#### **MP Committee Meeting – 2-27-20**

#### Agenda

#### 9:00 AM at MCST

- I. MPs for Review and Voting (Old Business)
  - 1. Champion: Dave Lipscomb

**707.02.13** - PROCEDURE TO APPROVE GALVANIZED STEEL U-CHANNEL SIGNPOSTS AND U-CHANNEL BREAKAWAY SPLICE DEVICE PRODUCTS. (Ready for Vote)

2. Champion: Ted Whitmore

**707.02.14** - PROCEDURE TO APPROVE GALVANIZED STEEL U-CHANNEL SIGNPOSTS AND U-CHANNEL BREAKAWAY SPLICE DEVICE PRODUCTS. (Ready for Vote)

3. Champion: Mike Mance

**601.03.50** – GUIDE FOR QC AND QA REQUIREMENTS FOR PORTLAND CEMENT CONCRETE. (Ready for Vote)

4. Champion: Andrew Thaxton

**603.10.40** – INSPECTION AND ACCEPTANCE PROCEDURES FOR PRESTRESSED CONCRETE BRIDGE MEMBERS. (Ready for Vote)

5. Champion: Mike Mance

**707.04.10** – GUIDE FOR APPROVAL OF SUPPLEMENTARY CEMENTITIOUS MATERIALS (SCMs). (Ready for Vote)

6. Champion: Dave Lipscomb

**631.03.02** – ACCEPTANCE CRITERIA FOR GENERAL INDUSTRIAL GRADE ELECTRICAL ITEMS. (Not Ready for Vote)

- II. MPs for Review and Voting (New Business)
  - 7. Champion: Mike Mance

**711.03.23** – MIX DESIGN FOR PCC

Next Meeting –March 26, 2020.

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#### WEST VIRGINIA DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION DIVISION OF HIGHWAYS MATERIALS CONTROL, SOILS & TESTING DIVISION

#### MATERIALS PROCEDURE

#### PROCEDURE TO APPROVE COATED STEEL U-CHANNEL MATERIAL

1.	
	PURPOSE
1.1	To establish a procedure to approve coated steel u-channel sign supports (henceforth referred to as "supports") for use on West Virginia Division of Highways (WVDOH)
	projects.
1.2	To ensure the ongoing manufactured quality of the above-mentioned product.
2.	SCOPE
2.1	This procedure shall apply to all supports used for WVDOH projects.
3.	REFERENCED DOCUMENTS
3.1	Materials Procedure 707.02.14: Procedure to Approve Coated Steel U-Channel Sign
	Support Breakaway Spice Device Products.
3.2	ASTM A1075 Standard Specification for Flanged Steel U-Channel Supports.
3.3	WVDOH Standard Specifications for Roads and Bridges, Sections 657.2.11 and 709.56.
3.4	ASTM A123, Standard Specification for Zinc (Hot-Dip Galvanized) Coatings on Iron and Steel Products.
4.	APPROVAL PROCEDURE FOR SUPPORTS
4.1	The manufacturer shall submit a certification statement that identifies the following information for 2 lb./ft and/or 3 lb./ft supports that are being submitted.
4.2	The manufacturer shall submit a certification statement stating that all supplied steel for u-channel supports are domestic. The certified statement shall be signed by a
	representative of the manufacturer who has authority to bind the company.
4.3	An evaluation and sampling of material at the manufacturer's facility or facilities may
	be conducted by WVDOH personnel, or by its designee, for conformance to the
	appropriate ASTM specification. Five samples of each size support shall be obtained at each facility. Each sample can be of any length greater than two feet. Supports must
	be drilled or punched and must be representative of the finished product.
4.4	The supports shall be tested to the mechanical and chemical requirements of ASTM
	A1075 at a minimum of <u>Grade</u> 60, and the applicable coating requirements contained

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in Sections 3.4. Higher strength material may (and typically will) be used as long as the material complies with all other standards.

- 4.5 The material will be inspected for proper hole alignment, spacing, and clearance. All supports shall have a hole spacing that is consistent at 1-in center to center without misalignment relative to one another and relative to the centerline of the support web. All hole clearances after coating shall allow for the insertion of a 5/16-in galvanized bolt by hand, without interference from excessive coating buildup.
- 4.6 Subsequent inspection of the manufacturing facilities shall be conducted on a one (1) year frequency.
- 4.7 After lab tests and evaluations are conducted, and a list of all manufactures producing 2 lb./ft and 3 lb./ft supports is completed, the list will be sent to the Control Group of the Materials Control Soils & Testing Division to be compiled with the list of recommended breakaway safety devices supplied by Traffic Engineering Division (TED) (MP 707.02.14).
- 4.8 The requisite for a breakaway device to be on the publicly available, approved product list is that the device be approved on both of the above-mentioned lists. Removal or subsequent failures of either the MCS&T or TED will result in removal from the publicly available approved products list.
- 4.9 Once the above requirements are met, laboratory approval numbers will be assigned to indicate WVDOH Specification conformance and approval of the product(s). Individual lab approval numbers will be issued for both the manufacturer's 2 lb./ft support, 3 lb./ft support. Separately, an approval number will be issued for the corresponding manufacturer's recommended breakaway devices for each size support. In order to appear on the list, both of these approvals are required.
- 4.10 Revocation of approved source status may result from furnishing material that does not comply with Specifications or may be revoked at the recommendation of TED.
- 4.11 "Approved Source" status may be reinstated based on the findings of an investigation.

  The reinstatement process will commence upon the receipt of a letter of request from the manufacturer. The letter of request should indicate reasons for reinstatement and documentation to substantiate such reasons.

#### 5. SHIPPING DOCUMATION

- 5.1 The manufacturing mill shall furnish to the project (when purchase order material is shipped) a shipping document. This document will include the following information:
  - 1. Date of shipment
  - 2. Project or purchase order number
  - 3. Description and quantity of materials shipped
  - Current laboratory approval numbers for all materials shipped

#### 6. PROCEDURE AT DELIVERY SITE

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4.7→ Once the above requirements are met, laboratory approval numbers will be assigned to indicate WVDOH Specification conformance and approval of the product(s). Individual lab approval numbers will be issued for the manufacturer's 2 lb./ft support, 3 lb./ft supports. ¶

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- 6.1 District personnel will visually inspect each shipment and review information on the shipping document in accordance with <u>Section 5.1.</u>
- 6.2 All shipments that are damaged, incomplete, or otherwise considered to be in noncompliance with the specifications shall be rejected. A list of approved products as described herein is available to all contractors, fabricators, and suppliers by accessing the WVDOH Approved Product List Webpage.<sup>1</sup>

Ronald L. Stanevich, P.E. Director Materials Control, Soils and Testing Division

 $<sup>^{1}\,\</sup>underline{\text{https://transportation.wv.gov/highways/mcst/Pages/APL\_By\_Number.aspx}}$ 

#### **Brayack, Daniel A**

From: Whitmore, Ted J

Sent: Tuesday, February 11, 2020 2:59 PM

To: Lipscomb, David L
Cc: Brayack, Daniel A

**Subject:** u-channel supports material grade

Just a follow-up to the conversation we had at the MP meeting about the u-channel MP and the specifying of the required material grade.

What I was proposing was specifying in the specification that the grade of the material supplied by the manufacturer shall be sufficient to provide the loading capacity required by our wind loading chart on TE1-7A.

#### TOTAL SQUARE FEET OF SIGN AREA PER POST 12 13 14 6.0 6.5 6.5 7.0 2.00#/ FT. 7.0 7.5 SIGN ('CP" IN FEET) SIGN ('CP" IN FEET) 8.0 8.0 8.5 8.5 9.0 9.0 3.00#/ FT. 9.5 9.5 10.0 10.0 10.5 4,0#BB® 10.5 NE ON DIMENSION FROM OF PRESSURE ON 11.0 11.0 11.5 11.5 DIMENSION OF PRESSU 12.0 12.0 12.5 12.5 13.0 6.0#BB® 13.0 13.5 13.5

SUPPORT SIZE SELECTION CHART

This would require the manufacturer to determine the necessary grade rather than us specifying it. A1075 includes 4 different grades from 50-80 ksi. If we specify 60 ksi min, could a situation occur where we are trying to remove a manufacturer from the APL because of failures and the issue is that 60 ksi they are supplying is not adequate? Could they could argue that the 60 ksi supports they are supplying meet the specifications?

If we required them to indicate the grade supports they are submitting for approval/testing and intend to supply for projects, and we indicated that grade as part of the product description on the APL, would we be better insured that what they supply on projects is representative to what they submitted for testing and vice-versa? Could a situation occur where the manufacturer submits 70 ksi supports for testing and then supplies 60 ksi supports on projects if the APL doesn't indicate the grade that was submitted and tested?

GRAN BE USED IF THE SUPPORTS ARE LOCATED BEHIND THE GUARDRAIL, ON A BENCH OR WITH BREAKAWAY BASES.

I just wanted to try to make clear what I was suggesting. If you all agree or feel that specifying 60 ksi min should be adequate, please let me know. I also want to make sure the language in the spec isn't contrary in any way to the MP.

Thanks, Ted

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# WEST VIRGINIA DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION DIVISION OF HIGHWAYS MATERIALS CONTROL, SOILS & TESTING DIVISION

#### MATERIALS PROCEDURE

### PROCEDURE TO APPROVE COATED STEEL U-CHANNEL SIGN SUPPORT BREAKAWAY SPLICE DEVICE PRODUCTS

1.	I UKI OSE
1.1	To establish a procedure to approve coated steel u-channel sign support (henceforth referred to as "supports") manufacturer recommended breakaway splice device products (henceforth referred to as "breakaway devices") for use on West Virginia

1.2 To ensure the ongoing manufactured quality of the above-mentioned products.

Division of Highways (WVDOH) projects.

#### 2. SCOPE

DIIDDACE

2.1 This procedure shall apply to all breakaway devices described herein, used for WVDOH projects.

#### 3. REFERENCED DOCUMENTS

- 3.1 Materials Procedure 707.02.13: Procedure To Approve Coated Steel U-Channel Material
- WVDOH Standard Specifications for Roads and Bridges, Sections 657.2.11 and 709.56.

#### 4. APPROVAL PROCEDURE FOR BREAKAWAY DEVICES

- 4.1 The manufacturer shall submit a certification statement that identifies the <u>brand</u> name and/or model number of the manufacturer's breakaway device. The manufacturer shall also recommend the breakaway device to be evaluated for each support size.
- 4.2 The manufacturer shall submit a certification statement stating that all supplied steel components of breakaway devices are domestic. The certified statement shall be signed by a representative of the manufacturer who has authority to bind the company.
- Once the above requirements, those specified in MP 707.02.13, and those specified in Specification 709.53 are met, laboratory approval numbers will be assigned to indicate WVDOH Specification conformance and approval of the product(s). Individual lab approval numbers will be issued for the manufacturer's recommended breakaway devices for each size support. Breakaway device lab approval numbers will not be issued nor kept active without the device's respective WVDOH acceptance and approval of the manufacturer's support (from MCS&T.)
- 4.4 Revocation of approved source status may result from furnishing material that does not comply with Specifications or may be revoked at the recommendation of Traffic

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Engineering Division (TED) based on issues such as poor performance or maintenance concerns.

4.5 "Approved Source" status may be reinstated based on the findings of an investigation. The reinstatement process will commence upon the receipt of a letter of request from the manufacturer. The letter of request must indicate reasons for reinstatement and documentation to substantiate such reasons.

#### 5. SHIPPING DOCUMATION

- 5.1 The manufacturer shall furnish to the project (when purchase order material is shipped) a shipping document. This document will include the following information:
  - 1. Date of shipment
  - 2. Project or purchase order number
  - 3. Description and quantity of materials shipped
  - 4. Current laboratory approval numbers for all materials shipped

#### 6. PROCEDURE AT DELIVERY SITE

- 6.1 District personnel will visually inspect each shipment and review information on the shipping document in accordance with <u>Section 5.1</u>.
- All shipments that are damaged, incomplete, or otherwise considered to be in noncompliance with the specifications shall be rejected. A list of approved products as described herein is available to all contractors, fabricators, and suppliers by accessing the WVDOH Approved Product List Webpage.<sup>1</sup>

<u> </u>
Ronald L. Stanevich, P.E.
Director
Materials Control, Soils and Testing Division

RLS:Bw

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<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> https://transportation.wv.gov/highways/mcst/Pages/APL By Number.aspx

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#### WEST VIRGINIA DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION DIVISION OF HIGHWAYS MATERIALS CONTROL, SOILS AND TESTING DIVISION

#### MATERIALS PROCEDURE

### GUIDE FOR QUALITY CONTROL AND ACCEPTANCE REQUIREMENTS FOR PORTLAND CEMENT CONCRETE

#### 1. PURPOSE

1.1 To establish minimum requirements for Contractor's Quality Control (QC) system and the Division's Acceptance Plan. It is intended that these minimum requirements be followed in detailing the inspection, sampling, and testing deemed necessary to maintain compliance with all specification requirements.

#### 2. SCOPE

This Materials Procedure (MP) is applicable to all Portland Cement Concrete (PCC) items, and it outlines the quality control procedures for both plant and field operations and includes procedures for approving and using Master and/or Project Specific QC Plans. This procedure also aids in documentation and retention of QC Plans in ProjectWise.

#### 3. GENERAL REQUIREMENTS

3.1 The Contractor shall provide and maintain a quality control system that will provide reasonable assurance that all materials and products submitted to the Division for acceptance will conform to the contract requirements whether manufactured or processed by the Contractor or procured from suppliers, subcontractors, or vendors. The contractor shall perform or have performed the inspections and tests required to substantiate product conformance to contract document requirements and shall also perform or have performed all inspections and tests otherwise required by the contract. The Contractor's quality control inspections and tests shall be documented and shall be available for review by the Engineer throughout the life of the contract. The Contractor shall maintain standard equipment and qualified personnel as required by the Specifications to assure conformance to contract requirements. Procedures will be subject to the review of the Division before the work is started.

#### 4. QUALITY CONTROL PLAN

4.1 The contractor shall prepare a QC Plan detailing the type and frequency of inspection, sampling, and testing deemed necessary to measure and control the various properties of materials and construction governed by the Specifications. As a minimum, the sampling and testing plan should detail sampling location, sampling techniques, and

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test frequency to be utilized. Quality control sampling and testing performed by the Contractor may be utilized by the Division for acceptance.

