURCE/PRODUCT LIST

- 4.1 If an entity wants to be placed on the commercial source list and has had no previous dealings with WVDOT, they shall submit a Letter of Intent to MCS&T describing what they intend on selling, what production process is used, what type of projects they intend on supplying, and when they intend on starting production.
- 4.2 To be considered for the WVDOH Approved Material Source/Product list, one or more of the following criteria shall be considered:

- 4.2.1 Recent acceptance of the potential source in another State's Approved Source may be reviewed and verified by Materials Control, Soils and Testing Division (MCS&T) to highlight the potential for producing an acceptable product for use in WVDOH projects.
- 4.2.2 Records of both the geologic features of the source and historical quality testing data of the products compiled by the producer/supplier, if available, may be submitted to MCS&T. This quality testing data shall be acquired from tests completed in an AASHTO re:source accredited laboratory. Historic data concerning aggregate quality test results signifying compliance with other states' specifications shall be available for review.
- 4.2.3 Manufacturing and quality control processes, geologic features, and independent quality testing data shall be verified by MCS&T to ensure compliance with governing specifications.
- 4.3 Verification shall include all data acquired from quality testing of the materials by AASHTO re:source accredited laboratories. All data submitted will be reviewed in the verification process, and may be included in the quality testing data compiled by MCS&T.
- 4.4 Subsequent to the review of historical and geologic data concerning the material in question, a sampling regimen shall be implemented to continually evaluate the quality of the material.
- 4.5 Acceptance of any material submitted for approval from any potential producer/supplier is left to the discretion of MCS&T.
- 4.6 Any material submitted for use in WVDOH projects shall meet the criteria described in the 2017 West Virginia Division of Highways Standard Specifications, Roads and Bridges for that particular material.

5.0 MAINTENANCE OF APPROVED MATERIAL SOURCE/PRODUCT LIST

- 5.1 To remain on the DOH Approved Material Source/Product list, the following criteria shall apply:
- 5.1.1 The producer/supplier shall maintain consistent satisfactory compliance of the quality of the aggregates according to the WVDOH Specification of Roads and Bridges, Sections 702 through 704 by permitting yearly quality sampling of the source/supplier by MCS&T. This testing determines if the approved products continually exhibit the same characteristics and quality as the originally approved material. (see MP700.00.55; GUIDELINES FOR ESTABLISHING AND MAINTAINING APPROVED LISTS OF MATERIALS AND SOURCES, section 6.0)

6.0 REMOVAL FROM APPROVED MATERIAL SOURCE/PRODUCT LIST

- 6.1 In the event the producer/supplier does not provide materials in compliance with the governing specifications, the following actions shall be taken by the producer/supplier, and subsequently by MCS&T, up to and including removal from the Approved Material Source/Product List:
- 6.1.1 If the quality test results do not meet the minimum specifications, then a second test portion will be split from the same field sample and shall be retested, and the test methods shall be reviewed for accuracy.
- 6.1.2 When a material, upon reexamination, fails to meet DOH Specifications, the producer/supplier shall be notified of the failing results and a second field sample shall be obtained by MCS&T and tested for quality. The results from this sample will determine if further action is needed.
- 6.1.3 For the second Field sample, follow the same protocol for Section 6.1.1. If the second sample does not meet quality specifications, a third sample shall be obtained from the producer/supplier by MSC&T.
- 6.1.4 For the third Field sample, follow the same protocol for Section 6.1.1. If the third sample does not meet quality specifications the following action shall be taken:
- 6.2 Communication of sample information shall be implemented as follows:
- 6.2.1 The producer/supplier shall be notified of the deficiency, either in writing or via electronic communication (i.e. email).
- 6.2.2 The 10 district material supervisors, the regional engineers/managers, and the directors of MCS&T shall be notified of the deficiency via electronic communication (i.e. email).

- 6.3 The producer/supplier of the substandard product is then responsible for mitigating the delinquency and improving the production quality to comply with the corresponding governing specifications. Mitigation of substandard materials is not the responsibility of MCS&T; only the verification of the quality of material provided by the producer/supplier shall be the responsibility of MCS&T.
- 6.4 A supplemental sampling program shall be implemented to confirm the mitigation of the deficiency, and shall be coordinated as follows:
 - a) If the producer/supplier was previously included on the Approved Material Source/Product List, a series of three (3) consecutive samples shall be obtained. Each new sample shall be obtained every seven (7) days of production to test the quality of the new material. If there is no constant flow of production, then samples shall be obtained from each stockpile produced (minimum stockpile of approximately 2000 tons).
 - b) After three samples have been tested for full quality and are found to comply with the governing specifications, random, intermittent sampling of the material shall be performed by the adjacent District and sent to MCS&T for verification of quality. The frequency of the intermittent sampling of the material shall be up to the discretion of MCS&T.
 - c) If the most recent samples comply with the corresponding specifications concerning the material, the producer/supplier shall be notified of conformance and shall be included on the Approved Material Source/Product List for the next fiscal quarter.
 - d) If the material continues to fail to meet the corresponding specifications, further action shall be taken, up to and including removal of the producer/supplier from the Approved Material Source/Product List.

6.5 If any of the aforementioned quality samples fail quality testing and a new field sample cannot be obtained due to the source not being accessible (due to seasonal closure, lack of material for sampling, etc.), then the producer/supplier with be removed from the approved list until the resampling can be completed.

7.0 **DOCUMENTATION**

- 7.1 All samples obtained by MCS&T shall be assigned a corresponding lab reference number for record keeping, ensuring proper access by MCS&T personnel to pertinent information regarding the materials provided by the producers/suppliers.
- 7.2 In the event of repeat non-conformance of specifications, the following procedure shall be implemented:
 - a) A record of communication between the Division and the producer/supplier's contact shall be retained for future reference.
 - b) The sample (or samples) failing to meet quality specifications shall be packaged and stored for later access by MCS&T personnel for future reference. The sample containers shall display the lab reference number, date the tests were conducted, type of material tested, and data revealing what specifications were out of compliance.
- 7.3 Acceptance protocol detailed in section 4.0 shall be re-implemented once the deficiency has been mitigated to specification standards and the new materials will be considered for testing.