- 4.1.1 A QC Plan must be developed by the Contractor and submitted to the Engineer prior to the start of construction on every project. Acceptance of the QC Plan by the Engineer will be contingent upon its concurrence with these guidelines.
- 4.1.2 As work progresses, an addendum(s) may be required to a QC Plan to keep the QC program current. Personnel may be required to show proof of certification for testing.
- 4.2 Quality Control Plan Guidelines
- 4.2.1 The Plan shall identify the personnel responsible for the Contractor's quality control. This should include the company official who will act as the liaison with Division personnel, as well as the Certified Portland Cement Concrete Technician who will direct the inspection program at the plant or in the field depending if it is a plant or field QC Plan. Their phone number and email address must also be included as a means for contact by the Division personnel.
- 4.2.2 All classes of concrete and corresponding mix design numbers, which may be used, shall be listed on Plant QC Plan. All classes of concrete, which may be used, shall be listed on the Field QC Plan.
- 4.2.3 Process control sampling, testing, and inspection should be an integral part of the contractor's quality control system. In addition to the above requirements, the Contractor's QC Plan should document the process control requirements shown in Table 1 of Attachment 1. The process control activities shown in Table 1 are considered to be normal activities necessary to control the production and placing of a given product or material at an acceptable quality level. To facilitate the Division's activities, the Contractor, as per ML-25, shall retain all completed gradation samples until further disposition is designated by the Division.
- 4.2.4 All sampling and testing shall be in accordance with the methods and procedures required by the Specifications. Measuring and testing equipment shall be standard and properly calibrated as per the specified test procedures. If alternative sampling methods, procedures, and inspection equipment are to be used, they shall be detailed in the QC Plan.
- 4.2.4.1 Any individual who samples or tests either plastic or hardened concrete for quality control purposes shall be certified as a WVDOH PCC Inspector.
- Any Laboratory which tests the hardened concrete for the Contractor, for quality control purposes, shall be listed in the Contractor's QC Plan for field operations. This Laboratory shall provide evidence that it meets all of the applicable requirements in ASTM C1077 for a concrete testing laboratory, including curing facilities, testing

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equipment, technician proficiency, <u>participation in the CCRL Concrete Proficiency Sample Program (PSP)</u>, <u>Quality Management System documentation</u>, and recordkeeping. Each Laboratory shall be inspected and <u>evaluated initially</u>, and at <u>least once every regular inspection tour cycle (approximately 30 months)</u> by the Cement and Concrete Reference Laboratory (CCRL). <u>Subsequent documentation shall be provided showing that the subject Laboratory and personnel meet the applicable requirements of ASTM C1077 for a concrete laboratory.</u>

- 4.2.4.3 Any Laboratory which desires to test contractor hardened concrete QC specimens on WVDOH projects shall submit the evidence/documentation, required in Section 4.2.4.2, confirming compliance with ASTM C1077 with regards to testing cylinders, to MCS&T Division. MCS&T Division will review this submittal. In this submittal, the subject Laboratory shall also explain how all deficiencies noted in the CCRL Laboratory Inspection Report have been addressed. Once MCS&T Division determines that the subject Laboratory is in compliance with the applicable requirements of ASTM C1077, and all deficiencies have been adequately resolved, that Laboratory will be placed on the Division's Approved List of Concrete Cylinder Testing Labs. All laboratories who test contractor hardened concrete QC specimens on WVDOH projects must be listed on the Division's Approved List of Concrete Cylinder Testing Labs.
- 4.2.5 When calculating the compressive strength of concrete cylinders in accordance with AASHTO T22, the following procedure shall be used:

$$CS = \underline{ML}$$

$$0.25 \times \pi \times D^2$$

Where:

CS = Compressive Strength of the specimen

ML = Maximum load carried by the specimen during the test

 $\pi$  = Mathematical constant PI

D = Diameter of the cylinder being tested (in accordance with AASTO T 22)

Note: The calculation for CS shall be performed in one continuous step (without any rounding), either by the testing machine, or by calculating device, and only the final value (CS) is permitted to be rounded (to the accuracy specified in AASHTO T 22). The value for  $\pi$  shall be the manufacturer's pre-programmed value in a calculating device or the testing machine.

#### 4.2.6 Miscellaneous Concrete:

The contractor is not required to perform the process control testing required by Part C of Table 1 of the Attachment on miscellaneous concrete (as defined in section

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4.2.6.1), provided that the concrete in question is being supplied by an A1 or A2 plant (as defined in MP 601.05.50, formerly numbered as IM-18), and provided that the requirements of section 4.2.6.2 are met for each project on which the reduced testing of miscellaneous concrete is applied.

4.2.6.1 Miscellaneous concrete shall be defined as relatively small quantities, not exceeding 25 yd³ (19 m³) per day, incorporated into items that will not adversely affect the traffic carrying capacity of a completed facility. Such items would not include any concrete intended for major structures, permanent mainline or ramp pavements, or any other structurally critical items part of, or adjacent to the roadway.

The following items are suggested as a guideline in establishing items that may be categorized as miscellaneous concrete:

Note: Concrete testing for certain items below is waived, in some cases, by the referenced section of the specifications.

- 1 Sidewalks
- 2. Curb and Gutter
- 3. Slope walls for under drain outlet pipes
- 4. Temporary pavements and pipe crossings
- 5. Building floors
- 6. Slope paving and headers
- 7. Paved ditch or gutter
- 8. Small (less than 36" diameter) culvert headwalls
- 9. Catch basins, manhole bases, inlets, and junction boxes (and adjustments of such items) not located in the roadway
- 10. Foundations for breakaway supports
- 11. Utility trench fills
- 12. Cast-in-place survey markers
- 4.2.6.2 One sample per two days of production (for the same project) shall be tested (beginning on the first day of production) for compressive strength, air content, and consistency. On a minimum of ten percent of the samples outlined above, the Division will observe the batching operation at the plant (that is producing the concrete to be sampled) and check the operational control.
- 4.2.6.3 When placing miscellaneous concrete and no testing is required, an Approved Source Sample will be generated in Site Manager. The C###### representing the test from the previous day of production shall be entered in the intended use field. Miscellaneous Concrete will be entered in remarks. Miscellaneous Concrete will be written on all batch tickets for which testing is not required, per the miscellaneous concrete provisions of this MP, prior to scanning and placing in ProjectWise.

#### 4.2.7 Documentation:

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The Contractor shall maintain adequate records of all inspections and tests. The records shall indicate the nature and number of observations made, the number and type of deficiencies found, the quantities approved and rejected, and the nature of corrective action taken as appropriate. The Contractor's documentation procedures will be subject to the review and approval of the Division prior to the start of the work and to compliance checks during the progress of the work.

#### Charts and Forms:

All conforming and non-conforming inspections and test results shall be kept complete and shall be available at all times to the Division during the performance work. Forms shall be on a computer-acceptable medium where required. Batch ticket data shall be documented in accordance with the applicable section of MP 601.03.50, with a copy to be submitted to the District Materials Section within 72 hours of the concrete placement. Gradation data shall be documented on WVDOH form T300 using the material codes listed in the online computer systems user guide. The original gradation data shall be submitted to the District Materials Section within 72 hours of obtaining the gradation sample. Test data for Portland cement concrete shall be charted in accordance with the applicable requirements of MP 601.03.52. Gradation test data shall be plotted in accordance with the applicable requirements of MP 300.00.51. The Contractor may use other types of control charts as deemed appropriate by the Division. It is normally expected that testing and charting will be completed within 48 hours after sampling. The Contractor shall also ensure that all Material Suppliers prepare and submit the HL-441 form (weekly supplier report) in a timely manner

4.2.7.1 All charts and records documenting the Contractor's quality control inspections and tests shall become property of the Division upon completing of the work.

#### 4.2.8 <u>Batch Tickets</u>

Each batch of Structural Concrete, including miscellaneous concrete (as defined in section 4.2.6.1), delivered at the project shall be accompanied by one batch ticket with all of the items of information listed in section 4.2.9.1 pre-printed on the ticket. In the case of Portland Cement Concrete Pavement, each batch of concrete delivered at the project on which a test in accordance with Table 1 of Attachment 1 is to be performed shall be accompanied by a batch ticket. This batch ticket shall have all of the items listed in section 4.2.9.1 pre-printed on the ticket unless non-agitator trucks or truck agitators are used. In this case, the batch ticket shall have all of the items listed in section 4.2.9.2 pre-printed on the ticket.

4.2.8.1 All batch tickets for Structural Concrete and Portland Cement Concrete Pavement Concrete transported by truck mixers shall have all of the following items preprinted on the ticket: Producer/Supplier Code, Producer/Supplier Name, Producer/Supplier Location, Mix Design Laboratory Reference Number, Date, Sequence Number, Volume (yd³/m³), Time Batched, Time Unloaded, Contract Identification

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Number (CID #), Federal and/or State Project Number, Material Code, Material Name, Water Allowed (Gallon/Liter), Water at Plant (Gallon/Liter), Weight of Ice at Plant (lb/kg), Water at Job (Gallon/Liter), Weight of Cement (lb/kg), Weight(s) of Pozzolan(s) (lb/kg), Weight of Fine Aggregate (lb/kg), Weight of Coarse Aggregate (lb/kg), Admixture Name(s) and Weight(s) (ounces), Temperature (°F/°C), Cylinder I.D., Initial Counter, Final Counter, Target Consistency (in/mm), Actual Consistency (in/mm), Target Air (%), Actual Air (%), Truck Number.

- 4.2.8.2 All batch tickets for concrete delivered by means of nonagitator trucks or truck agitators shall have all of the following items pre-printed on the ticket: Producer/Supplier Name, Mix Design Laboratory Reference Number, Date, Sequence Number, Volume (yd³/m³), Time Batched, Time Unloaded, CID#, Federal and/or State Project Number, Material Code, Material Name, Water Allowed (Gallon/Liter), Water at Plant (Gallon/Liter), Weight of Ice at Plant (lb/kg), Weight of Cement (lb/kg), Weight of Pozzolan (lb/kg), Weight of Fine Aggregate (lb/kg), Weight of Coarse Aggregate (lb/kg), Admixture Name(s) and Weight(s) (ounces), Temperature (°F/°C), Target Consistency (in/mm), Actual Consistency (in/mm), Target Air (%), Actual Air (%), Truck Number.
- 4.2.8.3 The batch ticket in the case of either type of concrete shall be a pre-printed batch ticket prepared by the plant. This ticket may be either computer generated or a standard pre-printed form with blank spaces provided in which all of the required data shall be recorded. The data items listed above that are completed in the field (such as Time Unloaded, Actual Consistency, etc.) must have a space on the batch ticket for completion. Volume is to be reported to the nearest 0.01 yd³ (0.01 m³). Consistencies are to be reported to the nearest 0.25 inch (6 mm). Target and Actual Air are to be reported to the nearest 0.1% (to the nearest 0.25% if the volumetric method is used).

#### 4.2.9 <u>Corrective Action:</u>

The Contractor shall take prompt action to correct conditions, which have resulted, or could result, in the submission to the Division of materials and products, which do not conform to the requirements of the Contract documents.

#### 4.2.10 Non-Conforming Materials:

4.2.10.1 The contractor shall establish and maintain an effective and positive system for controlling non-conforming material, including procedures for its identification, isolation and disposition. Reclaiming or reworking of non-conforming materials shall be in accordance with procedures acceptable to the Division. All non-conforming materials and products shall be positively identified to prevent use, shipment, and intermingling with conforming materials and products. Holding areas,

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mutually agreeable to the Division and the Contractor shall be provided by the Contractor.

#### 4.2.11 Types of QC Plans:

- 4.2.11.1 QC Plans which are intended for use on more than one project shall be defined as Master QC Plans. Section 4.3 outlines the procedures for Master QC Plan submittal and approval.
- 4.2.11.2 QC Plans which are intended for use on a single project shall be defined as Project Specific QC Plans. Project Specific QC Plans shall contain a cover letter which includes the following: project description, CID#, Federal and/or State Project Number.
- 4.2.11.3 A contractor may submit a Master QC Plan for Plant and/or Field operations instead of a Project Specific QC Plan.
- 4.2.11.4 Once any QC Plan is approved for a project, the key date shall be entered in Site Manager by the appropriate District Materials personnel. The first date entered shall be the date the Project QC Plan letter is received. The second date shall be when the district approves the QC Plan for use on the project.

#### 4.3 <u>Master QC Plan</u>

- 4.3.1 The intent of Master QC Plans is to facilitate the approval process in a more uniform manner. Master QC Plans can be submitted to the Division by the Contractor when their workload in a given District is routinely repetitive for the year.
- 4.3.2 The Contractor shall submit a Master Field QC Plan yearly to each District in which they have work (see Attachment 2). If the Contractor does not have work in a given District for the year, then a Master Field QC Plan shall not be submitted to that District.
- 4.3.3 The Producer/Supplier shall submit a Master Plant QC Plan at the beginning of each year to the District in which their plant is located (see Attachment 3).
- 4.3.4 The District will review the submitted Master QC Plans to see if they meet the applicable requirements of Sections 4.2 thru 4.2.11.1 and assign a Laboratory Reference Number to each QC Plan upon approval, for future referencing. The District will acknowledge approval of each Master QC Plan to the Contractor and/or Producer/Supplier by letter (see Attachment 4), which will include the Laboratory Reference Number and a copy of the approved Master QC Plan. This will then be scanned and placed in ProjectWise under the appropriate District's Org for that Contractor and/or Producer/Supplier.

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- 4.3.5 Once a project has been awarded, if a contractor elects to use the approved Master Plant and Master Field QC Plans on that project, the Contractor shall submit a letter requesting to use the Master QC Plans for that project. This letter must be on the Contractor's letterhead paper, be addressed to the District Engineer/Manager or their designee, and contain the following information: project number, CID#, project description, type of Quality Control Plan and the laboratory reference number for the Master QC Plan. See Attachment 5 for an example of a plant letter and Attachment 6 for an example of a field letter.
- 4.3.5.1 The District shall review the referenced Master QC Plans to ensure they cover all items in that project. If the referenced Master QC Plan is found to be insufficient for some items on that project, the District shall request the Contractor to submit additional information for quality control of those items as an addendum on a project specific basis. When the District is satisfied with the QC Plan for that project, a letter shall be sent to the Contractor acknowledging approval (see Attachment 7), with the following attached: the contractor's project QC Plan request letter and the Master QC Plan approval letter. This shall then be placed in the project's incoming-mail mailbox in ProjectWise.
- 4.3.5.2 A Master QC Plan that has been approved for project use shall be good for the duration of that project.
- 4.3.5.3 For the use of Division Personnel, the District approval letter for this project must state the ProjectWise link to the referenced Master QC Plan for that Contractor (for example: WVDOT ORGS > District Organization #> Materials > Year > Master QC Plans).
- 4.3.6 The Master Field and Plant QC Plans shall be valid for the duration of one calendar year beginning on January 1<sup>st</sup> and ending on December 31<sup>st</sup>. The Master Plant QC Plan will also cover maintenance purchase order concrete for the year.

#### 5. ACCEPTANCE SAMPLING AND TESTING

- Acceptance sampling and testing is the responsibility of the Division. Quality control tests by the Contractor may be used for acceptance.
- The Division shall sample and test for applicable items completely independent of the contractor at a frequency equal to approximately ten (10) percent of the frequency for testing given in the approved QC Plan. Witnessing the contractor's sampling and testing activities may also be a part of the acceptance procedure, but only to the extent that such tests are considered "in addition to" the ten (10) percent independent tests.
- Results from independent tests conducted by the Division for gradation, entrained air, consistency, and strength will be plotted on the Contractor's quality control charts

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with a red circle, but are not to be included in the moving average. When the Contractor's tests are witnessed, the results are circled on the control chart in red, and are to be included in the moving average calculations.

Results from both independent tests and witnessed tests will be evaluated in accordance with MP 700.00.54. If a dissimilarity is detected, an investigation shall be immediately initiated to determine the cause of the dissimilarity.

Ronald L. Stanevich, P.E.
Director
Materials Control, Soils and Testing Division

RLS:Fm

Attachments

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ATTACHMENT 1

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#### TABLE 1

# $\frac{\text{CONTRACTORS PROCESS CONTROL}}{\text{REQUIREMENTS}}$

## STRUCTURAL CONCRETE AND PORTLAND CEMENT CONCRETE PAVEMENT

Minimum frequency\*

#### A. PLANT AND TRUCKS

1. Mixer Blades Prior to Start of Job and Weekly

2. Scales

a. Tared Daily

b. Calibrate Prior to start of Job

c. Check Calibration Weekly

3. Gauges and Meters-Plant and Truck

a. Calibrateb. Check CalibrationYearlyWeekly

4. Admixture Dispenser

a. Calibrate Prior to Start of Job

b. Check Operation and Calibration Daily

#### B. AGGREGATES

1. Fine Aggregate

a. Gradation Per section 601.3.2.4 of the Specifications

b. Moisture Daily

2. Coarse Aggregates

a. Gradation Per section 601.3.2.4 of the Specifications

b. Percent passing No. 75mm Daily

c. Ā for Combined Coarse Aggregates
Fine Aggregates and Cement Per section 601.3.2.4 of the Specifications

d. Moisture Daily

#### C. PLASTIC CONCRETE

1. Entrained Air Content

Pavement Concrete Two at the beginning of the paving

operation, per Section 501.4.2, then one per 500 yd<sup>3</sup> (380 m<sup>3</sup>) or fraction thereof, with a

minimum of two per day

Structural Concrete One per 100 yd<sup>3</sup> (75 m<sup>3</sup>) or fraction thereof,

(except Bridge Superstructure) with a minimum of one per ½ day of

operation

орегин

Bridge Superstructure

2. Consistency\*\*

Pavement Concrete One per 500 yd<sup>3</sup> (380 m<sup>3</sup>) or fraction

One per batch

thereof, with a minimum of two per day

Structural Concrete One per 100 yd<sup>3</sup> (75 m<sup>3</sup>) or fraction thereof,

(except Bridge Superstructure) with a minimum of one per ½ day of

operation

Bridge Superstructure One for first batch and one for every fifth

batch thereafter

3. Temperature Per Specification

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4. Yield

Pavement Concrete Per Section 501.3 of the Specifications and

one for each five days of operation after the

first five days of operation

Structural Concrete Per Section 601.3.2.3 of the Specifications

and one for each ten sets of cylinders after

the first ten

5. Compressive Strength\*\*\*

Pavement Concrete One set of concrete cylinders for each 350

yd<sup>3</sup> (75 m<sup>3</sup>) or fraction thereof

Structural Concrete For each class concrete delivered and placed

on a calendar day from a single supplier, one set of concrete cylinders for each 100 yd<sup>3</sup>

(75 m<sup>3</sup>) or fraction thereof

6. Permeability

Pavement Concrete N/A

Structural Concrete Per Section 601.4.5 of the Specifications

Specialized Concrete Overlays Per Section 679.2.2 of the Specifications

- \* Frequency for Process Control will vary with the size and type of aggregate or mixture and the batch-to-batch variability of the item.
- \*\* When superplasticizer is added to the concrete in the field, additional consistency testing is required as per Section 601.3.2.1 of the Specifications.
- \*\*\* All cylinders shall be made, cured, and shipped to the Laboratory in accordance with AASHTO T 23 and MP 601.04.20. They shall be tested in accordance with AASHTO T 22 and the applicable section of the Standard Specifications.

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ATTACHMENT 2
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## \*\*\*Example\*\*\* COMPANY LETTERHEAD

Mr./	Ms./Mrs	
	t Virginia Department of Highways	
Dist	rict Engineer/Manager , WV #####	
RE:	Master PCC Field QC Plan	
Dea	·	
	We are submitting our PCC Field Quality Control Plan, developed in accordance Sections 501 and 601 of the <u>(year)</u> WVDOH Standard Specifications, the <u>(year)</u> WVDOH Standard Specifications, and MP 601.03.50.	
1.	The Quality Control program is under the direction of, who can be contacted in Field/Office, by telephone number, cell#	)е _,
2.	Sampling and testing will be performed by qualified personnel as per WVDOH specification Section 106.	ıs
3.	Class(es) of Concrete to be controlled are listed as follows:	
	- All types <u>Class A</u> - All types <u>Class B</u> - All types <u>Class C</u>	
	- All types <u>Class D</u> - All types <u>Class K</u> - All types <u>Class H</u>	
	- Etc.	

- 4. All items in this QC Plan will be sampled at a minimum frequency as specified in Table 1 of Attachment 1. We acknowledge that additional sampling may be required by the Division in addition to the minimum frequency stated.
- 5. All sampling and testing will be in accordance with the methods and procedures required by the specifications. All measuring and testing equipment shall be standard and properly calibrated as per the specified test procedure. (If alternative sampling methods, procedures and inspection equipment are to be used please state in detail what they are and how they will be utilized.)

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6. Batch ticket data shall be documented in accordance with the applicable section of MP 601.03.50, with a copy to be submitted to the District Materials Section within 72 hours of the concrete placement.

- 7. Calculation of the compressive strength of concrete cylinders will be done as shown in Section 4.2.5 of MP 601.03.50.
- 8. Testing of Miscellaneous Concrete will be as specified in Section 4.2.6 and Sub-Sections 4.2.6.1 thru 4.2.6.3 of MP 601.03.50.
- 9. We will maintain adequate records of all inspection and tests. The records will indicate the type of test, number of observations made, the amount and type of deficiency's found, the quantities approved and rejected, and the nature of corrective actions taken as appropriate. Our documentation procedures will be subject to the review and approval of the Division prior to the start of the work and to compliance checks during the progression of the work.
- 10. **Our company** will take prompt action to correct conditions, which have resulted or could result, in the submission to the Division/District of materials and products, which do not conform to the requirements of the contract documents.
- 11. <u>Non-Conforming Materials</u> -- State how you will establish an effective and positive system for controlling non-conforming material. This shall include the following:
  - procedures for non-conforming material identification
  - isolation and disposition of this material

Reclaiming or reworking of non-conforming materials shall be in accordance with procedures acceptable to the Division.

Our company will specify and provide holding areas, which shall be mutually agreeable by the Division and Contractor.

Very Truly Yours,	
Company Official, Title	

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ATTACHMENT 3
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## \*\*\*Example\*\*\* COMPANY LETTERHEAD

Ms/Mrs				
t Virginia D	epartment of Highwa	ays		
Master F	PCC Plant QC Plan			
	,			
Sections 5	601 and 601 of the (	<u>year)</u> WVDOH_Standa	•	
The Qualit contacted i and/or e-m	y Control program is n Field/Office, by tele ail address	under the direction of phone number	of, cell#	, who can be
		rformed by qualified	personnel as per WVDO	H specifications
The PCC N	Mix Designs and class	of concrete to be cont	rolled are listed below:	
Mix l	Design Number		Class of Concrete	
1.	#######		Class B	
3.				
4. Etc.				
	We are Sections 5 lemental Solution 100 The PCC M  Mix I  1. 2. 3. 4.	We are submitting our PCC Sections 501 and 601 of the (lemental Specifications, and MITTHE Quality Control program is contacted in Field/Office, by tele and/or e-mail address  Sampling and testing will be per Section 106.  The PCC Mix Designs and class  Mix Design Number  1. #######  2		Virginia Department of Highways ict Engineer/Manager, WV #####  Master PCC Plant QC Plan  We are submitting our PCC PLANT Quality Control Plan, developed Sections 501 and 601 of the (vear) WVDOH_Standard Specifications, the (vear) Elemental Specifications, and MP 601.03.50.  The Quality Control program is under the direction of

- 4. All items in this QC Plan will be sampled at a minimum frequency as specified in Table 1 of Attachment. We acknowledge that additional sampling may be required by the Division in addition to the minimum frequency stated.
- 5. All sampling and testing will be in accordance with the methods and procedures required by the specifications. All measuring and testing equipment shall be standard and properly calibrated as

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per the specified test procedure. (If alternative sampling methods, procedures and inspection equipment are to be used please state in detail what they are and how they will be utilized.)

#### 6. Charts and forms

<u>Our Company</u> will make sure all conforming and non-conforming inspections and test results shall be kept complete and shall be available at all times to the Division during the performance work. Forms shall be on a computer-acceptable medium where required. Gradation data shall be documented on WVDOH form T300 using the material codes listed in the online computer systems user guide. The original gradation data shall be submitted to the District Materials Section within 72 hours of obtaining the gradation sample. Test data for Portland cement concrete shall be charted in accordance with the applicable requirements of MP 601.03.52. Gradation test data shall be plotted in accordance with the applicable requirements of MP 300.00.51. We may use other types of control charts as deemed appropriate by Division. It is normally expected that testing and charting will be completed within 48 hours after sampling. <u>Our Company</u> shall also ensure that all Material Suppliers prepare and submit the HL-441 form (weekly supplier report) in a timely manner. All charts and records will be turned over to the Division upon completion of work for a given project.

- 7. State that batch tickets will conform to requirements of MP601.03.50 Section 4.3.9 and its applicable subsections.
- 8. **Our company** will take prompt action to correct conditions, which have resulted or could result, in the submission to the Division of materials and products, which do not conform to the requirements of the contract documents.
- 9. <u>Non-Conforming Materials</u> *State how you will establish an effective and positive system for controlling non-conforming material. This shall include the following:* 
  - procedures for non-conforming material identification
  - isolation and disposition of this material

Reclaiming or reworking of non-conforming materials shall be in accordance with procedures acceptable to the Division.

Our company will specify and provide holding areas, which shall be mutually agreeable by the Division and Contractor.

Very Truly Yours,	
Company Official, Title	

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ATTACHMENT 4
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# WVDOH District Master QCP Approval Letter \*\*\* EXAMPLE \*\*\* WVDOH LETTERHEAD

	W VDOH LETTERHEAD
<b>ACMI</b>	E Company E Company
20 Firs	st St.
Somev	where, WV #####
RE:	PCC Plant or PCC Field (whichever is applicable) Master QC Plan Description: (YEAR) P/S code: (only if a plant QCP)
Dear S	Sir,
review	Your Quality Control Plan (M#-####) forhas been yed and found to be acceptable for the following items:
-	All WVDOH approved Designs for PCC Classes of Concrete controlled by the referenced QC plan.
QCP t	As work progresses throughout the season an addendum(s) may be required to this to keep the QC program current. Also note that personnel may be required to
corres	proof of certification for testing. Please use Lab Reference # M#-##### when ponding about this QC plan. Please make sure that all appropriate personnel copy of this plan in their possession.
	Very truly yours,
	Name, Title

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ATTACHMENT 5
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# \*\*\*Example\*\*\* COMPANY LETTERHEAD

Mr./Ms./Mrs.	
WV Department of Highways	
District Engineer/Manager	
, WV #####	
RE: PCC Quality Control Plan	
for Plant Project	
Federal Project No.	
State Project No.	
Contract ID No.	_
Description	
Dear Mr./Ms./Mrs,	
We would like to use our Producer/Surference number for the project are covered by the Master PC Provision and that the addendum is attached for Q	C Plant QC Plan. (if needed state the Special
The Quality Control Plan is under the di	
	ompany's contact representative to the Division
of Highways District Materials and Construction	_
person at the plant, by telephone	or at e-mail a
·	
	Very truly yours,
	Company Representative

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ATTACHMENT 6
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# \*\*\*Example\*\*\* COMPANY LETTERHEAD

Mr./Ms./Mrs	
WV Department of Highways	
District Engineer/Manager	
, WV #####	
D. DOG O. II. G. J. IN	
Re: PCC Quality Control Plan	
for Field Project	
Federal Project No.	
State Project No.	
Contract ID No.	
Description	
•	
Dear Mr./Ms./Mrs,	
for the project referenced ab	Master PCC Field QC Plan, reference number pove. All PCC items on the referenced project are (if needed state the Special Provision and that the pecial Provision Item)
The Quality Control Plan is under the	e direction of
	ction Departments. He/She can be contacted in
•	or at e-mail at
person at the plant, by telephone	Of at C-man at
<del></del>	
	Very truly yours,
	<del></del>
	Company Representative

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ATTACHMENT 7

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# WVDOH District Master QCP Approval Letter \*\*\* EXAMPLE \*\*\* WVDOH LETTERHEAD

ACME Company 20 First St. Somewhere, WV #####

RE: <u>PCC Field</u> or <u>PCC Plant</u> (whichever is applicable) QC Plan

Project CID#: ########

Fed/State Project #: NHPP- ## - ####-##

Description: Falling Slide County: XXXXXXX P/S Code: (If a Plant)

Dear Sir,

Your request to use Master Quality Control Plan (M# - ######) for PCC Plant or PCC Field (whichever is applicable) on the project referenced above, has been reviewed and found to be acceptable for the following items:

- All WVDOH approved designs and classes of PCC controlled by this QCP listed below:
- Class B Class B modified Class K etc.

As work progresses throughout this project an addendum(s) may be required to this QCP to keep the QC program current. Please use M# - ###### when corresponding about this QC Plan. Also note that personnel may be required to show proof of certification for testing. Please make sure that all appropriate personnel have a copy of this plan in their possession.

**For Division Reference:** The Master Quality Control Plan can be reviewed in ProjectWise at the folder shown below:

WVDOT ORG>D0#>year>MASTER QC PLANS>Contractors or Plant>Company >folder>Name of file (i.e.: 2016 04 05 M#160001 PCC Plant QCP)

#### WEST VIRGINIA DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION DIVISION OF HIGHWAYS MATERIALS CONTROL, SOILS AND TESTING DIVISION

#### MATERIALS PROCEDURE

### INSPECTION AND ACCEPTANCE PROCEDURES FOR PRESTRESSED CONCRETE BRIDGE MEMBERS

#### 1. PURPOSE

1.1 To set forth procedures for the inspection and acceptance of prestressed concrete bridge members, including beams, pier caps, deck panels, and any other prestressed members, and the approval of the plants at which they are fabricated.

#### 2. SCOPE

2.1 This procedure will apply to all prestressed concrete bridge members supplied for use on West Virginia Division of Highways projects and to all prestressed concrete bridge member fabricators that supply material for use on West Virginia Division of Highways projects.

#### 3. INSPECTION

- 3.1 All prestressed concrete bridge member fabricators (hereafter referred to as the Fabricator) shall be approved by Materials Control, Soils and Testing MCS&T Division prior to the start of any work for the WVDOH. If not listed on the WVDOH Approved List of Precast Concrete Fabricators, a Fabricator shall contact MCS&T Division a minimum of six weeks prior to the planned date on which fabrication is to begin.
- 3.1.1 The process for approving a Fabricator shall include, but not be limited to, an on-site visit to the fabrication plant by a WVDOH representative from MCS&T Division. During this visit, the WVDOH Quality Assurance (QA) personnel shall inspect the fabrication facility and Quality Control (QC) lab, meet with QC and other key personnel from the Fabricator, and sample component materials which will be used in fabrication of precast items.
- 3.1.1.1 Sampling and testing of component materials shall be done in accordance with MP 603.02.10. All component materials shall be approved prior to the start of fabrication.
- 3.1.1.2 Any fabricator which does not produce for the WVDOH for a period of 2 years shall be removed from the approved fabricator list and the fabricator will need to be approved

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again before they can do work. Sampling of component materials will not continue when the plant is removed from the approved fabricator list.

- 3.1.1.3 Personnel from the Fabricator required to be present during the initial on-site visit and meeting between WVDOH and Fabricator personnel shall include representatives from Production and Quality Control. Any questions and concerns regarding WVDOH requirements, including applicable Specifications, Materials Procedure (MP's), Standard Details, and QC/QA Inspections shall be addressed at this meeting.
- 3.1.1.4 Prior to beginning fabrication of any prestressed concrete bridge members, the Fabricator shall provide written notification to MCS&T Division at least one calendar week in advance of the date on which fabrication is to begin. After fabrication has begun, the Fabricator shall keep MCS&T Division and the Inspector (whether a WVDOH employee or a contract employee representing the WVDOH) informed in advance of the days on which fabrication will take place.
- 3.1.2 Shop Drawings must be approved by the West Virginia Division of Highways prior to the start of any work by the Fabricator. The Inspector must have a copy of these approved shop drawings prior to start of any work by the Fabricator.
- 3.1.3 The Inspector, as a minimum, shall be registered with the Precast/Prestressed Concrete Institute (PCI) as a Level II Quality Control Technician.
- 3.2 The Inspector shall be present at any or all times during fabrication including casting bed layout, steel placement, stressing operations, concrete testing, placing, and finishing, detensioning operations, camber measurements, testing hardened concrete cylinders, post-pour inspections, and repairs.
- 3.2.1 Fabricators must provide adequate lighting to illuminate the casting bed to allow for visual inspection of the entire rebar assembly and setup. Fabricators must make forms safely accessible for visual inspection of the setup down in the form for the entire length of the bed.
- 3.3 After fabrication is completed and prior to shipment, the Fabricator shall provide MCS&T Division with a written request for Final Inspection a minimum of one calendar week prior to the desired date of inspection. This written request may be in the form of an e-mail. Upon receipt of the written request for Final Inspection from the Fabricator, MCS&T Division will notify the Fabricator of the earliest possible date of this inspection. Effective communication from the Fabricator to MCS&T Division and Consultant Inspection Agency is key to avoiding any scheduling conflicts regarding Final Inspection.

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- At Final Inspection, the Inspector shall witness any compressive strength tests which may be required, inspect repairs as needed, and conduct a thorough visual examination of each member. After the Final Inspection is completed, the Inspector shall provide the Fabricator with a copy of the inspection report documenting the findings of the Final Inspection and any other observations or notes taken by the Inspector during fabrication, a completed copy of the Inspector's checklist. A copy of the Inspector's daily reports, a copy of the final inspection report, and all other pertinent information provided to the Inspector by the Fabricator shall be kept on file by MCS&T Division.
- 3.5 The Inspector shall use the checklist and inspection forms which are included as Attachments to this MP. The Fabricator shall also document all required information on the applicable Attachments.

#### 4. ACCEPTANCE

- 4.1 Upon completion of the inspection of a member, the subject member shall be classified in one of two ways. The first way is that the member does not contain any defects. The second way is that the member contains some type of defect.
- 4.1.1 If a member meets all specification requirements and does not contain any defects, the Inspector will stamp the subject member as accepted by MCS&T Division.
- 4.2 If a member contains some type of defect, it will be classified into one of the following three categories. These categories are: Category I (Cosmetic Defects), Category II (Dimensional Tolerances), and Category III (Structural Defects).
- 4.2.1 Category I defects include cosmetic defects such as minor spalls with no exposed reinforcing steel or prestressing strand, bug holes and minor surface irregularities, etc. Category I defects shall also include cracks up to and including 16 mils in width for which repair procedures are addressed by the standard specifications. Prior to the start of fabrication, the Fabricator shall submit to MCS&T Division, for approval, the proposed repair procedures for Category I defects which may be encountered.
- 4.2.1.1 Any Category I defect(s) will first be noted by the Inspector and may be subsequently repaired by the Fabricator as per the Fabricator's pre-approved repair procedure. The Inspector shall inspect the repair(s), and if the repair(s) is satisfactory, and if all other aspects of the member meet specifications, the Inspector will stamp the subject member as accepted by MCS&T Division.
- 4.2.2 Category II addresses any aspect of a member which exceeds the dimensional tolerances set forth in the Specifications. The Inspector will document that variance(s) and notify the Fabricator. At this point, the Fabricator may seek acceptance of the subject member

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by sending a written notification to the Contractor including a copy of the Inspector's report and any other pertinent data. If the Contractor agrees to accept the subject member with the defect at the original contract price, then the Contractor shall provide a written statement to District Construction personnel and MCS&T Division stating such.

- 4.2.2.1 The Contractor, or his designated representative (i.e. the Fabricator), shall then contact MCS&T Division and provide them with a report containing all relevant information and a detailed summary of the dimensional variation(s) in the subject member for which the Fabricator is seeking acceptance. MCS&T Division shall then contact the Designer (either Engineering Division, or the appropriate District, or Engineer of Record) and District Construction personnel and forward this information to them. If the member was designed by a Consultant, Engineering Division may forward the information to the appropriate Consultant. The Designer will then analyze the dimensional variation(s) and provide a written statement to the Contractor, the Fabricator, MCS&T Division, and District Construction personnel as to whether it will affect the structural performance of the subject member. After receipt of that statement from the Designer, District Construction personnel shall then provide a written statement to the Contractor, the Fabricator, and MCS&T Division as to whether the dimensional variation will create construction difficulties.
- 4.2.2.2 If the Designer states that this dimensional variation(s) will adversely affect the structural performance of the member, or if District Construction states that it will create construction difficulties, or if the Contractor does not agree to accept the subject member with the defect at the original contract price, MCS&T Division will not accept the subject member. MCS&T Division will assign a laboratory number to this subject member; which notes that the member does not meet specifications, and will include a thorough explanation as to why the member does not meet specification requirements. If acceptance of the subject member is still desired, the acceptance would need to be by the District by means of a District Materials Inspection Report (DMIR).
- 4.2.2.3 If the Designer does not feel qualified to perform the analysis outlined in Section 4.2.2 and make the decision as to whether or not the dimensional variation will affect the structural performance of the subject member, the Designer shall inform MCS&T Division of this fact, and MCS&T Division will relay this to the Fabricator. The Fabricator may then elect to have the defect(s) evaluated by a Division approved, qualified, independent Engineer in the same manner that the Designer would analyze the defect(s). The Division would then review and take into consideration this Engineer's analysis as part of the acceptance decision.
- 4.2.3 Category III defects include structural defects (spalls that expose prestressing strand or reinforcing steel, honeycombed areas, etc.) and cracks for which the specifications

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<b>Deleted:</b> whether or not

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require evaluation by the Designer. If a member contains any structural defect(s), the defect(s) will be noted in the Inspector's report. The Fabricator shall then provide the Contractor with detailed information regarding the type, size, and location of the defect(s). It is then the Contractor's, or his designated representative's, responsibility to contact MCS&T Division and provide them with a report containing all relevant information and a detailed summary of the structural defect(s) in the subject member for which the Fabricator is seeking acceptance. MCS&T Division shall then contact the Designer (either Engineering Division, or the appropriate District) and forward this information to them. MCS&T Division shall also contact District Construction to inform them of the situation. In situations when the member(s) was designed by a Consultant, Engineering Division may forward the information to the appropriate Consultant. The Designer will then analyze the subject defect(s) and provide a written statement to the Contractor, the Fabricator, District Construction, and to MCS&T Division as to the effect of the defect(s), if the member will be structurally adequate, if a repair may be made, and if, in their opinion, the service life of the member will be reduced because of the defect. It shall also be documented in the Inspector's report whether or not, in the opinion of the Inspector, the service life of the member will be reduced because of the defect.

- 4.2.3.1 If the Designer does not feel qualified to make the decision concerning the effect of the defect(s), they shall inform MCS&T Division of this fact, and MCS&T Division\_will relay this to the Fabricator. The Fabricator may then elect to have the defect(s) evaluated by a Division approved, qualified, independent Engineer in the same manner that the Designer would analyze the defect(s). The Division would then review and take into consideration this Engineer's analysis as part of the acceptance decision.
- 4.2.3.2 Category III defect Scenario 1 Category III defect which will adversely affect the structural performance of the member:

If the Designer states that the defect(s) will adversely affect the structural performance of the subject member, the Division will not accept the subject member.

4.2.3.3 Category III defect Scenario 2 – Category III defect which will not adversely affect the structural performance of the member and will not reduce the service life of the member:

If the Designer\_states that the defect(s) will not adversely affect the structural performance of the subject member, and that a repair should be made, and if\_MCS&T Division and the Designer agree\_that the service life of the member will not be reduced, the Fabricator shall submit a repair procedure to MCS&T Division for approval. If the repair procedure is approved, the Fabricator may proceed with the approved repairs in the presence of the Inspector. If the repair(s) is satisfactory, the Inspector will stamp the subject member as accepted by MCS&T Division.

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4.2.3.4 Category III defect Scenario 3 – Category III defect which will not adversely affect the structural performance of the member, but which will reduce the service life of the member:

Deleted: member

If the Designer states that the defect(s) will not adversely affect the structural performance of the subject member, and that a repair should be made, but if either MCS&T Division or the Designer feels that the service life of the member will be reduced, the Fabricator may submit a repair procedure to MCS&T Division for approval. If the repair procedure is approved, the Fabricator may proceed with the approved repairs in the presence of the Inspector. After the inspection of the repair(s), the Inspector will document whether or not the repair(s) is satisfactory. Since the service life of the member will be reduced, MCS&T Division will not accept the subject member. MCS&T Division will assign a laboratory number to this member, which notes that the member does not meet specifications, and will include a thorough explanation as to why the member does not meet specification requirements. MCS&T Division will then contact the District, forward all information relevant to the subject member to the District, and based on the quality of the repairs and the degree to which the service life of the member will be reduced, it is the District's option whether or not to accept the subject member. If the District decides to accept the member, it will be paid for at a reduced contract unit bid price based on the Contractor's invoiced cost of the fabricated member as billed by the Fabricator. This cost does not include the cost of items such as bearing pads, guardrail items, delivery charges, etc., which are incidental to the cost of the member. If the District accepts the subject member with this type of defect and reduced service life, it shall be accepted by means of a DMIR.

Ronald L. Stanevich, P.E.
Director
Materials Control, Soils and Testing Division

RLS:Mt

MP 603.10.40 P SUPERCEDES SEPTEMBER 9, 2018 REVISED:

## ATTACHMENT: PRESTRESSED CONCRETE BRIDGE BEAMS WVDOT DIVISION OF HIGHWAYS MCS&T DIVISION INSPECTION CHECKLIST

FROJECT NAME: _		AUTHORIZATION: _		
PROJECT NUMBER	R: (State)	(Fed.)	)	
BRIDGE NUMBER:		COUNTY:	DISTRICT:	
MANUFACTURER:			JOB NUMBER:	
PROPOSED PRODU INSPECTION AGEN	UCTION DATE(S): NCY:	INSPECTOR(S):		
Preliminary V	Verifications			
SHOP DRAWING R	EVIEW			
Approval Date:		Approved By:		
Concrete Strength Re	equirements:	at release	::	at 28 days
Beam Type:			Total Number of Beams:	
Finish Requirements	: Тор:	Bottom/Sides:	Ends:	
Notes:				
CONCRETE COMP	ONENTS			
Cement Source:		Mix Design	Lab Number:	
Cement Type:			Lab Number:	
Coarse Aggregate:			Lab Number:	
Fine Aggregate:			Lab Number:	
Batch Water Source:		Lab Number	(if applicable):	
Admixtures:				
STEEL COMPONE	NTS			
Bearing Plate:	Fabricator:			
	Mill Certs:	Galvanize Cert.:	Lab Number:	
Reinforcement: Supp	plier(s):			
	Description:		Lab Number:	
Prestressing Strand:			Description:	
	_			
	Lab Numbers: _			

#### MP 603.10.40 P <u>SUPERCEDES SEPTEMBER 9, 2018</u> <u>REVISED:</u> PAGE 2 OF 5

Inserts: S	upplier(s):	
	Description:	Lab Number:
SHIPLOOSE M	IATERIAL	
Sole Plate: Fab	oricator:	
		Cert.: Lab Number:
Bearing Pad:	Fabricator:	
	Inspected at:	Lab Number:
Diaphragm:	Fabricator:	
	Inspected at:	Lab Number:
	Angles: Mill Certs.: Galvar	nize Cert.:Lab Number:
Anchor Rod:	Supplier:	Description:
	Mill Certs.:Galvanize Cert.:	Lab Number:
Repairs:		Lab Number:
Repairs:	Approved Repair Procedure:	
Repairs:	Approved Repair Procedure:	
Repairs:	Approved Repair Procedure: Approved by: Repair Witnessed:	Approval Date:
Repairs:	Approved Repair Procedure: Approved by: Repair Witnessed:	Approval Date:
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# Form Inspection (Pre-Placement)

BEAM NUMBER			
Formwork constructed of metal w/ concrete foundation			
Form clean & free of debris			
Form dimensionally correct			
Length (bulkhead to bulkhead)			
Depth of form			
Width at top flange			
Width at bottom flange			
Width of web			
End square			
Skew dimensions			
Location of inserts, sleeves, blockouts, etc.			
Reinforcing steel (condition)			
Size and grade			
Location & lapping lengths			
Spacing & Clearances			
Chairs, spacers properly used			
Hold Down locations (draped strand)			
Form properly sealed at joints & edges			
Release agent applied			
Strand Placement			
Number of strand			
Strand location (vertical & horizontal)			
Strand free of damage or contaminants			
Strand Tensioning			
Jack & gauge calibration			
Initial load			
Final Load			
Elongation			
Theoretical vs. Actual (within 5%)			
Strand symmetrically loaded			
Check for strand slippage			
Bearing plate location			

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# **Concrete Placement**

Ambient temperature, weather conditions			
Concrete Temperature			
Concrete quality (appearance)			
Placement (start/completion times)			
1 <sup>st</sup> Lift			
2 <sup>nd</sup> Lift			
3 <sup>rd</sup> Lift			
QC Tests performed per specification			
Slump			
Air content			
Compressive strength cylinders			
Concrete placed within specified time restrictions			
Concrete properly vibrated			
External vibration applied			
Internal vibration per specification			
Top surface per specification			
Lifting loops per specification			
Curing per specification			
Heat sensors properly installed			
Beams adequately covered			
Compressive strength cylinders stored with beams			
Stress Transfer			
Cylinders loaded to failure per specification			
Release strength met – record average of 2 tests (psi)			
Strands properly cut			
Strands detensioned in specified sequence			

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# Product Inspection (Post-Placement)

Visual inspection for damage		
Note size & location of cracks, spalls, honeycomb, etc.		
Discuss damaged areas with QC Manager		
Beams in need of repair		
Repair method approved?		
Dimensional Tolerances met?		
Length		
Width(s)		
Depth		
Inserts, sleeves, etc.		
Stirrups (horiz.& vert. within tolerance)		
Finish per specification		
Top scored per specification		
Fascia finish as specified		
Camber		
Lifting loops OK		
Beams properly transported		
Beams stored on proper dunnage at bearing points		
Noticeable sweep?		
Design shipping strength (28 day) met? (avg of 2 tests)		
Repairs satisfactory		
Beam stamped for shipment		
Concrete Sealer (Silane) applied as specified		
Interior Sides blast cleaned (within 5 days of shipment)		

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#### WEST VIRGINIA DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION DIVISION OF HIGHWAYS MATERIALS CONTROL, SOILS AND TESTING DIVISION

#### MATERIALS PROCEDURE

#### GUIDE FOR APPROVAL OF SUPPLEMENTARY CEMENTITIOUS MATERIALS (SCMs)

#### 1. PURPOSE

1.1 To set forth the Division's approval procedures for Supplementary Cementitious Materials (SCMs) used in portland cement concrete.

#### 2. SCOPE

2.1 This procedure will apply to all SCMs used in portland cement concrete that is used on West Virginia Division of Highways projects.

#### 3. INITIAL APPROVAL

- 3.1 In order for a SCM to be initially approved for use, the producer of the SCM shall first submit a certified statement to the Materials Control, Soils and Testing (MCS&T) Division that all SCMs shipped to Division projects will conform to the applicable specification requirements. The certified statement shall be signed by a representative of the producer having legal authority to bind the company.
- 3.2 The producer shall also submit, to MCS&T Division, quality control test data on the SCM to be certified. This data shall consist of test results developed from production samples during the last six months. These test results shall include results of all tests that are required by the specifications.
- 3.3 After the Producer has completed Sections 3.1 and 3.2, and if all test data submitted in Section 3.2 meets the applicable specification requirements, a representative of MCS&T Division shall obtain a sample of the SCM from the source of production. The MCS&T Division shall test this sample, and if it meets specification requirements, a representative of the MCS&T Division shall obtain a second sample of the SCM from the source of production or distribution (i.e. terminal). The MCS&T Division shall then test this second sample.
- 3.3.1 If either of the two samples obtained in Section 3.3 do not meet specification requirements, the SCM will not be approved. If, at this time, the producer still seeks Division approval of the subject SCM, a minimum of ninety calendar days (from the date that the non-conforming sample was obtained) must elapse before the approval process may begin again (starting with Section 3.1).
- 3.4 If the second sample obtained in Section 3.3 also meets specification requirements, the SCMs will be placed on the Division's approved list and the producer may begin to supply the subject material for use on Division projects.

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#### 4. APPROVED LIST

- 4.1 Once each quarter, or any time the list is updated, the MCS&T Division shall provide a list of all currently approved SCMs.
- 4.2 The producer and the District Materials Sections will be notified of any changes in the approved status of a SCM.
- 4.3 No SCM may be used in portland cement concrete that is supplied to West Virginia Division of Highways projects unless it is on the Division's approved list of SCMs.

#### 5. MAINTAINING APPROVED STATUS

- 5.1 In order to maintain approved status of the subject SCM, the producer shall submit test data on a monthly basis in the same manner as described in Section 3.2.
- Also, Division representatives from each District Materials Section shall obtain samples of the subject SCM at every point of use (i.e. ready-mix plants, etc.) that is located within their District. A minimum of one sample shall be obtained from each particular location every six, months. Within one week of obtaining these samples, the District personnel shall forward them to the MCS&T Division, where they shall be tested.
- 5.2.1 If any of the samples, obtained by District Personnel as outlined in Section 5.2, fail to meet the specification requirements, personnel from the MCS&T Division shall immediately obtain a sample of the subject material at the source of production or distribution (i.e. terminal). The MCS&T Division shall then test this sample.
- 5.2.2 If the sample obtained in Section 5.2.1 meets specification requirements, personnel from the MCS&T Division shall obtain a second sample at the source of production or distribution (i.e. terminal). If this second sample meets specification requirements, no further action is required, and the subject source may remain on the Division's approved list.
- 5.2.3 If either of the samples obtained in Sections 5.2.1 or 5.2.2 do not meet specification requirements, the subject material shall be removed from the Division's approved list.
- 5.2.4 If, within a twelve-month period, two or more samples obtained as outlined in Section 5.2 (of the same material from the same approved source) fail to meet specification requirements, personnel from the MCS&T Division shall conduct an investigation into the possible reasons for the non-specification material. If the outcome of this investigation indicates a problem with material from the subject approved source, removal of that source from the approved list shall be permitted.

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- 5.2.5 If a SCM is removed from the approved list, it may be reinstated at the discretion of the Division when sufficient sampling and testing (at the source of production or distribution) has been conducted to ensure that material being produced is once again within the limits of the specifications.
- 5.3 If, in a two-year period, no samples from an approved source of a SCM, as outlined in Section 5.2, are received by MCS&T from the Districts, then that source of SCM shall be considered as inactive, and it may be removed from the Division's approved list of SCMs.
- 5.3.1 If the Division elects to keep that source of SCM on the approved list of SCMs, then MCS&T shall obtain additional samples at that source, as outlined in Sections 3.3 and 3.4.

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Director
Materials Control, Soils and Testing Division

RLS:M

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# WEST VIRGINIA DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION DIVISION OF HIGHWAYS MATERIALS CONTROL, SOILS & TESTING DIVISION

# MATERIALS PROCEDURE ACCEPTANCE CRITERIA FOR GENERAL INDUSTRIAL GRADE ELECTRICAL ITEMS.

1.	PURPOSE		
1.1	To establish procedures for qualifying general industrial grade electrical item vendors acceptable to supply items for use on West Virginia Division of Highways (WVDOH) projects.		
1.2	To establish a procedure for maintaining a record of the above-mentioned items.		Deleted: such information
1.3	To establish a procedure for transmitting such the above-mentioned items to the		Deleted: information
	Districts and to Contractors of WVDOH projects.		Deleted: districts
2.	SCOPE		Deleted: contractors
2.1	This procedure shall apply to all vendors who supply general electrical items such as copper wire, switches, conduit fittings, PVC conduit, industrial surge protectors, fuse's and other <u>items historically refered to as "miscellaneous" associated hardware.</u>		
2.2	This procedure shall apply to all vendors of electrical items furnished to West Virginia Division of Highways (WVDOH) projects and purchase orders. The <u>Division</u> may elect to use other control procedures when special conditions dictate.		<b>Deleted:</b> division
3.	APPLICABLE DOCUMENTS		
3.1	WVDOH Standard Specifications for Roads and Bridges Sections 715.42		Deleted: standard
4.	ACCEPTANCE PROCEDURE		Deleted: specifications
		1//	Deleted: roads
4.1	With each shipment, the vendor of industrial grade electrical items shall provide	/X	Deleted: bridges
	shipping documents which contain either the electrical vendor's approved source number, or the approval number that was assigned to the shipping document or invoice	Ĺ	Deleted: sections
	as per Section 6 of this document.		Deleted: below
5.	ACCEPTANCE PROCEDURE (APPROVED SOURCE)		
5.1	For a vendor to be considered an approved source of general electrical items, the vendor must comply with the following requirements where applicable:		
5.1.1	The vendor is to submit a written statement to the WVDOH Materials Control, Soils and Testing Division indicating <u>the</u> intention to be included on the WVDOH approved source list as an approved source <u>for the specific</u> general electrical item.		Deleted:
5.1.2	The prospective source shall submit a certified statement that all material shipped to		

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applicable. The certified statement shall be signed by a representative of the vendor who has the authority to bind the company.

5.1.3 A yearly evaluation of materials at the vendor's facility will be conducted by department personnel, or by its designee, to insure confidence in the ability of the vendor to supply a quality product within WVDOH specifications. After evaluation, a materials inspection report "MIR" shall be generated detailing any issues of non-compliance.

- 5.1.4 All steel, iron and glass materials at the prospective source must be melted and manufactured domestically, in accordance to section 106.1.1. of the WVDOH Standard Specifications,
- 5.2 Once the above requirements are met, an approval number will be assigned to the vendor to indicate WVDOH conformance. This approval number shall be active for one year. Acceptance of a manufacturer's facility can be verified by accessing the WVDOH online approved source list.
- 5.3 Revocation of approved source status may result from material supplied to projects that does not comply with WVDOH specifications.
- 5.4 "Approved Source" status may be reinstated at the discretion of the Materials Control, Soils and Testing Division based on the findings of an investigation. The reinstatement process will commence upon the receipt of a letter of request from the vendor to the Materials Control, Soils and Testing Division. The letter of request should indicate reasons for reinstatement and documentation to substantiate such reasons.

#### 6. ACCEPTANCE PROCEDURES (NON-APPROVED SOURCE)

- 6.1 General electrical items used in highway construction will require an evaluation on a lot-by-lot basis, provided the material meets the following requirements:
- 6.1.1 All materials to be inspected must not have been incorporated into the project as per section 106.3 of the WVDOH <u>Standard Specifications</u>, otherwise approval may not be granted.
- 6.1.2 An invoice or shipping document must be provided indicating items and quantities shipped. The document must have a unique tracking number affixed, and the contract identification number of the highway project.
- 6.2 Certification, will be required for non\_standard items if requested to indicate specifications being primarily to <u>Section 715.42</u> but not limited to, the WVDOH <u>Standard Specification</u>
- 6.3 Certification may be required indicating the material is melted and manufactured domestically conforming to section 106 of the WVDOH Standard Specifications.
- 6.4 If the results of the testing reveal that the material complies with all applicable specifications, a direct coverage approval number will be issued by the Division that shall be affixed to the invoice or shipping documents.

#### 7. DOCUMENTATION REPORT

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7.1 The approved source list for vendors of general electrical items shall be updated once a year. If the need warrants, this list can be updated at sooner with the addition of, or the removal of a facility.

7.2 A current approved list of vendors of general electrical items will be available to all contractors, fabricators, and suppliers by accessing the West Virginia Department of Transportation Approved Source Website.

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Ronald L. Stanevich, P.E.
Director
Materials Control, Soils and Testing Division

MP 711.03.23 P SUPERCEDES: SEPTEMBER 2018

REVISED: 2020 DRAFT

# WEST VIRGINIA DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION DIVISION OF HIGHWAYS MATERIALS CONTROL, SOILS AND TESTING DIVISION

#### MATERIALS PROCEDURE

#### MIX DESIGN FOR PORTLAND CEMENT CONCRETE

#### 1. PURPOSE

- 1.1 To establish a procedure for testing the physical properties of a proposed mix design.
- 1.2 To establish criteria for evaluating the test data to arrive at acceptable batch proportions for an approved mix design.

#### 2. SCOPE

2.1 This procedure shall apply to the design of all portland cement concrete which is required by the specifications to be batched in accordance with an approved mix design. This procedure shall also apply to the design of self-consolidating concrete (SCC) specified in Section 603, but not to normal (non-SCC) concrete specified in Section 603.

# 3. TEST PROCEDURE

- 3.1 With the exception of SCC produced in accordance with Section 603, mix designs shall be performed in accordance with the applicable requirements of AASHTO R39, by a Division Approved Laboratory. To obtain Division approval, a laboratory must be accredited by the AASHTO Accreditation Program for AASHTO R18 for the following AASHTO Standards: M201, R39, T22, T119, T121, T152, T196, T197, T231 (or ASTM C1231), T277, T309, T11, T19, T27, T84, and T85, A listing of approved laboratories is available on the WVDOT internet site and at the following link: http://aashtoresource.org/aap/accreditation-directory-old.
- 3.2 The following information for each of the materials listed below that are to be used in the proposed mix design shall be listed in Attachment 1. Attachment 1 S-P shall be used for SCC produced in accordance with Section 603.

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#### 3.2.1 Mix Design Component Materials

Cement:	Type, Materials Code, Sitemanager Materials Code,						
	Source and Location, Source Code, Producer/Supplier						
	Code, Specific Gravity						
Supplementary	Type, Materials Code, Sitemanager Materials Code,						
Cementitious Material	Source and Location, Source Code, Producer/Supplier						
(SCM):	Code, Specific Gravity						
Chemical Admixtures:	Type, Materials Code, Sitemanager Materials Code,						
	Source and Location, Source Code, Producer/Supplier						
	Code						
Coarse Aggregate:	Type, Materials Code, Sitemanager Materials Code,						
	Size, Source and Location, Source Code,						
	Producer/Supplier Code, Specific Gravity, Absorption,						
	A-Bar, Unit Weight						
Fine Aggregate:	Type, Materials Code, Sitemanager Materials Code,						
	Source and Location, Source Code, Producer/Supplier						
	Code, Specific Gravity, Absorption, A-Bar, Fineness						
	Modulus						

The mass and volume of each material that is to be used in each batch shall be listed in Attachment 2. Attachment 2 S-P shall be used for SCC produced in accordance with Section 603.

- 3.2.2 The aggregate correction factor, as defined in AASHTO T 152, shall be listed in Attachment 3. Attachment 3 S-P shall be used for SCC produced in accordance with Section 603.
- 3.2.3 The completed WVDOH form T301E, A-Bar calculation worksheet, used to establish the target A-Bar, shall be included in the mix design submittal package. An A-Bar calculation worksheet is not required to be included with the mix design submittal package for SCC produced in accordance with Section 603.
- 3.2.4 Information (i.e. raw data) pertaining to the compressive strength test results of each cylinder shall be included in the mix design submittal package. This raw data shall include the specimen test age, date tested, cylinder ID, average cylinder diameter, maximum load applied to the cylinder, type of fracture, and compressive strength of the cylinder.
- 3.3 All classes of the concrete (except Class H, concrete for specialized overlays, and SCC produced in accordance with Section 603) for the proposed mix design shall be batched in at least five separate batches. Two of the batches shall be proportioned to produce a mix having a minimum cement factor. Two of the batches shall be proportioned to produce a mix having a minimum cement factor equal to the specified minimum cement factor plus one bag of cement [94 lb. (42.6 kg)]. These batches at the minimum cement factor plus one bag of cement shall be proportioned at a

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different water-cement ratio (w/c) that the batches at the minimum cement factor. A fifth batch shall also be proportioned to produce a mix at the minimum cement factor, but this batch shall be proportioned at a different w/c than the previous four batches. The slump tolerance in Section 3.4 shall not apply to this fifth batch.

3.3.1 Class H concrete, concrete for specialized overlays, as set forth in Section 679 of the specifications, and SCC produced in accordance with Section 603 for the proposed mix design shall be batched in at least two separate batches.

The batches for Class H concrete shall be produced at the cement factor for Class H concrete that is required in the specifications. Two rapid chloride permeability tests, in accordance with AASHTO T 277, specified in Section 601.3 shall be performed, at the same test age, on each of these batches, and the same method of curing shall be used for all of the test specimens.

The batches for specialized concrete overlays shall be produced at or above the minimum cement factor specified in Section 679.2.2.1 or 679.2.2.2. Two rapid chloride permeability tests specified in Section 679.2.2 shall be performed, at the same test age, on each of these batches, and the same method of curing shall be used for all of the test specimens.

The information (i.e. raw data), from which each rapid chloride permeability test result was derived, shall also be included in the mix design submittal package.

The batches for SCC for prestressed concrete members shall be produced as outlined in Section 603.6.2.1 and at the cement factor required in Section 603.6.3.1.

- Each batch of concrete shall be tested in the plastic state for air, consistency and yield. Each batch shall be adjusted as necessary to produce a plastic concrete having an air content, consistency, and yield equal to the specified value plus or minus a reasonable laboratory working tolerance. The following tolerances shall be used as a guide for all classes of concrete except SCC produced in accordance with Section 603: Air Content, ± ½ percent; Consistency, ± ½ in. (± 12 mm) of slump; Yield, ± 2 percent.
- 3.4.1 For SCC produced in accordance with Section 603, testing shall begin at the time immediately after the mixing sequence is completed. This time shall be designated as T<sub>0</sub>. Temperature, air content, consistency, T<sub>50</sub>, VSI, passing ability, rapid assessment of static segregation resistance, segregation resistance, unit weight, and yield tests shall be conducted on these batches and shall be within the tolerances set forth in Table 603.6.2.1A.

Air Content, consistency, and passing ability tests shall be conducted every thirty minutes until either the air content falls below the target value by more than 1.5%, the slump flow falls below the target spread by more than 2.0 inches (50 mm), or the J-Ring value falls below the target value by more than 1.5 inches (38 mm). For each

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time of testing, these values shall be plotted versus time after batching. Linear interpolation shall be used to determine the exact time when either the air content falls below the target value by more than 1.5%, the slump flow falls below the target spread by more than 2.0 inches (50 mm), or the J-Ring value falls below the target value by more than 1.5 inches (38 mm). The elapsed time, after T<sub>0</sub>, when this occurs shall be noted as the "Workable Period" and shall be recorded in Attachment 2 S-P. This workable period shall be used as the time frame in which the entire member shall be construction, reference Section 603.6.7.

- 3.5 When the properties of a concrete batch have been established within acceptable limits, seven 6 by 12 in. (150 by 300 mm) cylinders shall be made from each batch produced in Section 3.3 (or 3.3.1) and tested in compression at the following ages: one cylinder at age 24 hours ± 2 hours (the exact age to the nearest hour at time of test shall be noted on the report); one cylinder at age 3 days; one cylinder at age 7 days; one cylinder at age 14 days; and three cylinders at age 28 days. The values of the physical properties of each mix produced in Section 3.3 (or 3.3.1) shall be the average of the physical properties established in the first two mixes produced at the minimum cement factor, the average of the physical properties established in the two mixes produced at the minimum cement factor plus one bag of cement, and the physical properties of the fifth batch at the minimum cement factor and different w/c. These values shall be listed in Attachment 3. 4 by 8 in. (100 by 200 mm) cylinders shall be permitted for SCC produced in accordance with Section 603. The results of these tests shall be listed in Attachment 3 S-P.
- 3.5.1 For any class of concrete other than SCC produced in accordance with Section 603, if it is desired to use 4 by 8 in. (100 by 200 mm) cylinders as the basis for acceptance or early strength determination in the field, in accordance with Section 601.4.4, then seven 4 by 8 in. (100 by 200 mm) cylinders shall be fabricated and tested as outlined in Section 3.5 for the first two trial batches at the minimum cement factor in addition to the seven 6 by 12 in. (150 by 300 mm) cylinders.
- 3.5.1.1 If the average compressive strength of the six 28-day 4 by 8 in. (100 by 200 mm) cylinders for the batches at the minimum cement factor is not more than 10.0 percent greater than the average compressive strength of the six 28-day 6 by 12 in. (150 by 300 mm) cylinders for the batches at the minimum cement factor, then 4 by 8 in. (100 by 200 mm) cylinders will be permitted to be used in the field. Otherwise, any cylinders fabricated in the field for acceptance or early strength determination must be 6 by 12 in. (150 by 300 mm) cylinders.
- 3.5.1.2 The following formula shall be used during the mix design approval process to determine if the average compressive strength of the three 28-day 4 by 8 in. (100 by 200 mm) cylinders is greater than 110.0 percent of the average compressive strength of the three 28-day 6 by 12 in. (150 by 300 mm) cylinders:

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If  $\bar{X}_{4x8} > \bar{X}_{6x12} \times 1.10$ , then 4 by 8 in. (100 by 200 mm) cylinders are not permitted to be used in the field.

#### Where:

 $\overline{X}_{6\times12}$  = Average 28-day compressive strength of 6 by 12 in. (150 by 300 mm) cylinders.

 $\overline{X}_{4\times8}$  = Average 28-day compressive strength of 4 by 8 in. (100 by 200 mm) cylinders.

- 3.5.2 The following properties of each batch of concrete produced in Sections 3.3 (or 3.3.1) shall be listed in Attachment 2: A-bar of total solids, consistency, air content, unit weight and yield, water-cement ratio, and temperature.
- 3.5.3 For SCC produced in accordance with Section 603, from one of the SCC trial batches required in 603.6.2.1, six more cylinders shall be fabricated for modulus of elasticity testing, eight more cylinders shall be fabricated for creep testing, three specimens shall be fabricated for length change testing, three specimens shall be fabricated for rapid chloride permeability testing, and three specimens shall be fabricated for freeze-thaw resistance testing. Casting of all Class S-P specimens to be used for hardened concrete property testing shall be done in one lift without rodding or vibration. Curing and testing parameters for these specimens are noted in Section 603.6.2.1. These results of these tests shall be listed in Attachment 2 S-P.

Also, from one of the SCC trial batches required in 603.6.2.1, a prestressing strand bond strength test, in accordance with MP 603.06.20, shall be conducted, and the result shall be recorded in Attachment 3 S-P.

3.6 Mix design submittal packages including Attachments 1, 2, and 3, A-bar worksheet(s), and\_raw data pertaining to the compressive strength and rapid chloride permeability tests shall be submitted to the WVDOH District Materials Section in which the Source (i.e. Concrete Batch Plant) is located. These submittal packages may be submitted to the District electronically, and MCS&T Division may be copied on the electronic submittal also, as this may expedite the process. All mix concrete mix designs, except SCC mix designs, that are sent to MCS&T Division shall be submitted electronically to the following e-mail address:

DOHConcreteMixDesign@wv.gov.

SCC mix designs, produced in accordance with Section 603, shall be submitted directly to MCS&T Division and shall include Attachments 1 S-P, 2 S-P, and 3 S-P.

3.6.1 In the case of mix design submittals for a single mix design which is used at multiple concrete plants, one submittal package (for the same design) may be used for multiple concrete plants. All of the concrete plants at which the mix design is being used shall

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be noted on Attachment 1, and each WVDOH Materials Section in which the concrete plants are located shall be included on the submittal. This submittal will be reviewed by MCS&T Division, and if the mix design is approved, a separate lab number will be assigned to the mix design for each location at which it is approved.

# 4. ACCEPTANCE CRITERIA

- 4.1 If the standard deviation of the concrete plant production has been established, the mix design must have an average laboratory compressive strength, based on the 6 by 12 in. (150 by 300 mm) cylinder results equal to or greater than the "Design 28-Day Compressive Strength" required by the specifications plus two times the standard deviation. Data used to establish the standard deviation shall be taken from the Division's data bank and shall consist of at least 30 individual test results obtained from recent plant production of concrete with proportions similar to the design mix. Information relative to the statistics for a particular plant will be furnished to the Contractor upon request.
- 4.2 If the standard deviation of the concrete plant production has not been established, or in the case of mobile mixer units, the mix design must have an average laboratory compressive strength equal to or greater than the "Design 28-Day Compressive Strength" plus 1,300 psi (9 MPa). The Division shall note the Plant Compressive Strength Standard Deviation, at the time of the mix design approval, in Attachment 3.
- 4.2.1 Note that the "Design 28-Day Compressive Strength" required by the Specifications is the minimum field strength sought in 6 by 12 in. (150 by 300 mm) or 4 by 8 in. (100 by 200 mm) cylinders representing the concrete being placed in the field, and should not be confused with the laboratory compressive strengths required for design. The compressive strength, required in Section 4.1 or 4.2 for mix design approval, shall be noted as the "Mix Design Approval Strength".
- 4.3 SCC mix designs, produced in accordance with Section 603, shall meet the mix design requirements as set forth in this MP and not the ACI mix requirements as specified in Section 603.6.2, with the exception of the compressive strength "overdesign" requirements. SCC mix designs, produced in accordance with Section 603, shall meet the compressive strength "overdesign" requirements of ACI 301 Chapter 4.

#### 5. PROPORTIONING DESIGN MIX

- 5.1 If the average of the batches produced in Section 3.3 (or 3.3.1), with the specified minimum cement factor, satisfies the acceptance criteria of Section 4, then it will be considered acceptable as the mix design for the class of concrete being designed.
- 5.2 If the average of the batches produced in Section 3.3 with the specified minimum cement factor does not satisfy the acceptance criteria of Section 4, then a linear compressive strength-cement factor relationship will be established using the average

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28-day compressive strength, based on the 6 by 12 in. (150 by 300 mm) cylinder results, of the batches with the minimum cement factor and the average 28-day compressive strength of the batches with the minimum cement factor plus one bag of cement. This relationship will be interpolated to determine a cement factor [to the nearest 1 lb. (2.2 kg)] which would cause the acceptance criteria to be satisfied. This interpolated cement factor will be considered acceptable for proportioning the mix design for the class of concrete being designed.

- 5.2.1 If neither of the averages of the batches produced in Section 3.3 satisfies the acceptance criteria of Section 4, then that proposed mix design cannot be considered as acceptable, and a new mix design will be required.
- 5.2.2 Section 5.2 does not apply to Class H concrete, specialized overlay concrete, and SCC produced in accordance with Section 603. Therefore, if the average compressive strength of the Class H, specialized overlay concrete batches, or SCC produced in accordance with Section 603, in Section 3.3.1 does not satisfy the acceptance criteria of Section 4, then that proposed mix design cannot be considered as acceptable, and a new mix design will be required.
- 5.3 The submittal for a proposed mix design shall include completed copies of Attachments 1 and 3. It shall also include a completed copy of Attachment 2 for each of the batches at the minimum cement factor. It shall also include a completed copy of Attachment 2 for each of the batches at the minimum cement factor plus one bag of cement, and a completed copy of Attachment 2 for the batch at the minimum cement factor with a different w/c (i.e. fifth batch), when applicable. All pertinent information supporting these attachments and pertaining to the information in them shall be submitted also. Upon approval of the subject mix design, the Division shall include a copy of Attachment 4 or 5 in ProjectWise, along with the approved mix design.

SCC mix design submittals, produced in accordance with Section 603, shall include completed copies of Attachments 1 S-P and 3 S-P. They shall also include a completed copy of Attachment 2 S-P for both of the batches produced in the mix design. All pertinent information supporting these attachments and pertaining to the information in them, including the test results pertaining to the workable period as outlined in Section 3.4.1, shall be submitted also.

Although the Contractor has satisfied all requirements for concrete design and a mix design has been approved by the Engineer, the Contractor may still be required to adjust the approved mix design in the field as necessary to maintain all properties within the limits of the specification. These field adjustments shall include increasing the cement factor above the value specified in the approved mix design if such an adjustment would be necessary to cause the strength of the field placed concrete to conform to the requirements of the specification. These field adjustments shall also

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include the addition of water in the field for slump adjustment. The procedure for determining the maximum amount of water, which may be added to an approved concrete mix in the field, is outlined in the following sections.

- 5.4.1 Using the three different water-cement ratios from the batches produced in Section 3.3 and the corresponding 28-day compressive strengths from Section 3.5, the Excel file in Attachment 4 of this MP shall be used to create a best-fit line through these three points.
- 5.4.2 The water-cement ratio (w/c) that corresponds to the Mix Design Approval Strength, as outlined in Section 4.1 or 4.2, shall be determined from the Excel file in Attachment 4 of this MP. The maximum water, that is allowed to be added to an approved concrete mix in the field, shall be the amount of water, which corresponds to that w/c (i.e. the w/c that corresponds to the Mix Design Approval Strength). This maximum water amount shall be shown in Attachment 4. However, under no circumstance, shall the total amount of water in a mix, including field additions, exceed the amount of water corresponding to the maximum water content noted in Table 601.3.1A (i.e. under no circumstances shall the w/c in Table 601.3.1A be exceeded).
- 5.4.3 For existing approved mix designs, for which there are only two different watercement ratios, Attachment 5 shall be used to determine the maximum water, that is allowed to be added to that approved concrete mix in the field. Attachment 4 shall be used to determine the maximum water, that can be added in the field, for all other mixes.
- 5.4.4 For Class H mixes and concrete mixes for specialized overlays, as set forth in Section 679 of the specifications, no additional water beyond what was used in the approved mix designs shall be added in the field.

#### 6. MIX DESIGN RE-APPROVAL

6.1 Each mix design shall remain approved for a period of three years from the date of approval, after which the mix design may be re-approved for an additional three years based on re-qualification tests outlined in Section 6.2 and conducted at the Concrete Producer or a Division Approved Laboratory, meeting the requirements of Section 3.1. If a mix design is used often enough (at least fifteen air content, slump, and compressive strength tests for the previous three year period), the re-qualification tests shall not be required, and the mix design may be re-approved based on the actual field tests performed during the previous three year period.

Re-approval of SCC mix designs, produced in accordance with Section 603, shall be re-approved as outlined in Section 603.6.2.

6.1.1 When a Concrete Producer desires to have a mix design re-approved, he shall submit a written request to the WVDOH District Materials Section in which that plant is

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located noting such and including the current mix design lab number. The WVDOH District Materials personnel shall verify whether or not there are a minimum of fifteen air content, slump, and compressive strength tests for that mix design in the previous three-year period.

- 6.1.2 If there are at least fifteen air content, slump, and compressive strength tests for that mix design in the previous three year period, then the WVDOH District Materials personnel shall notify MCS&T Division that the subject mix design may be reapproved based on the criteria in Section 6.1. MCS&T Division shall then update the approval date of the subject mix design.
- 6.1.3 If there are not at least fifteen air content, slump, and compressive strength tests for that mix design in the previous three year period, then the WVDOH District Materials personnel shall notify the Concrete Producer that the subject mix design must be reapproved as outlined in Section 6.2.
- 6.2 The following procedures shall be used to re-approve concrete mix designs that do not meet the criteria in Section 6.1.
- 6.2.1 The Concrete Producer shall provide a statement to the Engineer verifying that all sources of materials used in the approved mix designs are unchanged and the same as used in the original approved mix design. All materials shall meet the applicable sections of the specifications.
- 6.2.2 Coarse and fine aggregate samples shall be obtained at the Concrete Producer's facility in accordance with MP 700.00.06, and the following tests shall be conducted on those aggregate samples by a WVDOH certified Aggregate Inspector: specific gravity (both coarse and fine aggregate), combined A-bar of total solids, absorption (both coarse and fine aggregate), fineness modulus (fine aggregate), and unit weight (coarse aggregate). The results of these tests shall be used by a WVDOH certified PCC Technician at the Concrete Producer or a Division Approved Laboratory, to establish a new target A-bar for the mix design and, if necessary, to adjust any batch volumes.
- 6.2.3 The Concrete Producer shall then, at the Producer's facility and in the presence of WVDOH District Materials personnel, produce a representative batch (acceptable to both the Producer and the WVDOH personnel) in accordance with Sections 601.6 and 601.7, of no less than 6 yd³ (4.6 m³) of the concrete mix subject for re-approval. This batch shall be tested for air content, slump, unit weight and yield. Also, three 6 by 12 in. (150 by 300 mm) 28-day compressive strength specimens, and if applicable, two rapid chloride permeability specimens (each to be tested at an age of 90 days or earlier and the average result used) shall be fabricated and tested from this batch.
- 6.2.3.1 In lieu of the batch produced at the Producer's facility, as outlined in Section 6.2.3, a batch may be produced at a Division Approved Laboratory. This batch does not need to be witnessed by WVDOH personnel. The size of this batch shall be the same as the size of the batches produced for new laboratory mix designs. If there are any

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changes to either the coarse or fine aggregate, certified laboratory personnel may perform the testing and mix adjustments as stated in Section 6.2.2.

- 6.2.4 If a Concrete Producer desires to have the option of using 4 by 8 in. (100 by 200 mm) cylinders in the field for a mix design which has already been approved, then at the time of mix design re-approval, or at any time prior to that time three additional 6 by 12 in. (150 by 300 mm) 28-day compressive strength specimens and six 4 by 8 in. (100 by 200 mm) 28-day compressive strength specimens shall be fabricated and tested from the batch produced in Section 6.2.3 or 6.2.3.1. The six 6 by 12 in. (150 by 300 mm) cylinders shall then be compared to the six 4 by 8 in. (100 by 200 mm) cylinders as outlined in Section 3.5.1.1 in order to determine if 4 by 8 in. (100 by 200 mm) cylinders will be permitted in the field for the subject mix design.
- 6.3 The Concrete Producer or Division Approved Laboratory Personnel shall record the results of all tests required and the proportions used in the batch outlined in Section 6.2 in the applicable sections of Attachments 1, 2, and 3. The Concrete Producer or Division Approved Laboratory Personnel shall then submit those attachments, along with the test data required in Section 6.2.2 to the WVDOH District Materials section, who will then forward them to MCS&T Division for evaluation. Based on these results, the existing mix design will either be re-approved (possibly with slight adjustments), or the current mix design will be considered to have expired and a new mix design will be required. When a mix design is re-approved by MCS&T Division, the laboratory approval number for that mix shall not be changed, but the approval date (the "Date Sampled") shall be revised.
- 6.3.1 For mix design re-approval purposes, the compressive strength of the representative batch produced at the Producer, as outlined in Section 6.2.3, must meet or exceed the "Design 28-day Compressive Strength" in Section 601.3, but it does not have to meet the "overdesign" acceptance criteria outlined in Section 4.
- 6.3.1.1 If a laboratory batch is produced in lieu of a batch at the Producer, as outlined in Section 6.2.3.1, then the compressive strength of that batch must have a compressive strength which exceeds the "Design 28-Day Compressive Strength" required by the specifications by the value (f'<sub>cr</sub>) obtained from the formula below. The criteria used to establish the standard deviation is outlined in Section 4.1.

$$f'_{cr} = f'_{c} + \sigma$$

Where:

 $f'_{cr} = Required compressive strength of the batch produced in Section 6.2.3.1 (expressed in psi)$ 

f'c = Design 28-Day Compressive Strength (expressed in psi)

 $\sigma$  = Concrete Plant Standard Deviation (outlined in Section 4.1)

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- 6.3.2 For mix design re-approval purposes, the average of the two rapid chloride permeability test results from the representative batch produced in Section 6.2.3 or 6.2.3.1 must be 1,000 coulombs or less in order for the mix design to be re-approved.
- 6.3.3 If a mix design has expired, it may still be used on projects which have started before the mix design expired. However, after its date of expiration, a mix design may not be used on any new projects; a new mix design shall be required for these projects.

#### 7. CHANGING A COMPONENT MATERIAL USED IN A MIX DESIGN

- 7.1 Whenever more than one component material in an approved mix design is changed simultaneously, a new laboratory mix design, in accordance with Section 3 shall be required. This option is not permitted for SCC mix designs produced in accordance with Section 603.
- 7.1.1 There are circumstances when one component material in an approved mix design may be changed to another WVDOH approved component material without requiring a new laboratory mix design. Those circumstances, and the subsequent steps which must be taken in order for that component material change to be approved, are outlined in the following sections.
- 7.2 The changes, outlined below, to any of the following component materials are permitted provided the requirements in Section 7.3 are met. Only one component material may be changed at a time, otherwise a new laboratory mix design in accordance with Section 3 shall be required. When changing the type and/or source of any one component material, minor adjustments to the quantities of other component materials in the mix design are permitted, in order to maintain desired mix properties.
- 7.2.1 Cement: The source of cement may be changed provided the requirements of Section 7.3 are met.
- 7.2.2 Supplementary Cementitious Material (SCM): The source and/or type of SCM may be changed provided the requirements of Section 7.3 are met.
- 7.2.3 Chemical Admixture: The source and/or type of any individual admixture (*i.e.*, air entraining, water reducing, or water-reducing and retarding, *etc.*) may be changed provided the requirements of Section 7.3 are met. If more than one admixture is used in a mix design, a change to an individual component material means a change in only one of those admixtures. If more than one admixture is used in a mix design, and a change to one of these admixtures is desired (a change to an individual component material), then the source of the new admixture must still be the same as the source of the rest of the admixtures in the mix (*i.e.*, water-reducing admixture A from Source X may be changed to water-reducing admixture B from Source X.)

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- 7.2.4 Latex Admixture: The source of latex admixture may be changed provided the requirements of Section 7.3 are met.
- 7.2.5 Fine Aggregate: The source of fine aggregate may be changed provided the requirements of Section 7.3 are met. However, if the type of fine aggregate changes (*i.e.*, silica sand to limestone sand or natural sand to manufactured sand), a new laboratory mix design in accordance with Section 3 shall be required.
- 7.2.6 Coarse Aggregate: The source of coarse aggregate may be changed provided the requirements of Section 7.3 are met. However, if the type or size of coarse aggregate changes (*i.e.*, river gravel to limestone or #57 limestone to #67 limestone), a new laboratory mix design in accordance with Section 3 shall be required.
- 7.3 When a change to any individual component material in an approved mix design, as outlined in Sections 7.1.1 and 7.2, is desired, the Concrete Producer shall, at the Producer's facility and in the presence of WVDOH District Materials personnel, produce two separate representative batches (acceptable to both the Producer and the WVDOH personnel) in accordance with Sections 601.6 and 601.7. Each of these batches shall be no less than 3 yd³ (2.3 m³), shall be batched at the target cement factor, and shall consist of the concrete mix with the proposed material change. The proportions for these batches shall be determined by a WVDOH certified PCC Technician.
- 7.3.1 If there is a change to either the coarse or fine aggregate, then a sample of the new material shall be obtained at the Concrete Producer's facility in accordance with MP 700.00.06, and the following tests shall be conducted by a WVDOH certified Aggregate Inspector on that aggregate sample: specific gravity, solid A-bar of the new material and A-bar of total solids, absorption, fineness modulus (fine aggregate), and unit weight (coarse aggregate). The results of these tests shall be used by a WVDOH certified PCC Technician at the Concrete Producer to establish a new target A-bar for the mix and, if necessary, to adjust any batch volumes.
- 7.3.2 In lieu of the two batches produced at the Producer's facility, as outlined in Section 7.3, two batches may be produced at a Division Approved Laboratory, meeting the requirements of Section 3.1. These batches do not need to be witnessed by WVDOH personnel. The sizes of these batches shall be the same as the size of the batches produced for new laboratory mix designs, and their proportions shall be determined by certified laboratory personnel. If there are any changes to either the coarse or fine aggregate, certified laboratory personnel may perform the testing and mix adjustments as stated in Section 7.3.1.
- 7.3.3 All of the information pertaining to the materials used in these batches shall be listed in Attachments 1, 2, and 3 as outlined in Section 3.2.
- 7.3.4 Both batches of concrete shall be tested in the plastic state for air, consistency, and yield. Each batch shall be adjusted as necessary to produce a plastic concrete having an air content, consistency, and yield equal to the specified value plus or minus the

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following tolerances: Air content,  $\pm$  1 percent; Consistency,  $\pm$  1 in. ( $\pm$  25 mm) of slump; Yield,  $\pm$  2 percent.

- 7.3.4.1 If laboratory batches are produced in lieu of batches at the Producer, as outlined in Section 7.3.2, then the batch tolerances specified in Section 3.4 shall apply.
- 7.3.5 When the properties of a concrete batch have been established within acceptable limits, 3 6 in by 12 in. (150 by 300 mm) cylinders shall be made from each batch produced in Section 7.3 and tested in compression at an age of 28 days. The values of the physical properties of this new mix design (with the component material change) shall be the average of the physical properties established in the two batches produced in Section 7.3. These values shall be listed in the column for the mix with the "Minimum Cement Factor" in Attachment 3.

The following properties of each batch of concrete produced in Section 7.3 shall be listed in Attachment 2: A-bar of total solids, consistency, air content, unit weight and yield, water-cement ratio, and temperature.

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- 7.4 When it is desired to change a component material in a mix which requires the rapid chloride permeability test (Class H concrete and specialized concrete overlays as outlined in Section 679), a minimum of one permeability specimen shall be fabricated from each of the batches produced in Section 7.3. The average value of these permeability specimens shall be no more than 10 percent greater than the mix design permeability value, required in the applicable specification, when tested at the time frame specified in the applicable specification.
- 7.4.1 If laboratory batches are produced in lieu of batches at the Producer, as outlined in Section 7.3.2, then the average value of these permeability specimens shall be less than or equal to the mix design permeability value required in the applicable specification, when tested at the time frame specified in the applicable specification.
- 7.5 If 4 by 8 in. (100 by 200 mm) cylinders were approved for use with the mix design which was approved prior to the component material change, then 4 by 8 in. (100 by 200 mm) cylinders shall also be approved for use with the new mix (with the component material change) with no further testing required.
- 7.5.1 Otherwise, if it is desired to use 4 by 8 in. (100 by 200 mm) cylinders as the basis for acceptance or early strength determination in the field with the new mix (with the component material change) then three 4 by 8 in. (100 by 200 mm) 28-day compressive strength specimens shall be fabricated and tested from each of the batches produced in Section 7.3. The six 6 by 12 in. (150 by 300 mm) cylinders from these batches shall then be compared to the six 4 by 8 in. (100 by 200 mm) cylinders from these batches as outlined in Sections 3.5.1.1 and 3.5.1.2 in order to determine if 4 by 8 in. (100 by 200 mm) cylinders will be permitted in the field for the subject mix design.
- 7.6 The average compressive strength of the two batches produced at the Producer in Section 7.3 must have an average compressive strength which exceeds the "Design 28-Day Compressive Strength" required by the specifications by the value (f'cr) obtained from the formula below. The criteria used to establish the standard deviation is outlined in Section 4.1.

$$f'_{cr} = f'_{c} + 2.33\sigma - 500$$

Where

 $f'_{cr}$  = Required average compressive strength of the batches produced in Section 7.3 (expressed in psi)

f'c = Design 28-Day Compressive Strength (expressed in psi)

 $\sigma$  = Concrete Plant Standard Deviation (outlined in Section 4.1)

7.6.1 If laboratory batches are produced in lieu of batches at the Producer, as outlined in Section 7.3.2, then the average compressive strength of these batches must have an average compressive strength which exceeds the "Design 28-Day Compressive

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Strength" required by the specifications by the value (f'<sub>cr</sub>) obtained from the formula below. The criteria used to establish the standard deviation is outlined in Section 4.1.

$$f'_{cr} = f'_{c} + 2\sigma$$

- 7.6.2 If the average compressive strength of the two batches produced in Section 7.3 (f'<sub>cr</sub>) is less than the "Design 28-Day Compressive Strength" (f'<sub>c</sub>) required by the specifications, the new mix (with the component material change) cannot be considered as acceptable, unless the requirements of Section 7.7 are met.
- 7.7 It is not required, but if the Concrete Producer desires, two additional separate batches may be produced, at the same time that the two batches in Section 7.3 are being produced. These two additional batches shall be acceptable to both the Producer and the WVDOH personnel, and shall be produced in accordance with Sections 601.6 and 601.7. Each of these batches shall be no less than 3 yd³ (2.3 m³), shall be batched at the target cement factor plus one bag of cement [94 lb. (42.6 kg)], and shall consist of the concrete mix with the proposed material change.
- 7.7.1 In lieu of the two batches produced at the Producer's facility, as outlined in Section 7.7, two batches at the target cement factor plus one bag of cement [94 lb. (42.6 kg)] may be produced at a Division Approved Laboratory, meeting the requirements of Section 3.1. These batches, produced at a Division Approved Laboratory, do not need to be witnessed by WVDOH personnel. The sizes of these batches shall be the same as the size of the batches produced for new laboratory mix designs, and their proportions shall be determined by certified laboratory personnel.
- 7.7.2 Production of these two additional batches is not an option for Class H concrete or specialized overlay concrete.
- 7.7.3 Both batches of concrete shall be tested in the plastic state for air, consistency and yield. Each batch shall be adjusted as necessary to produce a plastic concrete having an air content, consistency, and yield equal to the specified value plus or minus the following tolerances: Air Content,  $\pm 1$  percent; Consistency,  $\pm 1$  in. ( $\pm 25$  mm) of slump; Yield,  $\pm 2$  percent.
- 7.7.3.1 If laboratory batches are produced in lieu of batches at the Producer, as outlined in Section 7.7.1, then the batch tolerances specified in Section 3.4 shall apply.

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7.7.4 When the properties of a concrete batch have been established within acceptable limits, three 6 by 12 in. (150 by 300 mm) cylinders shall be made from each batch produced in Section 7.7 and tested in compression at an age of 28 days. The values of the physical properties of this new mix design (with the component material change) shall be the average of the physical properties established in the two batches produced in Section 7.7. These values shall be listed in the column for the mix with the "Minimum Cement Factor + 1 Bag" in Attachment 3.

The following properties of each batch of concrete produced in Section 7.7 shall be listed in Attachment 2: A-bar of total solids, consistency, air content, unit weight and yield, water-cement ratio, and temperature.

- 7.7.5 If the average of the batches produced in Section 7.3, with the specified target cement factor, does not satisfy the acceptance criteria set forth in Section 7.6, then a linear compressive strength-cement factor relationship will be established using the average 28-day compressive strength [based on the 6 by 12 in. (150 by 300 mm) cylinder results] of the batches with the target cement factor (Section 7.3) and the average 28-day compressive strength of the batches with the target cement factor plus one bag of cement (Section 7.7). This relationship will be interpolated to determine a cement factor [to the nearest 1 lb. (2.2 kg)] which would cause the acceptance criteria to be satisfied. This interpolated cement factor will be considered acceptable for proportioning the design mix for the class of concrete being designed.
- 7.7.6 If neither of the averages of the batches produced in Sections 7.3 or 7.7 satisfy the acceptance criteria in Section 7.6, then that proposed component material change cannot be considered as acceptable, and a new laboratory mix design will be required in order to make a change in component materials.
- 7.8 The submittal for a proposed mix design change, as outlined in Section 7, shall include completed copies of Attachments 1 and 3. It shall also include a completed copy of Attachment 2 for each of the batches produced in Section 7. All pertinent information supporting these attachments and pertaining to the information in them shall be submitted also. This new mix design shall be submitted to the District in the same manner as a normal mix design, and it shall then be forwarded to MCS&T Division for review and approval. If approved, a new lab number will be assigned to this mix design, and it shall, from that point forward be treated as a new mix design.

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7.9 No additional component material changes are permitted to this mix design (without a new laboratory mix design) until there are a minimum of 20 consecutive field test results, from this new mix design, which meet or exceed the design compressive strength requirements. Once there are 20 consecutive field test results, from this new mix design, which meet or exceed the design compressive strength requirements, this mix design is eligible for another component material change in accordance with Section 7.

# 8. REPLACEMENT OF FLY ASH WITH CEMENT OR ANOTHER APPROVED SOURCE OF FLY ASH IN A MIX DESIGN

- When an issue arises with a fly ash source or any other circumstance arises which causes a Concrete Producer to discontinue the use of a source of fly ash in an approved mix design, an equal volume of cement, or an equal volume of fly ash from a different WVDOH approved fly ash source, may be substituted for the fly ash in that mix. This option is not permitted for SCC mix designs produced in accordance with Section 603.
- 8.1.1 This option of replacing fly ash with cement, or fly ash from a different approved source, does not apply to Class H concrete and concrete for specialized overlays, as set forth in Section 679 of the specifications.
- The Concrete Producer shall notify the WVDOH District Materials personnel that it is desired to replace the fly ash in an approved concrete mix design with an equal volume of cement or fly ash from a different approved source. The WVDOH District Materials personnel may then approve this change on a temporary basis. Field test data, as outlined in the following sections, shall be used to approve this mix design change as a permanent new mix design.
- 8.2.1 When fly ash from a different approved source is being substituted for the existing source of fly ash in an approved mix design, tests to determine the air content of the plastic concrete shall performed at the Concrete Producer's facility and at the job site, in the presence of WVDOH personnel, on at least the first three batches of concrete produced with this different approved source of fly ash.
- Two batches of concrete, produced with this mix containing either all cement or fly ash from a different approved source shall then be tested in the presence of WVDOH District Materials personnel. Both of these batches of concrete shall be tested in the plastic state for air, consistency, and yield. Each batch shall have an air content, consistency, and yield equal to the specified value plus or minus the following tolerances: Air content, ± 1 percent; Consistency, ± 1 in. (± 25 mm) of slump; Yield, ± 2 percent.
- 8.3.1 Three 6 by 12 in. (150 by 300 mm) cylinders shall be made from each batch outlined in Section 8.3 and tested in compression at an age of 28 days. The values of the

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physical properties of this new mix design (with the fly ash replacement) shall be the average of the physical properties established in the two batches produced in Section 8.3. These values shall be listed in the column for the mix with the "Minimum Cement Factor" in Attachment 3.

The following properties of each batch of concrete produced in Section 8.3 shall be listed in Attachment 2: A-bar of total solids, consistency, air content, unit weight and & yield, water-cement ratio, and temperature.

- The average compressive strength of the two batches produced in Section 8.3 must have an average compressive strength, which exceeds the "Design 28-Day Compressive Strength" required by the specifications.
- The submittal for a mix design change from a mix containing fly ash to a mix using either only cement as the cementitious material or fly ash from a different approved source, as outlined in Section 8, shall include completed copies of Attachments 1 and 3. It shall also include a completed copy of Attachment 2 for each of the batches produced in Section 8.3. All pertinent information supporting these attachments and pertaining to the information in them shall be submitted also. This mix design change submittal shall be submitted to the District in the same manner as a normal mix design, and it shall then be forwarded to MCS&T Division for review and approval. A new lab number will be assigned to this mix design, and it shall, from that point forward be treated as a new mix design, using only cement as the cementitious material or using fly ash from a different approved source along with the original source of cement as the cementitious materials.

# 9. ADDITION OF HYDRATION CONTROL STABILIZING ADMIXTURES TO EXISTING MIX DESIGNS

- 9.1 Approved Hydration Control Stabilizing Admixtures, as specified in Section 707.15, designed to stop the hydration of cement in a concrete mix, enabling an extension to the allowable discharge time from a truck mixer as outlined in Section 601.7 of the Specifications may be added to an existing approved concrete mix design in accordance with the procedures outlined in this Section. This option is not permitted for SCC mix designs produced in accordance with Section 603.
- 9.2 Two separate batches of concrete shall be produced as outlined in Section 7.3. These concrete batches shall be tested as outlined in Sections 7.3 and 7.4.
- 9.2.1 Additional testing, as outlined in the second, third, and fourth paragraphs of Section 707.15.2.1, shall also be performed on one of the batches produced in Section 9.2 in order to verify that the allowable concrete discharge time may be extended.

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9.3 If the requirements set forth in Section 7.6 are met, then the procedures set forth in Sections 7.8 and 7.9 shall be followed, and the existing mix shall be approved for use with the hydration control stabilizing admixture, and a new lab number will be assigned to this mix design.

9.4 No additional changes to the existing mix design are permitted at the time that these concrete batches are being produced for the acceptance of the addition of the hydration control stabilizing admixture to the existing mix design.

Ronald L. Stanevich, P. E.
Director
Materials Control, Soils & Testing Division

RLS:M

Attachments

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ATTACHMENT 1

Source:			Source Code:			
Source Location:			Producer/Supp	olier Code:		
Class of Concrete:			Materials Code			
			SiteManager M			
Design Laboratory:			Date:	iat. 00a0.		
Design Laboratory.			Date.			
		Cementi	itious Material Data			
			T	ementitious Materia	Supplem	nentary Cementitious Materia
Data	Cement		(SCI		Сарріон	(SCM) 2
Name						
Туре						
Materials Code						
SiteManager Mat. Code						
Source						
Source Location						
Source Code						
Producer/Supplier Code:						
Specific Gravity						
		Λ -	lasista Data			
Dete	Air Entrainment		Imixture Data	Additional Adm	isatuura O	Additional Admixture 3
Data	Air Entrainment	Addit	ional Admixture 1	Additional Adm	ixture 2	Additional Admixture 3
Name						
Type Materials Code						
SiteManager Mat. Code						
Source						
Source Location						
Source Code						
Producer/Supplier Code:						
		Αg	gregate Data			
Data	Coarse A	Aggregate	е		Fine A	ggregate
Class/Size						
Туре						
Materials Code						
SiteManager Mat. Code						
Source						
Source Location						
Source Code						
Producer/Supplier Code:						
Specific Gravity						
A-Bar						
Absorption						
Fineness Modulus						
Unit Weight						

MP 711.03.23 **ORIGINAL ISSUANCE: APRIL 1971** REVISED: 2020 DRAFT **ATTACHMENT 2** Source: Source Location: Design Laboratory: Class of Concrete: Date: Minimum Cement Minimum Cement Factor Mininimum Cement Factor + 1 Bag Factor with Check The Appropriate Box For Designated Batch: Batch 2 Batch 1 Batch 2 Batch 1 Additional Batch Different w/c Material Mass Volume Units Units Cement lb (kg)  $ft^3 (m^3)$ SCM 1 lb (kg)  $ft^3 (m^3)$ SCM 2 lb (kg)  $ft^3 (m^3)$ Latex Admixture lb (kg) gal (L)  $ft^3 (m^3)$ Water lb (kg) gal (L)  $ft^3 (m^3)$ Air Content, by volume  $ft^3 (m^3)$ Coarse Aggregate lb (kg)  $ft^3 (m^3)$ Fine Aggregate lb (kg)  $ft^3 (m^3)$ lb (kg)  $ft^3 (m^3)$ Air Entrain. Admixture oz/Cwt (mL/100kg fl. oz.(mL) Chemical Admixture 1 oz/Cwt (mL/100kg fl. oz.(mL) Chemical Admixture 2 oz/Cwt (mL/100kg fl. oz.(mL) Chemical Admixture 3 oz/Cwt (mL/100kg fl. oz.(mL) Mixture Test Data Air Content A Total Solids W/C Ratio Cement Factor (ft) Temperature Consistency Unit Weight Yield

C	ompressive Ste	ength, psi (MPa	)			
Specified Test Age	Actual Test Age (hours)	6" x 12" (150 x 300 mm) Strengths	04" x 8" (10 x 200 mm) Strengths	Rapid Chloride	Permeability Te Applicable)	esting (When
24 ± 2 Hours				Method of Curing	Standard	Accelerated
3 Days				(Check Applicable Box)		
7 Days						Total Adjusted
14 Days					Age at Time of Tes (Days)	Charge Passed
28 Days					( 3, 3, 7	(Coulombs)
28 Days				Test 1		
28 Days				Test 2		
Avg. 28 Day Strength		#DIV/0!	#DIV/0!	Average		#DIV/0!

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ATTACHMENT 3

		SUI	MMARY			
Source:						
Source Location:						
Design Laboratory:						
Class of Concrete:				4.4.1.10		
Corresponding Design 28-	•	-		.1A (psi):		
Corresponding Maximum	Water Content	from Table 601	.3.1A:			
Date:						
			N4: : 0		14: : 0	
	Minimum Co	ement Factor		nent Factor + 1 ag		ement Factor erent w/c
Material	Mass	Units	Mass	Units	Mass	Units
Cement		lb (kg)		lb (kg)		lb (kg)
SCM 1		lb (kg)		lb (kg)		lb (kg)
SCM 2		lb (kg)		lb (kg)		lb (kg)
Water		lb (kg)		lb (kg)		lb (kg)
Coarse Aggregate		lb (kg)		lb (kg)		lb (kg)
Fine Aggregate		lb (kg)		lb (kg)		lb (kg)
Total		lb (kg)		lb (kg)		lb (kg)
Air Entrain. Admixture		oz/Cwt (mL/100kg)		oz/Cwt (mL/100kg)		oz/Cwt (mL/100kg
Chemical Admixture 1		oz/Cwt (mL/100kg)		oz/Cwt (mL/100kg)		oz/Cwt (mL/100kg
Chemical Admixture 2		oz/Cwt (mL/100kg)		oz/Cwt (mL/100kg)		oz/Cwt (mL/100kg
Chemical Admixture 3		oz/Cwt (mL/100kg)		oz/Cwt (mL/100kg)		oz/Cwt (mL/100kg
Total A-Bar Solids						
Water Cement Ratio						
Cement Factor		ft <sup>3</sup> (m <sup>3</sup> )		ft <sup>3</sup> (m <sup>3</sup> )		ft <sup>3</sup> (m <sup>3</sup> )
Temperature		°F (°C)		°F (°C)		°F (°C)
Consistency		inches (mm)		inches (mm)		inches (mm)
Air Content		%		%		%
Unit Weight		lb/ft³ (kg/m³)		lb/ft <sup>3</sup> (kg/m <sup>3</sup> )		lb/ft³ (kg/m³)
Yield		ft <sup>3</sup> (m <sup>3</sup> )		ft <sup>3</sup> (m <sup>3</sup> )		ft <sup>3</sup> (m <sup>3</sup> )
Aggregate Correction Factor per						
AASHTO T 152		%		%		%
	Minimum Co	ement Factor				
Compressive Strength,		atch	Minimum Cen	nent Factor + 1	Minimum Ce	ement Factor
psi (Mpa)	6" x 12" Cyl.	4" x 8" Cyl.	Bag	Batch	with Diff	erent w/c
,	(150x300 mm)	(100x200 mm)				
1 Day						
3 Days						
7 Days						
14 Days						
28 Days						
28 Days						
28 Days						
Avg. 28 Day Strength	#DIV/0!	#DIV/0!		V/0!		IV/0!
If applicable, are 4" x 8" (1					#D	IV/0!
Plant Standard Deviation a	at time of Mix [	Design Approval	(psi):			

Average Value of Rapid Chloride Permeability Test (Coulombs):

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ATTACHMENT 4

Fields will be Automatically Filled After Attachment 3 is Completed	28-day Compressive Strength (Known Y-Value)	Water/Cementitious Material Ratio (Known X-Value)
Average Strength of Two Batches at Target (Minimum) Cement Factor (from Field D49 in Attachment 3)	#DIV/0!	0
Average Strength of Two Batches at Target (Minimum) Cement Factor + 1 Bag (from Field H49 in Attachment 3)	#DIV/0!	0
Strength of Batch at Target (Minimum) Cement Factor but with Different w/c (from Field L49 in Attachment 3)	#DIV/0!	0
	Result of Best-Fit Line (Slope) #VALUE!	Result of Best-Fit Line (Y- Intercept) #VALUE!

Class of Concrete = 0
Maximum Water Content from Table 601.3.1A = 0
Target (Minimum) Cement Factor (lbs.) = (from 0 Fields D19, D20, and D21 of Attachment 3)
Design Compressive Strength (ps i) from Table 601.3.1A <sub>=</sub> 0
Plant Compressive Strength Standard Deviation (psi) = 0
Mix Design Approval Strength (psi) = 0
w/c that corresponds to the Mix Design Approval Strength = #VALUE!
Maximum w/c Allowed in the Field = #VALUE!
Total Maximum Pounds of Water Allowed in the Mix (Including Field Adjustments), at the Target (Minimum) Cement Factor) = #VALUE!  Total Maximum Gallons of Water Allowed in the Mix (Including Field Adjustments), at the Target (Minimum) Cement Factor) = #VALUE!

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ATTACHMENT 5

Fields will be Automatically Filled After Attachment 3 is Completed	28-day Compressive Strength (Known Y-Value)	Water/Cementitious Material Ratio (Known X-Value)
Average Strength of Two Batches at Target (Minimum) Cement Factor (from Field D49 in Attachment 3)	#DIV/0!	0
Average Strength of Two Batches at Target (Minimum) Cement Factor + 1 Bag (from Field H49 in Attachment 3)	#DIV/0!	0
	Result of Best-Fit Line (Slope) #VALUE!	Result of Best-Fit Line (Y- Intercept) #VALUE!

Class of Concrete = 0	
Maximum Water Content from Table 601.3.1A = 0	
Target (Minimum) Cement Factor (lbs.) = (from Fields D19, D20, and D21 of Attachment 3)	
Design Compressive Strength (ps $$ i) from Table 601.3.1A $_{\scriptscriptstyle =}$ 0	
Plant Compressive Strength Standard Deviation (psi) = 0	
Mix Design Approval Strength (psi) = 0	
w/c that corresponds to the Mix Design Approval Strength = #VALUE!	
Maximum w/c Allowed in the Field = #VALUE!	
Total Maximum Pounds of Water Allowed in the Mix (Including Field Adjustments), at the Target (Minimum) Cement Factor) = #VALUE!	
Total Maximum Gallons of Water Allowed in the Mix (Including Field Adjustments), at the Target (Minimum) Cement Factor) = #VALUE!	

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	ATTACHMENT 1 S-P						
Source:	Source Code:						
Source Location:	Producer/Supp			lier Code:			
Class of Concrete:	Materials Code:						
			SiteManager M	anager Mat. Code:			
Design Laboratory:			Date:				
,							
		Cementi	tious Material Data				
Data	Cement		Supplementary Cementitious Materia (SCM) 1		Supplementary Cementitious Materia (SCM) 2		
Name							
Туре							
Materials Code							
SiteManager Mat. Code							
Source							
Source Location							
Source Code							
Producer/Supplier Code:							
Specific Gravity							
		Ad	mixture Data				
Data	Air Entrainment	1	ional Admixture 1	Additional Adm	ixture 2	Additional Admixture 3	
Name	7 til Elitatiinion	, tadit	ionar / tarmxtaro 1	/ taditional / talii	Maio 2	/ taditorial / tarrixtaro o	
Туре							
Materials Code							
SiteManager Mat. Code							
Source							
Source Location							
Source Code							
Producer/Supplier Code:					-		
		Δα	gregate Data				
Data	Coarse			Fine Aggregate			
Class/Size	Coarse Aggregate			, .gg. ogato			
Type							
Materials Code							
SiteManager Mat. Code							
Source							
Source Location							
Source Code							
Producer/Supplier Code:							
Specific Gravity							
Absorption							
Fineness Modulus							
Unit Weight							

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REVISED: 2020 DRAFT ATTACHMENT 2 S-P

					ATTACHMENT	2 S-P	
Source:							
Source Locatio	n·						
Design Laborat							
Class of Concre							
Date:	510.						
	A : 1 D	f ()	5	5.1.0	A 1 100	15.41	
	Appropriate Bo		Batch 1	Batch 2	Addition		
De	esignated Batch	:					
Material		Ma	SS	Units	Volume		Units
Cement				lb (kg)			ft <sup>3</sup> (m <sup>3</sup> )
SCM 1				lb (kg)			ft <sup>3</sup> (m <sup>3</sup> )
SCM 2				lb (kg)			ft <sup>3</sup> (m <sup>3</sup> )
Nater				lb (kg)	gal (L)		ft <sup>3</sup> (m <sup>3</sup> )
Air Content, by volu	ıme			%			ft <sup>3</sup> (m <sup>3</sup> )
Coarse Aggregate 1	1			lb (kg)			ft <sup>3</sup> (m <sup>3</sup> )
Coarse Aggregate 2	2			lb (kg)			ft <sup>3</sup> (m <sup>3</sup> )
ine Aggregate				lb (kg)			ft <sup>3</sup> (m <sup>3</sup> )
Total				lb (kg)			ft <sup>3</sup> (m <sup>3</sup> )
Air Entrain. Admixtu	IrΩ			oz/Cwt (mL/100kg)			
Chemical Admixture				oz/Cwt (mL/100kg)			fl. oz.(mL)
Chemical Admixture				oz/Cwt (mL/100kg)			fl. oz.(mL)
Chemical Admixture				oz/Cwt (mL/100kg)			fl. oz.(mL)
Shemical Admixture	3 3						fl. oz.(mL)
,			Mixture Tes	st Data at Ђ			
W/C Ratio	Cement Factor, ft <sup>3</sup> (m <sup>3</sup> )	Concrete Temperature, °F (°C)	Slump Flow, in. (mm)	Air Content, %	Unit Weight, lb/ft <sup>3</sup> (kg/m <sup>3</sup> )	Yield, ft <sup>3</sup> (m <sup>3</sup> )	T <sub>50, seconds</sub>
		Dad Assent of Statio	Cogragation Basistanes				
VSI	J-Ring, in. (mm)	Rpd. Asmnt. of Static	Segregation Resistance,	Workable Period, minutes			
			Compressive Stre	ngth Test, psi (Mpa)			
Test Age:	24 ± 2 hours	3 days	7 days	14 days	28 days	28 days	28 days
Actual Test Age (hours)	2122110010	o dayo	. aayo		20 00,0	20 00,0	20 00,0
- , ,							
Compressive Strength	A 00		01 11			((D.I), ((O)	
	Average 28-0	day Compressiv	e Strength:			#DIV/0!	
			Modulus of Elastic	city Test, psi (Mpa)			
Test	Age:	3 days	7 days	14 days	28 days	28 days	28 days
Actual Test	Age (hours)						
Modulus o	of Elasticity						
	Average 28-	day Modulus of	Elasticity:			#DIV/0!	
		Length Cha	nge (Shrinkage), %	Length Change			
Test Age	Initial Reading	Reading at End of 28-day	4 days after 28-day	7 days after 28-day	14 days after 28-day curing	28 days after 28-day	
Specimen 1	initial recading	Curing Period	curing period	curing period	period	curing period	
Specimen 2							
Specimen 3	ana Langth Changa	(Christeans) offer 2	O dava af watan ayın	ing and 00 days of	Nin Ctanaga	#DIV/0!	
		(Shrinkage) after 2	o-days of water cur	ing and 26-days of 7	Air Storage:	#DIV/U!	
Rapid C	hloride Permeability	, 0			Fre	eze-Thaw Resistan	ce
	Age at Time of Test	Total Adjusted Charge Passed (coulombs)				# of Cycles Completed	Durability Factor
Specimen 1	mays	P ASSEST (CARDICULUS)			Specimen 1		
Specimen 2					Specimen 2		
Specimen 3					Specimen 3		
•	e Passed (coulombs):	#DIV/0!			Average Dura	ability Factor:	#DIV/0!
	•		Cross	Tosting		,	
Age at Initial Loading		Comp. Str. Cylinder 1,	Greep	Testing Comp. Str. Cylinder 2,	1	Initial Load,	
(hours):		nsi (Mna)		nsi (Mna)·		nsi (Mna)·	
Initial E		tial Loading (Determined w	rithin 2 minutes after Initial				
	Loaded Cylinders - Total Strain	Control Cylinders -	Load Induced Strain	Load Induced Strain per	Creep Strain	Creep Strain per Unit	Creep Coefficient
90 days After Initial	· and					. 11123	

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	Sl	JMMAI	RY					
Source:								
Source Location:								
Design Laboratory:								
Class of Concrete:	-							
Date:								
				Mix Properties				
Material			verage Value from	Value from Two Trial Batches				
Cement						lb (kg)		
SCM 1						lb (kg)		
SCM 2						lb (kg)		
Water			gal (	L)		lb (kg)		
Coarse Aggregate 1						lb (kg)		
Coarse Aggregate 2						lb (kg)		
Fine Aggregate						lb (kg)		
Total Batch Weight						lb (kg)		
Air Entrain. Admixture						oz/Cwt (mL/100kg)		
Chemical Admixture 1						oz/Cwt (mL/100kg)		
Chemical Admixture 2						oz/Cwt (mL/100kg)		
Chemical Admixture 3						oz/Cwt (mL/100kg)		
Water Cement Ratio								
Cement Factor						ft <sup>3</sup> (m <sup>3</sup> )		
Temperature						°F (°C)		
Slump Flow						inches (mm)		
Air Content						%		
Unit Weight						lb/ft³ (kg/m³)		
Yield						ft <sup>3</sup> (m <sup>3</sup> )		
T <sub>50</sub>						seconds		
VSI								
J-Ring						inches (mm)		
Rapid Assessment of Stati	ic Segregation Resist.					inches (mm)		
Segregation Resistance						%		
Aggregate Correction Fact	tor per AASHTO T 152					%		
Compressive Strength, psi (Mpa)	Avg.Compressive Strength of both Trial Batches		Prestressing Strand Bond Strength Test (in accordance with MP 603.06.20)		th Test			
24 ± 2 hours					6.20)			
3 Days			Check Applicable Box					
7 Days			Pass:					
14 Days			Fail:					
28 Days								
28 Days								
28 Days								
Avg. 28 Day Strength	#DIV/0!							